GOVERNORS URGE BUSINESS BOOST

Conference Calls for Industrial Revival and Lifting of Restrictions

AGAINST RED DOCTRINE

Ernest Trigg Advocates Home Loan Banks and Reduced Freight Rates

By the Associated Press

Washington, March 6.—Governors and Mayors returned today to their homes after a three days' conference here called by the decree of President Wilson to discuss labor and business conditions. Before adjournment the conference went on record as favoring the carrying out by the railroads of a program of importance not only as an aid of transportation, but also to alleviate unemployment, the reduction of freight rates on building materials and the settlement of government contracts and the lifting of all restrictions on business and industry at an early date.

The conference also condemned radical doctrines, sanctioned government approval of price schedules, but opposed fixing of costs, and recommended continuation by the government of assistance to public utilities. After a heated debate the conference, by a viva voce vote, defeated a minority report of the committee on resolutions recommending that Congress be called immediately in extra session.

Trigg's Reconstruction Plea

A feature of yesterday's session of the conference was an address by Ernest T. Trigg, of Philadelphia, who, speaking as president of the National Federation of Construction in Industries, advocated the establishment of a federal home loan bank as an agency to enable building and loan associations to borrow money on their securities. Sharp reduction of what he demonstrated the almost prohibitive freight rates and building material was urged also by the speaker.

Mr. Trigg said the reconstruction in the country constitutes a part of the nation's war debt, and should be paid first because it would supply improved facilities for earning and paying the remainder. He added:

"The war schedule of freight rates on certain building materials made effective in June, 1918, which was undoubtedly planned to stop traffic in building materials and to curtail and limit civilian construction during the war, should be reduced without delay. That prohibitive schedule is still in effect. Judge Lovett's priority order of October 2, 1917, has been lifted, thus releasing construction materials, if and when it can be afforded to move them.

Another matter worthy of consideration as a means of encouraging new building, Mr. Trigg asserted, was the possible waiving of all taxes on such buildings for a period of years, such as may be consistent with the local needs.

Industry Reviving

"The general tendency of the construction industry," he continued, "may be roughly gauged by the following approximations:

"In November but 6 per cent of the normal construction was going on; in December but 10 per cent; in January but 20 per cent. The month of February will possibly show a corresponding increase.

"From reliable sources I am informed that the cost of living has gone up during the war about 65 per cent, while the cost of construction has increased 50 per cent to 80 per cent, according to the type of building, and that the index number for commodity prices has gone up about 106 per cent, but that land has increased little and in some places has decreased.

"The restrictions which were placed on the industry during the war have been mainly through freight, fuel, finance and advertising. The cumulative effect of these has been to disorganize the industry and deaden the constructive initiative of the country as a whole, and now, when we are faced with the problem of absorbing skilled labor temporarily out of adjustment, and of increasing the national wealth and earning power the industry naturally turns to the government for temporary aid, although in the last analysis construction must be done by private enterprise."

Mayors attending the meeting at a special session of the conference last night laid plans for an association of Mayors to meet in Washington each year in February.

Governor Sproul, of Pennsylvania, was prevented from attending yesterday's proceedings by a slight attack of tonsillitis. He expected to leave for home this morning.

Deaths of a Day

SAMUEL BIDDLE

Former Partner in Jewelry Firm Dies at His Home

Samuel Biddle, long identified with the city's business, financial and religious interests, died on Tuesday at his home, Forty-seventh street and City avenue, Bala. Mr. Biddle formerly was a member of the Bailey, Banks & Biddle Company. He retired when the firm was incorporated twenty-five years ago and later became president of the German-American Trust Company, Broad and Arch streets, now the Liberty Trust Company. Several years ago he retired from this position, and also resigned as treasurer of the Friends' Asylum Frankford, and of the Westtown Boarding School, places he had long filled. He was a prominent member of the Society of Friends and was active in the affairs of the Twelfth Street Meeting.

Samuel Biddle was a direct descendant of William Biddle, one of the proprietors of West Jersey and long time member of Council for that colony. He also was a descendant of Owen Biddle, who, with his brother, Clement Biddle, signed the nonimportation agreement of 1765. Owen Biddle was a prominent figure in the affairs of Philadelphia in the Revolutionary period and was deputy commissary of forage. The British burned his residence during their occupation of Philadelphia. It was on this site of Girard College.

Born in Philadelphia, July 10, 1844, Samuel Biddle began his career by buying the business of Thomas C. Garrett, silversmith, and forming the firm of Clark & Biddle. Later this firm was changed to Robbins & Biddle. Subsequently Mr. Biddle became a member of Bailey, Banks & Biddle, a house established in 1832 by Joseph Trowbridge Bailey, grandfather of Charles Weaver Bailey, the present head of Bailey, Banks & Biddle Company.

Mr. Biddle is survived by daughters, Mrs. Samuel R. Carte, who was Miss Elizabeth Biddle, Miss Mary H. Biddle and Miss Helen R. Biddle.

George C. Makin

George C. Makin, an inspector in the Customs House in this city for nearly twenty-five years, died yesterday at his home, 7027 Greenway avenue. He was fifty-eight years old and had been in ill health for several months.

Mr. Makin was active in fraternal organizations, having been a Mason, an Odd Fellow and a member of the Morning Star Encampment No. 53, this city.

He is survived by a widow and two sons, both of whom are in the service overseas. George C. Makin, Jr., is with the Iron Division in France, awaiting a commission, and Samuel Makin is in the navy.

The funeral will be held Saturday at 3 o'clock, and burial will be in the St. James Cemetery.

WARNS BRITISH OF STRIKES

Trade Union Secretary Points to Damaging Effects on Markets

London, March 6.—(By A. P.)—W. A. Appleton, general secretary of the Federation of Trades Unions, has issued in the official organ of that organization a warning of the effect on British trade of irresponsible and unauthorized strikes. Mr. Appleton said:

"Tinplate already is on the market at twenty shillings per ton less than the British cost price. Steel is being offered by Great Britain's competitors at a much lower rate than Great Britain can produce it, even with the aid of a subsidy. Lancashire, with 75 per cent of her trade overseas, is faced with offers at 30 per cent lower than the present cost prices. America is prepared to put coal in markets formerly monopolized by the British at rates very little in excess of what it will cost Great Britain to place coal in ports ready for export."

LE PROTESTE DEL RE DEL MONTENEGRO

Il Vecchio Regno non Vuole Unirsi al Nuovo Stato Jugoslavo

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Authorized by the act of October 6, 1917, on file at the Postoffice of Philadelphia, Pa.
By order of the President,
A. S. BURLESON,
Postmaster General.

Parigi, 5 marzo.—Il Concilio delle grandi Potenze ha oggi esaminato il caso di Re Nicola di Montenegro, che fu esposto dal Generale Gvosdenovitch, ministro montenegrino a Washington. L'esposizione fatta da quest'ultimo non era altro che una viva protesta del vecchio monarca contro la perdita del suo trono e contro il fatto che la sua terra doveva essere assorbita dal nuovo regno jugoslavo.

Incidentalmente la protesta coin volse la questione tra l'Italia e la Jugoslavia. Re Nicola e' il padre della Regina Elena d'Italia, cosicche' la posizione del Montenegro non e' state definita chiaramente nelle richieste dell'Italia e le proposte del nuovo Stato Jugoslavo, il quale vorrebbe assorbire il Montenegro.

Il Concilio ha anche esaminato la questione dei soccorsi in viveri per la Boemia e le altre sezioni sud-est di Europa, per le quali la guerriglia di fazioni rende difficoltoso il rifornimento di viveri.

Il comunicato ufficiale, emesso dopo la riunione del Concilio, dice quanto appresso:

"Il Supremo Concilio Alleato si e' riunito mercoldi', 5 marzo, alle ore 3 pomeridiane. Il Presidente porto' la notizia delle varie questioni relative ai piani per le future sessioni.

"La questione per i soccorsi per l'Austria-Ungheria fu anche discussa. M. Gvosdenovitch, il Ministro Montenegrino a Washington, in nome del Re Nicola indico' i punti di vista del Regio Governo sulla situazione e pel futuro del Montenegro.

"La prossima riunione avra' luogo domani, giovedi', alle ore 3 pom."

Battle in Berlin; Big Guns Thunder

Continued from Page One

ure, and will not receive the support which had been expected. It was stated that wherever workingmen balloted secretly, the opposition to the strike was overwhelming. Among the big plants shut down today were those of the General Electric Company.

Food shops have been stormed by housewives, who have been laying in a week's supply of provisions in anticipation of a spread of the strike. Baker shops and meat markets were quickly sold out. Private vehicles of all descriptions are being converted into improvised buses and are paying a lucrative business in the absence of surface and subway service.

The Independent Socialists seem to be backing away from the movement now and to be endeavoring to unload the responsibility for the outbreak onto the Spartacans, who are accused of having precipitated the strike before organization plans had been thoroughly perfected. The slogan "Down with Ebert and Scheidemann" is no longer given prominence in the agitation.

The Vorwaerts, the Socialist organ, states that it believes an understanding will be reached in the course of a day and that the only malcontents then will be "street terrorists, whose opportunities to plunder, rob and murder have been spoiled."

The strike situation in central Germany is unchanged and a renewed effort by the Spartacans to secure the proclamation of a general strike at Dresden and Magdeburg has failed.

Normal conditions have been restored at Halle, where the railway station was found stocked with supplies of food, clothing and other commodities which had been commandeered by the Spartacans. At Leipsig the general strike of citizens as a counter-action against the industrial walkout is still going on and threatens to complicate the situation.

London, March 6.—(By A. P.)—Robberies amounting to many millions worth of property in Berlin have been carried out in the last three days, according to a Reuter dispatch from that city. Jewelers' stores were looted and also drapers' establishments, where goods were taken valued at hundreds of thousands of marks.

Copenhagen, March 6.—(By A. P.)—Negotiations at Weimar have resulted in the German Government proposing that the Soldiers' and Workmen's Council be made an organic part of the governmental system under the new constitution, according to a Berlin dispatch received here.

Amsterdam, March 6.—(By A. P.)—Employes of telegraph companies, the post office and big stores at Berlin have resolved to protest against the general strike, and the railway personnel has announced that it will not participate in the walkout, according to a dispatch to the Handelsblad sent from Berlin yesterday.

PEASANTS FIGHT BULGARS

Sofia Troops Attempt to Strip Thrace Before Retiring

Salonica, March 6.—(By A. P.)—Fighting between peasants and Bulgarian forces in western Thrace and Strumnitza as a result of efforts of the Bulgars to requisition food and household articles, has been reported. It is said that the Bulgarians are attempting to strip the country before being forced to retire.

An anti-Semitic movement of serious proportions in Bulgaria is reported in the Jewish newspaper El Liberal. On Saturday, February 15, a bomb was found in the central Jewish synagogue in Sofia. It was timed to explode at a time when the edifice would have been filled with worshipers and it is alleged that it was placed there by Bulgarians.

BREST 'DOCTORED' FOR BAKER VISIT

Filthy Conditions Killed Many at Rest Camp, Engineer Declares

OFFICERS HAD NO KICK

War Secretary Shown Only Part Barracks, Says Returned Philadelphain

That the rest camp at Brest was "doctored" up to make a good impression on Secretary of War Baker and that the official was not given a chance to thoroughly inspect the place is charged by Master Engineer Frank Robinson, 2635 West Silver street.

"The so-called rest camp was a hell hole," he said emphatically. "I have seen the mortuary there piled high with bodies, many of which might still be alive if it was not for the rotten and filthy sewage system. Disease was prevalent among men who had been in good condition, but at Brest were forced to live in filthy surroundings, work sixteen hours every day and subsist on rotten food—and mighty little of that.

"Influenza and pneumonia victims were put in tents. Think of it. What chance had most of those poor fellows to recover? But the doctors' They lived like kings. No wonder they didn't complain of conditions at Brest."

Robinson says that when Secretary Baker's visit was announced, great preparations were made for his reception. Part of the barracks, he said, were thoroughly cleaned. When the Secretary made inspection he was shown only these clean parts, and whisked away before he could actually investigate conditions.

Robinson is twenty-eight years old. He was drafted in April, 1918, and was sent to Camp Devens, Mass., for training. He was sent to France and spent seven months at work in Brest.

Lieutenant Max Fleming, of Haverford, in a letter from Luxemburg, writes that the American soldiers are retaining their spirits in conquered Germany.

"Cool, brave and good-humored," he writes, "they are always ready for more."

Lieutenant William Crane, son of Mr. and Mrs. George F. Crane, of New York, whose engagement to Miss Katharine Putnam, 1926 Spruce street, has been announced, has returned home after service abroad with the Rainbow Division.

Major Churchill Wyeth, on leave of absence, is visiting his cousins, Lieutenant and Mrs. Maxwell Wyeth, 1912 Rittenhouse square. Major Wyeth recently returned from Honolulu, where he was on duty for some time.

U. S. Warns Italians to Cease Blockade

Continued from Page One

ference commissions has been guarded so closely as that of the commission on responsibility. The commission's report, it is understood, while fixing moral responsibility fails to find legal responsibility, because there is no precedent or no law governing the case or no court existing to try the accused if legal guilt were found to be evident.

[The foregoing does not make it clear whether such a report would prevent the trial for criminal offenses of the ex-Kaiser and his war lords.]

Americans Urge Peace Basis

The Supreme Council, at its session this afternoon, will first consider a proposal by the American delegation to invite the various committees to draw up articles embodying their reports, with a view to the formulation of a treaty of peace.

The second question on the program is the discussion of military and naval reports on the new conditions to be imposed on Germany.

The arrival of the British Prime Minister, David Lloyd George, in Paris, last night is the prelude to the discussion of the main questions of the peace treaty by the council of the great powers, which will begin tomorrow and continue during President Wilson's stay.

Will Co-ordinate Views

Premier Lloyd George and Colonel House will have lunch together prior to today's meeting, at which the British and American positions will doubtless be co-ordinated, as President Wilson's views on the subject are understood to have been made known by cable and wireless.

The subjects of reparation for war damages and the western German frontier will follow the military and naval terms. It is understood that an agreement has virtually been reached on the amount of reparation to be inserted in the peace treaty. This is far less than either the French or British estimates as originally submitted, but is still a vast sum, running high into billions of dollars.

The western German frontier is also virtually settled, one of the main features being a neutralized or "sterilized" strip along the west bank of the Rhine, which will insure an adequate buffer between France and any renewed German aggression.

Members of the aerial advisory boards attached to the peace delegation met today for the purpose of establishing an international aerial commission to deal with various problems concerned with the navigation of the air in times of peace. It was expected that only the organization would be perfected today. Rear Admiral Knapp and Brigadier General Patrick are the American representatives.

The commission on reparation today examined questions raised by subcommittees concerning the method of payment of damages by enemy states.

The second subcommittee of the inter-Allied commission on ports, waterways and railways completed today its study of the question of the application of the international regime to ports.

Serbs Minors Demands

The supreme council, after hearing a statement by Jules Cambon, decided unanimously yesterday to reject the demands of the minor powers with limited interests for greater representation on the financial and economic commissions which are about to be formed. The minor powers, especially those from South America, followed Brazil in demanding earlier in the week that the minor powers have the same number of members on the commissions as the great powers.

After two days of futile unofficial conferences, M. Cambon laid the matter before the supreme council. Brazil was supported by Belgium, while Greece and Serbia took the opposite view of the discussions. The supreme council asked the minor powers to name their five representatives on the commissions today. The great powers will have ten representatives.

Jugo-Slav Border Opened

The council also considered food relief for Bohemia and other sections of southeastern Europe, where the warring factions still make it difficult to forward supplies. It developed during the session today that the Jugo-Slav frontier, which had been closed against Italy and threatened to precipitate a crisis with that country, has been reopened.

The central commission on territorial questions, at its first meeting last night, elected Andre Tardieu, of the French peace delegation, president. T he task of the commission is to co-ordinate all decisions of the special territorial commissions.

In particular, it will have to fix the lines between the different frontiers traced by the various commissions. It also will discuss questions not reserved for special consideration by the council of ten.

The questions relative to the frontiers of Czecho-Slovakia were examined on Wednesday afternoon by the Czecho-Slovak commission and considerable progress was made, according to the official communique issued by that body.

KLOTZ TO URGE TAX ON GERMAN CAPITAL

Paris, March 6.—(By A. P.)—The Chamber of Deputies yesterday discussed the bill proposing the ratification of an agreement made by Minister of Finance Klotz and the Bank of France, putting at the disposal of the state 3,000,000,000 francs and raising the bank's advance to the government from 21,000,000,000 to 24,000,000,000 francs, the issue of paper money having passed from 33,000,000,000 to 36,000,000,000 francs.

Deputy Barthe argued that the increased circulation of paper money was one of the principal causes for the high cost of living. M. Bon, Socialist, proposed an amendment to the bill, abolishing interest on advances. This was rejected by a vote of 349 to 124.

After much discussion the government bill was ratified by a show of hands, and the chamber then passed to a discussion of the pension bill.

Debate Opens Friday

Debate on the general financial situation will begin Friday, and during the discussion M. Klotz will make known his program. As the discussion is expected to be a long one, it is not believed M. Klotz will speak before March 14.

In the lobbies of the chamber, M. Klotz said the debate would be most useful and that he was convinced it would strengthen his position.

"I must be sustained fully by Parliament in order to propose to the Peace Conference a tax on German capital. How could I think of demanding heavy sacrifices from our victorious country if first I had not exacted them from the conquered?"

The Senate discussed the measure adopted by the Chamber of Deputies yesterday with regard to a further advance from the Bank of France, adopting the bill after an hour's debate.

Alexandre Ribot, former Premier and Minister of Foreign Affairs, objected to the Senate being asked to vote on the project without knowing what Germany would be able to pay. He said:

"I agree not to debate today the financial question. Is it not ill-advised to vote these considerable expenditures without knowing what Germany is able to pay? It may be imprudent to speak now of a tax on capital, which would be impolitic and anti-economic. By it we would render all future voluntary loans impossible. Money moves of its own free will, rather than by the conscription of fortunes. We will vote the project, hoping the government will reduce expenditures to the strictest necessity."

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RUSSIA AS ALLY REJECTED IN 1918

U. S. and Britain Ignored Offer of Bolsheviki, Says Raymond Robins

ON EVE OF BREST PACT

One-Time Red Cross Chief Also Blames Allied Propaganda Blunder for Chaos

By the Associated Press

Washington, March 6.—The Russian Bolshevik government agreed in February, 1918 to denounce the Brest-Litovsk treaty and resume the war against Germany if the United States and Great Britain would assure co-operation. This was the testimony of Raymond Robins, one-time head of the American Red Cross mission in Russia, who was witness today before the Senate committee investigating lawless propaganda.

Mr. Robins said that, despite his efforts and those of R. A. B. Lockhart, British high commissioner, to induce their governments to agree to this proposal, no word was received by March 14, when Lenine said he was convinced no help could be expected and induced the all-Russian Soviet to ratify the peace treaty with Germany.

Mr. Robins testified also that before Russia failed as an ally, Allied and American propagandists unwittingly contributed largely to the downfall of Russian morale and what followed.

"Posters were all over Russia," said Mr. Robins, "telling how great the Allies were and how powerful America was. Some of the posters said the United States would have 20,000 airplanes and 4,000,000 men in France. The Russians, reading these declarations, said to themselves, 'Well, if all that is true, we will go home for a while.'

Propaganda Back-fired

"There is no doubt that this propaganda materially assisted in the disintegration of the Russian morale. It had exactly the opposite effect from what it was intended to have."

Mr. Robins described at the outset of his testimony conditions as he found them when he went to Russia. Even in the early part of the Kerensky regime, he said, he became conscious of the fact that it was failing because it did not give enough attention to affairs in the outlying districts of Russia. Kerensky's civil power, the witness asserted, was inefficient, and the Soviet control grew up naturally.

He discussed the economic paralysis in Russia, saying that it began with the overthrow of the Czar and increased throughout the Kerensky regime. He gave as a reason the fact that before the war Germans were the economic directors of Russia and that when they disappeared there was no one competent to take their places.

Mr. Robins said that he was anti-Socialist when he went to Russia and that his experiences there had not changed his ideas in regard to Socialism.

Denies Charge Against Thompson

Colonel William B. Thompson, head of the American Red Cross mission in Petrograd, who had been charged with spending money to aid the Bolsheviki, Mr. Robins said, "never spent a dollar for that purpose." Instead, Mr. Robins testified, $1,000,000 used by Americans in an effort to convince the Russians that German victory meant defeat of the Russian revolution was furnished from Colonel Thompson's private fortune.

In addition to this, Mr. Robins said, a request was made of the American government for an additional million in 1917 and $1,000,000 a month for three months to carry on propaganda in the interior of Russia.

The American Government was warned, he said, that unless this money was forthcoming the Bolsheviki would gain control and a separate peace between Russia and Germany would be probable.

Creel Got There Too Late

Instead of receiving approval of the project, Mr. Robins testified, the government cabled that a representative of the committee on public information would be sent to Russia to study the situation and, as a result, it was necessary to curtail the propaganda program.

When the committees representative arrived the Bolsheviki had been in power two weeks.

"Kerensky was a sincere friend of the Allied cause," said the witness, "and would have worked out a liberal Socialist program." Many of the earlier leaders of the revolution preferred to co-operate with the Germans rather than with the soviets, he added, and as a result the Bolsheviki refused any connection with these men when they came into power.

U. S. Could Have Had Roads

Trotsky, Mr. Robins asserted, offered to turn over to American control the Trans-Siberian and other railroad systems if part of the rolling stock were used to bring food, suggesting that "America could evacuate guns and ammunition that the Russian army is abandoning at the front and move this material to where the Germans would be unable to get it.

"Later," said Mr. Robins, "the Germans did advance, and they took this material which we had an opportunity once to move, and used it effectively on the western front."

Mr. Robins said an order came from the United States that he was to discontinue his activities. He said Ambassador Francis cabled to Washington to have the order rescinded, and instructed him to continue in contact with the Bolshevist leaders.

Mr. Robins described himself as the unofficial medium between the American Ambassador and the Bolshevist Soviet government. On one occasion, he testified, the Ambassador gave to him specific and written instructions to communicate to the Soviet government information concerning want the United States would do if the Brest-Litovsk conference, which then was to take place in a few days, should fail.

Mr. Robins said that he saw early in the Bolshevik revolution that the Bolsheviki were bound to become the real power in Russia, because they had the masses behind them, although Germans and, perhaps, certain dishonest elements were for the time in control.

Referring to the Germans' getting raw materials from Russia after Brest-Litovsk, Mr. Robins said that when General William V. Judson, military attache of the American embassy, went to Trotzky on the subject of embargo, "he was summarily recalled to the United States."

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HILARY A. HERBERT, EX-SECRETARY, DEAD

Confederate Veteran, Who Held Portfolio Under Cleveland, Lived to Be 85

By the Associated Press

Tampa, Fla., March 6.—Hilary A. Herbert, Secretary of the Navy during Grover Cleveland's second term, died here today at the age of eighty-five years.

Mr. Herbert had been in feeble health a number of years. He had spent the winter here and was preparing to depart last night for Montgomery, Ala., when he was stricken.

A daughter, Mrs. Benjamin Micou, of Tampa, survives Mr. Herbert. She received today a telegram of condolence from Secretary Daniels, who referred to Mr. Herbert's service as chairman of the House Naval Committee and as Secretary in building up and strengthening the American navy, and said he was the best type of public officer.

Greatly worried over the league of nations controversy and the situation in Congress, Mr. Herbert worked until late last night on a speech which he expected to deliver at Montgomery. His family believes that hastened his end.

The Ex-Secretary, son of Thomas E. and Dorothy Herbert, was born in Laurensville, S. C. When he was twelve, his family removed to Greenville, Ala., and he was educated first at the University of Alabama, and afterward at the University of Virginia. Subsequently, he took up the study of law, and just before the Civil War, was admitted to the bar.

Deaths

ADAMS.—March 2, WILLIAM S., son of late Romes and Anna Adams. Relatives and friends invited to funeral services, Fri., 2 p. m., residence of sister, Mrs. George Endress, 4601 Westminster ave. Int. West Laurel Hill Cem.

ALBURGER. — March 1, WILLIAM C. ALBURGER, aged 84. Funeral and int. Fair Hill Cem.

ALLEN.—March 4, ELIZABETH MORGAN, widow of John Allen. Relatives and friends invited to funeral services, Fri., 2:30 p. m., residence of daughter, Mrs. Henry D. Rogers, 231 W. Chelten ave., Germantown. Int. private.

BADMIN.—At 1835 N. 22d st., March 5, ADELIA, widow of George E. Badmin, aged 68. Relatives and friends invited to funeral services, Fri., 2 p. m., David H. Schuyler Bldg., Broad and Diamond sts. Int. private.

BENKERT.—March 5 Mrs. MARY BENKERT, aged 76. Funeral Sat., 10 a. m., 4003 Baltimore ave. Funeral and private.

BENT.—March 4, RAYMOND G., son of Thomas M. and late Catherine Bent. Relatives and friends invited to funeral, Sat., 8:30 a. m., 2108 Brandywine st. Solemn mass of requiem St. Francis Xavier's p. m., 2411 E. Somerset st. Solemn requiem mass St. Ann's Church 10 a. m. Int. New Cathedral Cem. Auto service.

BEVERLAND.—March 3, ELIZABETH, wife of Robert J. Beverland. Relatives and friends invited to funeral services, Sat., 2 p. m., 5530 Morris st., Germantown. Int. private.

BIDDLE. — Third Month 4th, SAMUEL BIDDLE, aged 74. Relatives and friends invited to funeral, Sixth-day, 2:30 p. m., 47th st. and City ave. 1:58 trains from Broad St. Station will be met at Bala. Int. private.

BLITZ.—March 4, MORRIS J. BLITZ, of 2915 Connor st. Relatives and friends, Rising Star Lodge, No. 126, F. and A. M., invited to funeral services, Fri., 2 p. m., parlors of Morris Rosenberg's Son, 2900 N. Broad st. Int. Adath Jeshurun Cem.

BRADY.—March 5, CHARLES H., husband of Mary E. Brady (nee Hesson). Relatives and friends, St. Name Society of St. Agatha's Church, De Soto Council, No. 315, K. of C., invited to funeral, Mon., 9:30 a. m., 4126 Lancaster ave., West Phila. Solemn high mass of requiem St. Agatha's Church 11 a. m. Int. Cathedral Cem. Auto service.

BREGY.—March 2, LOUIS BREGY. Funeral services Fri., 11 a. m., 5941 Woodbine ave., Overbrook. Int. private.

BURNS.—March 3, JAMES J., husband of late Annie Burns (nee Allen). Relatives and friends, Div. No. 11, A. O. H.; Court Corinthian, No. 197, F. of A.; United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners of America, invited to funeral, Fri., 8:30 a. m., residence of sister, Frances M. Burns, 1729 N. 26th st. High mass St. Elizabeth's Church 10 a. m. Int. Holy Cross Cem. Auto funeral.

CANTZ.—Suddenly, March 4, MARGARET A., wife of Adam F. Cantz. Relatives and friends, R. V. M. Sodality, invited to funeral, Sat., 8:30 a. m., 6014 Keystone st., Tacony. Solemn requiem mass St. Leo's Church 10 a. m. Int. St. Dominic's Cem.

CARR.—March 5, ANNIE CARR (nee Gibson), widow of Bernard Carr. Relatives and friends invited to funeral, Sat., 8:30 a. m., 2538 Federal st. Solemn requiem mass St. Anthony's Church 10 a. m. Int. Holy Cross Cem.

CARR.—March 4, JOHN, son of late John and Bridget Carr (nee Cullen). Relatives and friends invited to funeral, Sat., 8:30 a. m., 2903 Edgemont st. Solemn requiem mass Church of the Nativity 10 a. m. Int. New Cathedral Cem. Auto service.

CASTOR.—March 3, at Corry, Pa., ELSIE M. CASTOR (nee Dean), wife of Dr. John H. Castor. Funeral services, Fri., 3 p. m., 4940 N. Front st. (near Northeast Boulevard). Phila. Int. private.

CHANCE.—At Pitman, N. J., March 5, CATHERINE, widow of William J. Chance, aged 76. Relatives and friends invited to funeral services, Sat., 2 p. m., apartments William H. Battersby, 3316 N. Broad st. Remains may be viewed Fri., 7 to 9 p. m., residence Albert E. Battersby, 229 Pitman ave., Pitman, N. J. Int. North Cedar Hill Cem.

CHANCE.—March 4, MARY E., widow of George P. Chance. Relatives and friends invited to funeral services, Sat., 2 p. m., parlors of L. S. Hagerman, 3809 Haverford ave. Int. Northwood Cem. Remains may be viewed Fri., 7 to 10 p. m.

COATES.—Suddenly, March 5, PHILIP, husband of Bridget Coates, 1302 Erie ave. Due notice of funeral will be given.

COLE.—March 3, HENRIETTA M., wife of Hugh R. Cole. Relatives and friends invited to funeral, Sat., 8:30 a. m., 2148 N. Park ave. Solemn high mass Our Lady of Mercy Church 10 a. m. Int. private. Holy Sepulchre Cem. Auto funeral.

COOPER.—March 5, ORVILLE C. COOPER, son of late William and Rebecca Cooper. Funeral services Sat., 2 p. m., 1918 W. Venango st. Int. private.

CORNELL.—March 4, HENRY G., son of late George and Henrietta Cornell and husband of Nora Aileen Cornell, aged 61. Relatives and friends invited to funeral, Sat., 8:30 a. m., 1340 Hunting Park ave. Solemn requiem mass St. Stephen's Church 10 a. m. Int. private. Omit flowers.

CREAN.—March 4, KATE, wife of Frederick Crean, aged 38. Relatives and friends invited to funeral services, Fri., 2 p. m., 2318 W. Huntingdon st. Int. Northwood Cem.

CROSS.—March 4, WILLIAM H., husband of Emilie Stewart Cross. Relatives and friends, Oriental Lodge, No. 285, F. and A. M.; Union Lodge, No. 14, K. of P., members of Select and Common Council and the 26th Ward Republican Club, invited to funeral services, Sat., 2 p. m., 4118 Pennsgrove st., West Phila. Int. Westminster Cem. Auto funeral.

CROUT. — At 4822 Germantown ave., March 5, Miss MARTHA CROUT, aged 85. Due notice of funeral will be given.

DALLAM.—March 4, ALEXINE LAW, wife of David E. Dallam. Funeral services at St. Peter's, Wayne and Harvey sts., Germantown, Fri., 10:30 a. m., Int. private.

DEVLIN.—March 4, ANNA B., daughter of Elias and late Francis Devlin (nee Brennan), of Mullagh Mills, County Tyrone, Ireland. Funeral, to which the relatives and friends, also St. Monica's B. V. M. Sodality are invited, Sat., 8:30 a. m., S. W. cor. 17th and Jackson sts. Solemn mass of requiem Church of St. Monica 10 a. m. Int. Holy Cross Cem. Auto service.

ELIERSON.—March 4, SAMUEL G., husband of Emily H. Elierson. Relatives and friends, Greble Post No. 10, G. A. R.; Puskawilian Tribe, No. 4, I. O. R. M.; survivors, Troop N, 2 Volunteers, invited to funeral services, Fri., 2:30 p. m., chapel, Harleigh Cem., Camden, N. J.

ELTONHEAD.—At Auburn, N. J., March 4, the Rev. W. K. ELTONHEAD, aged 79. Relatives and friends invited to funeral services, North Cedar Hill Chapel, Frankford, Fri., 2:30 p. m. Int. North Cedar Hill Cem.

EMERY.—March 5, near Crosswicks, N. J., SAMUEL I. EMERY, aged 37. Relatives and friends invited to funeral, near Crosswicks, Sat., 2 p. m. Int. Crosswicks, N. J. Autos will meet 11:26 train at Bordentown from Market st. ferry, Phila., also 11:23 train from Trenton.

ERASMUS.—March 3, BROTHER ERASMUS (John Rock), aged 39. Funeral Sat., St. Peter's Rectory, 1019 N. 5th st. Solemn requiem mass St. Peter's Church 10 a. m. Int. Mt. Holy Redeemer Cem.

ESSIG. — March 5, KATHRYN E. ESSIG, daughter of Anna Barbara and late August Essig, aged 22. Relatives and friends invited to funeral services, Sun., 2 p. m., residence of mother, 432 Butler st. Int. Northwood Cem.

FAUL.—March 5, AUGUSTINE J., husband of Margaret M. Faul (nee Frayne) and son of late Augustine and Anna Faul. Relatives and friends, San Domingo Council, K. of C., Wm. H. Horstmann's Relief Assn. and Phila. Elec. Ben. Assn., invited to funeral, Sat., 7:30 a. m., residence of father-in-law, 1714 Wallace st. Solemn requiem mass Church of the Gesu 9 a. m. Int. Holy Cross Cem. Auto service.

FLYNN.—March 5, JOSEPH F. FLYNN. Relatives and friends, Manitonama Tribe, No. 45, I. O. R. M.; all other societies of which he was a member, invited to funeral, Sat., 8:30 a. m., residence of brother, John J. Flynn, 1024 Master st. Solemn requiem mass St. Malachy's Church 10 a. m. Int. Holy Sepulchre Cem. Auto funeral.

DEATHS

FOWLER. — March 3, at the National Soldiers' Home, Tenn., GEORGE W. FOWLER, formerly of Germantown, aged 77. Due notice of the funeral will be given.

FRANKLIN.—March 3, ROSA FRANKLIN, aged 68 years. Funeral services chapel Stephen Merritt Burial and C