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MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

DEMANDS ON THE CUBANS

Platt Resolution Puts Them Into Form.

PASS AT THIS SESSION

Guarantee to Spaniards, Naval Base, Debt and Treaties.

RECOVER SOME EXPENSES OF WAR

Spooner Will Try to Pass His Philippine Resolution at the Same Time.

From The Journal Bureau, Room 45, Post Building, Washington.

Washington, Feb. 8.—The Cuban question is beginning to assume definite form so far as the administration plans are concerned. Senator Platt of Connecticut, chairman of the committee on relations with Cuba, has prepared a resolution which expresses in detail what the administration believes the Cuban constitution should contain regarding the relations of the island with this country and the rest of the world. This resolution was submitted informally to a number of republican senators yesterday, and at 4 o'clock it was taken to the White House by Mr. Platt. Later he carried it to the war department where he had an interview with Secretary Root.

The resolution in brief calls for the Cuban constitution to contain these guarantees:

First—A guarantee of protection to the life and property of Spaniards resident in the island.

Second—A lawful and binding pledge to recognize the bonded debt Spain attempted to fasten upon Cuba during the last days of the Spanish sovereignty.

Third—Reimbursement in part to the United States for the cost of the Spanish war.

Fourth—A coaling station and naval base for the United tSates.

Fifth—Control by the United States of all foreign treaties made by the Cuban government.

Senator Spooner accompanied Senator Platt to the White House and the war department and it is now known that Spooner is anxious to arrange for the passage of his Philippine resolution at the same time with the proposed Platt resolution. Such a program would not only dispose of the Cuban question for the present but of the Philippine question also and probably blunt the edge of both so far as the campaign of 1902 is concerned.

It is the desire of Senators Platt and Spooner to attach their amendments to the army appropriation bill when it reaches the senate.

Obviously, if congress outlines the policy to be pursued by the president toward Cuba and the Philippines, no reason will remain for an extra session. It is said the president, while deeply interested in Senator Spooner's proposition to add his bill as an amendment to the army appropriation bill, is much more deeply concerned over the Cuban policy.

No attempt has yet been made to learn whether the democrats will regard with favor the plan to add these Cuban and Philippine resolutions to the army bill. The democratic senators are so busily engaged in fighting the subsidy bill that they have little time for the proposition of a program regarding other measures. With the subsidy bill out of the way, the atmosphere will be much clearer and the program for the rest of the session could be easily arranged.

Some of the northwestern congressional delegations have already filed recommendations for army appointments. Nearly all are of officers now serving in the Philippines who desire reappointment. Others are of the men who served in the Spanish war, who will be eligible to appointmet under the ruling of the secretary of war.

Representative Tawney has indorsed Perrin L. Smith of Winona for a staff appointment. Smith is now serving as lieutenant in the thirty-ninth infantry in the Philippines. Representative Morris has recommended Captain George H. Gibson of Duluth, now serving in the thirty-fourth infantry, for a first lieutenancy, and Representative Eddy has recommended the retention of Captain Cushman A. Rice of Willmar, son of ex-Governor A. E. Rice, in the new army.

Mr. Rice ns now in the Philippines. Mr. Eddy has also recommended the appointment of Sergeant Engebridgson of Lowry, Polk county, formerly of the Thirteenth Minnesota. Messrs. Stevens and Heatwole are now in telegraphic correspondence with men in their districts desiring appointments, and will probably make some recommendations in a few days.

Senators Nelson and Clapp and Representative Fletcher have had several conferences recently in reference to appointments from Hennepin county. Mr. Fletcher has had many applications, and he will probably have two places to fill in his own right. Through the courtesy of the senators, the Hennepin county quota may be increased to three or four places.

Representative McCleary has decided upon one man from his district, but will not announce his name until he is realy to file the recommendations for both places at his disposal. He has been telegraphing applicants and he expects to make up his mind about the other place in a day or two.

State Senator Hiler H. Horton of St. Paul would have accepted appointment to a staff office, but he is a civilian and therefore barred.

The North Dakota delegation has recommended Captain A. W. Cogswell of Devils Lake and First Lieutenant Fred Smith of Grand Forks. G. N. Fay of Oakes, is an applicant for a paymastership. That is a hard job to get under present conditions. He is 56 years old and it is presumed the forty-year maximum will apply to paymasters. If it does Fay's name cannot be considered.

The South Dakota members have recommended a number of men from that state, but will weed out the list when they find out how many places they will get. They will not make any names public for the present.

Congressman Russell of Connecticut of the ways and means committee summarizes the issue between the two houses by saying that "the question is whether, in reducing the burden of war taxation, we shall give 65 per cent of the aggregate reduction to beer and tobacco, continuing the stamp taxes on checks, insurance policies, proprietary articles and conveyances, or whether we shall give 32 per cent of the reduction to beer and tobacco and take off substantially all the stamp taxes."

—W. W. Jermane.

MRS. NATION BACKS DOWN

Saloon Wreckers' Meeting Ends in a Row.

SHE REFUSES TO RAID

"You are a Coward!" Shouted One Smasher's Followers.

LORD DOESN'T WISH IT, SHE SAYS

Meeting Was Making Arrangements for a Wholesale Raid at Topeka.

Topeka, Kan., Feb. 8.—Mrs. Carrie Nation, the temperance crusader, is alleged to have backed down last night for the first time since she started to destroy the illegal traffic in liquor in Kansas.

Armed with hatchets, about thirty of her followers gathered in secret to arrange a night raid on Topeka "joints." Several male students at Washburn college had promised to come to town armed after midnight to take part in the raid and to see that the crusaders were not molested. It was decided to saunter out at 3 a. m. and demolish every "joint" in town.

Mrs. Nation's Bomb.

Suddenly, when everything seemed to have been arranged satisfactorily, Mrs. Nation began putting on her wraps. She said she was going home. Instantly her followers were in an uproar. Expressions of surprise were followed by words of condemnation.

One woman who had spent a greater part of the day collecting hatchets and soliciting aid, rushed to Mrs. Nation, and, shaking her fist in the Wichita woman's face, shouted excitedly:

"You are a coward, Mrs. Nation, you are a coward."

"I am not a coward," shouted Mrs. Nation. "I will go this minute with any one woman and smash a joint."

A dozen women loudly expressed their desire to go with their leader. But Mrs. Nation again changed her mind, saying she was tired, adding, it is stated, "The Lord does not wish me to go to-night," and left the room.

Joints Are Closed.

While the women stood in little groups discussing their leader's action, Mrs. Nation, accompanied only by a reporter, made the rounds of the "joints" to satisfy herself that all were closed. The keepers, apparently anticipating a raid, had closed and barricaded their doors, and at midnight Mrs. Nation went home.

About her Chicago trip, which had been planned for next week, Mrs. Nation said she could tell nothing definite.

"I will go when the Lord directs me," she said. "At present He wants me to remain here."

She said, however, that she would go to Kansas City to-day, "not to smash," she added, "but simply to lecture."

Prefers to Lecture.

Some of the volunteer members of Mrs. Nation's band of crusaders say that their leader has been induced to give up the smashing of joints to go on a lecturing tour. Mrs. Nation is expected to speak in Kansas City, Omaha, Sioux City, Des Moines and Chicago, and she has refused many other offers.

MRS. NATION LIKES IT

Delicious Half Hour While the Women Were Scolding Her.

Kansas City, Feb. 8.—A special to the Star from Topeka, Kan., says:

Mrs. Nation, speaking of the storm of reproaches directed against her because of her refusal to lead a night raid, said:

It was a delicious half hour. I never was so happy in my life. When I first came here I had to do all the talking, but last night I had to stand back and listen to them scolding me. They were mad all the way through because I would not help them smash. That's turning the tables, isn't it? Don't blame them for calling me a coward. I confess I was almost a coward when I saw the indignation of those women. Verily, it was demonstrated "hell hath no fury like a woman scorned."

Mrs. Nation laughed heartily over the matter as she pointed out what she interpreted as enthusiasm caused by her actions.

MRS. NATION IMMUNE

Topeka Has No Ordinance to Stop Her Saloon Smashing.

Topeka, Kan., Feb. 8.—City Attorney Gregg said in discussing the charge against Mrs. Nation for smashing the Senate saloon Tuesday:

"The city has no city ordinance covering the destruction of personal property, but under the laws of Kansas the state can prosecute Mrs. Nation if what she did can be proven to be personal property."

Mrs. Nation addressed both houses of the legislature last evening on the saloon traffic.

"Now, gentlemen," said Mrs. Nation in an earnest tone, "you can remedy this condition by knocking out the clause in the prohibitory law which gives the county attorney the right to summon witnesses, but refuses him the right to compel them to testify. You would do it if common murderers were running loose; why not do it in this case?

"I have been forced to do this smashing business. I am going to tell the truth to you; you have not been doing your duty. A good, solid vote is the best thing in the world with which to smash the saloons. You refused me the vote, and I have had to use a rock.

"The saloon man is a malicious pauper. He thrives off the life blood of the men of this nation. Whisky makes perjurers. I would not believe a joint-keeper on oath, even if it was only about a dog fight."

SMASH THE DRUGS

Chicago Wreckers Have Serious Objection to Medicines.

New York Sun Special Service

Chicago, Feb. 8.—Five women, fashionably dressed, wrecked the drug store of I. L. Quales, 108 Milwaukee avenue, and only the determined action of J. S. Frank, proprietor of a store at 1144 Milwaukee avenue, prevented serious damage in his place. Dr. Dowie denies they are members of his flock. The women professed to be followers of Dr. Dowie.

"You are an imp of the devil," shouted the leader in Mr. Quale's store. "You sell medicine to sick people, but we pray for them," and the woman emphasized her remarks by bringing down a bottle of wine on the plate glass showcase with such force that the glass was cracked from end to end and the bottle broke in her hand. A strong right swing in the direction of Quale's sent the proprietor under the counter and knocked two more bottles of wine to the floor, where they broke into a thousand pieces.

"Hurrah for Dowie!" yelled another one of the band, as she threw a pound weight through a dozen bottles of medicine on the shelves. "We'll teach you to pray."

The noise of breaking glass attracted a crowd and the women rushed for the door.

RETIRED TO HIS LIBRARIES.

LIABLE TO THE LAW

Authors of Prairie City, Iowa, Letters May Be Prosecuted.

Special to The Journal.

Sioux City, Iowa, Feb. 8.—The practical jokers who a few days ago pinned upon a door of a hotel bar here a warning note signed "Mrs. Nation and her hatchet," may get into serious trouble and perhaps the penitentiary as the result of another joke just perpetrated. Letters were received by various Chicago saloonkeepers this week dated Prairie City, Iowa, which read as follows:

Sir: You are herewith peremptorily notified to abandon immediately the sale of intoxicating liquors, to close your present premises and destroy every and all vile intoxicant in your possession. Unless this order is fully carried out by Feb. 15, our operating committee, now on their eastern trip, will deal summarily with your ungodly properties.

The names of eight women, alleged residents of Prairie City, were signed to the letters. It was taken to Postoffice Inspector Stuary, who pronounced it of a defamatory and threatening kind and therefore in violation of the postal laws. Inquiry at Prairie City disclosed the fact that all the names were fictitious. Steps will be taken at once to discover the guilty persons.

SPREADS TO INDIANA

Lone Woman Wrecks a Saloon at Auburn.

Auburn, Ind., Feb. 8.—Mrs. Tom Creel, whose husband is foreman in the Baltimore & Ohio shops at Garrett, demolished the handsome new plate glass front of Peter Behler's saloon with a hatchet and a beer bottle. She had repeatedly warned Mr. Behler not to sell to her husband, who was in jail at the time.

EIGHTY-SEVEN ARE KILLED

IN A MEXICAN MINE EXPLOSION

Top of Mountain Is Blown Off and the Mining Village Is Destroyed.

St. Louis, Mo., Feb. 8.—A special to the Globe-Democrat from Chihuahua, Mexico, says:

An explosion in the San Andres mine, situated in a remote locality of the Sierra Madres, in the western part of the state of Durango, caused the death of eighty-seven men, women and children, and injured many others.

The catastrophe was due to the explosion of several hundred cases of dynamite, which were stored in an underground chamber of the mine.

All of the killed and injured were located on the surface, most of them occupying residences immediately above the underground works of the mine. The explosion tore away the whole top of the mountain on which the village of miners was located, and men, women and children were blown into small pieces. There were several hundred miners in the lower workings, and none of them was seriously injured.

The San Andres mine is the most celebrated silver mine in Mexico. It is valued at $20,000,000. It has produced many millions of dollars worth of ore.

QUEEN SOPHIA IS DYING

A REPORT FROM COPENHAGEN

She Has Influenza and Severe Inflammation of the Throat.

New York Sun Special Service

London, Feb. 8.—A dispatch to the Telegraph from Copenhagen says that the Queen of Sweden and Norway is dying.

Late dispatches announced that Queen Sophia was suffering from an attack of influenza, accompanied with swelling and severe inflammation of the throat.

MARSHFIELD MEN MISSING.

Special to The Journal.

Marshfield, Wis., Feb. 8.—Nick Gross, a lad of 14, mysteriously disappeared from home Thursday. There is no clue to his whereabouts. L. Dover, a resident here, has disappeared with $1,209 of his wife's money.

WAR ON ALL FEES

The Shrew Counter Move of the Schiffman Forces.

IT IS TO BLOCK HURD'S BILL

A Bill in the House to Put Surveyors General of Logs on Salary.

The Schiffman republicans propose to use abludgeon in defeating the Hurd bill to save the fat fees of the oil inspection department for the state.

W. W. Rich, a Ramsey statesmtn, offered in the house this morning the draft of a law applying the same changes to the inspection of logs and lumber, which the Hurd bill seeks to introduce in the inspection of oil.

This afternoon, Mr. Rich defined his position in an interview. It is not necessary to read between the lines in his case, because the purpose by which he is actuated was frankly avowed. Mr. Rich does not say that the Hurd bill is iniquitous from the spoils' point of view, but he does maintain that there exists no reason for singling out the oil inspector. Says Mr. Rich:

If it is a good thing to skin one republican, let's skin 'em all. Let's get into the game and go after the sheriffs and the clerks of courts and the registers of deeds and every other official who has been lucky and now enjoys fat picking. If it is a magnificent, long-headed, fine play to make it hot for one man because he lands a good office, why not carry the idea to its logical conclusion. In this county (Ramsey) there are some men making almost twice as much as the oil inspector. There is the clerk of courts; there is the sheriff. And this money comes out of our own people; it is not paid by a foreign corporation.

"Do you propose to press the measure?" was asked.

"Yes, with all the capacity I have. This bill will not be smothered, it will not be sidetracked, it will not be fooled with." This last was said with great determination.

Terms of the Bill.

By the terms of the measure the surveyor-general of logs and lumber in each of the seven districts is placed on a salary of $1,800 a year, a mere bagatelle to the income which is derived from that office in the Minneapolis district, for instance. Deputies are paid at $50 a month each, two being allowed in the Minneapolis and Stillwater districts, respectively, and one in each of the others. The bill provides also for a system of bookkeeping and reports.

There has also been placed before the house a proposition to scale down the income from the sheriff's office in the county of St. Louis to $4,000 a year.

If the Schiffman faction succeeds in compelling the county officers throughout the state to make common cause with them against the Hurd bill the future of that measure can be foretold with certainty. Mr. Rich makes no bones of what he and his intimates will do if they can prevail.

ANOTHER BY LA FOLLETTE

NEW MAN FOR VETERINARIAN

State Finances Discussed in the Senate—Another Long Adjournment Taken.

Special to The Journal.

Madison, Wis., Feb. 8.—Governor La Follette to-day appointed and the senate confirmed Ed Roberts, of Janesville, as state veterinarian to succeed Dr. H. H. Glute, whose term expired by limitation Jan. 29. The appointment not having been sent to the senate within twenty days after it convened, a bill was introduced to legalize Dr. Glute's acts since that time.

State finances were discussed in the senate to-day, the question being on the Jones resolution for the appointment of a joint committee to investigate and report on the subject of a state budget. Senator Jones criticised the loose methods of the existing system. The matter finally went over till a week from Wednesday.

Several bills were passed by the senate, but none of general importance. Both houses adjourned till Monday evening.

SENATE WILL REST

Night Sessions, However, May Be Renewed Next Week.

ATTEMPT TO END SHIP DEBATE

Senator Frye Asks That Time to Vote Be Fixed—Conger's Authority for Demands.

Washington, Feb. 8.—The night sessions of the senate have been abandoned by the republican majority for to-night and tomorrow night. It is stated they may be renewed next week. The republicans say that if the republican majority is willing and determined to go ahead with the shipping bill the minority must take the responsibility of forcing an extra session for the appropriation bills.

Mr. Frye of Maine made an appeal in the senate to-day that a time be fixed for a vote on the subsidy bill—a time far enough off to permit the necessary latitude for proper debate.

Mr. Jones of Arkansas said he did not think that at this time any agreement could be made for a vote.

Mr. Hale of Maine said that the pending measure was in effect a political measure and that the majority would have to assume the responsibility for it.

Mr. Tillman had no great objections to a vote on the bill, provided he could be absolved from any responsibility for permitting the passage of the measure, because the more rope the republicans were given in drawing money from the treasury the sooner would they hang themselves.

Mr. Chandler (N. H.) thought the solution of the question was in an extra session of congress. He did not think the passage of the appropriation bills at this session was vital.

Mr. Money (Miss.) declared his willingness to accept the responsibility for an extra session called to pass appropriation bills which might fail by reason of the debate up on the shipping bill. "The extra session will be your affair," said he, "not ours. We can go fishing."

Mr. Pritchard (N. C.) spoke briefly in favor of the shipping bill and the naval appropriation bill then was taken up.

Mr. Pettigrew's resolution calling on the secretary of war for a copy of General MacArthur's report as to the conditions in the Philippines and for other papers relating to the Philippines, was adopted.

Light on China.

Senator Berry introduced a resolution requesting the president to inform the senate whether the United States minister to China has joined the representatives of other powers at Peking in demanding the execution of Prince Tuan or other Chinese officials, and if so by whom he was authorized to join in such demand.

GROCERY MEN

Entertainment Features of Next Week's State Meeting.

Special to The Journal.

Stillwater, Minn., Feb. 8.—Some extensive preparations are being made for the state grocers convention to be held here next week. The attendance will be large, but ample provision will be made for everybody. On Tuesday evening, the 12th there will be a social session for visitors and town people. Wednesday evening the delegates will be taken to the opera house to hear Dan Sully in the "Parish Priest," and Thursday evening they will be treated to a banquet and ball. The latter will be held in the opera-house, the parquet of which will be re-floored for the occasion.

At the meeting yesterday the board of prison managers decided to reduce the price of standard sisal twine to 6½ cents per pound, the reduction to include all orders booked and filled.

Mr. Wolfer will probably qualify and become warden on the 20th inst., when an adjourned meeting of the board of managers is to be held.

RECEIVER FOR THE COUNTESS

Castellane Creditors Are Put on an Equal Footing.

New York, Feb. 8.—Judge Lacombe in the United States circuit court to-day appointed George J. Gould and Helen M. Gould, receivers of all income of the Countess de Castellane in excess of $200,000 per year. This action puts all creditors on equal footing. The bill alleges that the countess owes in England and France about 20,000,000 francs.

NOW THEY'RE OFF IN HAMILTON CASE

The Full Jury Was Secured This Afternoon, O. N. Anderson, Photographer, the Twelfth Man.

Judge Brooks Proposes to Rush the Trial--Tenth and Eleventh Jurors Were Found This Morning.

This Is the Jury.

E. Fitch Pabody, draftsman, Gillette-Herzog company, 28 Thirteenth street S.

Charles S. Raymond, millwright, 515 Beacon street SE.

Levi T. Lincoln, 3245 Nicollet avenue, employe of the Minneapolis Dry Goods company.

Harry V. Wetherby, clerk in the Northwestern National bank, 2023 Third avenue S.

Arthur H. Robinson, tinsmith, 929 Plymouth, 917 Nicollet.

Fred W. Nebelthau, 3213 Park avenue, machinist, electric heat.

Everett W. Roberts, contractor and plasterer, 726 Nineteenth avenue S.

W. H. Gibson, real estate, 420 Guaranty Loan building; residence, 2314 Park avenue.

H. R. McCart, farmer, Independence.

Peter Oakley, 403 Humboldt avenue N, real estate and insurance, office in Kasota block.

Edward J. Bronson, tinner, 2810 Harriet avenue.

O. N. Anderson, photographer, 4246 First avenue S.

Now for the trial.

The addition of three more men to-day completed the jury in the Hamilton case.

With eleven men sworn in, both the prosecution and counsel for the defense were determined to finish the preliminaries with as little further delay as possible. They had made up their minds

MR. NYE SMILES.

to fight hard for the twelfth man upon the resumption of the case at 2 o'clock, but expressed the belief that he would be selected before adjournment.

This proved to be the case.

The ease with which this morning's recruits were sworn in indicated the disposition to stumble over no technicalities in order to find the last man.

Judge Brooks said at noon that he would permit no unnecessary delay in the commencement of the trial proper as soon as the jury was complete. If the twelfth man should be corraled early this afternoon, he said, he would consent only to an adjournment until to-morrow morning.

No Vacation Saturdays.

The court has also decided there shall be no break in the case on Saturdays,

W. H. GIBSON, EIGHTH JUROR.

which is usually observed at the courthouse as special term day. It will have no effect on the Hamilton case, the consideration of which will be continued the same as on regular term days. Judge Brooks believes both sides have had time enough to prepare fully for the presentation of their cases. County Attorney Boardman will first present the case for the state. Mr. Penney will follow with the defense's side. Before the taking of evidence commences, Judge Brooks will instruct the jury as to its duties.

Peter Oakley, Tenth Juror.

Peter Oakley, 403 Humboldt avenue N, real estate and insurance, Kasota building, the tenth juror sworn, is one of the few men examined who do not like to hear themselves talk. He let the lawyers do the talking and answered when possible only by monosyllables. Singularly enough, considering how exacting the attorneys have been on that point, his views were not solicited as to capital punishment. There must be something of mind-reading in the examination of witnesses by lawyers. It was easy to believe that there was something about Mr. Oakley's make-up which at once made his views on the vital question evident to the analytical legal mind. Without any of the stock questions as to prejudice or bias, Mr. Oakley was sworn in.

He is about 60 years old, wears eyeglasses, and save for a fringe of gray on a line with the tip of his ears all around, is bald.

Edward J. Bronson, Eleventh Juror.

Edward J. Bronson, tinner, 2810 Harriet, juror No. 11, was also sworn in without any legal quibbling.

Joseph Munson, an old man with a hunted look, who seemed fearful he was about to be charged with some high crime, was the only talesman called who frankly admitted that he was unacquainted with the tongue of his adopted country. After taking the witness' oath, Mr. Munson was asked how long he had lived in this country.

After a hard wrestle with the unwilling words, Mr. Munson managed to construct a reply.

"Ay can spak no Anglis," he explained.

A general disqualification challenge disposed of him.

Jurors' Relatives Call.

Judge Brooks' announcement that members of the jury would be allowed to converse with their relatives in the presence of a deputy in the courtroom was welcome to the families of the captives. Several relatives took advantage of the privilege to-day. In addition to Miss Raymond, who came to see her father yesterday, Miss Pabody, sister of Juror No. 1, had a half hour's visit with him at noon.

The indisposition of Mr. Raymond and the possibility that illness may yet remove him from the jury, recalls the dramatic death of one of the jurors who sat on the Hayward case.

Workless Men Not Wanted.

The questioning of different talesmen examined during the trial has brought out strongly the fact that the state is un-

H. P. McCART, NINTH JUROR.

conditionally opposed to the selection of a man out of work. So pronounced is this feeling that Mr. Boardman has even used a peremptory when necessary to remove a man otherwise acceptable.

Another curious fact brought out in the examination of talesmen is that all employed in factories or around machinery have been made more or less deaf by the incessant noise which daily thunders in their ears.

Mr. McCart is the only smooth-faced man on the jury. Mr. Raymond is the only man who wears a full beard. Every other man wears a mustache. The twelfth should wear side burns to be original.

There will be a break in the case Tues-

DEPUTY CLERK HENRY KOBLER.

day, which is Lincoln's birthday, a legal holiday.

O. N. Anderson, a photographer, residing at 4246 First avenue S, completes the Hamilton jury. He was landed at 3 p. m.

At 3:15 court adjourned until to-morrow morning at the request of the defense.

The question of holding court on Tuesday, Lincoln's Birthday, is being discussed by the jury. If the jury wishes to do so, court will sit on that day.

Juror Raymond's health was slightly improved this morning but not enough so to give any assurance that he is to be a well man through the trial. His condition will be closely watched and any alarming symptoms of a break-down will probably be regarded as sufficient to warrant his removal from the jury. Because of his advanced years, Mr. Raymond has not the recuperative powers that would enable a younger man to stand the strain of jury service.

All of the jurors sworn were clean shaved this morning, except Mr. Raymond. He is the only one who wears a beard.

Resemble Famous Men.

It is surprising how many men called

Defective Page