MINNESOTA LEGISLATURE

BONUS FOR SCRIBES SIMPLY IGNORED IT

Senate Knocks Out the "Hoary Old Steal."

JOURNAL AND TIMES DECLINED

Not Enough Friends of the Measure to Suspend the Rules.

The state senate adjourned sine die at 12:30 to-day, after the usual courtesies. Senator Stockton was again chosen president of the senate. On behalf of the senate, Senator Young, in an eloquent speech, presented Lieutenant Governor Smith with a set of Motley's works, and Senator Johnson presented Secretary Langum with a copy of the senate photographic group. The usual set of "josh" resolutions was read, and hilarity prevailed.

One time-honored custom was departed from, that of appropriating $150 for representatives of the daily papers. The practice was denominated this morning as a "hoary old steal," and came in for some other hard knocks. A resolution had been introduced yesterday by Senator Brower, voting $150 to the representatives of all the dailies except those of the Times and The Journal, who had declined to "come in." A similar resolution was introduced in the house, and the committees on legislative expenses held a joint session and decided to discontinue the practice.

The committee reported the Brower resolution appropriating $150 apiece for the senate reporters for indefinite postponement this morning, and Chairman Roverud moved its adoption. Senator Brower moved as a substitute the adoption of the resolution. It requires a three-fourths vote to turn down the report of this committee, and Senator Ives moved that the rule be suspended, which only requires a two-thirds vote. The chair ruled the supension of the rules in order, in spite of protests from Johnson, Knatvold and Roverud. The motion to suspend the rules failed by a vote of 36 to 20, 42 affirmative votes being required. The vote was as follows:

Ayes—	
Benedict,	McGovern,
Brower,	McGowan,
Buckman,	McNamee,
Coller,	Meilicke,
Daugherty,	Miller,
Dickey,	Myran,
Gausewitz,	Potter,
Grindeland,	Reeves,
Grue,	Schaller,
Halvorson,	Sheehan,
Hawkins,	Smith, E. E.,
Horton,	Smith, J. H.,
Hospes,	Snyder,
Ives,	Stockton,
Jepson,	Thompson,
Jones, J. D.,	Underleak,
McCarthy,	Viesselman,
McGill,	Young.—36.
Nays—	
Baldwin,	Knatvold,
Barker,	Larson,
Batz,	Lord,
Chilton,	Nixon,
Dart,	Roverud,
Du Toit,	Shell,
Everett,	Somerville,
Fitzpatrick,	Stockwell,
Johnson,	Sweningsen,
Jones, E. J.,	Wilson—20.

Baldwin changed his vote to no for purpose of reconsideration.

Senator Wilson, in explaining his vote, said that the legislature had no legal or constitutional right to vote away the people's money. A custom had grown up, but the present was as good a time as any to break away, and to let it be understood in the future that the practice was discontinued. Two papers in Minneapolis, he said, had declared against the custom, and that fact had considerable weight with the committee in forming its decision.

Senator Baldwin moved a reconsideration, which was lost, 20 to 31, and on the adoption of the committee report the vote was 25 to 31. As 48 negative votes are required to turn down the committee report, it was carried.

The only extra stipends allowed were to the two telephone girls, who received $150 each.

Dr. Jordan Honored.

Governor Van Sant reported the appointment of Dr. C. M. Jordan of Minneapolis as a member of the state high school board, and the senate promptly confirmed it.

Senator Underleak tried to revive the national park project by a resolution declaring the legislature in favor of the proposition in case the investigation into the matter shows the project practicable. Daugherty gave notice of debate, and made some heated remarks. Snyder deprecated the raising of such a Banquo's ghost, and Underleak laid it by, withdrawing his resolution.

A "Josh" for Minneapolis.

Senator Ives, the senate wag, added to the hilarity by introducing a bill attaching the east side of Minneapolis to St. Paul, to take effect when Minneapolis attains the remarkable increase in population predicted by General Wilson in his speech against the reapportionment bill.

Senators Daugherty, McGill and J. D. Jones waited on the governor, and reported that he had no further matters to bring up, and they brought a similar message from the house. Adjournment was taken on motion of Senator Shell.

VETERANS' BILL KILLED

Peterson's Bill for Soldiers' Home Vets Defeated in Senate.

No increase in the pension money allowance to the old civil war survivors at the Soldiers' home was granted by the legislature. The Peterson bill allowing the retention of $8 per month met its death in the senate last night.

GROWING CHILDRLN.

The Period When the Nervous Activity Is at Its Greatest.

The Home Doctor.

"Against the practice of giving tea and coffee to children, we cannot speak too strongly. Childhood is the period when the nervous activity is at its greatest. The brain is ever busy receiving new impressions, Reflex action, co-ordination of muscles, and the special senses are all under a special course of training.

The nervous system is pushed to its utmost capacity, and long is the list of victims that follow its over-stimulation. In these little people nothing but harm can come from the use of such cerebral stimulants as tea or coffee. Bad, then, as this practice is, let us as physicians be aggressive in its prohibition.

Do not be satisfied by answering "No," when asked as to its use, but let us teach the families with whom we come in contact that such practice is evil. We speak emphatically, because not only among the poor and uneducated, but among the rich, who should know better, this practice is marvellously prevalent."

Children like a warm beverage for breakfast and it is well for them to have it if the drink is a food and not a drug.

Postum Food Coffee is made to supply a rich, nourishing liquid food with a crisp coffee taste, for those who cannot and should not use coffee. Analysis shows it to contain about fourteen per cent of muscle-forming elements and 66.11 per cent of energy and fat-producing elements, which go to nourish and sustain the delicate nerve centers throughout the body and from which the vital energy proceeds.

The supreme importance of proper food in place of drugs is not generally understood, but the success of child or adult depends largely upon proper sustenance for the body. Children who depend upon the intelligence of their elders to furnish them with good food deserve our most careful attention and thought upon this subject.

SIMPLY IGNORED IT

House Refuses to Consider Laybourn's Resolution of Censure.

HE INSISTS, BUT IT IS IN VAIN

Newspaper Men Fail to Draw Their Usual Prizes—The Speaker Properly "Jollied."

Almost the last official act of the house of representatives was to decline to consider the Laybourn resolution censuring the two members who were bold enough to state upon the floor during the fight on the gross earnings bill their belief that improper means were being used to secure its defeat. Just before noon Mr. Dorsey moved to expunge the resolution from the record. The house finally laid that motion upon the table, but not until Mr. Laybourn had tried every resource to force a direct vote.

Messrs. Jacobson, J. A. Peterson and Washburn sat quietly in their seats well knowing that Laybourn's substitute motion could never be carried.

Laybourn's Aggressiveness.

The original motion by Mr. Dorsey was followed immediately by a display of aggressiveness on the part of Mr. Laybourn. He insisted that his original resolution be adopted. Numerous members had besought him to leave the resolution in its original status. He would have been willing to do so though against his judgment, he said, had it not been for this indefensible action on the part of Mr. Dorsey; members of the house had suffered from unreasonable, unwarranted and unjust charges, from false and scandalous accusations and the vote of censure was merited.

To prevent trouble the speaker officially announced that the hour of 12 was at hand and that it was his duty to adjourn the house, but Mr. Laybourn persistently kept the floor. S. D. Peterson moved to adjourn a few minutes later, but the doughty Duluth member would not yield. He declared that long service in the legislature (referring to Mr. Jacobson) did not justify libelous statements, even though made in the heat of debate.

Frequent Outbreaks.

Mr. Laybourn has been frequently interrupted by outbreaks on the part of his fellow members and there was a growing restlessness. Dunn of Ramsey, an opponent of the gross earnings bill, declared that at this stage the resolution could not be safely discussed. He moved, therefore, to lay the motion to expunge the resolution from the records on the table, and it was carried with a resounding roar of "ayes." The negative vote was pitifully weak and small.

Nothing for Newspaper Men.

For the first time in many years the newspaper reporters will go away from the legislature empty-handed. Chairman Larson of the committee on legislative expenses, refused to call a meeting to act upon a resolution introduced by Mr. Dobbin allowing the newspaper men $150 each, and as a result the resolution failed, it being impossible to command enough votes to carry it under suspension of the rules. Mr. Plowman, a member of the minority, fiercely denounced the time-honored custom.

Some Drew Prizes.

The committee on legislative expenses did report a number of gratuities. Those who received the bounty of the state were:

Simon Michelet, clerk of the judiciary committee, $150; George H. Spear, first assistant clerk, $150; Jans S. Arneson, second assistant clerk, $150; Jacob Grøvstad, Martin Nelson, Margaret Waper, Annie Ryan, Philomena Morgan and Susie M. Johnson, $25 each; John T. Jones, reading clerk, W. W. Wall, engrossing clerk, all doorkeepers and assistants, the file clerk and the janitor, $100; Mrs. Caroline Hammond, $150; Rose F. Chase, stenographer, $75; J. H. Blood, $50; the pages of the house, $3 per day.

Formal Adjournment.

There was more or less formality about the adjournment. The speaker, just before the motion was put, addressed the house briefly reviewing the "very satisfactory work" of the session, commenting upon the character of the bills passed, the dispatch with which the house had transacted its business, and the generally satisfactory way in which responsible duties had been attended to. A committee from the senate, Messrs. Jones and Daugherty, waited upon the house to apprise it of the fact that the upper chamber stood ready to adjourn and to inquire if there was an communication to be made.

The speaker answered that there was nothing to communicate save that the house likewise stood ready to close its doors. Messrs. Roberts, Jacobson and Laybourn were named to visit the governor and learn his further intentions, and a report having been made that there was no communication to be expected from the chief executive, the house, on motion of Mr. Smith, adjourned.

The customary resolutions thanking the speaker for uniform fairness and courtesy, and expressing appreciation of the efficient service of the various employes, were adopted. Mr. Sweet of Hennepin presented Chief Clerk Schmahl with a large and handsomely framed group of the members. Mr. Schmahl responded in a neat little speech.

Sikorski's Last.

The hour of adjournment was 12:37. Before leaving the members held a social session, with Sherman Smith of Minneapolis in the chair. Mr. Sikorski of Winona was induced to explain to the house why his fish bill was defeated in the senate. He said, in his inimitable dialect:

By golly, the house is the poor man's friend. This Mr. Senate, he fill his pockets with money. If Mr. Senator ever go to the river and fall in, I hope poor people never fish him out of water. Before election Mr. Senate kissed the poor man's hand; after election he don't know him.

The laughter at this point was so loud that the member from Winona was forced to discontinue.

HOUSE GLAD TO QUIT

Celebrates the Conclusion Last Night With a "Rough House."

The house was busy less than half an hour last evening, though its sitting continued for twice that length of time. The business of the session was confined to concurrence in senate amendments to house bills, to the passage of a trio of measures under suspension of the rules, and work in committee of the whole. The adjournment followed upon the defeat of a motion by Mr. Jacobson to suspend the rules and put the Knatvold primary election bill upon its final passage.

The Duluth interests were afraid of S. F. 552, by Senator Miller, a bill in line with his resolution instructing the attorney general to investigate railroad consolidation at the head of the lakes. There was also a well-defined opposition to several other measures certain to come up once the track had been cleared. Consequently, when the motion to suspend the rules to take up the primary election bill had been defeated, Mr. Jacobson moved to adjourn.

The consolidated strength of these forces began to roll up an affirmative vote. The speaker declared the house adjourned at exactly 10:14. Pandemonium followed, though the disorder was not so great as in the senate.

The Barker senate bill making an additional appropriation for the office of the public examiner suffered along with the Knatvold primary election bill. At this almost universal regret was expressed.

Bouquets From W. C. T. U.

Handsome bouquets of roses were sent the legislature this morning by the ladies of

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the W. C. T. U. of the state as a token of their thanks for the passage of the detention hospital bill, which applies to the three largest counties. By it the board of control is required to secure a ward in some hospital in each county where persons may be sent pending a decision as to their sanity.

SENATORS AT PLAY

A Group of Frisky Solons Prevent Transaction of Business.

For two hours last night a group of senators with Sheehan, of St. Paul, as the center, kept the senate chamber in a turmoil. It was very trying to the majority, who were trying to do business. After tolerating the confusion and horse play for two hours the majority adjourned in disgust.

Long before 10 o'clock senators, gray or bald, began to throw paper balls at each other. After a time a big paper basket rose in the air somewhere between Sam Lord and Ripley Brower and then all dignity was cast to the winds over in their corner. Everything throwable was thrown, even the tin cuspidor. Every one who spoke was a target for all kinds of missiles. Speakers and roll calls were interrupted in every conceivable way. A basket was jammed over Senator Ryder's head. It afforded a fine protection from missiles, which came thick and fast, but he delivered his speech from behind the wicker mask as unconcerned and unharmed as when the senate was on its dignity. Even Senators Wilson and McGill had to smile at some of the sallies, as when the "kids" advised Stockwell to change his name when he complained because it was near the end of the alphabetical list.

"The chair will now recognize Senator Nixon," announced Senator Wilson.

"He will have a hard job doing it," shouted the gay revelers in chorus, as they buried Nixon in an avalanche of paper. When the frolic was over there were several inches of paper on the floor, and most of it had once been very fine lithographed stationery at that.

PASSED BY THE HOUSE

The Lower Body Takes Action on Several Senate Measures.

The house worked through a large grist of senate bills last night just before adjournment. They are in addition to the list of bills awaiting the signature of the governor, given on page 16 of this issue, and are as follows:

S. F. 129, McKusick—To amend the statutes relating to forfeiture of lands illegally held.

S. F. 254, Schaller—Relating to fees of justices of the peace.

S. F. 527, Somerville—Providing for the incorporation of grand and subordinate lodges of A. O. U. W., and state and local camps of the M. W. A., and grand and subordinate lodges of the C. S. B. P. J.

S. F. 321, Lord—To amend laws relating to the time of the commencement of actions.

S. F. 359, Wilson—Relating to admission to the bar.

S. F. 365, Schaller—To authorize county auditors to execute certificates of sale in certain cases.

S. F. 460 (substitute for S. F. 335)—Relating to the practice of veterinary medicine, surgery and dentistry.

S. F. 188, Sweningsen—To regulate the practice of optometry.

S. F. 107, Barker—Relating to deeds of sheriffs on sales made by predecessor.

S. F. 296, Young—To legalize conveyances by husband and wife by separate deeds of the same real estate.

S. F. 268—To docketing judgments, transcripts and liens on real estate.

S. F. 374, Batz—To amend the probate code.

S. F. 325, Benedict—To amend an act in relation to the manufacture and sale of lard and of lard compounds and substitutes.

S. F. 488, Hospes—Relating to the equalization of taxes by county boards.

S. F. 421, Larson—To regulate the sale of intoxicating liquors in certain cases.

S. F. 367—To legalize the foreclosure of mortgages by advertisement, where the power of attorney to foreclose the same has not been executed or where the same has not been recorded or filed for record until after the mortgage foreclosure sale.

S. F. 273, Grindeland—To determine the heirship to the government homestead of a deceased homestead settler in cases where the heirs make final proof, and to assign the homestead land.

S. F. 475, Smith, E. E.—Relating to requiring notice to the vendee or purchaser of land in certain cases.

S. F. 502.—To appoint a commission to investigate the advisability of establishing a state sanatorium for consumptives.

S. F. 236, Johnson—To provide for a suitable place of burial for indigent insane soldiers and sailors of the War of the Rebellion and of the war with Spain, and of the wives and widows of such soldiers.

S. F. 535, Greer—To authorize the appointment of a board of park commissioners in cities having a population of 10,000 or less.

S. F. 482, Daly—To empower cities and villages to codify and publish laws, charters, ordinances, resolutions, rules and by-laws, and to validate the same when defective in publication and proof.

S. F. 449, Shell—Relating to the issuance of bonds for the erection of public buildings by cities, boroughs or villages.

S. F. 246, Somerville—Relating to public libraries and reading-rooms.

S. F. 503 (substitute for S. F. 244) Judiciary—Relating to the powers of the certain corporation, in the matter of the transmission of electric energy or current for heat, light and power purposes, over public highways and otherwise.

S. F. 491, Coller—Regulating fraternal beneficiary societies, orders or associations.

S. F. 328, Fitzpatrick—Authorizing cities to make local improvements, etc.

S. F. 399, Daly—Providing for the increase of the number of members which constitute the school board in cities of more than 5,000 and less than 50,000.

S. F. 489, Chilton—To protect persons detained under information alleging insanity.

S. F. 350, Smith, J. H.—Relating to the record of deeds in certain cases.

S. F. 406, Hospes—To provide for the management of the state prison at Stillwater.

S. F. 471, Grindeland—Authorizing boards of county comissioners in certain cases to allow county treasurers compensation for clerk hire.

S. F. 155, Jepson—For the relief of George P. Dodd, and to appropriate money therefor.

S. F. 342, Schaller—Relating to co-operative life endowment.

S. F. 219, Brown—Amending the statutes relating to common carriers.

S. F. 459, Greer—Fixing the compensation of the assistant adjutant general.

S. F. 297, Ives—Amending the Grindeland law licensing commission merchants.

S. F. 486, Horton—Amending the act relating to savings banks.

S. F. 480, Thompson—Amending the act relating to public highways in townships.

S. F. 469, Wilson—Amending the act relating to liens for labor on logs.

S. F. 546, Schaller—Authorizing cities to impose a license fee on persons selling merchandise for a limited period of time.

Killed Forest Reserve Bill.

Two attempts were made to save the forest reserve memorial in the house yesterday, but, unfortunately for all the people interested in the movement, a rule adopted by the senate in the morning gave the enemies an unfair advantage, and they did not hesitate to avail themselves of the opportunity. The rule in question called provided for a roll call of the senate, and as each name was announced, the senator was to be allowed to select a bill, and if there was no opposition, the rules were suspended by unanimous consent and the measure placed on its final passage.

Stockwell and Underleak were naturally near the end of the list, while Baldwin, Daugherty and McCarthy came early. Having been accorded special privileges for pet measures, they selfishly and ungratefully denied their consent to a suspension of the rules. It, therefore, became necessary to put the question to the vote, but the motion was lost by 40 to 14, as 42, or a two-thirds majority are required. The bill would have passed if decided on its merits, but a small minority of fourteen were able to defeat the proposition because it happened to come up on the last day.

Sikorski's Bill Defeated.

Sikorski of Winona was allowed to speak on his favorite bill, permitting fishing with nets in the Mississippi river, in the senate yesterday afternoon. His bill was turned down by a vote of 29 to 15.

Knatvold's Insurance Bill.

Senator Knatvold tried to secure the passage of a bill for the revision of the insurance laws of the state, but met with considerable opposition. The bill was really a book of about thirty pages, and the senators who would have voted for it had they had time for examination, adopted the rule of voting no on propositions which they did not understand, and killed the bill.

Increase Knocked Out.

The legislature adjourned without making any increase in the membership of either house. The Larson bill, which passed the house, created a new district out of Redwood and Lyon counties and added one representative each for the forty-second and forty-third districts, in Hennepin county. The senate last night amended it by striking out the increase in Hennepin, but did so too late for the house to agree on the amendment and repass the bill.

Change in Plumbers' Laws.

Labor Commissioner O'Donnell, assisted by Michael Neary, worked hard for a bill relating to plumbers, and secured its passage last evening. It provides a system of fines and generally improves the present laws. An effort was made to have the law apply to the whole state, but Senator Miller caught on to the change just in time and had all cities under 10,000 exempted, as in the present law.

CALENDAR OF THE SESSION

Jan. 7—House and senate caucuses; Knute Nelson nominated for senator for the long term, and M. J. Dowling named for speaker.
Jan. 8—Both houses met and organized.
Jan. 9—Inauguration of Governor Van Sant.
Jan. 10—Agreement for a senatorial caucus signed. Senate holds up Lind's recess appointments.
Jan. 15—Standing committees appointed.
Jan. 17—Hurd bill introduced.
Jan. 18—Senatorial caucus meets and takes fourteen ballots without result.
Jan. 19—Moses E. Clapp nominated for United States senator for the short term, to succeed Cushman K. Davis.
Jan. 22—Wineroom bill and anti-cigarette bill introduced in the senate.
Jan. 31—Senate refuses to confirm three of Lind's recess appointments.
Feb. 1—House decides Blair-Mahood election case in favor of Mahood.
Feb. 2—Rival reapportionment plans announced in The Journal.
Feb. 5—Joint committee on reapportionment holds first meeting.
Feb. 6—Hurd bill passes the house, 97-14.
Feb. 9—Deming parole bill introduced.
Feb. 13.—Senate dispenses with services of J. S. Vandiver as a committee clerk.
Bill carrying $1,000,000 more for the state capitol introduced.
Feb. 14.—Road and bridge bills held up by senate committee.
Feb. 18—Jacobson introduces railroad gross earnings bill.—Memorial services for Senator Davis held in house chamber.
Feb. 20—Senate passes tax commission bill.—Subcommittee on reapportionment announces its plan.
Feb. 26—Senator Young introduces early adjournment resolution.
Feb. 27.—House judiciary committee decides to work for revision of the statutes.—Joint committee adopts reapportionment plan.
March 2—Sweet five-sixths jury bill defeated, 55 to 50.
March 4—Republican caucus agrees on adjournment April 5.
March 5—Senate passes early adjournment resolution.
March 6—Legislature visits university.—Board of control bill reported to pass.
March 11—Houses passes primary election bill.
March 12.—Senate passes Hurd oil inspection bill.
March 14—Tax commission named.—House passes board of control bill.
March 20—Jacobson charges corruption in connection with gross earnings bill. House votes for investigation. Speaker rules that the bill cannot be referred to the tax commission. Minority report lost, 50 to 64.
March 21—Gross earnings bill amended and laid on table. Majority report referring substance of bill to the tax commission carried, 61 to 50.
March 22—Reapportionment bill passed.—Board of control bill passed senate.
March 23—April 12 agreed on as the date for final adjournment.—Hurd bill finally passed.
March 26—Senate kills anti-cigarette bill.
March 27—Gross earnings bill taken from table, 57 to 56, and made a special order.—Highway commission bill killed.
March 29—House passes gross earnings bill, 78 to 36.—Senate passes Deming parole bill.
April 1—Bribery investigation committee begins examination of witnesses.
April 2—Governor signs board of control bill and names members of board.—House kills beet-sugar bounty bill.
April 3—Senate passes primary election bill.—Governor requests introduction of beet-sugar bounty bill.
April 4—Senate passes gross earnings bill under suspension of the rules, 53 to 8.—House kills tax ferret bill and negotiable instrument bill.
April 5—Both houses pass primary election bill with amendments.—Bribery investigation committee reports.
April 6—Laybourn introduces resolution censuring Washburn and Jacobson.—Deming parole bill killed by the house, after being recalled from governor's hands.
April 8—Omnibus appropriation bill completed.
April 9—Senator Miller introduces resolution calling for investigation of steel trust consolidation of iron range roads.—Torrens law passed.
April 10—Miller resolution passed.—Revision of statutes passed.
April 11—Last day for passage of bills.
April 12—Final adjournment.

VAN SANT AND DUNN

They Unite in Praising the Work of the Session.

Governor Van Sant is elated over the record made by the session. He said this morning:

"The legislature has covered itself with glory. It has started the new century well, as I predicted in my message. By the way, practically every recommendation I made to the legislature has been carried out.

"My principal recommendations were the tax commission, the board of control, and the primary election bill. The first we expect to bring us money, the second to save us money. Over and above all the measures of the session in importance to the people is the primary election bill, which gives the people an opportunity to choose their own candidates for office."

State Auditor Dunn said: "In all my experience of twenty-five years in Minnesota, there has never been a legislature that has enacted so much good legislation, so much that the people want. For the most part, the work they have done has been beyond criticism.

"All the legislation I have recommended has been adopted except some unimportant matters. My main hobbies were the tax commission, board of control and the gross earnings bill. I recommended the last in my report two years ago, and have been exceedingly anxious to see it passed. It went through in fine shape, and The Journal contributed no small share to that result. Whether the bill is constitutional or not, this legislature has done its duty. There was no use in referring that bill to the tax commission. That was not my idea at all when I recommended the commission. By the way, I am expecting great results from that tax commission. They are splendid men and are going at the work in earnest.

"We have kept expense down so that next year the tax levy will be the lowest in the history of the state. The appropriations have been large, but I think we can keep within bounds.

"The senate has done well this winter. Splendid records have been made in the house by Jacobson, Anderson, Peterson, Roberts, Ward and others. This legislature has certainly set the mark."

ALL SMILES FOR ELOPERS

Bride Is Welcomed and Bridegroom Gets a Good Position.

Boston, April 12.—A flutter has been caused in Boston's best social circles by the discovery of the secret marriage of Carl Hayes, a Harvard graduate and the son of a prominent family, to Miss Florence Agnes Gallagher, a pretty stenographer. Mr. Hayes, who is 22 years old, met Miss Gallagher in this city about a year ago while attached to the local office of Vermilye & Co.

The marriage ceremony was performed in Providence, R. I., March 23. He is an only son, and it is related that he was readily forgiven, and the family's new daughter was welcomed. Vermilye & Co. were much pleased with Mr. Hayes, and offered him a good position in their New York office, which he had promptly accepted. So Mr. and Mrs. Hayes are now living in the Harlem end of that city.

PUNY CHILDREN

TOO MANY OF THEM DIE.

Their Little Bodies Unable to Stand the Ordeal of Development.

WE THINK EVERY MOTHER IN THIS TOWN SHOULD KNOW ABOUT VINOL.

It is the Delicious Tonic We Advise for Growing Children.

Is your boy or girl pale and listless? Do they act differently from other children? Do they sleep poorly and eat poorly? Does your boy avoid the sports and games of other boys? Does your girl complain of headache and find her studies a hardship?

If so, you may make up your mind they are growing too fast. They need something to help nature in her great work of furnishing the necessary elements for creating flesh and muscle tissue, bone structure and rich, pure, red blood.

They need a tonic in the full sense of the word and we can tell you what to get.

It is Vinol Wine of Cod-Liver Oil, the great modern reconstructor. Children like it, it is so delicious to the taste, in spite of the fact that it contains a highly concentrated extract of the medicinal principles that are found in cod-liver oil.

But because the vile-smelling and tasting grease has been discarded and all of the other disagreeable features eliminated, the benefits of Vinol are easily understood.

Vinol acts favorably on the stomach, creates an appetite and enables the food that is eaten to do the greatest possible amount of good.

Following is a letter that bears directly on this subject:

"I was all run down and took Vinol. It did me so much good and it was so pleasant to take that I gave it to my children. They were growing fast and needed something in the way of a tonic and I found it to be just the thing for them."—SARAH PICKERING, 1932 Fall River, Mass.

We cordially invite mothers interested in the welfare of their children, as well as any one else needing a sure, safe and delicious tonic, rebuilder and rejuvenator, to call on us. We will gladly tell any one all we know about Vinol and why we so highly endorse it.

Inasmuch as we are always ready and pleased to refund the cost of Vinol to those who don't find it exactly what we claim it to be, it will be seen that we are prepared to substantially endorse our claims for the excellence of this marvelous preparation.

THE VOEGELI BROS. DRUG CO.,
Prescription Druggists, 2 & 4 Wash. Av. S. Cor. Hennepin.

STEVENS' BILL LOST

Primary Bill of the Administration Slain by Wis. Senators.

HAGEMEISTER SUBSTITUTE GOES

Principle of the Measure Applies Only to Counties—Great Rally of the Forces.

Madison, Wis., April 12. — By a majority of seven last evening the senate killed Assemblyman Stevens' primary election bill after a long debate. The vote on concurrence on this bill was 13 for and 20 against, as follows:

Ayes—Anson, Burns, Fearne, Hatton, Knudson, McGillivray, Martin, Miller, Mills, Munson, Stebbins, Stout, Wolff—13.

Nays—Bissel, Devos, Eaton, Gaveney, Green, Hagemeister, Harris, Jacobs, Jones, Krentzer, McDonough, Morse, Mosher, O'Neil, Reynolds, Riordan, Roehr, Weed, Whitehead, Willy—20.

The vote then fell upon the substitute to the Stevens bill, which is known as the Hagemeister substitute, making the principle apply only to counties and excluding judicial elections. An amendment to this was adopted, to apply the referendum to it so that counties can vote upon the bill at the election in 1902. This was adopted by 19 to 14.

On the vote for final passage of the amended substitute, the roll showed 19 for and 14 against, being practically a reversal of the first vote, recorded above, except that Mills voted aye and Jones and Jacobs went on record against the proposition to apply to counties alone.

Before this vote was taken several amendments were offered in the hope of meeting objections, but all were defeated, both sides remaining solid. Senator Whitehead's speech closing the debate for the stalwarts was by far the best speech of the entire discussion.

Senator McGillivray made the closing and most pretensious speech favoring the bill, but presented no new arguments. He laid great emphasis upon the binding force of party pledges.

The assembly ordered Roe's bill, placing all drinks containing 1 per cent or over of alcohol in the class of intoxicating liquors, to the third reading to-day after a sharp fight. The vote was 53 to 36. This bill is intended to protect no license towns from so-called "strong beers."

Assembly Will Not Concur.

The Hagemeister substitute primary election bill was passed by the senate last night, applying the primary system to county officers only and then with the referendum, did not reach the assembly for concurrence to-day, not being engrossed. When it does it will probably go to a committee and another effort for compromise will be made. The assembly will not concur in the bill as passed by the senate.

With seventy-six bills on the calendar the assembly spent nearly four hours to-day wrestling with two. The Cody bill, declaring marriage between whites and negroes illegal, was killed after much discussion, and then the osteopathy bill was taken up. After repeated amendments and roll calls and attempts at a call of the house, the bill was finally laid over to Wednesday.

Both houses adjourned to Monday night.

GREENFIELD HAS A CASE.

Special to The Journal.

Baraboo, Wis., April 12.—A case of smallpox has appeared in the family of Mr. Bentz in Greenfield. Several people have been exposed and are all in quarantine.

To Prevent Pneumonia and Grip
Laxative Bromo-Quinine removes the cause.

SEND NO MONEY, NOT ONE CENT; but select from the following memorandum the Bicycle you want, order it any way you may wish it, and we will ship it to your station if you live within 500 miles of Minneapolis, and you can examine it at your freight or express office and if not found as represented, return it at our expense. If found as represented, pay your freight or express agent the amount of same and charges, and the Bicycle is yours. Viz: $25.00 Bicycles for $11.75, new 1901 models. $35.00 Bicycles for $15.47, new 1901 models. $40.00 Bicycles for $17.67, new 1901 models. $45.00 Bicycles for $21.97, new 1901 models. $50.00 Bicycles for $23.97, new 1901 models. Or, send us 2 cents and receive our complete Bicycle Catalogue, giving price and description of all grades of Bicycles; also price and description of tires and everything used for repairing Bicycles. Let us hear from you at once, either with an order for a "Bike" or a catalogue, and we will do you good.
T. M. ROBERTS' SUPPLY HOUSE, 717-719-721 Nicollet Av., Minneapolis, Minn.

Surprise Special Sale No. 208

At the Surprise Store for One Week Only, Beginning To-morrow, Saturday, and Ending Next Friday.

MEN'S FINE FANCY STRIPED FLANNEL

Cheviot Suits

Truly an offering that is amazing to see—elegant striped Flannel finished Cheviots, in Oxford gray and blue—the very newest style of this season—cut by artists and made by expert union tailors—A fit equal to that of the finest custom-made suits assured to everyone at

Week Beginning Saturday **$5** Ending Next Friday

A Marvelous Variety of Styles and Patterns in Men's Spring Suits are here at—

$3, $5, $7.50, $10, $12 and $15

These suits were made up in The Surprise Store's factory—after the latest models of its own fashion designers. Specimens are on show in the artistic display windows. The fit and general effect of these garments are perfectly amazing to every one. The materials are selected from the best showings of the world's greatest weavers. Every garment is guaranteed in every respect.

Newest styles in Men's Spring Overcoats at $5, $7.50, $10, $12 and $15, include the very latest models and most popular shades in all wool Vicuna, Covert and Thibet Cloth.

Young Men's and Boys' Outfitting is so Easy and Inexpensive at The Surprise Store.

Boys' three Piece Knee Pant Suits, consisting of coat, vest and pants, $4, $4.50, $5 and $6.50. Boys' Suits with long pants, $5, $6.50, $7.50 and $8.50. Boys' Knee Pant Suits in vestee and double-breasted styles at $1, $1.50, $2, $2.50 and up to $5, include every new style and fabric.

The Spring Style Hats

of pure all fur materials, in Derby and Fedora shapes, at **98c and $1.48,**

The popular Golf and Straight Brim Soft Hats, in all the new shades, at

98c, $1.48 and $1.98

Velour Felt, super finished Derby and Fedora Hats,

$1.98, $2.48 and $3.00.

Never hesitate to bring back any article bought here. No one has ever been required to give an explanation when asking for exchange or refund. We are not merely willing but anxious to keep your Clothing in repair, in order that garments bought here will be a constant source of satisfaction to you. We press or repair your Clothing as often as desired free of cost.

Men's Madras Negligee and dress Shirts, newest fashionable coloring.. 95c	Men's Percale Negligee Shirts attached collars and cuffs..... 50c	Boys' Percale Shirts, two detached collars..... 45c
Summer weight fancy Balbriggan underwear. 25c	Medium weight wool Underwear 75c	Mercerized Silk Underwear 95c
Exclusive designs new silk ties and scarfs.... 25c	Fancy Seamless Half Hose..... 12c	Boys' Boston Web Suspenders..... 10c

FLYER for one day, Saturday only, **BOYS' BLOUSE WAISTS** **19c**
A Large Assortment of Patterns to Select From.

What Next? Everybody Asks. What Next?

THE SURPRISE STORE
318 AND 320 NICOLLET AVE. BETWEEN THIRD AND FOURTH STREETS.

Bright's Disease

Can not be cured when the disease has reached the last stages, when the kidneys are decayed. The best time to treat this treacherous disease is in its early stages, when the first symptoms appear.

Is your skin yellow and parchment-like? Is there a peculiar puffiness under the eyes? Have you a drawn and haggard appearance? Have you an impending sense of illness? These are all symtoms of Bright's Disease.

McLEAN'S LIVER AND KIDNEY BALM

will cure Bright's Disease in all its early stages, and restore the affected parts to a healthy, normal condition. At all druggists, $1.00 per bottle. Made by

The DR. J. McLEAN MEDICINE CO., St. Louis, Mo.

Boys' and Girls' Shoes

Misses' and children's dull finished Kangaroo Calf, Lace and Button Shoes. Neat round toes and all solid leather. The best wearing School Shoes you can buy. Our regular price for sizes, 8½ to 11, is $1.10 and sizes 11½ to 2, is $1.35. We have got too many and to reduce the quantity, we offer you for tomorrow, any size..... **75c**

Boys' Shoes

Boys' all solid $1.25 Lace Shoes, sizes, 12 to 2 and 3 to 6..... **98c**

Boys' Heffelfinger Bike Shoes, value $1.68 and several styles of boys' satin calf $1.50 shoes, all sizes..... **$1.25**

Little Gents' Shoes

Little Gents' $1.25 Satin Calf and Tan Vici Kid Lace, sizes 9 to 13½..... **98c**

Little Gents' Best Box Calf and best Casco Calf Lace, sizes, 9 to 13½, at..... **$1.35**

Children's Shoes

Sizes 5 to 8, vici kid, fancy stitched, lace or button shoes, with hand turned soles..... **69c**

Another lot, sizes 5 to 8, made of dongola kid, button only. Choice..... **58c**

Big Girls' Shoes.

Spring heel, sizes 2½ to 6, excellent vici kid stock, foxed heel quarter..... **$1.48**

Ladies' Oxfords

Over 1,200 pairs samples, almost any 1901 style you can think of. Black and brown. A good chance to save about one-third at, per pair **98c and $1.48**

Babies' Shoes

Babies' soft sole, lace or button, colors red, blue, tan or wine, sizes 1 to 4..... **19c**

Babies' fine vici kid lace or button.... **39c**

Home Trade Shoe Store 219-223 Nicollet.