

FAIR BILL IS IN A TANGLE

It Must Go to the Senate for Correction. SUNDAY CLOSING RIDER Porto Ricans Protest Against the New Tariff Law. INSULAR CASES NOT DECIDED

ANOTHER RAID PROVES FATAL

J. W. Adams, a Crusader, Is Shot at Topeka BY POLICE OR RAIDERS Police Disperse a Mob Attacking a Wholesale Place. REV. E. W. EMERSON IS ARRESTED



A QUICK FINISH NEEDED. John Bull—I hope I'll get there soon or my blasted machine will give out.

DEELIES RELATIONS WITH THE CUBANS

Senate Agrees on a Declaration, Which Is Expected to Pass, Obviating the Need of an Extra Session. Limits Treaty-Making Power and Debts, Permits Interference to Preserve Order and Health, and Naval Stations.

Washington, Feb. 25.—The senate committee on relations with Cuba has agreed to an amendment to the army appropriation bill regarding Cuba. The entire committee is in agreement, and there will be no minority report and no opposition is expected from the democrats in the senate. It is the general impression that the agreement makes an extra session of congress unnecessary. Senator Platt of Connecticut, chairman of the committee, reported the amendment to the senate. The text of the amendment is as follows: That in fulfillment of the declaration contained in the joint resolution approved April 20, 1898, entitled "for the recognition of the independence of the people of Cuba, demanding that the government of Spain relinquish its authority and government of the island of Cuba and to withdraw its land and naval forces from Cuba and Cuban waters, and directing the President of the United States to use the land and naval forces of the United States to carry these resolutions into effect," the president is hereby authorized to leave the government and control of the island of Cuba to its people so soon as a government shall have been established in said island under a constitution, which, either as a part thereof, or in an ordinance appended thereto, shall define the future relations of the United States with Cuba, substantially as follows: First—That the government of Cuba shall never enter into any treaty of other compact with any foreign power or powers which impairs or tends to impair the independence of Cuba, nor in any manner authorize or permit any foreign power or powers to obtain by colonization or for military or naval purposes or otherwise, lodgment in or control over any portion of said island. Second—That said government shall not assume or contract any public debt, to pay the interest upon which and to make reasonable sinking fund provision for the ultimate discharge of which, the ordinary revenues of the island, after defraying the current expenses of government, shall be inadequate. Third—That the government of Cuba consents that the United States may exercise the right to intervene for the preservation of Cuban independence, the maintenance of a government adequate for the protection of life, property and individual liberty, and for discharging the obligations with respect to Cuba imposed by the treaty of Paris on the United States, now to be assumed and undertaken by the government of Cuba. Fourth—That all acts of the United States in Cuba during its military occupancy thereof are ratified and validated, and all lawful rights acquired thereunder shall be maintained and protected. Fifth—That the government of Cuba will execute and as far as necessary extend the plans already devised or other plans to be mutually agreed upon, for the sanitation of the cities of the island, to the end that a recurrence of epidemics and infectious diseases may be prevented, thereby assuring protection to the people and commerce of Cuba, as well as to the commerce of the southern ports of the United States and the people residing therein. Sixth—That the Isle of Pines shall be omitted from the proposed constitutional boundaries of Cuba, the title thereto being left to future adjustment by treaty. Seventh—That to enable the United States to maintain the independence of Cuba and to protect the people thereof, as well as for its own defense, the government of Cuba will sell or lease to the United States lands necessary for coaling or naval stations at certain specified points, to be agreed upon with the President of the United States. Eighth—That by way of further assurance the government of Cuba will embody the foregoing provisions in a permanent treaty with the United States. The amendment was referred to the committee on military affairs.

From The Journal Bureau, Room 45, Post Building, Washington. Washington, Feb. 25.—The St. Louis fair appropriation is in a tangle. The house bill as it passed the senate carried an amendment providing for Sunday closing and also a rider making an appropriation for a government exhibit at Charleston, S. C. Speaker Henderson was especially displeased with the latter change, regarding it as in the nature of a hold-up. Had the bill on its return to the house been referred to the special committee on the Louisiana purchase centennial, its parliamentary status would have been bad, and so the speaker recognized Chairman Tawney of that committee to ask unanimous consent for its reference to conference. To this the South Carolina members objected, with the result that Mr. Tawney had to ask the senatorial friends of the St. Louis project to get the senate to ask for a withdrawal of the bill from the house and its correction. Representative Littlefield, (rep.), of Maine, believes the complication over the Sunday closing question might have been avoided by the adoption of a compromise which he suggested fruitlessly to the house committee. His proposal was to close the departments operating the machinery and the amusements, leaving open its park features. The senate has voted for complete closing, which Mr. Littlefield greatly prefers to complete opening. He believes the St. Louis people will have difficulty in either house in getting that action overruled.

Topeka, Kan., Feb. 25.—J. W. Adams was fatally wounded in a battle between three policemen and a band of citizens, who made a midnight raid on a North Topeka wholesale liquor house. A large quantity of cased beer was destroyed. A crowd of from thirty to sixty, armed with revolvers, sledge hammers, crowbars and a battering ram, broke into the wholesale liquor house of "Cash" Curtis, on W. Curtis street, between Kansas avenue and Jackson street at midnight, and smashed the beer found there. Three policemen drove the crowd back. Both the policemen and the crowd fired their revolvers, and J. W. Adams, a carpenter, was shot twice in the breast. He was taken in a hack to Riverside hospital, where he lies in a precarious condition. Dr. M. R. Mitchell and Rev. F. W. Emerson were arrested. Mr. Emerson was taken to the police station, where he was booked on a charge of resisting arrest. He was allowed to go on his own recognizance. Dr. Mitchell took Adams to the hospital, and he was allowed to stay and administer to him, without giving bond.

Who Shot Adams. The three officers, Patrolmen Downey and Boyles and Private Watchman Connors, say Adams was shot by his own crowd while he was retreating from the point of attack. Adams declares, however, that he was shot by a policeman. Officer Connors says that his revolver, a 38-caliber affair, was knocked from his hand. Officer Downey says he did not arrive until the trouble was about over, and Officer Boyles, who carries a 44-caliber revolver, says the two shots he fired were aimed upward. Dr. Mitchell and Dr. Charles W. Hammond, who cared for Adams at the hospital, say he was shot with a 32 or 33-caliber revolver. One shot was in the center of his chest and the other in the right shoulder. The bullets did not come out.

Smash the Door. The crowd that did the smashing met in W. Curtis street about two blocks from the joint. A few moments past 12 o'clock the crowd moved east in Curtis street to Jackson street. The wholesale liquor house is in a building at the rear of Curtis street, which faces on Curtis street. The crowd turned south on Jackson street and crossed the rear of the lots between the street and the liquor house. In one of the lots was a log a foot thick. A half dozen men seized the log and used it as a battering ram. At the first blow the door gave way. A lantern lighted on the floor and it was accidentally extinguished, and the work was done in the dark. Three men stood inside and passed the cases and kegs of beer to the men in the doorway, who threw them into the street and to be smashed at the rear of Curtis' home, which faces on Curtis street.

Hamilton's Attorneys Give Up Hope of a New Trial. Articles of Incorporation Give It Extensive Powers. Capital is Placed at \$3,000, Which May Be Increased by the Directors. New York, Feb. 25.—Articles of incorporation of the United States Steel Corporation were filed to-day at the office of the county clerk of Hudson county, New Jersey. This concern is the gigantic Morgan-Carnegie combine. The agent of the Hudson Trust company of 51 York street, Hoboken. The incorporators are Charles C. Cluff, William J. Curtis and Charles McVeagh.

Three commissioners from Porto Rico have arrived to protest to the president and before congress against the recently enacted tax bill, which will supplant the 15 per cent duty between that island and the United States. They want the duty permanently retained and they maintain that they represent the solid citizenship of the island. Chairman Cooper, (rep.), of Wisconsin, of the insular affairs committee, takes exception to their claims, saying that they represent a class of land owners, who under the old regime have paid no taxes. The new bill, which has received the approval of Governor Allen and is about to go into operation, will throw a part of the burden of taxation upon property owners, who ought to pay something, and their protest is the inevitable one of tax dodgers. Mr. Cooper naturally declines to speak for his committee, but he says for himself that he is strongly in favor of the new law and against the continuance of the 15 per cent system, which might, if continued, be made 50 per cent at any time.

Between the Lines. When the crowd retreated to Jackson street the officers were near the building, and Adams was called and the crowd used a pile of wood. Officer Boyles says Adams was facing west and running toward the crowd when he was shot. When the crowd learned that he was shot, they had been wounded, it quickly dispersed. Officers Boyles and Downey arrested Dr. Mitchell and Rev. Mr. Emerson. A patrol wagon was called and Mr. Emerson was taken to the police station. There it was found that his left hand was cut and bleeding. Chief of Police Stahl was summoned from his home, but he did not arrive until the crowd had left. Broken cases and smashed beer bottles were carried back into the building, and a man stood guard the remainder of the night with a shotgun.

Patrolman Aroused by a Terrific Explosion and the Rocking of the Ground. Special to The Journal. Helena, Mont., Feb. 25.—A telegram from the national park announces that James King, a carter, who is wintering in Wonderland, reports the birth of a new geyser in Fountain geyser basin, about forty miles south of the mammoth hot springs. King says that early on the morning of Feb. 18 he was awakened by a terrific explosion similar to the detonation of a large amount of powder lying on the ground. The noise resembled the booming of distant cannon and the ground rocked and quivered for some time very violently. Dishes rattled on the shelves, pictures hanging on the walls were thrown down and the clock stopped. The shock startled King, his idea at first being that it was a severe earthquake accompanied by a tremendous volcanic eruption near the vicinity.

There is no getting out of it now," he said this morning, as he sat smoking his pipe in the cell which he is soon to leave for quarters in the state's prison. "My attorneys inform me that there is no evidence in my behalf strong enough to secure a new trial. The knowledge that a majority of the jury favored me so long ago is a comfort and a solace to me to feel that public sympathy is with me even though he believed me innocent from the start, he finally concurred in the verdict, makes the burden still heavier to bear. It is a comfort and a solace to me to feel that public sympathy is with me even though he believed me innocent from the start, he finally concurred in the verdict, makes the burden still heavier to bear. It is a comfort and a solace to me to feel that public sympathy is with me even though he believed me innocent from the start, he finally concurred in the verdict, makes the burden still heavier to bear.

WALL STREET EXCITED Rumors Result in a Very Sensational Opening. New York, Feb. 25.—A crop of rumors regarding the supposed details of the great steel merger had its fruit in some wild and sensational happenings on the stock market this morning. The sobering influence of market quotations demanding cash payments had the effect of quieting the excitement before the first hour had expired. It became known then that so far as authoritative knowledge went, the public was almost exactly where it was Thursday when the stock exchange closed. The rumors professed to give details of the terms of exchange for the existing steel stocks into those of the new corporation. These rumors place the valuation very high in some cases more than double the existing prices for the stocks. The excited bidding of the speculators at the opening on the basis of these rumors carried Tin Plate up 15 points on small transactions, American Hoop, 5; Federal Steel preferred, 4 1/2; Steel and Wire preferred, 5 1/2; and other members of the group from 1 to over 3 points. The way in which stocks came out at the higher prices caused the speculators to pause, and prices promptly fell back and the market became quiet.

Representative McClary is now a "major general." General Green, grand marshal of the inaugural parade, has requested Professor McClary to take command of the first division of the civic section of the parade, and the invitation has been accepted. Mr. McClary's guard of honor will consist of celebrated American club of Pittsburgh. His division will embrace two brigades and its management will entail a lot of hard work. He is now engaged in the selection of an adjutant general and a chief of staff, and he will announce them this week. The other two divisions of the civic sections are to be commanded by General Cochrane of Philadelphia and General O. O. Howard, retired.

Policeman's Story. "When we arrived," said Boyles, "the crowd yelled, 'em! 'em! 'em!' 'Burn 'em! 'Burn 'em!' I arrested Dr. Mitchell and Rev. E. W. Emerson. They seemed to be the leaders. "I got there they stopped carrying ward the crowd when he was giving orders. All the crowd had white handkerchiefs tied over their faces, but Dr. Mitchell and Mr. Emerson's handkerchiefs came off. "I went to where they were throwing out the stuff and told them to stop. The crowd fell back toward Jackson street and the shooting commenced. I shot twice in the air. "Adams was running toward the crowd when he was shot. He had a sledge and a steel bar in his hands. He did not say a word when he fell. "Sergeant Goff was on duty at the police station when he received a telephone call for a riot on W. Curtis street. He said: "It was about midnight when some one telephoned that there was a riot or something going on near Curtis and Jackson streets. I sent word to Officers Boyles and Downey to see what it was, and notified them by telephone. Officers Parsons went over with the wagon and brought Rev. Mr. Emerson to the station. "It was successful." Mr. Emerson was booked at the police station on a charge of resisting an officer. He stayed at the jail until 3 o'clock. His clothes showed the marks of a struggle. His injured hand was bound up in a handkerchief. "It was successful," was all he would say of the raid. "It was successful," was all he would say of the raid.

Excelsior geyser, the largest in the park, which has been idle several years, is said to have commenced to spout on Washington's birthday, playing several hours. Mr. Vest of Missouri offered an amendment to the Philippine provision "that no judgment, order or act by any of said officials so appointed, shall conflict with the laws and constitution of the United States." Mr. Spooner contended the amendment was unnecessary. A resolution was adopted, offered by Mr. Gallinger of the committee on pensions, authorizing that committee to make an examination of pension legislation.

Too See Hamilton Sentenced. Hamilton had not been sentenced up to a late hour this afternoon, though Judge Brooks decided this morning to sentence him late to-day. An expectant crowd hung around the courthouse corridors all day in hopes of hearing Judge Brooks pronounce sentence, but up to 5 o'clock no move had been made to bring Hamilton before the court. The indications were that he would be sentenced some time to-day. The general feeling this afternoon was that Judge Brooks would sentence Hamilton to the minimum term for manslaughter, which is five years, the maximum being twenty years. Others thought a juror could impeach his action after the verdict has been rendered. The die is cast and I must abide by it, bitter though the cup may be. It is almost impossible to estimate the number of those who believe me innocent would nevertheless swear my life away."

Strike Out Warships. Washington, Feb. 25.—Mr. Dayton of West Virginia in the house to-day called upon the conference report upon the naval appropriation bill. It was only a partial report, agreeing to about two-thirds of the items in dispute. The report was adopted. Mr. Rixey of Virginia moved that the house recede and concur in the senate amendment, striking out the provision for two battleships and two cruisers. It was arranged that there should be an hour of debate on each side upon the Rixey motion.

COUNCIL WILL INVESTIGATE Action at Grand Rapids on the Alleged Waterworks Deal.

HEAFFORD IN ZINC He Is Manager of the Morning Star Railway Company.

DID NOT STEAL THE MONEY. Chicago, Feb. 25.—Lunt K. Salisbury, city attorney of Grand Rapids, Mich., charged by Guy C. Barton, an Omaha millionaire, with concealing \$50,000 from a safety deposit vault in Chicago, was in conference here with Barton, trying to compromise the differences. According to the lawyer, the \$50,000 in question was taken out of the original vault, where it had been deposited by Barton and himself, and deposited in another vault of his own selection "merely as a matter of self-protection."

SWEDISH CONFERENCE ENCOURAGED BY STATUS OF THE INSTITUTIONS.

NEW TEACHER FOR GUSTAVUS Bethesda Hospital Reduces Its Debt—Good Work of the Orphan Home.

KING AT KRONENBERG Edward Visits His Sister, Dowager Empress Frederick.

HEARS THE REPORTS Swedish Conference Encouraged by Status of the Institutions.

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take an offering in all churches every fall for this purpose. Rev. J. Peterson, Rev. Theodor Kjellgren, Rev. E. J. Warner, Rev. G. A. Stenberg, Rev. P. H. Stollberg, Andrew Olson and N. Aronquist were appointed a committee to look into the application of Gust Bergquist of Duluth for reinstatement in the church. Rev. L. V. Bergstrom was the speaker this afternoon, discussing missions and school work. This evening Rev. A. S. Cornell, who built the Swedish Lutheran church on N. Third street, will speak on "Sowing in Tears and Reaping in Joy." Sunday services were of an interesting character and were held in nearly all the Lutheran churches of the city. Rev. C. Solomonson of Langford, S. D., preached in the prison chapel in the forenoon. At 10 a. m. Rev. T. A. Krantz of Duluth preached the sermon preparatory to holy communion in the Swedish Lutheran church. High mass was conducted by Rev. L. G. Almen of Balaton. Sunday school exercises were held at 3 p. m. with an address in English by Rev. A. Bergquist. The Swedish school two months of the past year. The report of the visiting committee confirmed the good showing. The report of the treasurer showed a balance of \$38,57 on hand. The expenses had been paid. A collection for the home will be taken up on Thanksgiving Day. The annual expenses of the home are \$4,000. Children from 2 to 15 years of age are received, and some of them are placed in good homes. The practice of finding homes for the orphans has not been generally followed by the church, however. Rev. C. A. Barr, Rev. J. Fremling and Dr. Swan Johnson were elected directors, and Rev. J. E. Linmar, Rev. G. Magny, Rev. G. Wahlund, A. G. Peterson and A. M. Anderson were named as visiting committee.

The report of the officers and directors of Bethesda hospital in St. Paul covered nine months, during which 457 patients were received. The receipts were \$20,213.83, and the disbursements \$29,025.43. For nine years past the receipts were \$132,941.10, and the expenditures \$79,944.22. King Edward proceeded to the bedside of his sister, the Dowager Empress Frederick. Kronenberg, Prussia, Feb. 25.—Alarmist rumors concerning the state of the Empress Frederick that she is in immediate danger, are exaggerated, but unless the very serious course her malady is taking can be stemmed, the end is a mere matter of weeks, or at most three months.

Frankfort-on-the-Main, Feb. 25.—King Edward arrived here early this morning and was received by the staff of the British consulate. He was greeted by Emperor William, and at 9 o'clock the King and the emperor boarded a train for Kronberg. Kronberg, Prussia, Feb. 25.—Alarmist rumors concerning the state of the Empress Frederick that she is in immediate danger, are exaggerated, but unless the very serious course her malady is taking can be stemmed, the end is a mere matter of weeks, or at most three months.

Berlin, Feb. 25.—Professor Reuvers, physician to Emperor Frederick, has issued a bulletin at Kronenberg stating that since the acute change for the worse in October last, her majesty's strength and general condition have slowly improved. She has had no fever at any time. She is fed sufficiently, but her sleep is disturbed by pain. Her chronic suffering has made but slight progress during the last month.

Postmasters appointed to-day: Montana—East Helena, Lewis and Clark county; S. W. Worthing, Wisconsin—Byrds Creek, Richland county; C. H. Thompson; Glen Haven, Grant county; J. L. Orr.

Another Kennedy Trial. District Attorney's Decision in the Murder Case. New York, Feb. 25.—After going over the evidence in the case of Dr. Samuel J. Kennedy, whose second trial for the alleged murder of Emeline Reynolds resulted last week in a disagreement, District Attorney Philbin to-day announced that defendant would be tried again.

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