

THE WEATHER
Generally fair today and Thursday, except snow west of divide. Temperature unchanged.

THE GREAT FALLS TRIBUNE

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MONTANA'S BEST NEWS GATHERER

GREAT FALLS, MONTANA, WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 26, 1921.

PRICE FIVE CENTS

THIRTY-SECOND YEAR

343,466 JOBS, U. S. LABOR SURVEY REVEALS

Palmer Charges Untermyer With Acting 'in German Interest'

UPPER ADVISER TO BERNSTORFF, ALBERT, CHARGE

Exact Status, Despite Denials, Shown by Report of Boy-Ed.

Refers to Enemy-Owned Concerns as "Properties of Unfortunates"

Washington, Jan. 25.—Attorney General Palmer Tuesday charged Samuel Untermyer, New York attorney, with acting "in the German interest" and "with simply serving his old clients" in his criticisms of Mr. Palmer's conduct of the offices of alien property custodian and attorney general.

The attorney general presented his charges in a statement with annotations from a report taken from Captain Boy-Ed, former naval attaché of the German embassy here, on his capture by the British in Palestine, and from the diary of H. F. Albert, former chief privy councillor of the German embassy. The report of Captain Boy-Ed, as made public by Mr. Palmer, referred to Mr. Untermyer as "the unpaid judicial and legal political adviser of the German embassy," while Dr. Albert is quoted as describing a meeting brought about "for business reasons" at Mr. Untermyer's estate at Greystone, along the Hudson river.

Mr. Palmer said that Mr. Untermyer "desires to undo a significant part of the war's achievements."

Continuing, Mr. Palmer said: "He was vigorously opposed to the government's policy in regard to enemy-owned property. He refers to enemy-owned concerns as 'properties of these unfortunate people' whose sad plight he always sought to alleviate."

"His exact attitude toward the evacuations and denials with respect to these unfortunate people—the Germans—is best shown by an official report by Captain Boy-Ed—addressed to the chief of the German admiralty staff—in explaining a statement to the American people, which he issued on being expelled from this country, Boy-Ed said:

"Every statement was drawn up in its original form by Counsel Samuel Untermyer. He was the unpaid judicial and legal political adviser to the imperial embassy. It is one of the most important of his duties as counsel of the United States, the presumptive successor of Mr. Gerard if he should leave his ambassadorial post, a former very influential and ambitious Democrat of New York state, a personal friend of Warburg, federal reserve bank, of the secretary of justice, the chief state counsel of New York."

Privy Councillor's Diary.
"His true status is again shown in the diary of Chief Privy Councillor Albert, representing the Zentral Einkauf Gesellschaft in this country.

"In other respects this Easter festival passed off somewhat anxious, since I was summoned to Plainfield, to Hagedorn's and in the evening to Untermyer at his estate at Greystone. Untermyer is personally a by no means unpleasant individual; shrewd, very familiar with political affairs, and in a business sense well up to date. Conversation was exchanged on the prevention of the export of ammunition and other political questions. Viereck was also present."

"It appears that although Hagedorn, Kuntze and Lindheim were the publicly admitted attorneys of the German embassy, Untermyer was, in the opinion of the embassy at least, its controlling and chief counsel."

Relative Is Convicted.
"When we realize that my office has recently prosecuted to conviction and sentence both Kaufman and Lindheim for violations of the law growing out of their activities, as counsel for German interests, and that Mr. Lindheim is Mr. Untermyer's relative, according to his own sworn statement, it is plain that conscienceless resentment now moves him."

"He also fails to tell the public that his partner, Louis Marshall, has been and is the counsel for the Stoen in the Botany worsted cases, and Richard Wagner in the Stines steamship cases, both involving over \$30,000,000 and both claimed by the alien property custodian to be attempted fraudulent evasions of the 'trading-with-the-enemy' act."

"Mr. Untermyer is simply serving his old clients by attempting to discredit the war-time work of capturing enemy property in the United States."

Schooner Olga, 51 Days Lost, Battles Waves to Cordova

Cordova, Alaska, Jan. 25.—The power schooner Olga, 51 days out of Unalakona on a voyage to Seattle, and which had been given up as lost, arrived in Cordova Monday after a long battle with almost continuous gales in the North Pacific. Provisions gave out, according to members of the crew, and for many days they were forced to subsist on dried fish. Pumps were kept working night and day to keep water out of the engine room.

BIG COUNTIES BALK AS APPORTIONMENT BILL PERILS POWER

Substitute for Dillavou Measure Would Fix House Membership for Next Ten Years at 100, Eight Less Than Now.

By W. W. MOSES, Staff Correspondent.
Helena, Jan. 25.—Opposition upon the part of members from some of the larger counties of the state representing the main centers of population to any apportionment which would result in the balance of power being transferred from the more thickly populated sections to the lesser populated counties by reason of their large and increasing number, has brought about another change in the plans of the house committee on apportionment and representation which will leave the membership of the house during the ensuing 10 years very little reduced from that of present assembly.

HARRISON FLAYS TARIFF MEASURE

He Launches Filibuster Against Bill in U. S. Senate.

Washington, Jan. 25.—The Fordney emergency tariff bill was brought into the senate for consideration Tuesday, but immediately ran into a filibuster. Merits of the bill and reasons for its early enactment had scarcely been outlined by Senator McCumber, Republican, North Dakota, before Senator Harrison, Democrat, Mississippi, launched an attack which continued until adjournment.

Senator McCumber appealed for action, on the ground that the bill would affect more than 30,000,000 people.

"You want to make the farm attractive," he said, "you know how well as I do. It is to make farming worth while. It is the glow of the dough that is attractive and that's why this measure should be passed quickly."

Senator Harrison charged that the North Dakota senator wanted "to save a few people by making the rest of the country pay the bill." Such a tariff as asked on wheat, he said, could do nothing but increase the price of bread.

CANNED SPINACH KILLS
Grand Rapids, Mich., Jan. 25.—Two persons are dead in a hospital here, three others are dying and several more in a critical condition as a result, hospital authorities believe, of eating preserved spinach last Saturday.

LENINE JARS ARMENIA HOPE

World Revolution Paramount to Territorial Dream, He Says.

Constantinople, Jan. 24.—In a wireless message to Foreign Minister Brikian of Armenia, part of which was picked up here, Nikolai Lenine, Russian soviet premier, is quoted by Armenian sources as saying:

"For the present Armenian territorial aspirations must be sacrificed to the interest of world revolution."

The allies have seized the Turkish customs, taking away the last source of government revenue. The nationalists are said to be taking advantage of the situation and sending money to Constantinople in an effort to win over the officials. The nationalists headquarters in Angora is reported to be paying the cabinet members' salaries.

Applauding Pretty Defendant's Success Costs Audience \$5

Sheridan, Wyo., Jan. 25.—Four men, constituting the entire audience in the court room, lined up before Judge Burgess in district court here last night and received sentences to pay fines of \$5 each or to spend five days in jail for contempt of court.

The audience had applauded the report of a jury which had returned a verdict finding Mrs. Mildred French not guilty of issuing fraudulent checks. Mrs. French is a widow and is young and pretty.

DEPARTMENT STORE BURNS IN NEW HAVEN
New Haven, Conn., Jan. 25.—Fire which destroyed the building of Mendel & Freedman, a department store, and spread to several adjoining structures early Tuesday did damage estimated at \$1,000,000. The fire was controlled after three hours' hard work by firemen in zero temperature.

Sinn Fein Implacable Enemy; Many American Sons Drowned by Their Hand, Charges Sims

Boston, Jan. 25.—Rear Admiral W. S. Sims at a mass meeting arranged by the Loyal Coalition, Tuesday night, said that to him it was inconceivable that American citizens of Irish nationality could support the Sinn Fein "knowing what they do about them."

"How any American of Irish descent can support a party that was our implacable enemy during our war passes my understanding," he said.

Sinn Fein activities, he asserted, necessitated the diversion of vessels from the convoy of troops and of merchant ships.

"And you people here in America," he continued, "have a great many of your sons at the bottom of the sea today because we were obliged to divert those vessels and could not give adequate protection."

"We were fighting against the Germans and the central powers, but they were fighting in the open. They fought with the submarine under the water, but that is the way to use the submarine. The Sinn Fein were fighting us just as bitterly and behind our backs."

Admiral Sims expressed the opinion that the promotion of the spirit of the allies in fighting side by side in the war depended chiefly on Great Britain and this country taking the initiative. A permanent understanding between them, he said, "will inevitably result in peace and good will throughout the world."

The committee, on Tuesday, reported in a substitute for H. B. 8, so drawn that the next house of representatives will contain 100 members instead of 79 as provided in the original Dillavou bill, and instead of 80 recommended by the committee in its amendment of the bill.

The substitute bill places the representation at one member for each 6,000 population or major fraction thereof, and leaves 33 of the smaller and newer counties with one representative each and those with two or more representatives, as follows:

Blaine 2, Carbon 3, Cascade 6, Chouteau 2, Custer 2, Dawson 2, Deer Lodge 3, Fergus 4, Flathead 4, Gallatin 3, Hill 2, Lewis and Clark 3, Missoula 4, Park 2, Phillips 2, Ravalli 2, Roosevelt 2, Sheridan 2, Silver Bow 10, Valley 2, Yellowstone 5.

By this re-apportionment northern Montana counties would gain one representative, Cascade county's delegation would remain as at present while one member each would be added to Hill, Blaine, Phillips, Roosevelt and Teton counties, and one member each would be lost to Custer, Dawson, Deer Lodge, Fergus, Gallatin, Hill, Missoula, Park, Phillips, Ravalli, Roosevelt, Sheridan, Silver Bow, Valley and Yellowstone.

No gains would be experienced by any other part of the state while the losses to other counties would be as follows: Silver Bow two, Lewis and Clark two, Custer, Missoula, Madison, Rosebud and Dawson, one each.

FRANCE INSISTS GERMAN INDEMNITY BE FIXED BY REPARATION COMMISSION

Belgians Oppose Move to Have Premiers Fix Method of Payment and Amount; Desire Boulogne Agreement.

Paris, Jan. 25.—France will insist that the German indemnity be fixed by the reparations commission as provided in the treaty instead of by the conference of the allied premiers, it was asserted on good authority Tuesday. This decision, it is forecast, will be opposed vigorously by the Belgians. The attitude of the British delegation is not known.

The decision of France applies only to the reparations commission fixing the total amount. The method of payment and the amount, France holds, may be settled by the premiers. The Belgians are opposing that solution as they desire that the Boulogne agreement be carried out, which provides a tentative amount of 5,000,000,000 pounds sterling and grants Belgium priority on the first payment.

Ponder Greek-Turk Question
The allied supreme council disposed of, for the moment, the Greek and Turkish questions and made progress toward an agreement on measures to be taken for German disarmament. The question will be finally settled probably Wednesday afternoon, the morning session being devoted to reparations.

The conference is about a day behind its schedule. Some problems may go over until the proposed allied conference at London, which the supreme council Tuesday decided to call at an early date to settle affairs in the near East, to be attended by Representatives of Greece and Turkey.

Revision of Sevres Treaty
Great significance is attached to the decision to invite the Greeks and Turks to meet the allies as indicating that the revision of the Sevres treaty even if all of them do not favor modifications.

Although not specifically stated that the adherents of Mustafa Kemal, Turkish nationalist leader, will be asked to send representatives, it is assumed such will be the case, as the conflict now is between the Kemalists and Greeks. Whether the Armenians will be invited does not appear. It is pointed out, however, that such a course would involve complications with the bolsheviks.

Franklin Concealed I. M. M. Co.-British Pact, Says Denman

Copies of Agreements Put in Congressional Record by Jones.

Chicago, Jan. 25.—William Denman, former chairman of the shipping board, Tuesday night gave out a telegram which he said he was sending P. A. S. Franklin of New York, president of the International Mercantile Marine company, in connection with charges made by Senator Jones last week that the Mercantile Marine company had entered into an agreement with the British government in 1913 to pursue no policy injurious to the British mercantile marine or to British trade.

The telegram, Mr. Denman said, was in reply to one from Mr. Franklin asking Mr. Denman to deny certain reports concerning the alleged agreement which Mr. Franklin said had been published.

Corroborates Report.
Mr. Denman's reply said that while he had not seen the press reports, they were correct if they said his confidence and friendship had been obtained by Mr. Franklin during the war while this alleged agreement was concealed from Mr. Denman and from the national council of defense. Mr. Denman said if the reports stated that he believed Mr. Franklin had concealed knowledge of this alleged agreement from General Goethals and Mr. Hurley they were correct also.

Franklin Letter Published.
Washington, Jan. 25.—A letter from P. A. S. Franklin, president of the International Mercantile Marine company, dated November 21, stating that the British government and British interests had no control over the company, was sent Tuesday by Secretary Payne, former chairman of the shipping board, to Senator Jones of Washington. Senator Jones last week declared the company had an agreement, made October 1, 1903, not to pursue any course injurious to British trade.

Agreement Unexplained.
Mr. Franklin's letter did not explain that agreement, but said one dated October 1, 1910, directing British subsidiaries to meet the British regulation requiring British directorates for British companies under foreign control was considered an advantageous one for the corporation.

Copies of the three agreements between the International Mercantile Marine company and the British government were placed in the Congressional Record later by Senator Jones.

California Mountains Shift Northward 7 Ft. Declares Professor

Berkeley, Calif., Jan. 25.—The mountains of the coast range in the vicinity of San Francisco are moving slowly northward, causing enormous earth strain and producing bounds in one of which Mount Tamalpais jumped back 6.6 feet, according to Professor A. C. Lawson, of the University of California, in a geological bulletin made public Tuesday.

Mount Hamilton, near San Jose, he said, moved northward at the rate of four feet a year from 1893 to 1903; but after a sudden shift in that year continued at the rate of 2.2 feet.

CENTENARIAN HONORED
Cross Plains, Wis., Jan. 25.—Mrs. Mary Rodenschmidt celebrated her one hundredth birthday Tuesday at a family reunion. She has 78 living descendants, eight children, 23 grandchildren and 47 great-grandchildren.

ILLEGAL PRACTICES TOWARD ALIENS TOLD TO SENATE PROBERS

Professor Chafee of Harvard Law School Charges 'Somebody' in Washington Distorted Immigration Rules Affecting Counsel.

Washington, Jan. 25.—Charges that "somebody" in Washington was responsible for a change in rules of the immigration bureau which he said denied counsel to aliens arrested during the so-called radical raids conducted by the department of justice in the winter of 1919, were made before the senate judiciary committee Tuesday by Professor Zachariah Chafee of the Harvard law school.

Mr. Chafee appeared as "friend of the court" in federal court proceedings at Boston, growing out of the raids in the New England district.

"I cannot think of any dirtier piece of business than that was," he declared, adding that "these ignorant men had been brought before immigration inspectors, without counsel, while department of justice agents appeared to present cases against them."

Professor Chafee was one of twelve lawyers who signed the report on "illegal practices of the department of justice" which was made public by the National Popular Government league several months ago, and which prompted the present phase of the committee's inquiry. He said the labor department had been reduced to a "rubber stamp" by the department of justice in the 1919 raids, and challenged the legality of this under the espionage act.

The rule to which he referred, Professor Chafee said, was changed by Solicitor Abernethy, then acting secretary of the labor department.

TWO BANKERS GIVEN 30 YEARS IN PRISON

Coffeyville, Kan., Jan. 25.—Allen S. Newman and his brother, Rufus P. Newman, president and vice president, respectively, of the defunct People's State bank here, Tuesday entered pleas of guilty to embezzlement and forgery and each was sentenced to serve 30 years at hard labor in the state penitentiary. The Newmans' speculations are said to total about \$60,000.

Alien Inspection Overseas Meets Instant Approval

Caminetti Describes a Trip to Europe Before Senators.

Washington, Jan. 25.—Secretary Wilson's suggestion that the admission of immigrants be considered at the source to avoid the "tragedy" of aliens breaking up their homes and coming to America only to be excluded, was met with the instant approval of European governments and American diplomatic and consular offices, Anthony Caminetti, commissioner general of immigration, Tuesday told the senate immigration committee.

Mr. Caminetti described his trip through Europe to obtain information of the immigration problem and told of the extensive preparations being made by steamship lines, foreign governments and various organizations for handling the expected flood of immigrants.

Mr. Caminetti said there was a general impression among the peoples of Europe that the American government through various organizations operating to assist immigrants on their way to this country, was doing all that it could to help them.

He declared this was not the intention of the organizers.

He pointed out that while American laws prohibited persons from associations engaged in transporting aliens to or within the United States from soliciting, inviting or encouraging any alien to come to the United States, there was nothing in the law to prohibit persons or associations not engaged in transporting aliens from inviting or encouraging them to come.

Inquiry Into Killing of Jackie by Jap at Vladivostok Ended

Vladivostok, Jan. 25.—The American naval court of inquiry and the Japanese military court concluded an inquiry here Tuesday into the shooting of Naval Lieut. Warren H. Langdon by a Japanese sentry here early this month. A decision is expected soon.

The U. S. S. New Orleans, which brought Admiral Gieves, commander in chief of the American Asiatic fleet, and the board of naval officers here, left for Shanghai, taking the body of Lieutenant Langdon.

A MAN SAID

"The financial article appearing in The Sunday Tribune by

STUART T. WEST

is worth the price of the whole monthly subscription." The Tribune admits that the man's statement is correct.

Subscribe Now!

HOSPITALS FOR VETS ASSURED

House G. O. P. Leaders Plan 5 Buildings at \$13,000,000.

Washington, Jan. 25.—House Republican leaders Tuesday approved a program which calls for an appropriation of \$13,000,000 for construction of five hospitals for war veterans suffering from mental and nervous disorders and tuberculosis.

After a conference Chairman Langley of the public buildings committee announced he would introduce a bill appropriating \$13,000,000 for such hospitals.

Members of the committee have agreed, he said, to report the measure favorably and assurance has been given that it will be taken up for passage by the house early next week at the latest.

The \$13,000,000 would be used to construct three hospitals for the treatment of mental cases and two for tubercular patients and to convert buildings in government reservation at Walla Walla and at Fort McKean, into hospitals.

Michigan Leads

Michigan led in proportional reduction with 32 per cent, and Ohio and Indiana followed with a reduction of 50 per cent each. Next came Illinois with 44 per cent; Connecticut with 43 per cent; Massachusetts with 38 per cent; Wisconsin 32 per cent; New York 23 per cent, and New Jersey 22 per cent.

The largest percentage of reduction in specific industries, 69 per cent, occurred in the automobile and accessory industries, and this was taken to account largely for the great reduction in employment in Michigan. This industry, the announcement stated, employed about one cent of the total workers in all industry a year ago.

Building Trades Second.
Second in the reduction of employees was the building trades, with approximately 52 per cent. Last January about 11 per cent of the total industrial workers was employed in this industry.

A reduction of 35.5 per cent was noted in the textile and related industries; 35 per cent in leather and its products and 32 per cent in lumber and house furniture. The reduction in meat and sea products, machinery, electrical goods and foundry products was 30.5 per cent; in packing and food products 19 per cent, and in clay, glass, cement and stone products 19 per cent.

Greatest Cut in N. Y.
Survey made in 182 cities, the employment service said, showed that numerically the greatest reduction was in New York, where 234,243 were reported discharged. Chicago had a reduction of 86,000, Philadelphia 70,000, Detroit 100,000, Boston 25,000, St. Louis 49,350, Kansas City 30,000, San Francisco 13,000 and Portland, Ore., 10,000.

The reduction in the New England industrial centers, including Boston, totaled 250,156; New Bedford led with 30,000 and Fall River was next with 25,000.

Reduction of the number employed in the cities in the middle Atlantic district—New York, Pennsylvania and New Jersey—totalled 377,743, this figure including New York City.

Denver 10,500.
The reduction in the cities in the north central district (Ohio, Illinois, Indiana, Michigan and Wisconsin) was placed at 564,398.

In the west north central district (Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri, Nebraska and Kansas) next to St. Louis and Kansas City came Minneapolis with 18,662 and Omaha with 16,145. St. Paul has 11,000 unemployed; Kansas City, Kansas, 8,900, and Des Moines 6,100. Topeka has only 900 unemployed.

Denver led the Rocky Mountain district cities with 10,500, and with the exception of Pueblo, with 8,000, was the only city to show a reduction as great as 4,000. The total for the district, embracing Montana, Idaho, Wyoming, Colorado, New Mexico, Arizona, Utah and Nevada, was 25,714.

San Francisco Leads Coast.
San Francisco was first of the Pacific coast cities and Portland was second, Seattle third (7,000, Los Angeles 7,000 and Sacramento 5,000.

None of the other cities had as many as 5,000 and the total for California, Washington and Oregon was 63,700. The total reduction in the southern states, including Kentucky was only about 100,000.

The unemployed in Washington, D. C., was placed at 8,618.

Senate Passes Bill for Rehabilitation of Base at Walla Walla

Salem, Ore., Jan. 25.—The house joint memorial to congress urging establishment of the government buildings at Walla Walla, formerly used for army purposes, for the rehabilitation of disabled soldiers, passed the senate Tuesday. The work would be maintained by the public health service and the federal board for vocational education.

International Labor Body Wants Peace With Sam Gompers

Amsterdam, Jan. 25.—Efforts to reconcile the American Federation of Labor and the International Federation of Labor were decided upon at a meeting of the directorate of the international body here. "It seems to us," said Edo Fimmen, United States delegate, "that the break between the body headed by Samuel Gompers and the international federation was largely due to a misunderstanding."

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Famous 'Mushers' Rush Doctor Over Glaciers to Sick

Anchorage, Alaska, Jan. 25.—Dr. J. B. Beeson, surgeon in the government hospital at Anchorage, Tuesday was hurrying to the end of the government railroad on the first leg of an 888 mile journey to Iditarod, where he was called by the serious illness of Claude E. Baker, a member of that city. At the end of steel Dr. Beeson will be met by Bill Cory and Harry Wanstad, famous "mushers," who will pilot him by dog sled to Iditarod. Relays of fast log teams have been arranged for along the route and crews of men have started to break trail from the other end.

Dr. Beeson estimated that the trip would require fourteen days.

505 REDS 'DEPART'
Washington, Jan. 25.—Five hundred and five aliens classed as anarchists were deported from the United States from February, 1919, to January 1, 1921, the department of labor announced today.

O'Callaghan Appeals for Money, Not Food

New York, Jan. 25.—Donald O'Callaghan, lord mayor of Cork, Tuesday appealed for aid to his countrymen in a speech before the senate committee on the part of the American committee for relief in Ireland.

He asked that money rather than food or supplies be sent to Ireland and considered reconstructing public buildings in Ireland.

Nebraska Blizzard Levels Phone Wires

Omaha, Jan. 25.—Telephone and telegraph facilities were crippled in Nebraska Tuesday by snow and sleet. It was estimated that two thousand telephone poles had been leveled by the weight of sleet on the wires. Snow was falling in eastern Nebraska following a heavy fall in the western part during the last 24 hours.

The storm apparently was working its way eastward, it was said at the weather bureau.

EASTERN CITIES SUFFER MOST; MICHIGAN AT OP

Army of Unemployed Believed by Some to Be Much Greater.

Mechanical Industry Pursuits Only Surveyed; West Is Better Off.

Washington, Jan. 25.—The number of persons employed in industry first of the first nationwide survey, 473,466 less than a year ago, the department of labor's employment service announced Tuesday night, on the basis of the first nationwide survey.

Director J. E. Denmore said this figure did not necessarily represent the number of persons actually unemployed, as it was "quite possible" some had found employment in agricultural or other pursuits not verified by the survey.

Even Larger, Belief.
On the other hand some officials believed that the army of unemployed possibly was larger, as no effort was made to ascertain the reduction of persons employed in pursuits other than those classed under "mechanical industry."

The figures represented a reduction of 39.9 per cent in the workers employed in industry as compared with last January and it was announced that they were based "in the consensus of figures from neutral bodies, state labor departments, state commissioners of manufacturers, state and municipal employment services, workmen's compensation bureaus, employes' and employees' organizations and all other sources competent to furnish authoritative information."

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GRAIN ELEVATOR BURNS
Milwaukee, Jan. 25.—Fire Tuesday night destroyed the grain elevator A of the Dugohue-Stratton Milling Co., with a loss estimated at \$500,000. One hundred fifty thousand bushels of wheat were in the elevator.