U. S. AVIATION EXPERT IS MISSING IN FRANCE

Colonel R. C. Bolling Is Named in List of Fifty-four Casualties

AGENT AIRCRAFT BOARD

Honor Roll of U. S. Forces in France

	Reported April 15	Total
Deaths		
Killed in action	1	247
Killed or prisoner	0	1
Killed by Accident	0	189
Died of disease	7	891
Lost at sea	0	237
Died of wounds	3	77
Civilians	0	7
Gas attack, suicide executed, unknown causes	1	45
Total deaths	12	1696
Wounded	31	1783
Captured	0	43
Missing	1	58
Grand total	44	3589

Washington, April 16.—Forty-four names are in the latest casualty list, issued yesterday, which is divided as follows:

Colonel R. C. Bolling is reorted as captured or missing. Eight other officers are named. Captain Hyman Green and Lieutenant John Alexander Currin were severely wounded, and Captain Wakeman G. Gribbel and Lieutenants Arthur S. Bugbee, George W. Donnell, Thomas Gray, Thomas F. Hale and Reuben A. Moser were slightly wounded.

The Colonel R. C. Bolling named in the casualty list as captured or missing was identified by War Department officials as R. C. Bolling, of New York, assistant general counsel of the United States Steel Corporation, who was commissioned in the signal corps after war was declared.

Colonel Bolling had been interested in aviation for several years, and offered his services to the Government in that branch of the army long before the United States entered the war. He was commissioned a major in the reserve corps and was given charge of the organization of a squadron from New York. Learning the Government was having difficulty in obtaining adequate space for a training field, Major Bolling leased one in his own name, paying over a substantial sum.

About a year ago he was ordered to Paris as the representative there of the aircraft production board. General Pershing later assigned him to other duties, however, and these must have taken him to the front. It was thought most probable at the War Department Colonel Bolling was either shot down or forced to descend in enemy territory while engaged in a flight.

The list of casualties follows:

KILLED IN ACTION

Private

Ovila Case

DIED OF WOUNDS

Corporal

Frank Siles

Privates

Oscar Blanchette — Joseph L. Richards

DIED OF DISEASE

Sergeants

John Dempsey, pneumonia; John B. Gremling, apoplexy.

Corporal

John E. Clark, tuberculosis.

Privates

Charles A. Costello, meningitis; Arthur J. Johnson, pneumonia; Henry V. Trout, lobar pneumonia; Noell Edward Wheeler, pneumonia.

DIED, CAUSE UNKNOWN

Corporal

Charles J. Buell, Jr.

SEVERELY WOUNDED

Captain

Hyman Green

Lieutenant

John Alexander Currin

Sergeant

Hadley M. MacPhetres

Privates

Jos. E. MacPhetres — Donald P. Hildreth

SLIGHTLY WOUNDED

Captain

Wakeman G. Gribbel

Lieutenants

Arthur E. Gribbe — Samon Gray
Arthur S. Bugbee — Thomas F. Hale
George W. Donnell — Reuben A. Moser

Corporals

Russel W. Birch — George D. Oliver

Bugler

Clyde L. Jones

Privates

Guerin A. Brusso — Carl C. Luedeking
Joseph Brescia — Carlton W. Potts
Thomas F. Crockan — Edward Schmelzer
George W. Daybert — Wallenty Sculski
William B. Gould — Wilfred C. Tratlus
William C. Harskey — Frank A. Uffelman
Fred A. Huff — Russell T. Walker
Thomas J. Kilty — John J. West

CAPTURED OR MISSING

Colonel

R. C. Bolling

MESSINES RIDGE AFTER DESPERATE ATTEMPT OF GERMANS TO PUSH THROUGH

British Official. Photo from Underwood & Underwood

The appalling devastation wrought by the Germans in their efforts to smash all resistance is typified in the present appearance of Messines Ridge. The wood was completely destroyed by shellfire at the point where the Germans tried to break through the British lines. Despite repeated and almost continuous attacks, the British are holding the enemy's forces on the ridge.

L'ITALICA RESISTENZA E' PIU' SALDA CHE MAI

Il Morale del Popolo e dei Soldati Italiani e' Elevatissimo

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By order of the President
A. S. BURLESON
Postmaster General.

Washington, D. C., 16 aprile.

Telegrammi ufficiali, giunti da Roma, recano che il Deputato Comandini, Commissario per l'Assistenza Civile, di ritorno da una visita lungo il fronte italiano, ha dichiarato che la situazione del Paese e' migliore di quella dello scorso autunno e considera la resistenza piu' salda che mai.

L'egregio Deputato ha assicurato che il morale del popolo e' elevatissimo anche nelle regioni ove il prolungamento della guerra produce grandi disagi, e che il fervore e la fede aumenta coll'avvicinarsi alla zona di operazione. Il morale dei soldati e' anch'esso superiore di molto a quello che si verificava nel luglio e nell'agosto dello scorso anno, quando in quel tempo combattevano sul suolo nemico.

L'attiva e vigilante azione del Supremo Comando contribuisce a creare l'alto morale.

La insufficienza di uomini per i pubblici e privati uffici, dovuta ai bisogni militari, verra' a cessare perche' il Governo Italiano ha emanato disposizioni secondo le quali si offrono a cittadini di ambo i sessi posizioni nelle pubbliche amministrazioni ed anche in lavori commerciali, agricoli ed industriali.

Roma, 16 aprile.

Dalle notizie giunte dalle fronte di battaglia si rileva che lungo tutta le linee si sono verificate intermittenti azioni da parte dell'artiglieria. Le pattuglie ed i riparti italiani d'incursione sono stati attivissimi. Nel bacino di Loggi un piccolo riparto italiano riuscì a raggiungere un posto nemico, ove era stata piazzata una mitragliatrice, e tornaº dopo aver distrutto la guarnigione e catturato il pezzo.

Lungo la Valle Ornic gli italiani respinsero pattuglie e distaccamenti nemici e fecero parecchi prigionieri. Anche sull'altopiano di Asiago pattuglie nemiche furono respinte e costrette a darsi alla fuga.

A nord di Cortellazzo, presso la costa adriatica, un forte contingente di truppe nemiche fu disperso dagli italiani.

Ecco il testo del comunicato ufficiale pubblicato, ieri, dal Ministero della Guerra in Roma:

Moderate ed intermittenti azioni di artiglieria si svolsero oggi lungo tutta la fronte.

Nel bacino di Loggi una delle nostre pattuglie attaccò un posto nemico, sul quale era stata piazzata una mitragliatrice, e distrusse la guarnigione, catturando il pezzo.

Uno dei nostri riparti di ricognizione, operando nella valle Ornic riuscì a catturare alcuni prigionieri.

Sull'altipiano di Asiago, facendo uso di granate a mano, respingemmo pattuglie nemiche che tentavano di raggiungere le nostre linee.

A nord di Cortellazzo (presso la costa Adriatica) respingemmo un forte distaccamento di truppe nemiche.

Alcuni cittadini e soldati, che sono riusciti a scappare dalle mani del nemico, hanno raccontato che il terrore regna nei territori italiani occupati dagli austriaci. Le barbarie che commettono le truppe dell'imperatore Carlo sono impossibili a descriversi.

A Feltre una donna fu strappata al marito dai soldati austriaci i quali legarono l'uomo ad un albero e lo uccisero a colpi di fucile, e poscia abusarono della donna. Anche una giovane ragazza fu soggetta ai piu' nefandi oltraggi e poscia legata nuda alla finestra della sua casa.

A Vittorio gli austriaci rimossero le campane e le porte delle chiese, usando poscia queste come stalle. In tutti i piccoli villaggi i soldati austriaci, tedeschi e turchi hanno avuto carta bianca e si sono impossessati di materassi, guanciali, lenzuola, mobili e di qualunque cosa di valore che poteva essere trasportata.

LABOR PROBLEM OF DOMINION TASK FOR UNION GOVERNMENT

Military Service Act Takes Away Many Young Men From Farms—Five Proposals Put Forward for Meeting Situation and Insuring Food Supply

The new Union Government of Canada will enter upon its first session in April, and it can be said with all certainty that of all the tasks that are before it there will be none to compare in importance with that of securing the labor supply that is needed if this year's production is not to show a decided drop and menace the prosperity of the country. The labor market was short enough before the putting into force of the military service act took away so many of the younger men. Now the situation is that much further tightened and the call for Canadian food products becomes even more insistent. There have been five proposals put forward for meeting this situation, as follows:

First. That men called out under the military service act but physically unfit should be conscripted for farm labor.

Second. That alien labor in Canada should be conscripted for the same purpose.

Third. That coolie labor should be imported for agricultural and other essential industries.

Fourth. That all the less essential industries should be closed for the duration of the war.

Fifth. That there should be compulsory national registration of the man power and womanpower of the country.

Reject Industrial Conscription

Industrial conscription has already been virtually rejected by the Government, chiefly because the labor unions declined to sanction the proposal. The labor unions feared that if they accepted this plan they would be putting their heards into a noose from which they would find it hard to withdraw at a later date. In addition to the labor union protest there was also recognition of the fact compulsory service of individual citizens to individual farmers was impracticable. Who would settle the hours of the conscript helper, who would determine what was to be regarded as a proper day's work. To what extent would the farmers of the country reimburse the country for the help thus given them in their work. Who would be the soldier's boss, the farmer with whom he worked or some other power. These were all questions that put themselves to the front as soon as the idea was mentioned and no one has yet given any kind of a solution of these difficultics.

Some of these same objections arise in the case of using alien labor. It might be possible for the Government to put large numbers of the aliens at the work of clearing new lands in Ontario, Quebec or the West, but it is hardly likely that his class would prohardly likely that this class would problem of looking after the mixed farms of eastern Canada or harvesting in the grain of the prairies. The average eastern farmer would have a strong dislike to having an alien enemy in his household, so that this may as well be ruled out.

The third proposal, to bring in coolie labor, is strongly opposed by the labor unions and is just as strongly opposed by the better thought of the country. Canada does not want herself invaded by an army of Chinese even for a limited period and under restriction. The coolie idea is generally believed to have originated in certain railway circles, where it seemed to offer a partial solution of the difficulty of getting day labor. The Government rather cautiously sounded public opinion by some articles that appeared in the press, but the protest was so immediate and so strong that there has been nothing heard of it since.

Care of Industries

As to shutting up nonessential industries there would have to be a good deal of caution exercised in this or there would be serious business dislocation. It is possible, however, that something may yet be done along this line. There are very large numbers of men employed in useless industries who, if they were free, could be turned to the more essential lines and would suffer not one cent loss in wages. The advantages to the country would, on the other hand, be very great and would be felt at once. One step that has been taken in this direction lies in the closing up of all industries in connection with Sundays and the closing up of theatres on successive Monday for the same purpose.

Coming to the things which the Government intends to do, a list of three is found. There is to be an organized propaganda to secure by voluntary enlistment the labor required for increased production. This, apparently, is to be an extension or continuation of the "work for freedom" movement which bore good results last year; a good enough system so far it goes but open to the objection that at the best indefinite results may be expected from it. Then there is to be a classification of industries with a view to the diversion of labor from the nonessential to essential industries. The method of this diversion has not yet been indicated, but if it is to be done with any thoroughness some means of compulsion would seem to be needed, though that principle has been rejected elsewhere.

Finally, there is to be compulsory registration of all persons over sixteen years of age. This does not seem to differ from the national service inventory that was taken by the late national service board except that this time it is to be compulsory. The national service board's efforts led nowhere and as a consequence resulted in nothing. Compulsory registration such as is now proposed will not result more properly unless it is the basis of a compulsory industrial service.

Montgomery County Coroner Dead

Norristown, Pa., April 16.—Grant B. McIlhatherey, coroner of Montgomery County, died this morning in Charity Hospital, where he underwent an operation. He was fifty-three years of age.

1500 ARMENIAN EXILES PLOD TOWARD JERICHO

British Army Finds Survivors of Turkish Atrocities and Succors Them

Jerusalem, April 16.

Slowly making their way toward Jericho British troops found 1500 Armenians, survivors of the thousands exiled by the Turks to the wilderness east of the River Jordan.

The exiles, who had been dragged by the Turks from the cities of Adana, Kharne, Marash, Aintab, Urfa and Kessab, had been compelled for months by ottoman troops to break stone on roads. The Armenians are being brought to Jerusalem in British motortrucks.

Six thousand Syrian refugees from Es Salt, twenty-two miles north of the Dead Sea, are expected to arrive in Jerusalem this week.

In connection with the refugee situation here, the Rev. Stephen Van H. Trowbridge, of Brooklyn, representative of American Commission for Armenian and Syrian Relief, said:

"We will equip expeditions to meet the exiles and will provide industrial relief if additional funds can be sent from the United States. Nine hundred Armenians who were rescued by Arabs at Tawfile, between Maan and the Dead Sea, will be removed to Port Said.

"For months from twenty to thirty of the exiles have died of starvation day. The original number was 10,000. From Tawfile a message has come through saying, 'The price of a life is the price of bread.'"

New York, April 16.—The American Committee for Armenian and Syrian relief has cabled $50,000 for relief work in the Palestine section, making a total of more than $250,000 sent to Palestine to-date by the American committee.

An appropriation of $100,000 also was made by the Red Cross war council as an additional contribution to the American Commission for Armenian and Syrian Relief. This money will be called for relief work in the eastern war zone and represents the appropriation for the months of April and May, according to an announcement by the treasurer of the council.

SEE ALIEN WOMEN AS MENACE TO NATION

One Hundred Germans and Austrians to Be Arrested and Interned

Washington, April 16.

Government agents have under surveillance many German and Austrian women who will be arrested and interned as soon as President Wilson signs the bill which includes women in the class of enemy aliens. It is said the number is more than 100.

In anticipation of this action by the Government a number of the most dangerous German and Austrian women have left the country recently, officials said. Enough remain, however, to make it advisable, officials believe, to prevent them from gathering information on war activities. The women under surveillance, it is said, include the wives of prominent German and Austrian business men, particularly in and about New York.

Arrangements probably will be made to intern some of the women in camps with their husbands and limited housekeeping arrangements may be provided. Unmarried women will be cared for in special camps.

Property in the possession of the women interned will be taken over by the alien property custodian.

Washington, April 16.—The Senate Judiciary Committee has approved unanimously the repeal of the Federal charter of the National German-American Alliance. The bill of Senator King, of Utah, for annulment of the organization's charter was ordered favorably reported, despite the recent vote of the organization voluntarily to dissolve.

Senator King presented a report of the subcommittee which recently investigated alleged disloyalty of alliance members, together with their political activities. The full committee unanimously accepted the subcommittee's recommendations for repeal of the alliance's charter, eliminating only a section of the King resolution proposing a receiver for the organization's property. This, it was explained, consisted of about $20,000 in the treasury, which, it is reported, has been donated to the Red Cross.

Senator King said he hopes to bring the resolution before the Senate for adoption today.

New York, April 16.—After a jury in the Brooklyn Federal Court had returned a verdict of not guilty in the case of Oscar Anderson, a Swedish seaman, accused of violating the trading-with-the-enemy act, Judge Chatfield, who was presiding, announced that he had said not that Anderson be rearrested and tried with unlawfully bringing a letter [illegible] the country outside the regular [illegible].

According to Federal authorities, Anderson admits that a letter was given him before the vessel on which he worked, the Bergensfjord, departed from Christiania, Norway, in February, and that, in accordance with instructions, he mailed the missive upon arrival here.

Government agents testified that while the letter in question was seemingly an innocent note of greeting, chemical tests revealed a hidden communication written in German with an invisible ink. The text of this secret wording was made known to the jury and the court, but was not permitted to become public.

FIFTH AVENUE NEW YORK, GIVEN TO THE BOWWOWS

Dogs Parade Fashionable Thoroughfare to Open "Be Kind to Animals" Week

New York, April 16.

Every dog has his day, they say, and why shouldn't every dog have his parade? Bide-a-Wee Refuge for animals and the Red Star Society, organized to establish hospitals at the front for horses and dogs injured in serving the Allies in battle, think so, and consequently they opened Be Kind to Animals week yesterday with a parade for the doggies down Fifth avenue.

To be sure there were some Boy Scouts escorting Fido and Bob and Old Trap and the rest of the vets in life's battle, who came from Bide-a-Wee to swell the ranks of the parade, but it was the dogs' own affair.

Many a person on the crowded avenue stopped to smile at the four-footed marchers as they trotted along, wagging their tails and barking a bit contemptuously at the pampered Pekes and Pomeranians, other curled dog slackers who stood wonderingly down at them from their mistresses' automobiles.

The canine paraders, who ranged in size from Fido, a huge mastiff, to a pert and tiny bull, all wore tin cups at their collars and solicited funds for the Red Star Animal Relief. At Thirty-third street they broke ranks, tumbled into the Red Star ambulance which brought up the tail of the line, and rode in state back to Bide-a-Wee headquarters.

SECOND DEATH IN FAMILY

Daughter Follows Olin Bryan, Who Died of Pneumonia April 2

The second fatality from pneumonia in one family in two weeks occurred when Miss Mary Katherine Bryan died yesterday at her home, 6434 Drexel road, after a short illness. Her father, Olin Bryan, an attorney with offices in the Knightman Building, died of pneumonia April 2.

With his family, Mr. Bryan moved to this city two years ago from Baltimore, where he had been practicing his profession. He had been city solicitor of Baltimore and a member of both branches of the Maryland Legislature. Miss Bryan, who was twenty-five years old, is survived by her mother, Mrs. Anna Dodd Bryan; a brother, Lieutenant Dodd Bryan, with the American expeditionary forces in France, and a sister, Miss Henrietta Bryan.

THE PUSEY & JONES COMPANY
of Wilmington, Delaware

wishes to announce that it has acquired the properties of the Pennsylvania Shipbuilding Company and the New Jersey Shipbuilding Company, both located at Gloucester City, N. J. The Pusey & Jones Company will be responsible for any and all just obligations of the two companies named. All business matters relative to the yards at Gloucester City, N. J., should be addressed to

The Pusey & Jones Company
Gloucester City, N. J.

The offices of the Pennsylvania and New Jersey Companies in the Land Title Building, Philadelphia, Pa., have been discontinued.

GO EARLY — Tomorrow April 17

GO EARLY
Register
AND
Enroll as Republican
The Only Day—You Can't Vote Otherwise
Polls open 7-10 A. M. and 4-10 P. M.
If you are enrolled as Non-Partisan change your enrollment tomorrow to
REPUBLICAN
TOWN MEETING PARTY

GO EARLY — Tomorrow April 17

Building a Business

THE cut-and-dried plan of assembling materials into structural form is one thing—studied construction for definite requirements is quite different.

Steele Service goes far beyond actual building. It analyzes the needs of your industry, determines efficiency, plans for the future and then creates an industrial plant.

STEELE FOR STABILITY

Wm. Steele & Sons Co.
Engineers—Constructors
Philadelphia Toronto

Inexpensive Young Men's Watches

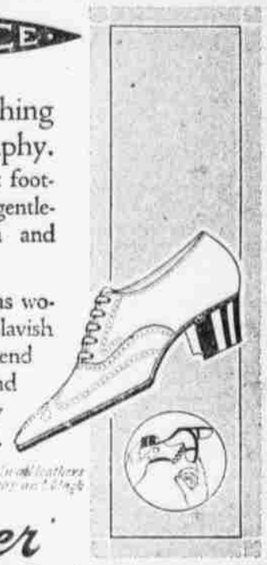
An inspection of our extensive stock will convince you of the excellent values we have to offer.

Worthy of mention is a young man's 14-kt. gold watch with dependable American movement—special at $20.

S. Kind & Sons, 1110 Chestnut St.
DIAMOND MERCHANTS—JEWELERS—SILVERSMITHS

LA FRANCE

Good taste has nothing to do with geography.
The same love of smart footwear influences the gentlewomen of California and Milady New York.
Their vogue increases as women exact more than slavish conformity with the trend of fashion—and demand fit, comfort and quality of the shoes they wear.



The model of La France Shoes, made in all leathers, all widths. Tan, white, gray and black

Dalsimer

WRIGLEY'S

Six reasons WHY it's a good friend:

1—Steadies nerves
2—Allays thirst
3—Aids appetite
4—Helps digestion
5—Keeps teeth clean
6—It's economical

Keep the soldiers and sailors supplied!

Three flavors

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Chew it after every meal
The Flavor Lasts!