The Plymouth

Established 1882.
Head to Foot Clothiers,
Correct Dress for Everybody.

SCORPIO, sign of the Zodiac for October.

Time to shake up that last year's overcoat, perhaps shake it altogether. The vintage of 1900 lacks the snap of this fall's crop. Come in and you'll see the difference at a glance—so will other people.

"Fullmore" & "Kitchener"

OVERCOATS.

Today it is impossible to distinguish between our high grade Overcoats and those of the best custom tailors. Why not save the difference in cost—from $15 to $25.

The "FULLMORE" Overcoat has been adopted by fashionable men as the correct outer garment for this season. This overcoat seems particularly well suited to our climate, since it is cut very long (46 to 50 inches), giving ample protection to the legs. Being full in the skirts and hanging loosely from the shoulders, it is not in the way or troublesome for walking.

The "KITCHENER" is cut from exactly the same model, the insertion of the yoke across the shoulders, as well as in front, being the only difference. This yoke effect seems to break that monotony sometimes noticeable in the plain long coat, and, as it increases the apparent size of the chest, it has met with great favor among the younger men. Price, $17 to $45.

Highest Grade Wiltons.

We call your special attention to our "Wilton" rough overcoat, in Oxfords and plain black. These overcoats are lined with the best silk, and interlined with cashmere which combines great warmth with perfect comfort. The "Wilton" is cut 44 inches long. It is the conservation man's overcoat.

Prices $35 to $50 for the highest grade, other grades down to $10.

The Plymouth Corner, Sixth and Nicollet.

Sun
And Wind

Can do no harm to face or hands protected by using

Woodbury's Facial Soap

and Woodbury's Facial Cream. Use the cream before, and the soap after, exposure to prevent freckles, sunburn and tan and secure a beautiful complexion.

Woodbury's Facial Cream cures chapped faces and hands.

Sold by dealers everywhere, 25 cts. each. Booklet free, or with sample cake of soap and tube of cream mailed for 5c stamps or coin.

Andrew Jergens & Co., Sole Agts., Dept. 23 Cincinnati, O.

STORAGE

Household goods a specialty. Unequaled facilities and lowest rates. Packing by experienced men.

Boyd Transfer & Fuel Co., 46 So. Third St.

Telephone Main 656—both exchanges.

BARBERS' SUPPLIES
AND CUTLERY.

Shears, Razors and Clippers ground.

R. H. HEGENER,
207 NICOLLET AVENUE.

HOLLAND-AMERICA LINE

New York Rotterdam, via Boulogne-sur-Mer.
Twin-Screw S. S. 10,500 tons, Saturday, Oct. 19, 10 A. M. STATENDAM
Twin-screw S. S. 13,000 tons, Saturday, Oct. 26, 10 A. M. RYNDAM
Twin- crew S. S. 12,500 tons, Saturday, Nov. 2, 10 A. M. POTSDAM

Holland-America Line, 39 Broadway, N. Y., 86 La Salle St., Chicago, Ill. Brecke & Ekman, Gen. Nor.-West. Pass. Agts., 121 3d St., Minneapolis, Minn.

AN INDEPENDENT SKIPPER

MEMORABLE 500-MILE VOYAGE

Captain Peter Blake Sails the Lakes With but One Assistant, a Boy.

Chicago, Oct. 16.—A 164 ton schooner arrived in port yesterday after being navigated 500 miles in autumn storms by a man and a sixteen-year-old boy. The schooner is the R. Kanters, a two-masted vessel 112 feet long. Just as it was ready to sail from Chicago for Pine Lake, Mich., for lumber on Oct. 1 the crew struck as the resurt of a dispute with the skipper, Captain Peter Blake. The tug was alongside ready to tow the vessel to the lake. The boy alone, of all the crew, had remained aboard. Turning to him Captain Blake asked him if he would take his chances for the trip and the lad agreed. The tug was given the line and the vessel was towed out of the harbor and set sail.

The log of the trip is a story of fourteen days of endless work and watchfulness. It was with great difficulty that the heavy sails were handled, but the two succeeded. Captain Blake slept only in the daytime and the two stood watch and watch at the wheel. When it was necessary to shorten sail they would lash the wheel for a time and both worked together. They cooked their meals when they had a chance.

One day during the outward voyage the weather became threatening and the Kanters was run into a place of shelter and anchored. Getting the anchor aboard again was the hardest task of the whole two weeks. Captain Blake figures that he is ahead $160 on sailors' wages for the trip. When he paid the boy off for his work he presented him a suit of oil skins and a pair of rubber boots as royalty.

Buffalo Exposition Rates Greatly Reduced.

Now is the time to take advantage of the low rate of $17.50 to Buffalo and return offered by the North-Western Line.

Tickets and all information as to dates of sale, etc., at city offices, 382 Robert street, St. Paul, 413 Nicollet avenue, Minneapolis.

35c Harmonicas for 15c

At Metropolitan Music Co., 41-43 6th st S.

See H. S. Cleveland, 505 Wash. ave. S, for "Garland" Steel Ranges or Heaters.

FREE! FREE!

Absolutely FREE!

The Minneapolis Journal's

Home University League

FREE -- 100 Lessons -- FREE.

Think of it! Nothing of the kind has hitherto been offered like it.

FREE! FREE!

History—20 Lessons
FREE.

The lessons on History of the United States will be so given as to bring out the leading points in the growth and development of our beloved country. They will cover the work as laid down in the best and latest histories of the United States.

This course of study is of great importance to each American citizen, because it will clearly show how our great nation has become, and must remain, one of the leading world powers.

Travel—20 Lessons
FREE.

It is proposed by means of the lessons on Travel to take a journey through many places of interest in both hemispheres. By means of maps, charts and subject matter contained in the latest and best Atlas, Gazetteer and Encyclopedia the student can easily and quickly learn about many of the wonderful places of importance in different parts of the world. The fireside in the humblest home may be thus daily enlivened by the presence of scenes and pictures of far distant lands and peoples. The aim of the lessons will be to show how the ordinary student can best use and get the most good out of his reference books and other books. The child of 10 and the man of 50 years will be equally interested.

Biography—20 Lessons
FREE.

The lessons on biography will have the same aim and purpose of those on travel. About sixty or more of the lives of the greatest men and women of the world's history will be taken up. Questions will be asked. Your libraries will answer the questions. The history of the world is simply the biography of its great heroes. Every man that touches the life of a great man or woman is himself made greater thereby.

Statesmen, soldiers, philanthropists, scientists, inventors, poets, authors, etc., etc., will be taken up. Each one will be made a living presence to the student, as he follows his course of study and learns to use and enjoy these lessons.

Shakespeare—20 Lessons
FREE.

These lessons will be based upon the "Actors' De Luxe Edition of Shakespeare." The aim will be to develop for the student an interest in the writings of the great author. He will be led to see and make a correct anlysis of a play. He will enjoy the story of the rise of the drama. He will become intimately acquainted with the characters portrayed. The student will appreciate by his study that "all the world's a stage," and that Shakespeare was a truthful interpreter of human nature.

Up-to-Date Business—20 Lessons
FREE.

The lessons on Up-to-Date Business will be based upon the information as given in the latest and best business manuals. The many interesting and practical points of every-day experiences will be made clear. Subscribers will have opportunities to ask and answer questions. Business is now a great science. We hope to make much that is now commonly misunderstood plain and simple. The aim and purpose of these lessons will be to aid those who have not had wide experience.

Specify which course you are especially interested in. Write this on a postal card and mail to Minneapolis Journal, Minneapolis, Minn.

Send complete information pertaining to your lessons on

_____

Signed _____

Address _____

SHAFFER HIT HARD BY GOMPERS

President of American Federation of Labor Replies to Charges Regarding the Steel Strike.

President Samuel Gompers of the American Federation of Labor makes this reply to the charges brought by President Shaffer of the Amalgamated association in connection with the recent steel strike:

To the Trade Unionists of America:

It has always been my purpose to keep the columns of the American Federationist free from any controversial matter between organizatons and individuals; particularly those organizations affiliated with the American Federation of Labor. But inasmuch as T. J. Shaffer, president of the Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel Workers, has seen fit to attack the American Federation of Labor, John Mitchell, president of the United Mine Workers of America (vice president of the American Federation of Labor), and myself, and these attacks have been published by him in an official circular as well as in the public press, the interests of the labor movement demand that full and comprehensive presentation of the facts should now be made.

I shall show that there is not one scintillation of truth n Mr. Shaffer's accusatons and insinuations against the American Federation of Labor, President Mitchell and myself.

Further, I propose to lay before the workers the unwritten history of the means by which the strike was brought about, its management and its termination upon conditons much less favorable than could have been secured by the efforts of my colleagues and myself.

Mr. Shaffer says that he especally relied upon the American Federation of Labor for financial assistance. I assert that he never asked for any.

During the conference on Aug. 8 and 9, at Pittsburg, between President Shaffer, Secretary Williams and other members of the executive board of the Amalgamated association, and Secretary Morrison of the American Federation of Labor, and myself, I asked President Shaffer whether he required any financial assistance from the American Federation of Labor, reminding him that if he did, it would be necessary, as he knew, for him to make the formal application as required by our constitution, and that I would submit such application to the executive council by mail; or, if he deemed it more advisable, by telegraph.

No request, either written, telegraphic or verbal was ever received during the strike at the office of the American Federation of Labor from Mr. Shaffer, or from any other representative of the Amalgamated association, asking for financial assistance.

The Morgan Interview.

Mr. Shaffer says he arranged a meeting between Mr. Morgan and myself; that Mr. Morgan gave up his vacation, waited for me, and I failed to appear; that I have not since explained why I neglected the interests of the Amalgamated association. I might enter into a long discussion of this assertion; but an answer can be best summarized in these words:

"Mr. Shaffer says that which is absolutely untrue, and he knows it."

New York, September 4, 1901.

Theodore F. Shaffer, Pittsburg, Pa.:

We have had an extended conference with Messrs. Schwab, Cory, Preston, Graham and McMurtie, of the U. S. Steel corporation, and presented your proposition for the settlement of the present strike. It was rejected. We can, however, secure settlement on the following basis: The signing of the agreement for all mills which were union last year except Old Meadow, Saltsburg, Hyde Park, Crescent, Irondale, Chester, Cambridge, Star and Monessen. There will be no discrimination against the re-employment of anyone by the company by reason of his connection with the strike, and no questions will be asked as to the membership of any man in any union. We are convinced that these are the best conditions which can be secured as a result of this strike; that it is the last offer for an agreement which the company will entertain, and that we must be in a position to accept these conditions to-day, or all negotiations will be off. From the facts demonstrated to us of the present situation of the strike—that is, the mills already in operation and several others which will be in operation within a day or two—we are strongly of the opinion that the interest of your trade and your organization demands that these terms be accepted. We unqualifiedly recommend their approval by you, and at once.

John Mitchell, J. W. Jenks,
Sam'l Gompers, Henry White,
Frank Sargent, Ralph M. Easley.

Time Frittered Away.

New York, September 4, 1901.

Theodore F. Shaffer, Pittsburg:

You should submit proposition to your executive board by wire immediately and have them wire answers to you at Victoria hotel, New York, and would advice you to be here in morning. Important.

John Mitchell,
Samuel Gompers,
Ralph M. Easley.

Or why did he not submit the proposition to the members of his executive board who were then located at Pittsburg? I remember distinctly that when the arbitration proposition of his friend, Mr. John Stevenson, was under consideration, the members of the executive or advisory board, located at Pittsburg, had been given full power to settle the strike upon any terms which their judgment might approve.

Why Come to New York?

Mr. Shaffer asks in his circular, why did we want him to go alone to New York, and get an open vote of his executive board? To this I answer, that the purpose of our telegram of Sept. 4, quoted above, was that Mr. Shaffer should telegraph the proposition to his executive board, if it was necessary to consult the members of that board who were not at Pittsburg, and that to expedite the result they might telegraph their answers to him to New York. We thought it advisable for him to come to New York, there to receive the votes, not the "open votes," but the telegraphic votes of his executive board. It requires a peculiar state of mind to construe the language we employed in the above telegram to make it appear that we wanted the members of his executive borad to send him an "open vote."

The other reasons we had in advising Mr. Shaffer to come to New York were:

First; that he might have the opportunity of going over the United States Steel company's books, and satisfying himself, if there was any satisfaction in it, as to truth or falsity of their claims as to the output that was going on in their mills since the strike began.

Second; if the agreement was made, that he, as the official representative of the Amalgamated association, might make the agreement rather than the gentlemen to whom I have already referred and myself.

Inasmuch as the limit of time expired without any definite answer from Mr. Shaffer our services could no longer avail, and we therefore ceased our efforts, but even then indulged in no word derogatory to the Amalgamated association or Mr. Shaffer.

It is doubtful if any one, however unsophisticated, can be persuaded to believe with Mr. Shaffer that because organized labor, and particularly those unions having agreements with their employers, did not break their contracts and go on strike, they were therefore necessarily against the Amalgamated association. He will have to give better reasons for his discomfiture than to charge that "other organized labor bodies" were against the Amalgamated association.

Comparison is invited between the terms which Messrs. Mitchell, Sargent, Jenks, White, and I secured Sept. 4 from the United States Steel company for the settlement of the strike, and the terms signed by Mr. Shaffer, Sept. 14. For convenience's sake, I place the most important points in each in parallel columns.

Contrast the Two Agreements.

Terms secured by us, Sept. 4.	Shaffer's Agreement, Sept. 14.
No discrimination against the re-employment of any one by the company by reason of his connection with the strike, and no question asked as to the membership of any man in the union.	Non-union mills shall be represented as such—NO ATTEMPTS MADE TO ORGANIZE, NO CHARTERS GRANTED; old charters retained by men, if they desire.
The signing of the agreement for all mills which were union last year, except Old Meadow, Saltsburg, Hyde Park, Crescent, Irondale, Chester, Cambridge, Star and Monessen. The CANAL DOVER AND DEMMLER MILLS WERE TO BE SIGNED FOR AS UNION MILLS.	The company reserves the right to discharge any employe who shall by interference, abuse or constraint prevent another from peaceably following his vocation, without reference to connection with labor organizations. CANAL DOVER, DEMMLER, Old Meadow, Saltsburg, Hyde Park, Crescent, Irondale, Chester, Cambridge, Star and Monessen not included as union mills.

Is there another executive officer in the American labor movement who would sign an agreement with a company, guaranteeing for three years that no attempt shall be made to organize and agreeing to issue no charters to men who may even of their own volition want to organize?

Following the course of some men who can not bear the consequences of their own lack of judgment, Mr. Shaffer has endeavored to blame others for the result of his own actions, the others in this instance being Mr. Mitchell and myself.

Mr. Mitchell was in New York, arranging a conference with the representatives of the coal companies, and I was in the same city attempting to bring about a settlement of the controversy between the Typographical union and the New York Sun, when Mr. Shaffer's circular reflecting upon us was published, and we jointly addressed him the following letter:

Having due regard to our duty toward the labor movement and the interests committed to our cares, we have no desire to enter into a controversy through the newspapers, and have therefore declined to say anything about the matter to the representatives of the press, who have importuned us to answer. But, repeating that we believe it to be necessary that your charges and insinuations should be substantiated or refuted, to that end we submit the following proposition to you:

First. That a committee of three meet either in Pittsburg, Washington, D. C., or New York city, for the purpose of hearing and determining the charges and insinuations you have made against us.

Second. That if the committee find us guilty of your charges and insinuations we will resign from the presidency of the American Federation of Labor and the Vice-Presidency of the Cigarmakers' International Union; from the Presidency of the United Mine Workers of America and from the Second Vice-Presidency of the American Federation of Labor.

Third. That the committee shall consist of three members of organized labor, to be selected by you from the lists herein submitted.

To this letter no reply up to this date of writing, Sept. 30, has been received.

What Shaffer Really Wanted.

The sum total of what Mr. Shaffer wanted was this: He asked that I call a meeting of the executive officers of all the national and international unions of the country, for the purpose of considering ways and means to help the steel strike, the same, he said, as was called in 1897, in Wheeling, W. Va., to aid the United Mine Workers of America in their contest in the bituminous coal regions. This, I stated to him, I would not do, and gave him my reasons.

If a conference was called, as Mr. Shaffer requested, it would have been looked upon by every thinking man, and particularly the directors of the United States Steel company, as the first evidence of the Amalgamated Association's weakness.

Such a conference would undoubtedly create a stir of interest while it was being held. After the adjournment, however, a reaction would have set in that, beyond doubt, would have proven disastrous to the strike and also to the Amalgamated association, for it could not have fulfilled Mr. Shaffer's expectations.

I felt confident that the executive officers of the trade unions of America ought not and would not violate or break their contracts or agreements with their employers throughout the country. Hence there would not and ought not to be a widespread sympathetic strike.

Prior to discussing this matter with me, Mr. Shaffer had publicly declared that such a conference of officers of national and international unions would be called. That I could not see my way clear to comply with his request forms the quintessence of his bitterness and the motive of his unjust attacks upon me.

Goodfellow's

CLOAK DEPT.

Specials for Thursday

Fine quality Astrakhan Jackets, lined in heavy satin; latest styles. $30.00 jackets, Thursday..... **$25**

Fine Kersey Jackets, handsomely lined throughout, storm collar, new fall styles, Thursday..... **$10**

Fine Kersey Jackets, the latest styles, handsomely trimmed in panne velvet; equal to any $22.00 garment. They come in all the new shades. Thursday..... **$16**

We are showing a very exclusive line of Long Coats in all the new shades.

We will sell very handsome Walking Skirts in styles that are not shown elsewhere. $14.00 Skirts, Thursday..... **$11.00**

Walking Suits in fine quality Scotch Mixtures, with the new style Norfolk Jackets, at..... **$20.00**

And also many other pretty styles.

We are showing a very large line of tailor-made suits in all the new fall styles and materials.

If you are looking for something new and pretty in French flannel or silk waists you will find a very large assortment both in colors and black, and our prices are the lowest for these high class goods.

We are showing a very large assortment of Ladies' Dressing Sacks. Many special prices on these goods for Thursday.

251 253 255 Nicollet Avenue

HULL NO BETTER

Des Moines Congressman Is a Pretty Sick Man.

Des Moines, Iowa, Oct. 16.—Congressman Hull, who is ill at his home in this city with inflammation of the bowels, was reported no better to-day by his physicians.

Journal want ads are the best profitable result producers in the northwest. One cent a word nothing less than twenty cents cash with order. If you can't bring it in telephone No. 9 either line. The Journal will trust you.

Cheap Rates to California.

In the through tourist cars. Consult Minneapolis & St. Louis R. R. agents.

35c Harmonicas for 15c

At Metropolitan Music Co., 41-43 6th st S.

MARRIED ALL THE TIME

IOWA SOCIAL LION IS FOUND OUT

Belles of Des Moines Plunged in Grief by News of Trepanier's Alliance.

Special to The Journal.

Des Moines, Iowa, Oct. 16.—A veritable bombshell was exploded in Des Moines society circles to-day by the clerk of courts from a Los Angeles attorney, asking if Ernest Trepanier, son of the well known wholesale milliner of this city, had commenced divorce proceedings against his wife.

The letter went on to state that Trepanier had married Miss Marie Wilson of Los Angeles during a brief sojourn in that city last winter and that his wife had grown apprehensive at his protracted absence. Rumors had come to her that her husband desired a divorce and she wished to know if such action had been commenced.

A telegram to Los Angeles elicited the information that Trepanier's wedding was one of the most noteworthy social functions of the season. But strangely enough it was not known here, where he was supposed to be single. He has been a social lion here and the news of his wedding brought grief to the hearts of many Des Moines prominent belles.

THE CHRISTIAN CONVENTION.

REV. I. J. SPENCER, LEXINGTON, KY.

PRESIDENT AMERICAN CHRISTIAN MISSIONARY SOCIETY.

MINNEAPOLIS: 526 Nicollet Ave.
ST. PAUL: Cor. Wabasha & 6th Sts.

REGAL SHOES $3.50

MINNEAPOLIS: 526 Nicollet Ave.
ST. PAUL: Cor. Wabasha & 6th Sts.

IN MANUFACTURING REGAL SHOES

KING CALF

we use nothing but the best materials. King Calf, the best leather that's made for uppers, and Live Oak, the best sole leather that money can buy, are controlled exclusively by the Regal.

All Regal Shoes are thoroughly seasoned. They are kept on lasts clear through the process of manufacture. This insures wearers of Regals, shoes that keep their shape, that look well, fit well and wear well.

No better shoe is made at any price than the Regal, and no other shoe nearly so good can be bought at anything like the price.

All sizes—all widths—all the good shapes. You are sure of a perfect fit and complete shoe satisfaction when you wear Regals.

Always $3.50—never any change in the price.

MINNEAPOLIS STORE—526 NICOLLET AVENUE.

The Regal is the only shoe sold at $3.50 direct from Tannery to Consumer in its own stores from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

Regal Dressing gives the most lustrous and lasting polish, makes the shoes soft and easy, and preserves the leather indefinitely.

THE CURES ARE GENUINE

THE NEW CURE FOR CATARRH AND EAR TROUBLES INDORSED BY CURED PATIENTS.

The Specialists of the Northwestern Infirmary Investigated—Their Skill and Cures Found to Be True.

In the Times of Sunday was published an article concerning the treatment and cure of certain troubles of the ear, due to catarrhal affections; below we give the result of three interviews of the specialists at the Northwestern Infirmary's cured patients, which go to prove that this disease (catarrh) is curable under scientific treatment.

THE INTERVIEWS
Verbatim Statements of the Cured Patients.

Mr. Iver L. Aaker, one of the proprietors of the Flour City Creamery, 1500 East Twentieth street, has his hearing restored. Here is his signed statement:

I have had catarrh for a number of years, but only about three months ago my hearing became affected. It grew rapidly worse until I could not hear my watch tick, even when I placed it against my ear. Noticing the advertisement of the Northwestern Infirmary, I called and had them examine me. After three treatments I found my hearing much better. It continued to improve and now I can hear as distinctly as I ever heard in my life.

I am perfectly satisfied that these physicians thoroughly understand their business, are honorable gentlemen and entirely honest in their dealings with their patients, and cheerfully commend them to any one afflicted with ear trouble or catarrh.

IVER L. AAKER,
909 Twentieth avenue south.

Mr. Thomas Roberts, an employe of the North Star Shoe Factory gave the reporter his statement to which he also attached his signature:

I noticed last spring, after getting rid of a cold, that my ear was discharging and that the hearing in one of my ears was impaired; it became worse, three weeks ago. I went to the Northwestern Infirmary and had them examine my ears. After two weeks' treatment they have restored my hearing. The discharge is also entirely cured.

I want to say to anyone afflicted with partial deafness or discharging ears, that the physicians in charge of the Northwestern Infirmary are specialists of high standing in their profession, judging from the success attending my case.

THOMAS ROBERTS.

Firmly convinced that he was doing the public a kindness, the reporter next interviewed Mr. Thomas Robinson, residing at the Soldiers' Home, and who has resided permanently in Minneapolis since 1868. Mr. Robinson ably confirmed and strengthened the other interviews, by saying:

I have been troubled for a long time; my nose stopped up. I had severe pains in top of head; also over the eyes. When I would blow my nose there would be a crackling noise in my ears and a sort of sticky feeling. I was quite deaf for the past few years, but since treating with the Northwestern Infirmary physicians my hearing has been greatly improved. My nose was badly stopped up, so much so that I could not force air through it. But I must say it is perfectly clear now. The physicians of the Northwestern Infirmary removed a large growth from it. This he told me caused the stopping up. I noticed it was always worse in damp weather. I want to recommend the physicians as conscientious men, who thoroughly understand their business

THOMAS THEO. ROBINSON.

What stronger evidence is needed to convince the suffering public that the Northwestern Infirmary's physicians are the skilled specialists they claim in their announcements in the public press to be? If they examine a patient and say they will cure, they do as they say. They do not accept for treatment incurable cases.

PNEUMO-VIBRATION

The new treatment for ear troubles positively and speedily cures deafness and head noises. Discharging ears positively cured.

THE GREAT ABSORPTION TREATMENT

Removes cataracts, cures granulated lids and sore eyes of all kinds. Cross eyes absolutely cured without the use of the knife.

FREE CONSULTATION
FREE EXAMINATION

For all diseases of the eye, ear, nose, throat and respiratory organs.

HOME TREATMENT

No one is deprived of the benefits of the Northwestern Infirmary treatment because living at a distance from the office. The same uniform success attending treatment in their offices is found in their home treatment of patients by mail. If you live out of the city, write, describing fully your symptoms, and they will have the same careful attention as though you visited the Infirmary's physicians.

NORTHWESTERN INFIRMARY
518-520 NICOLLET AVENUE.
(Over Jacobs' Jewelry Store.)
SPECIALISTS for the Treatment of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.
Office Hours—9 a. m. to 11 a. m.; 2 to 4 and 7 to 8 p. m.
SUNDAYS, 10 TO 12 A. M.
Write for symptom blank.

When You patronize
THE NORTH AMERICAN TELEGRAPH CO.
You encourage competition and foster a home enterprise.
PROMPT AND RELIABLE SERVICE.

BEST FOR THE BOWELS

If you haven't a regular, healthy movement of the bowels every day, you're sick, or will be. Keep your bowels open, and be well. Force, in the shape of violent physic or pill poison, is dangerous. The smoothest, easiest, most perfect way of keeping the bowels clear and clean is to take

CANDY CATHARTIC
Cascarets
TRADE MARK REGISTERED
REGULATE THE LIVER

Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good, Do Good, Never Sicken, Weaken, or Gripe, 10c, 25c, 50c. Write for free sample, and booklet on health. Address Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago, Montreal, New York. 322a

KEEP YOUR BLOOD CLEAN

Heeled With Comfort.
O'Sullivan heels of new rubber give the spring of youth.

NO CURE, NO PAY.

MEN.—Throw away your medicine. If you have small, weak organs, lost power or weakening drains, our Vacuum Organ Developer will restore you. No drugs. Stricture and Varicocele permanently cured in 1 to 4 weeks; 75,000 in use; not one failure; not one returned; effect immediate; no C.O.D. fraud; write for free particulars, sent sealed in plain envelope.

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