

THE DAILY CLARION

BY HAMILTON, POWER & CO.

J. J. SHANNON, B. F. JONES, J. S. HAMILTON, J. L. POWER, EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

Official Journal of the City and State.

Official Journal for the Publication of the Laws of the United States.

JACKSON, MISS.

Friday, December 21, 1866

Interesting reading matter on every page.

CONTRACTS FOR FREEDMEN.—A variety of carefully prepared and neatly printed forms can be had at this office. One dollar per quire; by mail \$1 25. Send in your orders, and they will be promptly filled.

ATTENTION PLANTERS!—The planters of Hinds and adjoining counties, who may be desirous of procuring means for the cultivation of another crop, and to consult upon matters generally touching the planting interest, are invited to meet at Jackson, in the Senate Chamber, on Monday, the 24th inst., at 11 o'clock. This call, we will state, is made at the instance of planters exclusively, and we trust will be very generally attended. An exchange of views and a comparison of notes, at this time, cannot but be productive of good.

NOT DEAD.—We are gratified to learn, by telegram from Enterprise, of the incorrectness of the report that Col. Robt. C. Miller was dead. On the contrary his health is improving, and we hope he will be able to resume in January his duties as Clerk of the House of Representatives—a position he has so long and so acceptably filled.

An act reducing the official bonds of certain county officers, will be found in our columns to-day—which is the only act of this nature passed at the late session of the Legislature.

The Hon. Wm. H. Kilpatrick, so favorably known as the able Judge of the Circuit Court for the 9th Judicial District, descended from the bench that he has so long and worthily filled, on the 11th inst.

In Boston recently a negro tied his white radical antagonist for councilman. Bully for Sambo! We are sorry he did not win.

The Louisville Courier admonishes the radicals not to magnify the power of the Federal Government. There is no telling into whose hands it will fall before many years. They have fine sailing now; but all's not gold that glitters. The majority of the United States are against them to-day, and in the progress of events they may go under and be rebels. They will then look with horror at that power they are now building up, as they did a few years ago. Their opponents then will be sorely tempted to forget the doctrine of strict construction they insist on now.

RAILROAD SCHEDULE.

The frequent changes of schedules on our railroads, would not be so inconvenient to the public, if the officers of the roads would take the trouble to give notice through the press when a change takes place. Every day we hear people make inquiries about the arrival and departure of trains, and not unfrequently we are applied to for information. Of course, as editors, we are supposed to know everything; but we can't quite keep up with our railroads. If the superintendents of the different roads will be kind enough to notify us of changes in their time-tables, it will afford us pleasure to make the fact known, and without charge. After considerable inquiry, and some correspondence, we are enabled to give the following as the present schedules on the New Orleans, Southern and Mobile roads:

Southern Railroad. The regular passenger train leaves Vicksburg every morning at 7 o'clock, reaching Jackson at 10:25, A. M., and arriving at Meridian at 6:05, P. M. Returning from Meridian, leaves Jackson at 8:30, P. M., and arrives at Vicksburg at 6:10 P. M.

The Accommodation train only runs for the present, between Jackson and Vicksburg—leaving the former place at 7:10, A. M., and arriving at the latter at 10:45, A. M. Returning from Vicksburg at 2:15, P. M., arrives in Jackson at 6:05, P. M.

The freight train arrives from Meridian daily at 12:15, P. M., and leaves for Vicksburg immediately after discharging freight. The train from Vicksburg arrives at 4:50, P. M. going to Meridian.

New Orleans Railroad. The regular daily passenger train leaves New Orleans at 7:30, P. M., arriving at Jackson at 6:55, A. M., and at Canton at 8:45, A. M., where it connects with Mississippi Central train. Returning from Canton, arrives at Jackson at 8:25, A. M., and reaches New Orleans at 6:30, P. M.

The tri-weekly accommodation train leaves New Orleans at 7:30, A. M., on Sundays, Tuesdays and Thursdays, reaching Jackson at 6:55, P. M., and at Canton at 8:30, P. M. Returning from Canton, arrives at Jackson at 9:15, P. M., reaching New Orleans at 8:40, A. M.

Mobile and Ohio Railroad. The accommodation train from Mobile arrives at Meridian daily at 2:15, A. M., and leaves at 5:05, P. M.; the up Mail arrives at 2:15, A. M., and leaves at 2:25, A. M. The down Mail arrives at 5:45, A. M., and leaves at 5:55, A. M.

DISTANCES.—The distance from New Orleans to Jackson is 182 1/2 miles; to Canton 240 miles. From Vicksburg to Jackson 45 miles; to Meridian 140 miles. From Mobile to Meridian 155 1/2 miles; to Columbus, Ky., the terminus of the road, 473 miles.

Put this out if you want to keep posted or forever after hold your peace.

Territorial Obstacles.

The uprooting by Congress of all constitutional landmarks, and usurping and exercising the powers of coordinate departments of government, does not appear to progress as rapidly as Washington dispatches led us to believe a few days since. The job is the most stupendous ever undertaken by Congress, and as the details are examined the difficulties in the way of its accomplishment loom up before the overriders of the rights of the people. "Territorial existence for the States of the South" is all very fine to talk about and parade through the columns of abolition newspapers, but when the consequences of such legislation is carefully examined, we opine many of the moderate revolutionists will pause in their mad career. Congress of course must act upon the presumption that we are conquered provinces, and in consequence of rebelling against the Government, are deprived of all political rights. When it is remembered every message, proclamation and State paper, issued from the President's office since the date of secession, has declared the war to be an insurrection, a revolution against the laws of the United States, and when it is borne in mind that the acts of the very Congress now clamoring for territorial governments at the same time that we were never out of the Union—that all our laws were null, unconstitutional and void, the reader will discover why the territorial bill has not been rushed through. When Congress last spring passed an act to fix the number of Judges of the Supreme Court of the United States and to change certain judicial circuits, we were clearly recognized as States, for Congress cannot hold these courts in territories.

The second section of this act provides that the districts of Maryland, West Virginia, Virginia, North Carolina and South Carolina shall constitute the fourth circuit; that the districts of Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana and Texas shall constitute the fifth circuit; that the districts of Ohio, Michigan, Kentucky and Tennessee shall constitute the sixth circuit; and that the districts of Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri, Kansas and Arkansas shall constitute the eighth circuit.

So here we have another impediment to the scheme of Stevens and Julian, and an equally formidable one will be found in the Civil Rights bill, to say nothing of the Supreme Court, which would be called upon to decide the constitutionality of the laws, and from whose decisions Congress has no appeal. Indeed, when Congress considers the results that must necessarily flow from recognizing the South as conquered provinces, and admitting that our little Confederacy was a de facto government, the radicals will very probably abandon the enterprise. Already we see that the Confederate bonds in Europe have advanced to 6 1/2.

Sensible men know that the North must pay our war debt if we do not belong to the sisterhood, and that when we are taken back the "conquering" power assumes our indebtedness, which in Virginia alone foots up nearly forty-four millions of dollars. These, and hundreds of other points, will undoubtedly force Congress to do its "thinking cap" and count the cost and consequences of the territorial experiment. If, however, that body is determined to override all law and precedent, we would be glad to have them expedite matters. If we are to be slaves, our States cyphers, and that instrument, which has always been regarded as a bulwark of safety, is to be entirely ignored, let us know it immediately. We are prepared for any fate—even an unflinching application of territorial policy. Let us get to the end of our troubles at once. Our rejection of pending amendments was unanimous, and now we want the "pains and penalties" if come they must, of failing to obey a tyrannical mandate.

A Note of Inquiry.

CANTON, Dec. 18, 1866. EDITORS CLARION: I have received from Auburn, New York, a note of which the following is a copy:

"After the battle of Weldon, August 18, 1864, a Bible was found near the body of a Confederate soldier, on the fly-leaf of which was written as follows:

"If I should fall in battle, I wish some friend would get this book and send it to my sister, Mrs. Miller. May God bless the one that will do so, is my prayer for Christ's sake. B. F. FONTR, Co. B, 11th Miss."

This book is now in possession of Henry Loomis, Auburn, New York, and will be gladly forwarded to Mrs. Miller upon receipt of address."

As I do not know the "local" of the 11th Miss., I have taken the liberty to send the above to you, thinking that the lady would be glad to receive the bible referred to. If Mrs. Miller's address can be obtained, by sending to the address above, or to me, the bible will be sent to her at once.

Yours very truly, H. HALL.

BY TELEGRAPH.

REPORTED EXPRESSLY FOR THE CLARION.

NOON REPORTS.

FOREIGN MATTERS.

CONGRESSIONAL.

Serious Calamity in Memphis.

MILITARY INTERFERENCE.

THE MARKETS.

FROM WASHINGTON.

NEW YORK, Dec. 20.—Cotton is firm at 35 for Middling Uplands. Gold, 34.

PARIS, Dec. 20.—The Monitor, an editorial this morning, thinks there is no doubt that the relations between Italy and the Pope will be placed on a sound basis.

LISBON, Dec. 20.—The United States iron-clad Miantonah, accompanied by other vessels of the American fleet, arrived at the Straits of Gibraltar on the 14th.

PARIS, Dec. 20.—La Temps of this morning announces the unqualified belief that Napoleon has received official intelligence of the abdication of Maximilian.

LIVERPOOL, Dec. 20.—Cotton opened at 30 1/2 for Middling Uplands. Sales promise to reach 13,000 bales.

MEMPHIS, Dec. 20.—A terrible calamity occurred here this morning by the burning of a confectionary establishment on Madison street. Fourteen persons were suffocated in their rooms, or lost their lives in attempting to escape by leaping from windows.

The Halifax from Liverpool De. 8th, has the following authorized quotations: Orleans Fair, 16d; Middling, 14d; Mobile Fair, 15d; Middling, 13d. The entire stock of cotton in port is estimated at 53,900 bales, of which 37,000 are American.

Advices from Manchester are unfavorable, the market there for goods being very dull.

PARIS, Dec. 20.—It is said the scheme now being concocted between the Catholic powers, has no political meaning. It is simply an arrangement by which Catholic governments would contribute to the Pope's civil list. The matter will receive attention when Parliament meets, and the government will be called to account.

The French Admiral in China has issued a notification declaring the river Serule, in Corea, in a state of blockade from Oct. 15, on account of the recent murder of French missionaries.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 20.—In the Senate, Mr. Wilson offered a joint resolution directing the President to instruct officers of the army and navy and of the freedmen's bureau to prevent and prohibit the execution of corporal punishment for crimes and misdemeanors, in lately rebellious States, until their governments shall have been recognized and ratified by Congress. Ordered printed.

Mr. Cattel presented a petition of Carpet manufacturers for relief from the five per cent. internal revenue taxation. Referred.

Mr. Ross called up the resolution on reconstruction offered by him yesterday and printed in yesterday's report, and delivered a speech in advocacy of the right of Congress to establish Governments over rebellious States.

Mr. Henderson offered a resolution based on the dispatch from Gov. Fletcher of Missouri, calling upon the President for information as to whether he had, since the first of December, sent troops into the interior of Missouri, for any purpose; if so to indicate his reason, etc. Adopted.

The bill to admit Nebraska into the Union was taken up.

House—Mr. Spalding rose to a question of privilege in connection with an editorial in the Washington Chronicle upon a resolution offered by him and referred. The resolution simply directed inquiry into the propriety of proposing a joint resolution declaratory of the purpose of Congress as to the reception of the Senators and Representatives from the rebellious States, respectively, on the ratification by them of the constitutional amendment. He believed in the constitutional amendment in all its points, and advised its adoption as a measure of conciliation. It might become necessary to place the revolted States in the condition of territories—if the necessity occurred he would not flinch from the work.

Mr. Stevens said the resolution referred to was pernicious, and such as would obstruct the final and free reconstruction of the Government.

The colored citizens of this District are holding private meetings to arrange for voting at the next municipal election and consider other matters in that connection. The Republican Association, at their regular meeting last night, passed a resolution declaring that, in its judgment, the organization of auxiliaries to this society, composed exclusively of colored persons, is neither expedient as a matter of policy or consistent with the representation principles which make no distinction on account of race or color.

LOUISVILLE, Dec. 20.—St. Louis Flour firm but inactive; wheat quiet at \$2 1/2; Spring wheat \$2 92; oats quiet at 74; rye unchanged; good fall hay steady; mess pork flat at \$20; lard dull at 11; whiskey \$2 20; hogs \$6 30.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 20.—Cotton steady. Sales 4500 bales. Low Middling 31 1/2; middling 33; receipts 4116 bales. Sugar in fair demand, fair 9 1/2; prime to choice 6 1/2 to 7 1/2; flour firm, superfine 1 1/2; single extra \$11 75 to \$12 1/2; double \$12 50 to \$13 25; triple \$13 75 to \$14; corn in good demand but easier, \$1 05; oats firm 83 to 85; hay dull at \$26 to \$27; pork small sales, mess \$23 to \$23 50; bacon only a retail trade; shoulders 12 1/2; ribbed 12 1/2; clear sides 15 1/2 to 16; lard 1 1/2 to 1 3/4; Sterling 4 1/2; New York sight 1-2 discount; gold 34 1/2 to 35.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 20.—The President sent a message to the House to-day, enclosing letters from Gen. Santa Anna to him dated Dec. 1865 asking the government to help him to re-establish order in Mexico; he asked for a personal interview, but Secretary Seward in August denied it on the ground that such a reception would be incompatible with the settled practice and habits of the executive department of the government, as we hold correspondence only with the representative of the Republic which we have recognized, and not with men who pronounce themselves to be hostile. A mass of correspondence accompanies the correspondence relative to the arrest of Gen. Ortega which Gen. Sheridan says was made on the same principle that the Fenians were arrested in attempting to violate our laws by invasion of Canada, viz: to prevent a breach of the neutrality laws. Gen. Grant concurs in this view of the case.

Senate debate continued on the Nebraska bill until 4 o'clock without a vote, and after executive session adjourned.

In the House several speeches were made while in committee of the whole on the President's message, after which the committee rose and the house adjourned.

NEW YORK, Dec. 20.—Cotton opened strong; closed heavy under the decline in gold; sales to-day 30,000 bales; uplands 35; Orleans 36 1/2.

BUFFALO, Dec. 20.—The merchants of Erie, Pa., are making efforts to establish a direct line of vessels to carry petroleum from Erie to Liverpool—vessels to have capacity to carry twenty-five hundred barrels each, and to make three trips per season.

NEW YORK, Dec. 20.—The statement that the New York "attempt" to negotiate for European news is baseless. Our European facilities for news adapted to the wants of American journals are being extended so that they will be beyond competition.

RALEIGH, Dec. 20.—Col. Bomford, commanding United States military forces of this State, interfered and prevented the Sheriff from inflicting corporal punishment on the person of a negro this morning. Judge Daniel D. Fowle ordered the indictment of all military officers concerned with the transaction. The negro was returned after receiving eight licks. Indictments will be issued against the officers and the negro whipped to-morrow. Judge Fowle has called on the Governor to carry out the laws of this State.

PARIS, Dec. 20.—Evening.—The message of President Johnson to Congress was received here to-day.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 20.—Lieut. General Sherman arrived here to-day and will probably proceed to St. Louis without any great delay. The Susquehanna will await orders from the Navy Department. Mr. Campbell landed at Brazos whence he will seek the authorities of the Juarez Government.

Laws of the State of Mississippi.

[BY AUTHORITY]

AN ACT to reduce the official bonds of certain County Officers therein named.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Mississippi, That the official bonds of certain County officers hereinafter to be named shall be as follows: In the county of Jasper the official bond of the Sheriff shall hereafter be eight thousand dollars of the Circuit Clerk five thousand dollars, his bond as ex-officio Chancery Clerk, three thousand dollars, and the bonds of Justices of the Peace shall be one thousand dollar. In the county of Newton the official bond of the Circuit Clerk shall hereafter be five thousand dollars, his bond as ex-officio Chancery Clerk, shall be two thousand dollars, and the bonds of Justices of the Peace shall be one thousand dollars. In the county of Lauderdale the official bond of all Justices of the Peace, shall be one thousand dollars.

Sec. 2. Be it further enacted, That all laws in conflict with this act, be and the same are hereby repealed, and that this act be in force and take effect from and after its passage.

Approved Oct. 30, 1866.

BENJ. G. HUMPHREYS, Governor of Mississippi.

A number of Congressmen leave Washington to-day to spend the holidays among the niggers and rebels of the Southern States. As Senators Shreve, Alcorn and Parsons accompany them, we presume all fears of hanging, quartering and roasting on account of Union proclivities will be dispelled. After inhaling a little of the Southern atmosphere and making the acquaintance of a few of those "ferocious scoundrels" that radical prints tell us roast a nigger before breakfast and quarter a Union man for pastime, these Congressmen may return with changed views on the subject of reconstruction.

RECEIVED FROM NEW YORK. 10 BBLs Family Buckwheat, 20 Boxes " " For sale very low by CRANE & HILZHEIM.

Received per Steamer Morning Star from New York. 10 Firkins Choice Goshen Butter, For Sale very low by CRANE & HILZHEIM.

Just Received. 50 BBLs Cape Jessamine Flour, CRANE & HILZHEIM.

Received from New York. 20 BOXES Choice N. Y. Dairy Cheese, For sale by CRANE & HILZHEIM.

Received from New York. 5 BBLs No. 1 Mackerel, 20 Kits " " 20 Kegs Hillard Herring, CRANE & HILZHEIM.

THE HOLIDAYS ARE NEAR!

—AND—

LEMLY & SON.

In addition to their fine stock of GROCERIES AND FAMILY STORES, Are now prepared to furnish Families all materials for Holiday Luxuries.

Preserves, Jellies, Oranges, Apples, Figs and Currants, Flavoring Extracts, Sauces, all kinds, Mince Meat, Raisins, Citron, Fruits, in juice, Gelatine, Fresh Crackers, Seedless Cherries, in syrup, Pie Fruits, Corn and Tomatoes, Green Peas, Cordials, Wines & Brandies.

We have just received a lot of new Sugar Cured Hams, Bulk Hams, Sides and Shoulders, Pigs Feet, &c., at reduced prices. Our stock is not excelled by any in the city, and we will sell as low as goods can be bought in this market. Call and examine goods and prices.

Dec. 21-d1w LEMLY & SON.

J. F. SCHIEFER,

Manufacturer and Wholesale

—DEALER IN—

SADDLERY,

—DEALER IN—

BRANCH HOUSE—J. F. SCHIEFER & Co., 229 Second street, Jefferson Block, Memphis, Tenn. Nov 13d&w3m

FOR RENT.

FOUR LARGE ROOMS in the Marble Yard Building. Apply to T. M. KERR, On the premises, Dec. 21-d1t

A MISTAKE!!!

DR. KNAPP

HAS not left Jackson, and will not leave, as has been reported, but will continue the practice of his profession. He will be pleased to receive calls from all who desire the most perfect DENTAL OPERATIONS. He has all the modern improvements in the dental art. Teeth extracted without pain, by means of local anesthesia. Jackson, Miss., Dec. 21-d1t

Fine Chance for Investment.

IN order to close a partner-ship, I wish to dispose of my interest in the CAPITOL BAR ROOM, which is now well stocked with good liquors, and the best location in the city. Dec. 21-d1t JOHN NELSON.

JAMES F. HARRIS,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, and Real Estate Agent and Collecting Agent, Woodville, Miss.—Will buy, sell, lease or rent, plantations and lands in parcels to suit purchasers, &c. The collection of claims of all kinds will be attended to promptly.

REFER TO—H. T. Lonsdale, Gen. E. McNair, John P. Dillingham, Attorney at Law, New Orleans; Col. J. S. Hamilton, Jackson, Miss.; Stewart & Leake, Bayou Sara, La.; Gordon & Barber, Hon. H. F. Simrall, Woodville, Miss. Dec. 21-d6m

DANIEL & ECHOLS.

REAL ESTATE AGENTS,

JACKSON, MISSISSIPPI.

PROPOSE to publish a sheet, free of charge, for gratuitous distribution, which will contain a description of all real estate placed in their hands for sale or rent. Persons wishing to buy, sell or otherwise dispose of real estate, will find it to their interest to call on us and learn our terms. Dec 29 d&w1y

M. C. CAYCE, T. J. CRAFT, P. TOWNSEND. CAYCE, CRAFT & CO. —ARCADE—

Wholesale Auction Emporium

COMMISSION MERCHANTS, and Real Estate Brokers, No. 296 Main street, (Gayoso Block,) Memphis, Tennessee.

Special attention given to the sale of Merchandise, Stock, Tobacco, Furniture, &c. Consignments solicited. Liberal advances made on consignments. Quick sales and prompt payment will be our motto. Daily and Night Sales... Wholesale, Every Thursday. Dec. 20 d3m

HIDES! HIDES!!! HIDES!!!

GEORGE PHILLER & CO.,

—DEALERS IN—

HIDES AND LEATHER,

AND SADDLERY FINDINGS, Adams street, between Front Row and the river, north side, Memphis. We pay the highest cash market prices for HIDES, FURS and PELTRIES. Dec 20 d3m

POOLEY & BARNUM,

(Successors to James Pooley.) —Dealers in—

Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry,

SILVERWARE, FANCY GOODS, ETC. No. 265 Main St., cor. Court, Memphis Tenn. Dec. 20-d6m

C. F. CHAMBERLIN & CO.,

STATIONERS.

Blank Book Manufacturers,

—AND—

Job Printers,

No. 197 Main Street. Webster Block... Memphis, Tenn.

HAVE constantly on hand a large stock of Paper, and a complete assortment of foreign and domestic Stationery. Binding and Printing done to order at short notice. Have on hand a large lot of Job Type and Cases for sale. Dec. 20 d&w2m

ONE STAR SADDLES, at

G. D. SIDWAY'S, Capitol street.

A FIRST RATE TOP BUGGY, from

Cus-tom Factory, and No. 1 two horse wagon, G. D. SIDWAY, near Capitol street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE HOLIDAYS ARE NEAR!

—AND—

LEMLY & SON.

In addition to their fine stock of GROCERIES AND FAMILY STORES, Are now prepared to furnish Families all materials for Holiday Luxuries.

Preserves, Jellies, Oranges, Apples, Figs and Currants, Flavoring Extracts, Sauces, all kinds, Mince Meat, Raisins, Citron, Fruits, in juice, Gelatine, Fresh Crackers, Seedless Cherries, in syrup, Pie Fruits, Corn and Tomatoes, Green Peas, Cordials, Wines & Brandies.

We have just received a lot of new Sugar Cured Hams, Bulk Hams, Sides and Shoulders, Pigs Feet, &c., at reduced prices. Our stock is not excelled by any in the city, and we will sell as low as goods can be bought in this market. Call and examine goods and prices.

Dec. 21-d1w LEMLY & SON.

J. F. SCHIEFER,

Manufacturer and Wholesale

—DEALER IN—

SADDLERY,

—DEALER IN—

BRANCH HOUSE—J. F. SCHIEFER & Co., 229 Second street, Jefferson Block, Memphis, Tenn. Nov 13d&w3m

FOR RENT.

FOUR LARGE ROOMS in the Marble Yard Building. Apply to T. M. KERR, On the premises, Dec. 21-d1t

A MISTAKE!!!

DR. KNAPP

HAS not left Jackson, and will not leave, as has been reported, but will continue the practice of his profession. He will be pleased to receive calls from all who desire the most perfect DENTAL OPERATIONS. He has all the modern improvements in the dental art. Teeth extracted without pain, by means of local anesthesia. Jackson, Miss., Dec. 21-d1t

Fine Chance for Investment.

IN order to close a partner-ship, I wish to dispose of my interest in the CAPITOL BAR ROOM, which is now well stocked with good liquors, and the best location in the city. Dec. 21-d1t JOHN NELSON.

JAMES F. HARRIS,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, and Real Estate Agent and Collecting Agent, Woodville, Miss.—Will buy, sell, lease or rent, plantations and lands in parcels to suit purchasers, &c. The collection of claims of all kinds will be attended to promptly.

REFER TO—H. T. Lonsdale, Gen. E. McNair, John P. Dillingham, Attorney at Law, New Orleans; Col. J. S. Hamilton, Jackson, Miss.; Stewart & Leake, Bayou Sara, La.; Gordon & Barber, Hon. H. F. Simrall, Woodville, Miss. Dec. 21-d6m

DANIEL & ECHOLS.

REAL ESTATE AGENTS,

JACKSON, MISSISSIPPI.

PROPOSE to publish a sheet, free of charge, for gratuitous distribution, which will contain a description of all real estate placed in their hands for sale or rent. Persons wishing to buy, sell or otherwise dispose of real estate, will find it to their interest to call on us and learn our terms. Dec 29 d&w1y

M. C. CAYCE, T. J. CRAFT, P. TOWNSEND. CAYCE, CRAFT & CO. —ARCADE—

Wholesale Auction Emporium