

PRICE TWO CENTS. NO TERMS. THE BOERS MADE HAVOC. UNCONDITIONAL SURRENDER, A MOST OF MINNESOTA ESCAPED THE STORM.

LIKE THE CONFEDERACY TELEGRAPH WIRESDOWN. VARIETY OF SURRENDER RUMORS A FLOAT IN LONDON. COMMUNICATION WITH THE EAST ALL BUT IMPOSSIBLE.

BURGHERS SAID TO BE CHANGING REPAIRS MADE RAPIDLY. MANY, IT IS REPORTED, ARE PREPARING TO TAKE UP ARMS FOR THE BRITISH. MINNEAPOLIS WAS NOT TOUCHED BY THE BLIZZARD—HELP SENT FROM HERE.

London, March 11.—Unconditional surrender such as the United States demanded of the confederacy at the end of the civil war must be England's attitude toward the Boers, in the opinion of the Daily Mail.

This morning's issue of the paper, dealing editorially with the pending negotiations between General Botha and Lord Kitchener, says: The most that can be granted General Botha is the assurance that the Dutch leaders and generals will not be punished; in other words, the assurance of their personal safety.

There can be no stipulations bearing on the political situation of the Transvaal and the Orange colony. The British government must initiate the conduct of President Lincoln's administration, which, in 1863, refused to embarrass itself with pledges regarding the future organization of government in the conquered southern states.

Surrender Rumors. All sorts of reports are rife in London with reference to General Botha's capitulation. One of them states that the war office expects it to take place "this week." Dispatches from Amsterdam quote the members of Mr. Kruger's entourage as giving Tuesday "as the possible day of the surrender."

General Botha himself is said to be unwilling to submit at once, but he is experiencing difficulty in persuading his commandants of the wisdom of that course, some of them holding out for terms.

Lord Kitchener is in almost hourly communication with London regarding the situation. His instructions, emanating directly from the imperial cabinet, are understood to order him to stand firm for unconditional peace.

American Prisoner. London, March 11.—The Lorenzo Marques correspondent of the Daily Mail, in reporting the compulsory embarkation of surrendered Boers on a Portuguese transport, states that an American officer named Martinson objected to being taken to Lisbon and sought the protection of his consul, who appealed unavailingly to the governor. Martinson was then arrested and placed on the United States army to join the Boers.

BURGHERS CHANGE Report That They Are Taking Up Arms for the British. Bloemfontein, March 11.—De Wet is reported to be moving northward steadily at the rate of twenty-five miles a day, with a view of crossing the railway to the eastward, and he should now be west of Kroonstad.

Several small commands are in possession of the southeast portion of Orange River Colony, from which garrisons at Dewetsdorp, Weepster, Smithville and Rouxville have been withdrawn.



LOOK FOR A SPEEDY FINISH. It Is Reported That Mrs. Botha Is Conducting Peace Negotiations.

were blown down, and Chicago was practically isolated from the west and north-west by telephone and telegraph all day yesterday. It is estimated that 5,000 telegraph poles were blown down.

The storm is believed to have been the most severe in southern Wisconsin. Along a short stretch of the Milwaukee in southern Wisconsin 500 telegraph poles were down. Reports from many points in Indiana and Kentucky also indicate heavy damage from the storm.

Most of the shipping was protected in winter quarters, so that the damage done to it was slight. In Wisconsin. Neillsville—The most severe storm of the season prevailed here yesterday.

Eau Claire—About six inches of snow fell yesterday. The electric railway is operated with difficulty and trains are delayed. Chippewa Falls—A snowstorm raged all day. Trains are all delayed.

La Crosse—The worst snowstorm of the season occurred yesterday. A foot of snow has fallen by night, and a blizzard of heavy sleet and rain began yesterday.

Winona—The worst storm of the winter prevailed here yesterday. The snowfall was seven inches, and this, with a heavy wind, did great damage to the crops.

Grand Rapids—Yesterday's wind, sleet and rain almost paralyzed the state telephone service. The line of the Michigan Telephone company and broken poles were down and west, Iowa, all wires are down and west, Iowa, all wires are down and west, Iowa, all wires are down.

Chicago, March 11.—The boiler of the Doremus laundry, occupying part of the old Waterbury building on West Madison street, between Throop and Loomis streets, blew up about 8 o'clock this morning, and soon after 8 o'clock the building was in ruins.

TRIED TO SET FREE A "TRUSTY" CONVICT

Guard Cunningham, at the State Prison in Stillwater, May Join His Former Charges as a Comrade.

Inveigled Into a Conspiracy by Convict Leland and His Sweetheart, Miss Ada Hubbell ---Both Arrested.

Special to The Journal. Stillwater, Minn., March 11.—Patrick F. Cunningham, a guard at the prison, and Ada Hubbell, a woman of St. Paul, find themselves in the Washington county jail charged with a crime which seems likely to land both of them as convicts in the penitentiary.

The plans laid for the escape read like a novel and prove conclusively that the Hubbell woman is sharper than a razor, and that, like a spider weaving its web, she wove a spell around Cunningham, the guard, from which he could not escape.

As a result he is in custody awaiting the time when he will be a prisoner in the very prison where for more than a year he had been the trusted guardian of convicts. Cunningham, it seems, refused the bribe first offered, but his natural greed and the gib language of the woman at last overcame his scruples and he consented to join the conspirators and be a medium of communication, and more, between Leland and the woman.

The office in the twin shop, where Leland worked, was searched for evidence, but the only thing found was a lot of torn notes in a wastebasket. Some of these were carefully passed together and their contents confirmed all suspicions. One from the Hubbell woman, other from the woman outlined all the plans of the conspiracy and what was to be done with Leland after he was once outside the prison wall.

Cunningham was brought here and locked up, but all the details of the crime and the means taken to prove the conspiracy, were fully concealed until yesterday afternoon when Glennan arrived from St. Paul with two women, one of whom was Miss Hubbell and the other Miss Ada Cook of Minneapolis, Cunningham's sweetheart. It is not thought the latter had any share in the plot, but she will be held as a witness for the state and is likely to be an important one, as she at once handed over a package to the officials and agreed to do what she could to aid them.

Cunningham's home is at Caledonia, Minn., and he is about 32 years of age. He comes from a good family, has always borne a good reputation and has had the esteem and confidence of his associates. He feels his situation keenly and has broken down several times.

Leland, the prisoner, has been a "trusty" for some time. He was clerk in the twin shop and president of the Perian Chautauque Circle. It was planned that after Leland reached the guard house the key that was to be furnished him a rope ladder would be in readiness at the south wall, in the rear of the warder's house. Here his sweetheart, Miss Hubbell, was to have a carriage and a new suit of clothes ready for him.

Manila, March 11.—The trial of the nine natives charged with murdering Quinsimbin, president of Calamba, because he was friendly to the Americans, discloses how the insurgents terrorized the natives even in the territory occupied by Americans.

Iowa City, Iowa, March 11.—Fire destroyed the medical building of the Iowa state university at 2:30 o'clock this morning while the wind was blowing fifty miles an hour. The building was a mass of ruins within forty-five minutes. The loss will reach \$200,000.

TREATY IS REJECTED IT FAILED TO REVOLVE WELL

England's Reply to Senate Amendments. Plight of the Minneapolis Revolving Fund.

DELIVERED TO MR. HAY \$300,000.00 IS MISSING

Rejection of Senate Amendments is Complete. There Has Been No Malversation Involved.

NEXT STEP LEFT TO AMERICA BUT THE LAW WAS NOT OBEYED

British Answer Reflects the Wish for an International Isthmian Canal. Besides the Amount Diverted the Haugan Shortage Amounts to Nearly \$60,000.

Washington, March 11.—The answer of the British government to the Hay-Pauncefote treaty amendment made by the senate was received to-day by the British ambassador and communicated to Secretary Hay.

It probably reflects the earnest wishes of the British government to have Nicaragua waterways international in character, instead of confined to the United States.

The British answer is a dignified but complete rejection of the senate amendments, and it leaves upon the United States government the responsibility for any further action.

Chicago, March 11.—The boiler of the Doremus laundry, occupying part of the old Waterbury building on West Madison street, between Throop and Loomis streets, blew up about 8 o'clock this morning, and soon after 8 o'clock the building was in ruins.

Eight Bodies Have Already Been Taken From the Ruins.

DOREMUS LAUNDRY IN CHICAGO Fully Twenty-five Are Injured, Some of Whom Are Likely to Die.

Chicago, March 11.—The boiler of the Doremus laundry, occupying part of the old Waterbury building on West Madison street, between Throop and Loomis streets, blew up about 8 o'clock this morning, and soon after 8 o'clock the building was in ruins.

The following is a list of the dead so far as known: EMMA SEABRAZKI, 18 years old. MINNIE OLSEN, 36 years old. GEORGE PHIL, engineer. PHANX HAUMMAN. BRESSIE KINGMAN, 15 years old. MARTHA JACOBI, 21 years of age. KATHERINE KELLY, 18 years of age. ONE UNKNOWN, UNIDENTIFIED MAN.

One of two people are supposed to be buried in the smoking ruins, including William Dean, aged 10, who was in his father's restaurant at the time of the explosion, and has not been seen since.

The following laundry employees are reported as missing: Kate Coliers. Tornado in Texas. Will's Point, Texas, March 11.—A tornado passed through the west side of this place at 11 o'clock Saturday morning, demolishing everything in its track.

Four persons are dead and about twenty injured. Fourteen dwelling-houses were entirely ruined and a number of others are badly wrecked. The public school building is a total wreck. The cotton oil mill is damaged and the largest gin plant is in ruins.

Wind in Kentucky. Fulton, Ky., March 11.—At Clinton, twenty negro cabins were demolished, two negroes being mortally injured. Part of Marvin college was unroofed, and the waterworks plant was destroyed and eight freight cars were blown from the track. At Hickman, the Baptist church was destroyed by wind.

TORTURED BY THE REBELS FIRE AT IOWA UNIVERSITY

THEY KILL FRIENDLY FILIPINOS MEDICAL BUILDING IN RUINS

Some Are Buried Alive—They Are Active Even Within American Territory. Building Is Burned Within Forty-five Minutes—Loss is \$200,000.

Manila, March 11.—The trial of the nine natives charged with murdering Quinsimbin, president of Calamba, because he was friendly to the Americans, discloses how the insurgents terrorized the natives even in the territory occupied by Americans.

Members of the secret society known as Manduocata systematically abducted and killed Filipinos favoring American rule. In two months the Calamba Manduocatas killed forty-nine natives. The victims usually were buried alive. Fear kept the people silent.

An officer, General Calles, organized and directed the operations of the Manduocatas in Calamba, Byng and other towns in Laguna province. The ringleaders were arrested and many suspects were held pending an investigation. The arrests effectually checked the operations of the Manduocatas.

TAKE OFF WHEAT DUTY. Rome, March 11.—At a meeting of 3,000 radicals and socialists, it was resolved to appeal to the government to abolish the duty on wheat.

SPANISH GUNBOAT WRECKED. Madrid, March 11.—It is reported that the gunboat Ponce de Leon has been wrecked on the bar at Huelva. The cruiser Nueva Espana has gone to her assistance.

MUNICIPAL LIGHT PLANT New Uim to Vote on a Proposition to Issue Bonds. Special to The Journal. New Uim, Minn., March 11.—The city council has decided to submit to the electors a proposition to vote on the issuing of \$30,000 in bonds for the purpose of building a municipal electric light plant.

Salary a Million a Year New York Sun Special Service. New York, March 11.—Instead of the modest \$800,000 a year reported as his remuneration for presiding over the affairs of the United States Steel corporation, Charles M. Schwab will draw a salary of \$1,000,000.