CITY NEWS

NECROLOGICAL

JOHN LA PAUL died Monday morning at the home of his son, Dr. G. F. La Paul, at Excelsior, at the age of 76 years. Mr. La Paul came to Excelsior from Denver last December, and since then made his home with his son. He had been for several months a sufferer from brain trouble, which ultimately caused his death. He leaves four children: Dr. G. F. La Paul, Excelsior; Albion La Paul, now in the Klondike; Mrs. J. McCarthy, Little Falls, Minn., and Miss Ella La Paul, formerly of Little Falls, but now in Idaho. Funeral services were held this afternoon at the residence of George Dickinson, at Excelsior, under the auspices of the Odd Fellows. Interment took place at the Excelsior cemetery.

ADONIRAM KEENE, aged 82 years, died Sunday at the residence of his daughter, Mrs. A. B. Richardson, 309 Fifth avenue NE. Funeral services were held this afternoon at Chase Post, G. A. R., hall, and at the residence. The remains were taken to Cottage Grove, Minn., for burial.

MRS. MARGARET J. BOWMAN died yesterday at the Northwestern hospital at the age of 62 years. Funeral to-day, from 3136 Portland avenue.

JAMES K. JOHNSON, 1109 Third avenue S, died Sunday evening. Funeral services were held yesterday, at 2:30 p. m., at Bethesda Baptist church.

LUDWIG FUCHYZN, 703 Marshall street NE, died Monday night of erysipelas, at the city hospital, after an illness of but a few days.

THEY ARE SLOUCHY

Just the Same, Soldiers Liked the Flannel Shirts.

GENERAL CHAFFEE ORDERS COATS

Returned Volunteers Say This Order May or May Not Inflict a Hardship.

Lieutenant Donald F. Fitzgerald says that General Chaffee's order that the troops under his charge in the Philippine islands shall wear their coats buttoned everywhere outside of the barracks will work a hardship to the men if it refers to the heavy blue uniforms, and that it will not if it refers to either the khaki or drill blouses. This coupled with the direction to the officers to wear khaki for all duty and swords when actively commanding, the lieutenant believes to be sort of a bracing up order after the long service in the field. The men became slouchy in their habits because of the relaxing of dress regulations while in the field.

General Chaffee was moved to issue the order when he found at Manila a great variety of uniforms and much laxity. When in action or on a reconnoiter even the officers cast aside their swords and wore the typical blue shirt of the army. Comfort was the first requisite, but the commanding officer will not allow the practice to be carried into city life.

Lieutenant Fitzgerald says that the Thirteenth soldiers on duty in Manila always wore the white drill uniforms buttoned up before.

"The khaki," said he, "is about the same texture as unbleached cotton and the men wore them while on police duty or during drill and were comfortable. I think this rule was already in existence. The men have become lax from field duty where it is not necessary to have strict dress, and General Chaffee is simply getting back to the rule again."

In regard to the blue shirt which General Chaffee's order puts out of use in the city Lieutenant Fitzgerald says: "For wear and heavy work nothing compares with the blue shirt; it protects from the cold and is cool in the direct rays of the sun. I have been soaked through while wearing one and have suffered no evil effects. I have still my blue shirt and think a good deal of it. But it is not a good-looking garment for city life.

"Our regiment wore the khaki at Lakeview last week where it is just as hot as in Manila, although the atmosphere was not as dry, and the men were very comfortable. If General Chaffee's order refers to the white or khaki uniforms it is all right."

MEN FROM MOSCOW

They Are Here to Investigate the City Water System.

THEY VIEW THE BIG RESERVOIR

No One Points With Pride to the Lower Pumping Station, However.

Three prominent Russians, two of them direct from Moscow, reached Minneapolis this morning, and are engaged to-day, under the direction of J. T. Fanning, in an investigation of the Minneapolis water system. The party consists of K. K. Barsoff, who manages the water distribution of Moscow; V. V. Oldenberger, a water works machinery manufacturer of that city, and Paul Killduchesky, an electrical engineer of New York city.

The trio are under instructions from the municipal government of Moscow to investigate the water systems of the cities of the United States and to report a plan for the enlargement of the Moscow water system. They visited the reservoir and the Camden Place pumping station this morning.

EVIDENCE IS PUBLISHED

Anonymous Letter in the Gjertsen Case Made Public.

This will be the fateful day for the Trinity Norwegian Lutheran church and for the pastor, Rev. M. Falk Gjertsen. It is believed that this evening an investigation of his conduct in Norway will be ordered. It is even possible that the evidence sent here from Norway may be considered and the matter disposed of then and there. That Mr. Gjertsen has lost many of his stanchest supporters is generally known and it is believed that his days as pastor of Trinity are numbered.

A local Norwegian weekly reproduces what is alleged to be a copy of the famous letter to Mrs. Esther Paulson. The letter is full or words and terms of endearment and fairly glows with love and passion.

A secret meeting of the deacons of the church was held last evening, but what they did regarding the case, if anything, has not been revealed.

ARRESTS MAY FOLLOW

"The Letter to Esther" May Make Trouble for Publishers.

The attention of the postal authorities has been called to this week's number of Nye Normanden, a local populist weekly, containing the anonymous letter which is the most important document in the evidence sent from Norway to be used against Rev. Falk Gjertsen. If the letter is a fraud, neither party could have a cause for action, as it is neither addressed, dated nor signed, and the heading "The Letter to Esther—according to report not written by a clergyman to a Jewess," is the only clue given by the paper to its readers. Still this is all sufficient.

Whether the letter is a copy of the original or not, is immaterial to the postal authorities and it is understood that they hold that it comes within the federal statute prohibiting the sending of obscene and indecent matter through the mails.

Arrests are looked for either to-day or to-morrow if the federal authorities hold that the letter is obscene within the meaning of the law.

NO MORE SMALLPOX

The "Epidemic" Is to Be Declared Off Formally.

ONLY ONE CASE IN QUARANTINE

Medical Men Praise the Skill With Which Disease Has Been Handled This Year.

It will be only a few days now until the smalpox "epidemic" in Minenapolis, which the public generally had forgotten all about, will be officially declared to be at an end. There is but one patient left at the quarantine hospital and he will be out by the last of this week. No new cases have developed in the past ten days, and Health Commissioner Hall believes the trouble is all over for this year. He thinks it natural to look for a recurrence of the disease, probably in a milder form toward the end of the year.

There have been 299 cases diagnosed as smallpox in Minneapolis since Jan. 1, and but one death. The disease was of even milder type than that of the previous year, when there were 405 cases and thirteen deaths.

Of the cases this year 129 were of the confluent type. That the disease is unmistakably smallpox Dr. Hall believes is amply proved by the fact that the milder cases mingled freely with the more serious ones and there was not a single case of infection from the latter. There were thirty-six people held at the detention ward on suspicion and only three of these came down with the disease. The longest period of quarantine was forty-two days.

It is the universal testimony of local medical men that the epidemic was handled with consumate skill and vigor by the health department this year, and to this fact as well as to the fine facilities afforded by the new quarantine station for the sequestration of patients is attributed the marked falling off in the number of cases the year preceding.

HAMILTON'S TROPHY

Preliminary Play Commenced at Milwaukee.

CHICAGO WINS THE BROOKLYN

Tally-ho Rides and Many Courtesies for the Visitors—The Minneapolis Contingent.

Special to The Journal.

Milwaukee, Wis., July 31.—An estate the American Whist League tournament heightened when preliminary play began in the contest for the Hamilton trophy this afternoon.

At the business meeting addresses were made by President Joseph Neff of Philadelphia and Eugene S. Elliott of Milwaukee. The treasurer's report showed a balance on hand of $1,670. The league has a membership of 125 clubs and sixty auxiliary associations. The formal presentation of the Brooklyn trophy was made the Chicago club to A. R. Metcalf, captain.

In section B progressive pairs prizes were awarded as follows:

North and south, C. K. Wilson and Miss Bessie Allen and Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Vail tied with 134 plus 4 8-19.

East and west, Mr. and Mrs. T. R. Frentz, 123 plus 5 11-19.

Toronto, Niagara Falls and Saratoga, are active candidates for the next convention. A movement is on foot to locate the convention in Milwaukee once every ten years, as Milwaukee is the birthplace of the American Whist League.

Chicago Team Wins.

Minneapolis has twelve men here: O. H. Briggs, E. A. Montgomery, W. S. Jones, W. T. Fraser, F. M. Barnard, E. N. Satterlee, A. C. Paul, T. E. Barney, C. C. Wilcox, E. J. Phelps, F. E. Mix and W. D. Boutelle. Mrs. A. C. Paul and Mrs. W. T. Fraser of Minneapolis are also here.

Play for the Brooklyn trophy for teams of twelve players, representing auxilliary associations, began at 2 p. m. yesterday, with six entries, as follows: Northwestern, Wisconsin, Chicago, Michigan, New York State and Atlantic. Each team of twelve plays one match of twelve deals against each of the other teams, making five matches in all. The results yesterday and last evening were:

First Round—New York beat Atlantic by five tricks; Chicago beat Wisconsin by eighteen tricks, and Northwestern beat Michigan by one trick.

Second Round—Chicago beat Atlantic by six tricks; Northwestern beat New York by four tricks, and Michigan beat Wisconsin by sixteen tricks.

Third Round, Brooklyn Tropny—Chicago won from New York by ten tricks; Wisconsin beat Northwestern by one trick, and Atlantic defeated Michigan by one trick.

Fourth Round—Atlantic beat Wisconsin by sixteen tricks; New York won from Michigan by nineteen tricks, and Chicago won from Northwestern by nine tricks.

Chicago thus carried off the honors in the first day's tournament by capturing the Brooklyn trophy.

The Milwaukee Whist Club is doing the handsome thing by the visitors. Tallyho coaches are provided every forenoon for visitors to take a drive about the city. Flowers are distributed daily to the visiting ladies. Luncheon is to be served every night at the completion of the games. Handsome souvenir prizes are provided, among them a handsome silver loving cup for the gentleman making the highest aggregate score during the week, and a silver sugar bowl and cream pitcher for the lady having the highest aggregate score.

Play in the Hamilton trophy contest began this afternoon. E. J. Phelps of Minneapolis is chairman of the committee on resolutions.

TAXPAYERS' PETITION FILED

It Cites Figures on the Police Relief Fund.

The petition of R. D. Cone, acting for the Taxpayers' League, asking for the right to intervene in the matter of the distribution of the assets of the defunct Minneapolis Police Department Relief association, was filed in the district court yesterday.

According to the figures submitted in the petition the city paid in to the association as its contribution from the dog tax the sum of $30,441.88 since June 17, 1892. The contributions, as all other receipts from membership fees, etc., from the time of the organization of the association amounted to $14,104.29 and $6,200.12 was received from interest upon investments. The expenses during this period were $7,600.

Prior to the withdrawal of the members under the illegal bylaw, the treasury contained $40,229.30 and from this to the account of illegal withdrawals is charged $8,979, leaving $31,250.30 on hand at the time of intervention.

The petition asks that the city be awarded its proportionate share.

NEW BUILDINGS TAXED

A Gain of Nearly Two Million in a Year.

The assessment on account of new buildings erected last year was $1,928,893. City Assessor Fort completed the figures today and reported the same to the tax commission. There must be deducted $97,141 for buildings destroyed by fire, making the net gain $1,831,752.

The total assessment, real and personal, as it comes from the assessor is $104,194,502, about $4,000,000 more than the final figures of last year

SAT IN WITH SUPTS.

State Institution Heads Meet Board of Control Members.

A PLAN OF WORK IS OUTLINED

Superintendents Are to Be Placed on a Common Basis so Far as Possible.

The state board of control and the superintendents of twelve state institutions held a long conference this morning at the state capital. The workings of the new system were discussed freely, and much valuable information exchanged. The board's idea of quarterly conferences was heartily indorsed. The following heads of institutions attended:

Dr. H. A. Tomlinson, St. Peter hospital; Dr. A. F. Kilbourne, Rochester hospital; Dr. George O. Welch, Fergus Falls hospital; W. T. Yanz, Hastings asylum; John Coleman, Anoka asylum; J. N. Tate, Faribault school for the deaf; J. J. Dow, school for the blind; Dr. A. C. Rogers, school for the feeble-minded; G. A. Merrill, state school at Owatonna; J. W. Brown, state training school at Red Wing; Frank L. Randall, St. Cloud reformatory; Henry Wolfer, Stillwater prison.

President Leavitt explained to the officials that the board expected to save money by economy in the purchase of supplies and the management of the institutions, but that the financial feature was only a small part of its functions. It would look after the general welfare of the inmates.

Will Hold Heads Responsible.

The board found, on taking up the work, that in some institutions there was a divided responsibility. It had decided that in the future only one person will be held responsible for the conduct of each institution. The superintendents have already been given to understand that they will keep their places. President Leavitt repeated that there would be only one reason for removal, charges preferred and proved.

Mr. Leavitt stated it as the judgment of the board that employment should be furnished for all inmates as far as possible, even at a financial loss. He requested the superintendents to keep an accurate account during the next quarter of all profit and loss from home manufactures.

Common Basis of Estimates.

The superintendents were asked to get together in making their estimates, so as to have uniformity in the grades and brands of articles to be bought. The board has noticed great differences in the number of pounds of food per capita consumed. In some cases the consumption of certain articles reaches an amount detrimental to health. The superintendents were asked to furnish opinions on this question. How far is the state justified in providing luxuries for the table and in furnishing, beyond those customary among the so-called middle class of society?

The superintendents were requested to select two of their number to assist the board in letting contracts for supplies within a few days, when the samples have all arrived. They were asked to purchase all goods bought locally by competitive bids, as far as possible.

BOARDS ARE SUPERSEDED

Five of Them Cease to Exist at Midnight.

Five state boards will be wiped off the slate at midnight to-night, giving up all their duties to the state board of control. The boards which die, and their present membership are as follows:

Trustees of state hospitals for insane: John Heinen, Hastings; Joseph H. Wagoner, Rochester; John W. Mason, Fergus Falls; Nels H. Hanson, Anoka; Asa W. Daniels, St. Peter.

Board of managers of state prison: E. W. Wing, Breckenridge; Frank Temple, Blue Earth City; B. F. Nelson, Minneapolis; Roscoe A. Bronson, Stillwater; Anton C. Weiss, Duluth.

Board of managers of state reformatory: George R. O'Reilly, St. Paul; H. S. Griswold, Chatfield; David H. Evans, Tracy; George W. Stewart, St. Cloud; J. G. Hultkranz, Minneapolis; R. C. Saunders, Pine City.

Managers of state training school for boys and girls: N. O. Werner, Minneapolis; Wm. C. Krise, Red Wing; C. H. Pettit, Minneapolis; William Pitt Murray, St. Paul; Peter Nelson, Red Wing.

Board of corrections and charities: Governor S. R. Van Sant, ex officio; Chris Amundson, St. Peter; Wm. W. Folwell, Minneapolis; John W. Willis, St. Paul; H. M. Richardson, Rochester; E. C. Gridley, Duluth.

The state board of charities and corrections held its own obsequies this afternoon. It goes out of existence to-morrow night, and the board of control will assume its duties. Governor Van Sant presided. Acting Secretary Gates presented his final report.

WORK GOES A-BEGGING

RUSH FOR THE HARVEST FIELDS

It Leaves a Shortage in the City—Factories Find Themselves Hampered.

The servant girl shortage which troubles the housewives is not to be compared with the scarcity of laboring men to carry on various industries. The steady departure of men for the harvest fields of the Dakotas continues. From fifty to seventy-five are shipped every day by each of the different employment agencies. This eagerness of laboring men to get out in the country has produced a condition in Minneapolis which has not existed for years. Said H. S. Birch of the National Employment company to-day:

I have been in the business here twenty years, and never before have I received an order from the flour mills for men. Last week one of the big firms asked me for help.

During these twenty years I have never before struck a time when I couldn't supply my customers. I have been told by a railroad official who has returned from Enderlin, S. D., that the country cannot be overstocked up there. But I am pushing the railroad work and shipping men daily. I have an order for twenty men for work here in town and cannot supply it.

Mr. Birch has an order for the Halvorson-Richards company for work on the Bemidji extension of the Northern Pacific. It calls for 100 men at $2.25 with board at $4; for the same firm fifty men are wanted for surfacing and steel relaying. Free transportation will be given and no fee will be charged. Fifty men are also wanted for the same contractors at St. Croix Falls at $2. McIntosh Brothers want fifty men at Winona; free transportation and no fee. The agency cannot fill these orders at present.

Julius Johnson of the Flour City Employment Bureau cannot get men for North Dakota. Men want to go but they ask prices that farmers cannot afford to pay. He also has an order for men for work in the city at $1.75 and $2 a day, with board, and cannot fill it. Mr. Johnson says that green men, just over, unable to speak English, will point to the $5 jobs advertised for experienced men and demand that they be shipped for that work.

WILL OF W. F. DALRYMPLE

Heirs Are Residents of Pennsylvania and North Dakota.

Milwaukee, Wis., July 31.—Interest in said in the petition to exceed $100,000, and which is a conservative estimate places at $500,000, is divided by the will of William F. Dalrymple which was filed yesterday. Mr. Dalrymple was well known in financial circles for twenty-five years before his death All the heirs live in Pennsylvania and North Dakota. The will was executed in June, 1898. A codicil was added in June, 1899, naming as executive and trustee, Judge George H. Noyes, of Milwaukee; J. H. Smith, of Duluth, and H. C. Hale, of Bayfield.

THE NEW TAX LEVY

County Auditor Scott Discusses Its Problems.

CAUSES OF COUNTY INCREASE

Difficulty and Complexity of the Problem to Be Solved by the Board of Tax Levy.

To the Editor of The Journal.

Your editorial of July 24 headed "An Unwarranted Increase" brings to the front a matter is great importance to the citizens and taxpayers of Hennepin county. Within a few weeks the board of tax levy will meet for the purpose of determining the amount of taxes to be levied in Hennepin county for the ensuing year. That board is composed of the following officials: County auditor, president of the school board, president of the park board, chairman of county commissioners, the mayor, the city controller and the chairman of the ways and means committee of the city council. When it meets, the different departments of the city will present to it their respective claims and upon it will devolve the necessity of determining between the important and unimportant and of determining such amount which it will be possible for the city and county to do business upon for another year. As a preliminary to that meeting, the board of county commissioners has prepared the statement of its necessities which was the subject of the criticism contained in the article referred to. That statement is based for the most part upon the actual expenditures of the county for the six months ending June 30, 1901. More than half of the amount, including such items as interest on bonds, sinking fund, salaries fixed by law, court expenses, etc., are items over which the board of county commissioners has no control. It is true that the preliminary estimate calls for an increase of about $14,000 over the appropriations for the current year. An examination of all the items included in the total and a comparison thereof with the corresponding items of expenditures for this year will show that reductions have been made in certain departments aggregating about $21,000. On the other hand, other items have been increased and new items added which make the total about $454,000. Included in that amount are items such as the following:

Elections	$7,500
Bicycle paths	3,000
Lake improvements (increased)	1,500
New iron bridges and culverts	15,000
Contagious diseases	2,000
Inheritance tax refund	5,000
Torrens law	5,000
Heat and light of city hall	7,000

Several of these items it is obvious cannot be eliminated. Provision must be made for elections and for the care of contagious diseases. As to the other items it may be a question whether they ought to be included at all or whether the amounts asked for are excessive. The board, by including them in its estimate, has put itself on record in their favor to the amount stated. But it goes without saying that if the other boards having the expenditure of public funds will make public in advance the estimates which they propose to present to the board of tax levy, much good can be accomplished by a public discussion and comparison of the merits of claims made in behalf of different departments.

The board of tax levy is compelled to view the subject from two points of view: One, that of the taxpayer, anxious to keep the levy at its lowest possible limit; the other, that of the citizen and resident, anxious to secure for himself and fellow residents the greatest advantages possible to one living in a city like ours. It thus becomes a matter of give and take between the different departments and the citizens interested in special features of our municipal life.

Is the bicyclist willing to forego the expenditure of $3,000 on county paths in order to help meet the expenses of heating and lighting the new city hall? Are the claimants of the inheritance tax refund willing to postpone their claims in order that the county may construct new iron bridges and culverts? Are the summer residents at Lake Minnetonka willing to forego the removal of dangerous reefs and the making of other improvements about the lake the lake in order that the bicyclists may have greater facilities for traveling about the county?

These are questions which arise upon the statement of the board of county commissioners alone. When we come to include the other boards, the question becomes a much larger one. There are certain matters of superior importance to the city, notably that of securing an improved water supply. The full completion of the new city hall and the necessary expenses attendant upon its operation is constantly before us. Just at present the necessity for improved bathing facilities seems imperative. Are we willing to forego improved bathing facilities, the completion of the city hall, the extension of paving and improvements of city streets in order that the largest possible amount of money may be obtained for the installation of an improved water supply system?

The Journal and other pepers can render the city great service by publishing in advance the estimates of the several boards and inviting and pursuing the public discussion of some of the questions herein suggested. After the 9th day of September there will be no occasion for further discussion so far as the tax levy for the year 1901 is concerned. Both from the standpoint of the taxpayer and the citizen the matter will then be closed for another year. And if, on the one hand, the tax rate is to be kept at a low level, or, on the other, our city is to have those improvements of which there is absolute need, it behooves us for the next few weeks to give careful and considerate attention to this matter.

I apprehend that none of the boards which will present their estimates to the board of tax levy have any personal interest therein. They aim only to make their respective departments as efficient as possible within the limits of expenditures granted to them by the board of tax levy.

It is but natural that each board should think its own necessities most imperative. I do not doubt that they will all welcome public discussion and do all in their power to make it intelligent and timely by furnishing statements in advance, as has been done by the board of county commissioners. Respectfully,

—Hugh R. Scott,
July 26, 1901. County Auditor.

GAMBOLING LIKE LAMBS

Policemen Dent the Sod Round About Lake Park.

A round dozen of patrolmen and half that number of "plain clothes men" guarded the city to-day while their colleagues picnicked at Lake Park, Minnetonka. The "coppers" swarmed to the lake on the three special trains this morning, and have been spending the day in rollicking about the park and enjoying the program of sports and good things to eat as only policemen know how. It was feared that the professional criminal would have a picnic in the city to-day, but up to 1 o'clock no burglaries or holdups had been reported.

'TWAS ANOTHER FLETCHER

Judgment Against a Brooklyn Man's Property Is Released.

Judge Brooks has entered an order releasing a judgment for $2,791.93 against certain real estate in the city owned in part by George H. Fletcher of Brooklyn, N. Y., thus granting the petition of the Brooklyn man, who proved to the satisfaction of the court that the judgment was obtained upon the supposition that the property belonged to George H. Fletcher of this city. It was shown that the Minneapolis Fletcher had not the slightest interest in the property in question. The judgment was obtained by Receiver F. N. Hendryx in the case of Hans H. Olson against the State bank.

TENNIS IS "TAKING"

Great Interest Evinced in the Revival at Minnetonka.

SOME LIVELY BOUTS IN SINGLES

Finals Will Be Reached by Thursday, When the Doubles Will Come On.

Play in the Northwestern tennis tournament was resumed yesterday before a fair gallery. A. C. Snow, of Chicago, beat L. H. Northrup, of Minneapolis, two straight sets, in 6-2, 6-1. H. McQuistern, of Chicago, forfeited a game to Ralph Gillette, of Minneapolis. Gillette was then pitted against Snow in the second round, and the Chicagoan won again in two sets, 6-4, 6-4. Gillette, who is one of the most promising of the younger Minneapolis players, made a strong showing against Snow, but the latter's all around quick play was too much for him. In the first round, Northrup was clearly outclassed, and although he made a plucky fight, was not in it at any stage of the game

The feature of the morning was the nip and tuck game between Ward C. Burton, of Minneapolis, and F. W. Hill, of Chicago. Burton won the first set in 6-4. Hill took the second set in 6-2. Play in the third set was very close and was continued into the afternoon. Burton distinguished himself by his clever back hand strokes. He saved himself twice by hard sprinting and deft backhanders which caught the fast balls just over the net. He was warmly applauded.

The opening day of the Northwestern tennis tournament at Deephaven, Lake Minnetonka, Monday, proved to be a grand revival of the game in this part of the country. The Minnetonka Ice Yacht club succeeded in resuscitating the sport after it had been allowed to languish for many years hereabout, and it looked like old times to see players of national renown gathered at the Hotel St. Louis courts.

Thanks to the pains taken by the Hotel St. Louis and the excellent supervision of Ward C. Burton of the ice yacht club, the courts were in fine shape.

First Round in Singles.

The event of the day in the single tournament, which will be the attraction until Thursday, was the game between James Lawrence, Jr., of Minneapolis, western intercollegiate champion, and F. G. Becker of Chicago. Lawrence won two sets in 6-2, 6-3. Both players are specialists at the back hand stroke. As that stroke was repeatedly called into play they seemed very evenly matched at first. It was when Becker attempted to lob that he found himself effectually blocked. Lawrence was very careful in returning and when Becker tried to turn the tables with the back hand stroke Lawrence met him every time. Lawrence won four games in the second set. Becker then won three games. In the last game the score was eight-deuce three times.

The other event around which interest centered was the game between Charles Baker, Chicago's ambidexterous crack, and Norman Newhall of Minneapolis. It was a fast game from the start and Newhall made a very creditable showing, but Baker's fast driving proved too much for him. In the second set the Minneapolis player handled Baker's cross court shots with such success that the veteran Chicagoan was forced to resort to the wonderful lobbing which has won him so many tournaments. Baker won both sets in 6-2, 6-4.

Edward Clapp of St. Paul made short work of Phil R. Brooks of Minneapolis. Clapp won two straight sets in 6-0, 6-1.

S. H. Lockett, another Chicago player, worsted L. R. Evans of Minneapolis in like vein at a score of 6-3, 6-1.

Frank Newton beat Allen Brooks of Minneapolis at 6-1. 6-4.

Of the Rising Generation.

A feature of the day was the strong playing of Chester Firkins, a young Minneapolis player, who gives great promise of future greatness on the courts. His opponent, Curtiss Rolph, won the first set in 6-4. Then Firkins doubled up on him and won the two succeeding sets in 6-3, 5-3.

Claire Wyman, who with Lawrence won the western intercollegiate championship, took two sets from R. G. Strickland of St. Paul in 6-4, 6-2. Strickland was nervous throughout the game.

S. T. McKnight, Jr., won from F. N. Northrup, taking the first and third sets in 7-5 and 6-2. Northrup made the second set 6-4.

L. T. Jamme and A. H. Stemme of St. Paul failed to appear and forfeited to Trafford N. Jayne of Minneapolis and P. D. McQuistern of Chicago.

The singles yet to be played off are those between Alexis Caswell and W. V. S. Finch of St. Paul, L. H. Waidner of Chicago and J. McD. Campbell of Huron, S. D.; F. W. Hill of Chicago and Ward C. Burton, A. C. Snow and L. H. Northrup, Rolph Gillette and H. McQuistern, W. H. Foles of St. Paul and Charles Hale of Minneapolis.

Interest in Doubles.

The chief interest of the tournament, of course, centers in the outcome of the doubles. Players who have compared the respective merits of the twin city and Chicago men who will be pitted against each other in the doubles, believe that the northwestern players will win. Waidner and Snow are Chicago's best doubles. Belden and Hale are Minneapolis' strong team. If Clapp of St. Paul plays up to his usual form, he stands a strong chance of winning out. Lawrence and Wyman, the intercollegiate champions, make up a good, clean double and should be heard from. Caswell and Burton are another strong team which which should be able to put a crimp in the visitors against whom they may be opposed.

It will take good, hard playing to defeat such Chicago doubles as Lockett and Baker and Hill and Becker.

"Ambidexterous" Baker of Chicago says the Chicago players are handicapped by being forced to play on clay courts which do not obtain at the Kenwood courts. Mr. Baker expressed the belief that Waidner would win in singles and that Waidner and Snow would carry off the honors in doubles.

The drawings in doubles will take place to-morrow.

GOV. WOOD LANDS

Executive of Cuba Says He Is Better and Will Go Cruising.

New York, May 31.—General Leonard Wood, military governor of Cuba, accompanied by Mrs. Wood and their three children, arrived here to-day on the steamer Morro Castle from Havana. General Wood said:

I am feeling much better. I have not had any fever for ten days and have an excellent apetite. I intend going on board the steam yacht Kanawha for a short trip along the New England coast, where we hope to enjoy a spell of cool weather. I expect my stay to be brief, as I intend to return to Havana at the earliest moment. When I left Havana everything was remarkably quiet. I am highly gratified by the kindness shown me by the whole Cuban people during my late illness. Mrs. Wood and family will remain in quarantine until Thursday as guests of Health Officer Doty. Afterwards they probably will join me on the Kanawha while our children will take a trip west to visit friends.

GRAND STAND COLLAPSED

Former State Senator of Montana Among the Injured.

Special to The Journal.

Red Lodge, Mont., July 31.—Duding a ball game a poorly built grand stand collapsed, precipitating three hundred people to the ground several feet below. Several were injured. Ex-State Senator William Parberry of Meagher county, one of the leading sheepmen of the state, sustained a broken leg and other injuries. On account of his advanced age serious results are feared. The Misses Jessie and Edna Crawford of Billings were also injured.

Established 1882.

The Plymouth

40th Semi-Annual Reduction Sale.

High-grade Suits

Extraordinary offers made regardless of profit and with a view to clearing away at once all our fine spring and summer stock.

380 fine spring and summer suits that sold at $14, $15 and some few as high as $18—made of fancy worsteds, tweeds and plain black and blue serges, lined with fine Italians and serges and made only by the best wholesale tailors in America—some weigh enough to wear into early fall, and remarkable bargains in every sense of the term—the sale to date has been swift—why not attend it and save money on a fall outfit? One price while they last..... **$7.50**

Pre-inventory Trousers Sale

Your choice of any pair of trousers in this great store; absolutely nothing reserved; finest foreign and domestic fabrics that have been selling for $7, $7.50, $8 and $9; pick them out at $5.

Trousers that sold at $4 and $4.50, tomorrow only $3.

Trousers that sell throughout the city regularly at $3 and $2.50, now $1.50.

THE PLYMOUTH CLOTHING HOUSE,

At the Plymouth Corner, Sixth and Nicollet.

IN BARRY'S DEFENSE

Taint of Insanity Is Expected to Save Him.

ERWIN'S OPENING STATEMENT

State Retells the Story of the Murder and Rests Its Case Rather Suddenly.

Special to The Journal.

Langdon, N. D., July 30.—The state has rested in the Barry case, its last witness leaving the stand at the close of yesterday afternoon's session. The defense opened at the morning session to-day with Attorney Erwin's statement of the case to the jury. The appearance of the widely known criminal lawyer was met with a crowd of spectators that packed the courtroom to the doors.

His prefatory remarks based the defense as one of insanity and intimated that Barry himself would take the stand. Much was said of the taint of insanity in the ancestory of the Barry family, two brothers and a sister being among relatives of the defendant that have spent much time in insane asylums. Before closing the attorney pictured the household of Barry in the last few days before the crime, and gave an insight of what may be looked for in the testimony brought in by the defense.

Non-expert evidence is to be given by some ten witnesses, also several depositions from relatives of Barry in Ontario, both sides have yet in reserve their insanity expert testimony which will occupy two days. The defense expects to reach the close of their side by Friday.

With the rebuttal and closing arguments by the attorneys it will easily be the middle of next week before the case is given to the jury.

Barry's Confession.

Leslie McCullough told the story of the murder as he heard it from Barry's lips in a drug store at Milton. He quoted Barry as saying:

"Mellem assaulted my sister out west two or three years ago and for the past two or three weeks he has been fooling with her, and last night about 8 o'clock she confessed everything to me. I tried to control her but she jumped out of her mind, got out of the house and was out all night."

The witness then went on to relate how Barry told of the killing. Barry had first asked Mellem whether he would rather be killed by the rope or by the knife, and the latter replied: "If I have to die it doesn't make very much difference."

The rope was first resorted to and he tried for fifteen minutes to hang Mellem, but his hand gave out, and evidently afraid that he would get the worst of the mixup, he drew the knife, gave Mellem five minutes to pray at which time he heard Mellem say "Lord help me," and at 9:10 the murder was committed.

This witness was followed by T. W. Cox, who gave substantially the same evidence as McCullough, relating the above story as it was told to him by the witness.

Andrew Morken is a cousin of the dead man Mellem, and the only relative he had in this country. He has resided in the vicinity of Milton for the past eighteen years. There was a commotion in the courtroom when his name was called and everyone seemed anxious to get a look at him, he being in a sense the representative in this trial for the murdered man. His memory was very clear and his evidence strikingly impressive.

He related how he had come into Milton about 10 o'clock on the day of the tragedy on response to a notification sent by Barry and of his meeting the latter at the hotel in Milton. As soon as Barry saw him he said, "Well Andrew it is a sad affair." "Well," said the witness, "I guess it is."

At this point the state rested its case, The evidence of experts as to Barry's sanity will probably be the ground work of the defense, as no denial has been made of the commission of the crime by him.

ARM MUST COME OFF

Bite of a Bug May Kill a La Crosse Woman.

La Crosse, Wis., July 30.—Miss Anna Webber is suffering from the effects of blood poisoning, resulting from the bite of a bug on her left arm. Soon after she was bitten her arm began to swell until it reached enormous proportions. To-day the doctors decided her arm must be amputated.

A PARK BOARD CRUISE

Commissioners Will Attend Dedication of St. Paul's Baths.

The new public baths of St. Paul will be formerly dedicated to-morrow evening at 6:30. The members of the Mineapolis park board have been invited to attend the exercises and several of them are planning to do so. It is proposed to take the boat leaving Minnehaha at 5:15 p. m.

A Day of Pleasure Sailing Up the Sparkling Minnesota River.

Journal Excursion No. 44

Next Friday, Aug. 2, The Journal offers its popular excursion No. 44, which will one of the most delightful of this season's series. It is no less than a glorious day's trip up the Mississippi and Minnesota rivers as far as Shakopee Park and as the Minnesota has not been navigable for large steamers for some years and as this will be the first and only Journal excursion over this picturesque route this season, you should by all means take advantage of this offering and join the party next Friday.

"The Journal Special" train will leave the Minneapolis Union station via "The North-Western Line" at 9 a. m. and run to the steamer landing in St. Paul where the big excursion steamer Columbia and barge Chippewa will be boarded for a great fifty-five mile sail up the Mississippi as far as the Soldiers' Home, thence past Fort Snelling and up the Minnesota to Shakopee Park opposite Shakopee, Shakopee Park will be reached at 3:15 p. m. and at 4 p. m. on "The Journal Special" the excursion will leave for home arriving at St. Paul Union station at 5 and Minneapolis at 5:30 p. m.

For the special convenience of people in St. Anthony Park district, the train will pick up passengers at St. Anthony Park at 9:10 a. m. and will stop to leave passengers at 5:20 p. m.

For the first time in several years the Minnesota river is easily navigable by large steamers, owing to the high stage of water just now. This beautiful river is full of crooks, turns and surprises and it is one of the most picturesque streams in the northwest. The scenery is charming, embracing a glorious panoramic view of the rich Minnesota valley, golden just now with its harvesting scenes. Besides, as far as the eyes can reach, pretty farms, wooded hills and rich meadow lands stretch away in every direction. If you have never made this trip, and the chances are you have not, this will be a delightful experience.

Then, too, the steamer's course is past many points of historic interest you may never have seen at close range. There is Mendota, Minnesota's first capital and oldest settlement; grim old Fort Snelling at the confluence of the Mississippi and Minnesota rivers, and from the steamer you will see Minnesota's fine Soldiders' Home. Shakopee park is a pretty landing and resting place, and altogether the trip offers a day filled to overflowing with Minnesota's good things.

Lunches can be had on the steamer at low rates, and parties will find it enjoyable to take their lunch with them. The Journal Newsboys' band will accompany the excursion to make things merry.

So that there will be plenty of room on the steamer to move about and enjoy the scenery, from all sides, the ticket sale will be limited and an early purchase of tickets is advised. Plenty of room on the train and steamer for tickets sold, and first-class, comfortable seats for all.

Why don't you and your friends get up a party and go? This is the only chance you will have this season to make this delightful Minnesota river trip. The best people go on Journal excursions, remember that.

Tickets for round trip only $1.25 for sale at Journal counter.