

WORLD NEWS

UNTERMYER URGES PRISON TERMS TO CURB ILLEGAL COMBINATIONS

ASK CONGRESS TO CHANGE LAW TO PLEA HE MAKES

Declares Half Big Industries All Tarded With Same Stick.

Many Organizations Have Disbanded, Many Not, Tells Committee.

New York, May 25.—Congress will be asked to amend the federal laws so as to compel imposition of prison sentences on convicted members of building materials combinations.

"I have been unable to discover a single article that enters into building construction," Mr. Untermyer said, "that is not the subject of combination and have reason to believe that this is true of at least one half of all the vast industries in the United States outside of the building trades."

After Paat Exposed. The investigator's declaration was made after testimony by Herman Petrie, former president of the Atlantic Coast District of the Tile & Mantel Contractors' Association of America.

"A number of the combinations that have been exposed by the committee," Untermyer said, "representing all probabilities, 900 or more corporations and individuals, manufacturers, jobbers, contractors and dealers connected with the building trades, have disbanded their organizations and, in my judgment, in good faith resumed competition as the law requires."

Urges Close Watch. "Many others have pretended to do so, but are not acting in good faith, while still others, and among them some of the most powerful in the land, covering the entire country and that are amenable only to federal jurisdiction are different conservative and legal operations under various pretexts, most of which are frivolous."

Mr. Untermyer said that until the committee is in a position to present a comprehensive bill of laws, legislation in the form of drastic federal and state supervision and control of trade associations, the public authorities must be urged to keep their watch on the effects of these investigations and ascertain whether the promises of dissolution have been kept.

Wants Frequent Reports. "It is no longer a question," he added, "of which industries are controlled through combinations or associations but which are not controlled and where they are to be found."

Mr. Untermyer's suggestion at this stage, is therefore, that I be commissioned in the name of the committee to address communications to the attorney general of the United States, the federal trade commission and the attorney general of the state, with accompanying list of three classes of combinations described, that are believed to be operating contrary to law, urging that they be investigated and that they be reported from time to time upon the activities of the members of those of them that are claimed to have pretended to do so, and those that are still openly operating."

Brands It As Cancer. "The worst breeding nest for the local combinations that are operating in violation of law, is the Building Trades Employers' association, to whose operation counsel proposes to give close study with a view to determining whether there are sufficient grounds for criminal prosecutions against the responsible officials of that association."

What a pity that this cancer upon the building trade cannot be treated like an ordinary gambling den, or liquor still, and be raided and broken up by the police."

"May I, at this point, be permitted a personal word by way of a note of warning. I am no alarmist and have unbounded confidence in the soundness of our institutions, but my great fear is that the country either does not sufficiently realize or has become callous to the perils that lurk in the social unrest that is being accentuated by the greed and piracy of these combinations that infest the land from end to end."

Beyond Law, He says. "They are all-powerful. It is still possible to reach the little fellows by the biggest and most dangerous of them apparently are already above and beyond the law as it now stands. That the law is being evaded, is demonstrated by the fact that they have thrived and multiplied year by year in defiance of it. Our ability to protect the people against their ever-increasing intolerable exploitations is going to tax our resourcefulness to the limit. It will be the supreme test of government and I believe that we shall in the end prove to meet the

(Continued on Page Two.)

Leaky Court House Roof Gets Verdict for Suing Tenant

New York, May 25.—A leaky courthouse roof served Wednesday to win a case for a tenant.

When raindrops began trickling down the neck of Justice Soutland, of the Bronx court, a clerk commanded an umbrella, which the judge held over his head as he listened to landlord-tenant litigation.

"That's one of the annoyances my client suffers," said the tenant's lawyer.

"Verdict for the tenant," said the judge.

PRICE DECLINES HIT S. A. TRADE

Southern Nations Suffer From Export Decreases.

Washington, May 25.—South America has suffered severely during the past year from the decline in prices and decreased demand for raw materials, the federal reserve board declared Wednesday in a review of economic conditions on that continent.

Each of the leading South American countries, the board explained, is dependent to a large extent on the export of a few commodities and it is highly important for these countries to have a favorable balance of merchandise trade.

Reductions Reviewed. Price reductions in the United States for the commodities constituting the bulk of the exports of Argentina, Brazil and Chile were reviewed by the board.

The reaction on Argentina, the board said, was felt particularly in wheat, and for Brazil and Chile, a similar trend of prices was seen by the board.

The purchasing power of European countries, the board explained, was low and in many cases goods which had formerly gone to those markets were sent to the United States where a demoralization of markets occurred.

Dependent on Exports. South American countries were described by the board as being dependent on imports of foreign capital for the expansion of domestic industry.

When the war broke out, the board said, the inflow of foreign capital ceased. After the first shock of war, however, demand for the leading products became unprecedentedly large and prices were high. It was possible, therefore, the board said, for South American countries to have large favorable trade balances and to build up more diversified industries and more modern systems of taxation.

These developments, however, the board concluded, have suffered a severe setback during the past year.

TO WAGE FIGHT ON SCHEDULE K

Wool Growers Opposed to Re-enactment of Old Tariff.

Salt Lake City, May 25.—The fight of the National Wool Growers association against the re-enactment of the old schedule K of the Payne-Aldrich tariff law made this spring before the house ways and means committee will be continued until the new permanent tariff legislation is enacted, according to a statement by F. R. Marshall, secretary of the association.

Mr. Marshall made the statement in commenting upon the action of Senators Gooding, of Idaho, and Stanfield of Oregon, in appearing before the house committee Tuesday to ask that the permanent wool tariff be made on the basis of the Payne-Aldrich law.

Under the old law, Mr. Marshall said, the duty was 11 cents a pound on wool in the grease, from which basis, allowing for a 62 2-3 per cent shrinkage, a duty of 33 cents a pound was imposed on scoured wool.

As a matter of fact, the tariff commission reported that the average shrinkage of South American and Australian wool, the principal country from which wool imports come, was but 48 per cent, while many south American wools shrunk only 20 per cent.

CHINA GOVERNMENT INVITES VISIT BY WOOD AND FORBES

Washington, May 25.—Major General Leonard Wood and W. Cameron Forbes have been invited by the government of China to visit that country when they have concluded their present mission work in the Philippines, it was learned at the war department today. They will accept the invitation, it was said, and will spend some time in China before returning to the United States.

PACKERS' ROLE OF STOCKYARDS IS GIVEN BOOST

Trustees Visit St. Paul Plant and Hear Testimony of Traders.

Control Not Used to Secure Undue Advantage, Agents Are Told.

St. Paul, May 25.—George Sutherland, former United States senator from Utah, and Colonel Henry W. Anderson, of Richmond, Va., trustees appointed by the district of Columbia supreme court of the Swift and Armour stock yards properties, spent Wednesday inspecting the South St. Paul stockyards and heard a number of witnesses in regard to their operation.

The trustees are accompanied by Herman Peterson of the Minnesota Railroad and warehouse commission, complained of feed charges, but did not favor a flat charge for yards service. Mr. Halverson and N. P. Rogers, president of the South St. Paul Livestock exchange, thought it would be a good thing for livestock producers to be financially interested in the stockyards company, but doubted whether they could be at this time.

Myron McMillan, of the J. T. McMillan Packing Co., St. Paul, speaking as an independent packer, and C. W. Clark and W. L. Green, of the Drovers State bank, South St. Paul, preferred to have the yards controlled as at present, and K. D. Dunlop, a director of the South St. Paul stockyards company, and local representatives of a group of English stockholders, were sure his clients would prefer to have the yards under present control.

Witnesses were questioned as to whether packer control of the stockyards was detrimental to the public good and the general opinion was that the packers did not use their control of the yards to gain an undue advantage over traders or livestock shippers.

H. J. Halverson, manager of the Litchfield shipping association, and Selby Peterson of the Minnesota Railroad and warehouse commission, complained of feed charges, but did not favor a flat charge for yards service. Mr. Halverson and N. P. Rogers, president of the South St. Paul Livestock exchange, thought it would be a good thing for livestock producers to be financially interested in the stockyards company, but doubted whether they could be at this time.

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BOY 'WIZARD' NOW LUNATIC

Butler R. Storke, Financier, is Sent to An Asylum.

Chicago, May 25.—Butler R. Storke, at one time known as the "boy wizard" of LaSalle street, through his stock market operations, was taken to an asylum at Kankakee, Ill., last Friday, it became known here Wednesday. He had given signs of a breakdown, it was said, and treatment at the asylum was decided upon in the hopes of restoring him to health.

Storke first gained attention when, with the proceeds of bonds belonging to a company by which he was employed, he purchased a hotel in Indiana. He expected to make a fortune with a large profit, it was said, but the deal fell through, and the bonding house relative to his arrest, his father and near relatives, who lost the loss suffered by his employers and no action was taken against him.

Since then Storke is credited with having made and lost a number of fortunes in various parts of the country. While in Kansas City he married and went to Denver. His wife died there and he returned to Chicago. Later, while in Detroit, Mich., he is said to have married a second time.

Jail Woman Juror, Fine Her \$50 for Contempt of Court

Cleveland, Ohio, May 25.—Mrs. Ellen Griffith, tentatively seated as a juror in the retrial of former Judge William H. McGannon was banished from the jury, fined \$50 and costs and sentenced to ten days in jail by Common Pleas Judge Florence McGannon today on a charge of contempt of court.

Mrs. Griffith was accused by Miss Catherine Chambers, a billiard, of saying it would be worth \$500 to an organization of which Mrs. Griffith is a member if McGannon was found guilty.

While being examined as a tentative juror, Mrs. Griffith swore that she had not talked with any one concerning the case.

When court adjourned late Wednesday three women and six men were tentatively seated as jurors to try McGannon. He is charged with giving perjured testimony during his two trials for the killing of Harold C. Kagg, of which he was acquitted.

Ex-Kaiser in Dutch for Trying to Sell Strip of His Estate

Doorn, Holland, May 25.—(By The Associated Press.)—The former German emperor has made himself extremely unpopular in the eyes of the people of Doorn by an attempt to sell as building ground a strip of woods belonging to his estate, but once an owner and therefore useless to him.

The Dutch government on learning his intention to sell the woodland in small allotments in order to add his income, prohibited the selling of trees in the place, and the Doorn municipality this afternoon bought at auction the woodland in question.

STILLMAN CASE TO BE RESUMED

Wife Refuses Conditions Imposed, it is Reported.

New York, May 25.—Hearings in the divorce suit brought by James A. Stillman, millionaire banker, against Mrs. Anna I. Stillman, will be resumed next Wednesday before referee Daniel G. Gleason, of Poughkeepsie.

This announcement, made by one of Mrs. Stillman's attorneys Wednesday was taken as an indication that the settlement negotiations said to have been inaugurated by counsel for the banker had come to a halt. Refusal of Mrs. Stillman to comply with the husband's demand that she live abroad for five years after the suit has been formally withdrawn was reported to be the reason for this action. Another condition, alleged to have been imposed by Mr. Stillman's attorneys, was that she give her consent for the children to choose between their parents. This, it is said, she has declined to do.

Mr. Stillman's offer is reported to have included the withdrawal of his suit, legal recognition of the legitimacy of the infant Guy Stillman, whose paternity has been questioned in the proceedings, and the granting of an allowance of between \$50,000 and \$90,000 a year to Mrs. Stillman.

Two Troopers Killed, Civilian is Wounded Fighting Strikers

Williamsport, Va., May 25.—State police headquarters here have received reports that a West Virginia state trooper and a Kentucky national guardsman were killed in a battle zone near Norton, West Virginia, today.

When word of the shooting was received, state police officials ordered the Norfolk & Western railroad company to prepare a special train for an immediate run to the battle zone.

Nolan is located on the West Virginia-Kentucky border, on the Tug river, opposite the line which divides Pike and Martin counties, Kentucky.

Anti-Bolsheviks Fly Old Russ Flag Two Miles of Vladvostok

Tokio, May 25.—(By The Associated Press.)—Advice from Siberia is to the effect that the forces formerly commanded by the late General Kappell, the anti-bolshevik leader, captured Nikolai Trotskiy from Vladvostok, Russian flag, Spaskoe, on the railway about 75 miles north of Nikolai, is being occupied by Russian anti-bolshevik troops. In Tokio, the newspapers assert that the fall of Vladvostok will occur shortly.

MRS. SOUTHARD'S FIFTH HUSBAND WANTS TO MARRY HER OVER AGAIN; SAYS PREVIOUS WEDDING ILLEGAL

Honolulu, T. H., May 25.—Amplifying a statement made earlier in which he said he knew his marriage to Lydia Trueblood Southard was illegal, Paul Vincent Southard expressed his willingness to re-marry her before she is taken from jail here to start to Idaho to answer charges of murder in connection with the death of her fourth husband, Edward F. Meyer.

Southard previously had said he married Mrs. Southard in Los Angeles last November, about a month after he had been divorced. California laws prohibit re-marriage until a final decree of divorce has been signed a year after the granting of an interlocutory decree. Southard indicated he did not know whether his re-marriage was illegal under California law, McGannon. He is charged with giving perjured testimony during his two trials for the killing of Harold C. Kagg, of which he was acquitted.

HAYS PLEDGES EVEN JUSTICE TO U. S. PRESS

Has Applications For Reinstatement From Papers Once Barred.

Law Will Be Enforced, Declares Postmaster General, Same to All.

Washington, May 25.—Laws safeguarding the integrity of the freedom of the press "must and shall be scrupulously observed," Postmaster General Will H. Hays declared Wednesday in announcing the granting of an application of the Liberator, a monthly magazine of New York for second class mailing privileges. The application has been pending since February 11, 1918, the date of its founding, and the postmaster general said the records of the department showed every issue since then with offered monthly for mailing, had been accepted at the third class rate of postage. The Liberator will be refunded \$11,277, the difference which it paid over the second class rate. The application was filed by the Liberator, a monthly magazine of New York for second class mailing privileges. 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