

HOW DEUTSCH AND HIS WORKERS TOURED "BLOODY FIFTH"



"Ike" Deutsch and some of his workers toured the "Bloody Fifth" Ward on primary election day in an automobile. In this photograph the men are shown seated in the automobile, which stopped on Fifth street near Lombard. Deutsch, who is under \$10,000 bail, together with Mayor Smith and Lieutenant Bennett, is the figure in the middle of the back seat of the car. On his left is Julius J. Lewis, an attorney. Lew Bader, a Deutsch worker, is sitting to the right of the leader. Constable "Eddie" Abrams is sitting on the front seat, nearest the camera and wearing a high white collar.

MAYOR RUSHES INTO COURT, DEMANDS INSTANT HEARING; COURT, INDIGNANT, REFUSES

"Jim" Scarlet, Potter and Beitler to Defend Smith—Gunmen Doped Before Shooting

Mayor Smith today rushed into the Municipal Court and demanded an immediate hearing of the accusations that he conspired to murder in the "Bloody Fifth" Ward killing, in which Acting Detective George A. Eppley was slain by New York gunmen imported by "men higher up," prominent in Philadelphia politics.

The request was refused indignantly by President Judge Brown, of the Criminal Branch of the Municipal Court, who held that the hearing should be conducted next Tuesday as scheduled.

The men who will defend the Mayor against the charges in which he now is under \$10,000 bail were revealed upon the Mayor's appearance in court today. They are James Scarlet, of Danville, who was chief counsel for the Commonwealth in the famous Capitol graft case; Colonel Sheldon Potter, former Director of Public Safety and until recently an independent leader of the Twenty-second Ward, and former Judge Abraham M. Beitler.

Twenty additional arrests are expected in the conspiracy, following the issuance of that many warrants by District Attorney Rotan in his probe after the "men higher up."

The gunmen were given injections of narcotic drugs before the shooting so as to "brace them up," according to a statement made today by Samuel Scueglia, alias Jack Mascia, who killed Eppley.

These, with the Mayor's sudden appearance in court, made up today's developments in the conspiracy.

RUSHES INTO COURT

Accompanied by Colonel Sheldon Potter as his counsel, the accused Mayor was rushed to the criminal branch of the Municipal Court at 11 o'clock this morning.

Shortly before the hour struck, Colonel Potter hurried into the Mayor's office on the second floor of City Hall. In a moment he came out, accompanied by the Mayor and the latter's bodyguard. The trio hurried to a waiting elevator, which carried them to the sixth floor.

The appearance of the Mayor in the courtroom was a complete surprise. He and his counsel advanced to the front of the crowded room and sat down on a front bench. A larceny trial involving a negro youth was just being concluded, the Mayor listening to Judge Wheeler's address to the jury and smiling when the jurors, without leaving the box, returned a verdict of acquittal.

Colonel Potter then informed the court that the Mayor was ready to proceed with the case, which originally was set for today, but postponed on account of the illness of James A. Carey, McNichol's lawyer of the Fifth Ward and Isaac Deutsch's opponent for the leadership, and of Senator James P. McNichol. Both of these men are witnesses against the Mayor.

JUDGE BROWN SENT FOR Judge Wheeler sent for President Judge Brown. When the latter arrived, Colonel Potter informed him of his mission.

"In answer to the mandate of the bond entered by Mayor Smith to appear here for a hearing to answer charges of conspiracy, we are here this morning, prepared to go on with the case," he said.

"I directed the clerk of the court to communicate with the Mayor and others that the case had been postponed until next Tuesday on account of the illness of two witnesses against the Mayor."

Continued on Page Seven, Column Two

THE WEATHER

FORECAST For Philadelphia and vicinity: Generally fair tonight and Wednesday; slightly warmer Wednesday; gentle winds, mostly northeast.

For Eastern Pennsylvania: Fair to night; Wednesday fair and slightly warmer; gentle northeast to east winds.

LENGTH OF DAY Sun sets, 5:59 a. m. | Sun sets, 5:54 p. m. DELAWARE RIVER TIDE CHANGES CHESTNUT STREET Low water, 2:15 a. m. | High water, 8:22 p. m. High water, 1:15 a. m. | High water, 8:22 p. m. TEMPERATURE AT EACH HOUR

Table with 2 columns: Time and Temperature. Rows for 10:00, 11:00, 12:00, 1:00, 2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00, 12:00, 1:00, 2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00, 12:00.

STEEL MEN HERE LIKE NEW PRICES

Profess Satisfaction With Action of Government in Fixing Schedule

WILL STABILIZE BUSINESS

Steel men generally said today that they were pleased with the prices fixed by the Government. They added that the new scale will stabilize business and enable them to know where they stand and how to proceed regarding future business.

The new figures which bring sweeping reduction in steel bars, plates, shapes and pig iron, iron ore and coke, were announced as a result of a voluntary agreement made by the producers with the War Industries Board. The reductions averaged from 17 to 20 per cent and it was also agreed that in no case should this be followed by any decrease in wages.

Manufacturers are especially pleased with the reduction of coke and pig iron prices. The price agreed upon for the latter is \$22 a gross ton. The recent price on pig iron was \$23.

Following the advance in steel prices in the local market and in New York there was a limited amount of trading today and the price was off a little early. There was no severe loss, however, and the opening price was only what might have been expected following yesterday's sharp rise.

This afternoon there was more activity and the price advanced above yesterday's close. In commenting upon the sweeping reduction in the price of steel, William Broedren, Philadelphia sales manager of the Lackawanna Steel Company, said the reduction had his hearty approval.

"The reduced prices, as fixed by the Government, are still at least twice the price obtaining before the war," he said. "The chief fly in the ointment is the bill now pending in the Senate which provides for greatly increased taxes on the steel industry."

Philadelphia steel representatives are attending a meeting in New York today which may have some bearing on the entire situation.

59 KILLED IN COAL MINE

Explosion in Hungary Also Injures Fifty-five Persons

AMSTERDAM, Sept. 25.—Dispatches from Budapest printed in German newspapers arrive here today with the news that 59 coal miners were killed and fifty-five injured.

VARES AND MAYOR PLAN FAKE PARTY

To Launch So-Called "Independent" Organization to Split Reform Vote

ITS NAME A DEEP SECRET

The Vares-Smith faction of the Republican Organization has perfected plans for launching a so-called "independent" political party of its own, as a counter-move against the city-wide uprising against the city administration, which resulted in the formation of the "Anti-Contractors" party last week.

The new party will be formed by the Vares-Smith combination in an effort to divide the independent vote. The proposed name of the new organization is being kept secret. Pre-emptors have been secured in nearly every ward in Philadelphia. They will meet in a hall in the central part of the city tomorrow night, according to present plans. At this meeting the pre-emption papers will be signed, but the name of the new party will not be written in and the name of the Executive Committee of the Common Pleas Court until late Thursday, according to the program.

At the head of the proposed new independent party are James B. Anderson, George F. Holmes, president of the Board of County Commissioners, and Magistrate Carl R. Baker and others, who formerly were closely identified with the Washington party.

The skeleton of the organization of the new so-called "Independent" party has been formed. The new party, however, the pre-emptors are signing the new party.

NATION-WIDE THRIFT MOVE TO WIN WAR

Necessary to Insure Funds to Purchase U. S. Bonds, Bankers Are Told

SAVING ABILITY GREAT

By a Staff Correspondent ATLANTIC CITY, Sept. 25.—The undertaking of a nation-wide campaign of thrift in order to insure the savings necessary for the purchase of billions of dollars in Government securities was advocated this afternoon by George E. Edwards, president of the Dollar Savings Bank, of New York, and president of the Savings Bank Section of the American Bankers' Association, at the convention of the American Bankers' Association.

The campaign, he said, must be fostered by the nation's savings banks working with the Government. "Since there are more than 8,000,000 depositors in mutual savings banks in the country, the situation demands, for the safety of established savings institutions, that money for the purchase of Liberty bonds shall come from the current earnings of the people and not from withdrawals of the deposits in the savings banks."

"The activities of the savings-bank section of the association," said Mr. Edwards, "were given over in their entirety to the first Liberty Loan campaign, and, since June 15, when the loan books were closed, they have largely consisted of a consideration of the next loans, and how best we might act to curb the tendency of savings depositors to make heavy withdrawals from savings banks to pay for war bonds."

"The secretary has assisted in preparing a plan for the flotation of the next loan, which, in the main, is for an extensive thrift campaign."

"The finance in this country has no parallel. Investors in England liquidated their holdings of American securities through Government sources, which in turn sold them in America; the cost of living went for money to carry on the war, namely, the current savings of our own people, increased by greater production resulting in increased earnings."

WAGE-EARNERS MUST BUY "If the nation is to raise billions of dollars this year of the war, the person with the smallest purse must purchase bonds. It has been estimated that the savings ability of the United States is about eight billion dollars per annum, almost 25 per cent of their entire income. This is estimated at only four-sevenths of the needed funds. Consequently, much greater must be the production of the people to secure the additional savings."

MUST USE ACCUMULATED CASH "Expenditures may be lessened by eliminating luxuries, but with the cost of living mounting and the purchasing power of the dollar becoming less, it is going to be difficult to float war loans without drawing on past cash accumulations. It is, therefore, necessary, therefore, that money savings be taught on a wide scale; in the school, in the factory, in the home, in the church, in every conceivable place the people should learn to save."

Continued on Page Five, Column One

Woman Tries to End Her Life With Gas

MT. HOLLY, N. J., Sept. 25.—Miss Nellie Carr, well-known resident, may die as a result of inhaling gas with suicidal intent at her home this morning. Physicians can give no encouragement for her recovery.

When her maid awoke this morning she found Miss Carr's bedroom door locked, contrary to custom, and was unable to gain admittance. Neighbors were summoned and the barrier was broken. Miss Carr had fastened the door, sealed all cracks with blankets and turned on the illuminating gas. It was also said that she took poison, but physicians could not confirm this. The reason for her desire to end her life is not known.

U. S. Torpedoboat Towed to Port

WASHINGTON, Sept. 25.—Secretary Daniels was notified that a torpedoboat under control duty off the Virginia Capes was disabled by a leaky water tank. It is being towed and will be taken into port by another patrol boat.

JAPANESE PLACE WREATH ON GUTHRIE'S GRAVE

PITTSBURGH, Sept. 25.—Colonel Yanigawa and Mr. Nagi, members of the Japanese mission to this country, arrived here today from Washington and placed wreaths on the tomb of the late George W. Guthrie, who was United States Ambassador to Japan at the time of his death last spring.

QUICK NEWS

BASEBALL SCORES

ST. LOUIS 0 0 0 ATHLETICS 1 1 0 Loudermilk and Severid; Johnson and McAvoy. Evans and Owens.

NATIONAL LEAGUE

BOSTON (1st g.) 0 0 2 0 1 2 CINCINNATI 0 0 0 0 0 0 Tyler and Traggors; Reuther and Smith.

RACING RESULTS

First Aqueduct race, all ages, handicap, seven furlongs—Regret, 127, Robinson, 1 to 13, out, won. Ina Frank, 10 to 1, cut out. second. Time, 1:24 1-5. Only two starters. Second Aqueduct race, three-year-olds and up, steeplechase, maidens, about two miles—Town Hall, 132, Blake, 10 to 1, 4 to 1, 2 to 1, won; Pigeon Thorpe, 142, Parrette, 18 to 5, 8 to 5, 4 to 5, second; Lady Edwin, 145, Fennessy, 9 to 2, 2 to 1, even, third. Time, 4:18 4-5.

VANDERLIP QUILTS BANK TO WORK FOR U. S.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 25.—Frank A. Vanderlip, president of the National City Bank, New York, the largest institution of its kind in the United States, has severed all his business connections to work for the United States Government at one dollar a year. He will be chairman of the War Savings Certificates Committee.

MUNITIONS PLANT BLOWN UP; ONE KILLED, MANY HURT

LOWELL, Mass., Sept. 25.—One man was killed and more than a dozen others were injured when a terrific explosion wrecked the munitions plant of the Newton Manufacturing Company at Warrenton, three miles from here, today. Three hundred others at work in the building at the time had narrow escapes. The force of the explosion blew out windows in houses more than a mile away. The Newton Manufacturing Company is engaged in the manufacture of shrapnel and shells for the United States Government. The company's plant was filled with nitroglycerin and shells. The explosion that wrecked the plant was preceded by two minor explosions. Officials of the company refused to discuss the cause of the explosion. Persons at the vicinities at the time say they did not know what had happened.

HIGH SCHOOL PUPILS RESENT HIGHER COST OF "EATS"

High school students throughout the city have protested to the Board of Education against the increased prices that are now being asked for lunches. When the schools reopened a new schedule of prices was put into effect. Included among the advances was milk, from five to seven cents a pint, and a half pint of milk from three to five cents. Hereafter a roll or several slices of bread were given with a bowl of soup, but under the new scale each article must be paid for separately. The price of sandwiches was also increased.

TO DEMAND MAYOR BAR "ASSESSMENTS"

A joint committee from the Policemen's Benevolent and the Firemen's Protective Association, headed by their presidents, Harry Johns, of the police, and James M. Simister, of the firemen, will call on Mayor Smith today to request that he issue an order to the heads of all city departments prohibiting the payment of political assessments. The committee is made up of four policemen and three firemen.

PLANS FOR KEYSTONE SOLDIERS' VOTING

HARRISBURG, Sept. 25.—Secretary of the Commonwealth Cyrus T. Woods will go to Washington tomorrow to take up with Adjutant General Crowder the matter of taking the vote of Pennsylvania soldiers in November. He will learn just what the War Department plans are in this respect and will report back to the Governor before outlining the method to be used by Pennsylvania.

15,339,093 TONNAGE THROUGH PANAMA CANAL

WASHINGTON, Sept. 25.—Commercial traffic through the Panama Canal since its opening to merchant vessels in August, 1914, to the end of the fiscal year, amounted to 15,339,093 tons, Governor Chester Harding reported to Secretary of War Baker. Commercial vessels passing through the canal during the first six months of this year totaled 870, indicating that this year's business will be more than double that of last year, which totaled 1282 vessels.

PHILADELPHIA TROOPER DESCRIBES GAS ATTACK

Sergeant John L. Rogers, of this city, who is in a London hospital recovering from a gas attack and the bombardment near Lens, Sergeant Rogers is a former newspaper man and a member of the Fifty-fourth Canadian Battalion. His parents live at the Delmar-Morris Apartments, Germantown.

FOUR SUFFRAGE PICKETS GO TO WORKHOUSE

WASHINGTON, Sept. 25.—The usual fine of \$25 or thirty days in the workhouse was imposed upon four militant suffragists by Judge Mullowney today, following their arrest late yesterday for picketing the White House. The women declined to pay the fines and were sent to the Occoquan workhouse. They are Mrs. P. John, of St. Louis; Mrs. Margaret Wood Keeler, of Denver, and Miss Ernestine Hara and Miss Hilda Blumberg, of New York.

GERMAN PLOT TO POISON CATTLE SUSPECTED

EL PASO, Tex., Sept. 25.—Following the finding of poison in one or two water holes in cattle ranches, cattle men are having water holes closely guarded today. It is believed the poison found was the result of a German plot to kill thousands of cattle that might otherwise be used for food for soldiers of America and her Allies.

WOULD FORCE PAPERMAKERS TO FULFILL CONTRACTS

WASHINGTON, Sept. 25.—The Federal Trade Commission today moved to compel the newspaper paper manufacturers to carry out their agreement with the commission to furnish publishers with paper at a more reasonable price. Although the agreement was entered into six months ago, the commission announced that the manufacturers have not carried out their promises and that scores of complaints have been filed by publishers. The first step against the manufacturers will be the granting of permission to publishers to examine the records affecting their purchases.

RUSSIAN RADICALS WOULD CHANGE MINISTRY

PETROGRAD, Sept. 25.—Large numbers of Socialists, Maximalists, Social Democrats, soldiers, workmen and peasants gathered here today for the democratic convention which is to open tomorrow. Indications are that the Bolshevik group of radicals may control the convention, and if they do will undoubtedly attempt to compel a reorganization of the ministry. The radicals, who now control the central committee of the Council of Workmen's and Soldiers' delegates in Petrograd, aim to eliminate every vestige of wealth, land proprietorship and "class" from the Government, putting it in the hands of the workmen, peasants and soldiers.

15 DIE, 70 HURT AS AIR FLEETS RAID ENGLAND

Zeppelins and Planes Take Part in Spectacular Night Attack

LONDON'S DEFENSE PROVES EFFECTIVE

Result of Fight With Invaders Over Coast Towns Not Yet Known

SLAUGHTER ONLY OBJECT

American Play Uninterrupted While Actors and Audience Applaud Each Other

LONDON, Sept. 25.—Fifteen killed and seventy injured, was the official list announced today of last night's German air raid by Zeppelins and airplanes.

Tord French commander-in-chief of home defense forces, announced that the raiders over London had been driven off by anti-aircraft gunfire, only one, or at the most two, machines having penetrated the defenses.

"Enemy airplanes crossed the Yorkshire and Lincolnshire coasts," he said. "There is no evidence that they penetrated far inland. One coast town was bombed, three women being slightly injured. Little material damage was done."

British airmen engaged the raiders in southeast England, but with what results is not yet known. The Germans used a number of aerial torpedoes.

The latest reports indicate that the Germans came in three squadrons. The first warning was given in the outlying districts at 7:20 o'clock and the police announced "all clear" about 10:20 o'clock.

Reports from a Kentish town say about eight bombs were dropped. According to a telegram from an Essex coast town, the first intimation of the raid came about 7:10 o'clock, when anti-aircraft guns opened fire and the dropping of the airplanes' motors could be heard. The bombing over this town continued for about two hours at intervals, but so far as could be learned three bombs were dropped. Apparently there was no great property damage.

The German planes appeared over the southeastern district of London soon after 8 o'clock. The raiders were scattered and did not come in compact formation.

Many star shells were used by the defense guns, giving the appearance of spectacular fireworks. The screen of the torpedoes used by the Germans was distinguishable easily from the explosion of their bombs.

There being perfect weather for all operations, Londoners expected a visit from German craft.

Shortly after 8 o'clock guns were heard firing in the suburbs and the metropolis had a sensation of the experience to which it has become accustomed.

Between 8 and 9 o'clock the noise of battle was heard throughout the city. Anti-aircraft guns were being fired from numerous points and bombs could be heard dropping. Searchlights played over the city and the rocketlike bursts of shrapnel furnished an interesting spectacle.

The purpose of the Germans apparently was the indiscriminate slaughter of the civilian population.

The Germans did not attack any points of military importance, but dropped their bombs, as usual, on the residential districts, mostly upon the dwellings of the poorer classes.

ARGENTINE HOUSE VOTES FOR BREAK

Now Up to President to Sever Relations With German Empire

ORDER NAVY MOBILIZED

BUENOS AIRES, Sept. 25.—A diplomatic break with Germany now rests with the President of the Republic. After a twenty-four-hour session, the Chamber of Deputies voted in support of the Senate resolution calling for a break with Germany, but before the action of the Chamber becomes effective it must receive the approval of the Executive.

The President, it is said, has specific leanings and it was a group of his followers that blocked action in the Chamber last week after the Senate had voted for a break.

It is announced that mobilization of the Argentine navy has been ordered at a rendezvous thirty-seven kilometers (about twenty-five miles) from Buenos Aires.

There is unusual military activity in the republic. Although this is ostensibly due to the general strike, a high official said that the general staff has its eyes open to "other necessities."

The Continuation of the Story "Germany, the Next Republic?"

Carl W. Ackermann