

MRS. HULDA JAKEMAN

Wife of President Jakeman of Elders of the Mormon Church, Salt Lake City, Utah, Recommends Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound For Women's Periodic Pains.



DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Before I knew of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I dreaded the approach of the time for my menstrual period, as it would mean a couple of days in bed with intense pain and suffering. I was under the physicians care for over a year without any relief, when my attention was called to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound by several of our Mormon women who had been cured through its use. I began its systematic use and improved gradually in health, and after the use of six bottles my health was completely restored, and for over two years I have had neither ache or pain. You have a truly wonderful remedy for women. Very sincerely yours, MRS. HULDA JAKEMAN, Salt Lake City, Utah.

Just as surely as Mrs. Jakeman was cured just so surely will Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound cure every woman suffering from any form of female ills.

Mrs. Pinkham advises sick women free. Address, Lynn, Mass.

PAPER MONEY OF LOW VALUE. Colon, Columbia, Nov. 12.—The exchange of paper money has advanced to the highest point yet reached. A United States dollar is actually worth 44¢ in national currency in Bogota and 43¢ in department money.

W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES UNION MADE. For More than a Quarter of a Century. The reputation of W. L. Douglas \$3.50 shoes for style, comfort and wear has excelled all other makes sold for \$3.50. This excellent reputation has been won by merit alone.

W. L. Douglas shoes have to give better satisfaction than other \$3.50 shoes because of their reputation for the best \$3.50 shoes must be maintained.



The standard has always been placed so high that the wearer receives more value for his money in the W. L. Douglas \$3.50 shoes than he can get elsewhere.

This is the reason W. L. Douglas makes and sells more men's \$3.50 shoes than any other manufacturer in the world.

W. L. Douglas \$3.50 shoes placed side by side with \$5.00 and \$6.00 shoes of other makes, are found to be just as good. They will outwear any pair of ordinary \$3.50 shoes.

A trial will convince you they are the best in the world.

W. L. Douglas \$3.50 shoes are made in all modern styles and all kinds of American and imported leathers, same as used in \$5 and \$6 shoes.

Sold by 63 Douglas shoe stores in American cities selling direct from factory to wearer at one profit; also by best shoe dealers everywhere.

Boys all wear W. L. Douglas STURDIEB MADE \$2.00 shoes. Youth's \$1.75, \$2.00, \$2.50, \$3.00, \$3.50, \$4.00, \$4.50, \$5.00, \$5.50, \$6.00, \$6.50, \$7.00, \$7.50, \$8.00, \$8.50, \$9.00, \$9.50, \$10.00.

W. L. Douglas shoes are made on improved lasts that fit the foot. Wear them and you will always be free from corns and bunions, and have perfectly natural feet. Style, comfort and wear guaranteed.

How to Order by Mail. If W. L. Douglas shoes are not sold in your town, send order direct to factory. Shoes sent anywhere for \$2.00. Custom department will make you a pair that will wear \$2.00 as good as made shoes in style, fit and wear. Take measurements of feet as shown in model; state size and color desired. Write to W. L. Douglas, 100 N. Wabash St., Chicago, Ill.

Fast Color Eyelets and Rods Always Black Hooks Used

MINNEAPOLIS: 405 Nicollet Ave.

ACTION IS TAKEN ON ORE RATE CASE

Continued From Ninth Page.

A burden on interstate traffic when a continuous shipment is not made to sister states. The only authority I am able to find where the precise question involved here was presented, is M. & L. R. Ry. & Lumber Co. v. Cape Girardeau & S. W. Ry. Co., 1st Int. Commerce Reports, 30.

There the interstate commerce commission sustained the objections of the railway company and denied jurisdiction to the complainant on the ground that the shipments under consideration could not be considered interstate commerce, where such shipments were wholly between points in Missouri, in a case where the property consigned was destined for ultimate immediate trans-shipment by another carrier to a point in a distant state, which fact was known to the railway company.

This construction of the interstate commerce act directly overthrows the contention of respondent as applied to a state of facts assumed under this submission, and which may possibly exist here. The commission in its decision says:

When the complaint was presented, the commission called attention to the fact that the transportation contemplated was entirely within the state of Missouri, and, therefore, apparently not within the jurisdiction of the commission. Complainant, however, on the fact as giving jurisdiction, that the ultimate destination of the ties was another state, and that the defendant knew the fact, but as it appeared the defendant was to be in no way connected with any transportation out of the state, this was held to be immaterial, and the commission declined to entertain the complaint.

Counsel strenuously insist that this decision has been directly overruled in Railroad Commission of Georgia v. Clyde Steamship Co., 5 Int. Commerce Reports, 324.

I do not so understand the latter decision. The shipment therein under consideration was made through bill of lading for a continuous carriage over different railways doing business in different states, without previous arrangement between them. The commission therein immediately made up its mind on the ground that the shipment "having been received, forwarded and delivered as one through shipment, transported under a common control, management or arrangement as the case may be for continuous carriage or shipment," must be deemed interstate traffic. The fact that the shipment was under through bills of lading was held to be "a common arrangement of a continuous carriage."

Neither do I understand the Social Circle case, 162 U. S. 184, to be an authority in this case. That case was an authority in the case of a bill of lading for a continuous carriage over different railways doing business in different states, without previous arrangement between them.

The Georgia Railroad company has accepted merchandise shipped on a through bill of lading from Cincinnati, Ohio, to Social Circle, Ga., a station on its line of railway. The court barely held that the acceptance and carriage of such merchandise under a through bill of lading subjects the Georgia Railroad company to the jurisdiction of the interstate commerce commission.

This illustration practically accords with the case at bar under the conditions assumed in this submission.

In the Social Circle case, the court says: We are unable to accept this conclusion. It may be true that the "Georgia Railroad company," as a corporation of the state of Georgia, and whose entire road is within that state, may not legally be compelled to submit itself to the provisions of the act of congress, even when operating between points in Georgia, freight that has been brought from another state. It may be that if, in the present case, the goods of the James H. Buggy company had reached Atlanta, and there and then for the first time, and independently of any other arrangement with the railroad companies that had transported them thither, the Georgia Railroad company was asked to transport them, whether to Augusta or to Social Circle, that company could have declined such transportation free from the control of any supervision except that of the state of Georgia.

Whether under existing conditions action should be taken in the present involves a question of policy for the commission concerning which I express no opinion.

ADJUDICATIONS UPON THE GENERAL SUBJECT.

It is not my purpose, under this subdivision, to review all the authorities bearing upon the question of interstate commerce. Most have been cited and the conclusions of the court restated by the learned counsel for respondents and in the opinions I have invited of eminent members of the bar, copies of which are herewith transmitted.

The position of respondents is chiefly buttressed by the decisions of the supreme court of the United States in the cases of The Daniel Ball, 10 Wallace, 557; Wabash vs. Illinois, 118 U. S. 557; Covington Bridge Co. vs. Kentucky, 154 U. S. 217.

The Daniel Ball case was decided in 1870. The Daniel Ball was a steamer engaged upon a navigable river situated in Michigan, in transporting merchandise shipped from points in the state of Michigan to places on the side and vice versa. It was one of a series of carriers engaged in transporting merchandise from state to state upon a continuous journey.

In holding that the Daniel Ball was subject to federal legislation, the court took as its license as prescribed by the act of congress when engaged in part in this interstate traffic, the court did not have before it or attempt to pass upon any question involving the power of states over interstate traffic or even of congress over interstate commerce, when carried on by land transportation.

That the present case relates to transportation upon the navigable waters of the United States, and we are not called upon to express an opinion upon the power of congress over interstate commerce when carried on by land transportation.

Six years later the same court of last resort in the nation held that the act of Wisconsin of March 21, 1874, was unconstitutional, and that until congress acted in reference to the relations of such companies to interstate commerce, the regulation of its rates, so far as they were of domestic concern, was within the power of that state, notwithstanding the fact that such traffic originated in other states.

Peik vs. Chicago, etc., 175 U. S. 104. To the same effect, Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Ry. Co. vs. Iowa, 94 U. S. 155; Mr. Justice Field and Mr. Justice Brewer were the only dissenters from this doctrine.

The doctrine of the above cases was criticized and overruled in Wabash, etc., Ry. Co. vs. Illinois, supra, and in Covington Bridge Co. vs. Kentucky, supra.

In the Wabash case, Mr. Justice Bradley, with whom concurred the chief justice and Mr. Justice Gray, dissented.

In the Covington Bridge case, Mr. Chief Justice Fuller, Mr. Justice Field, Mr. Justice Gray and Mr. Justice White concurred in the judgment of reversal, but dissented from the philosophy of the majority of the court.

The Wabash case involved the power of the legislature of Illinois to fix a rate of transportation upon merchandise from the interior of the state, and to place in its hands and to divide up a joint rate between such points and arbitrarily apportion to the railway in Illinois any fixed sum representing its share of such freight, while the Covington Bridge case involved the power of one state to fix arbitrarily the fare or toll of passengers for the use of a bridge extending from Kentucky across the river to Ohio.

These cases present questions strikingly different from those involved in an assumed shipment of ore from stations on either the Duluth & Iron Range railroad, or the Minnesota & Northern railroad, to the docks of such companies at Duluth and Two Harbors. They may and probably must control the power of the state of Minnesota to fix and regulate joint rates for the transportation of iron ore from stations on such lines of railway to either Cleveland or Chicago, or other points situated in sister states to which such ore may be consigned by its owners for continuous passage, but cannot, in my judgment, be deemed conclusive or as furnishing a guide to the commission in dealing with the other class of shipments.

In view of the expression of the court in the Social Circle case, heretofore repeated, and the language of the court in Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Ry. Co. v. Ohio, (decided in 1896), 173 U. S. 300, it may be questionable whether the court, as now constituted, may not consider the doctrine of the Peik case to be sound.

The court in the majority opinion says: The question is not directed against interstate commerce. Nor is it within the necessary meaning of the constitution a regulation of commerce, although it controls, in some degree, the conduct of those engaged in such commerce. So far as it may affect interstate commerce, it is to be regarded as legislation in aid of commerce and enacted under the power remaining with the state to regulate the relative rights and duties of all persons and corporations within its limits. Until displaced by such national legislation as congress may rightly establish under its power to regulate commerce with foreign nations, among the several states, the validity of the statute, so far as the commerce clause of the constitution of the United States is concerned, cannot be questioned.

Mr. Justice Shiras, Mr. Justice Brewer, Mr. Justice Peckham and Mr. Justice White dissented. The above citations serve to show how complex are the questions presented and how at variance have been the views of eminent justices of the highest court in the land.

Recapitulating the conclusions heretofore expressed, in my opinion: 1. You are without power to fix and regulate rates for the transportation of ore consigned for continuous passage from points in Minnesota to lower lake ports situated in sister states.

CHASED FOR TWO YEARS

BANKER JOHN JOYCE IS CAUGHT

Charges of Defalcation Hanging Over a Man Well Known in the Northwest. Chicago, Nov. 12.—John H. Joyce, former president of the Stoughton National bank of Stoughton, Wis., was arrested in this city yesterday. He is charged with defauling with \$40,000.

For more than two years Joyce, it is said, has been eluding the police of all the principal cities of the country. Joyce, who at one time was thought to be worth over \$1,000,000, is accused by the residents of Stoughton with receiving money when he knew the bank to be insolvent.

When Joyce's shortage was discovered, and he could not be found, the inhabitants of Stoughton immediately made up a subscription to assist Sheriff Burmeister of Madison, Wis., to trace him. That official started out to find the banker a week after his disappearance, but he had allowed him until he finally had him arrested in Chicago.

ASSETS WERE WORTHLESS. Sheriff Had Hunted Joyce in Mexico and South America. Special to The Journal. Stoughton, Wis., Nov. 12.—The Dane County bank, of which John H. Joyce was cashier from June 10, 1899, until its failure proved to be a bad one. The normal assets were \$223,000 and the liabilities \$173,000, but the assets were largely in securities of the loan and mortgage companies of Joyce, which could not be realized on.

The president of the bank was O. M. Turner, but Cashier Joyce had entire charge of the loan. He had owned many of the large part of the assets of the bank to I. O. Britton, a tobacco buyer who was largely interested in Mexican cattle ranches and Texas irrigation schemes.

The bank was closed by Bank Examiner Kidd, who had previously warned the officers and obtained no satisfaction. He extended the time for them, but they did not improve the situation.

On June 17 Joyce was arrested at the instance of a widow, who charged him with taking her deposit of \$900 from the bank insolvent and giving her his individual notes. He gave bond and disappeared and was supposed to be in Mexico on one of the ranches he and Britton were interested in.

The affairs of the bank were wound up by a receiver appointed by the court and the depositors only got a few cents on the dollar. The farmers have since paid the sheriff's expenses in a search after Joyce and he has been to Mexico and South America in pursuit of him.

"IMPROVING" SUFFRAGE

New Constitution of Alabama Is Daily Adopted.

Montgomery, Ala., Nov. 12.—From the returns so far received it is believed that the new constitution has carried by a majority ranging between 25,000 and 30,000.

The negroes voted in much larger numbers than in the previous election, but were unable to control the result.

This was the last opportunity they will have to vote under the old plan if the new instrument has been ratified, and in many counties they must take action.

The new constitution was framed primarily to "improve the character of the suffrage." It provides for educational or property qualifications for those who were not descendants of soldiers, and contains a good character clause.

The new instrument provides for a lieutenant governor; four-year terms for state officers; quadriennial instead of biennial sessions of the legislature; reduces the limit of taxation; insures a fixed appropriation for the public schools, and prohibits judges and members of the legislature from acquiring free railroad passes.

It also provides a penalty for persons who sell or buy votes.

HOW IT HAPPENED

Bryan Oppines on the Republican Victory of Last Week.

Cleveland, Ohio, Nov. 12.—Director of public works Charles W. Salen of Cleveland has received a letter from William Jennings Bryan in which the former presidential candidate extends congratulations on the victory won in the Cuyahoga county election by Mayor Tom L. Johnson. In speaking of the republican victories elsewhere, he said:

The assassination of the president contributed somewhat to the republican success, and the republican speakers made full use of it they could. The vote was short in this state, but our people suffered more than the republicans, because it is impossible for us to secure money for organization or the transportation of men who are away from home.

ARCTIC IN PORT

Last Boat, but One, to Clear From Nome City.

Seattle, Wash., Nov. 12.—The steam schooner Arctic, Captain Erickson, arrived shortly before midnight from Nome with 118 passengers and \$250,000 in gold. She was the last boat but one to leave Seattle and brought down many prominent business men. She reports meeting the Ralph D. Long at Dutch Harbor, short of provisions and water. It was said that her sixty passengers had suffered many privations before reaching port. The Long was expected to follow the Arctic to Seattle the next day.

NEW BRITISH MAIL ROUTE

New York, Nov. 12.—The British government has decided to send Australian mails for London by way of San Francisco and New York instead of, as formerly, by way of the Suez canal. It has been demonstrated that the Pacific and American route is slightly over three days faster than the old route from Sydney to London, by way of Colombo, Aden, Brindist and London.

DONALDSON'S GLASS BLOCK Silk Sale! Extraordinary for One Day, Wednesday. A rich collection of Fancy Silks, comprising the following popular weaves—Fancy Corded Taffetas, value \$1.35; Jacquard Louises, value \$1.25; Regent Brocades, value \$1.39; White and Black Novelities, values \$1; 24-in. self-figured Washable India Silks, Poplins and Bengalines, none valued at less than \$1 a yard, and the majority are cheap at \$1.50 a yard; all will be sacrificed for this immense sale tomorrow, Tuesday, at a yard. No silks are more sought after or more stylish than the new warp printed Louises and Taffetas. A super line of these that are usually sold at \$1.35 and \$1.50. For this great silk sale, Wednesday, at per yard. We have purchased several thousand yards of this season's Silk Foulards at a price that enables us to offer them for this sale at about half price; new designs in Twill and Satin Faced Foulards, values up to \$1 yard, at yard. New Crepe de Chines in all the desirable evening shades; the best Crepe de Chine shown in the Twin Cities; usual value is \$1.35 a yard, for this sale. 25 pieces of new Corded and Plain Taffeta Silks, in evening and street shades; these are very desirable at 75c per yard, but for this day only we say, per yard. Black Silk Peau de Soie—Strong, with good, heavy body; a most desirable article. 21-inch—89c 20-inch—75c

U. S. DIPLOMAT FIRED AT. Bogota, Colombia, Nov. 12.—A sentinel at Tequendama Falls, on Oct. 25, declined to honor the passport of United States Minister Charles Burdette Hart and fired one shot at the diplomat. The minister was not hit. The government has severely punished the sentinel and is seeing that the minister is fully protected.

Waterloo Well Gets Gay. Waterloo, Iowa, Nov. 12.—A well that has been in use for a year at the William Ewald bottling works has suddenly developed into a gusher, spouting water thirty feet in the air. An even flow has been kept for several days, and the pressure will be gauged and utilized should it continue.

Married Women. Every woman covets a shapely, pretty figure, and many of them deplore the loss of their girlish forms after marriage. The bearing of children is often destructive to the mother's shapeliness. All of this can be avoided, however, by the use of Mother's Friend before baby comes, as this great liniment always prepares the body for the strain upon it, and preserves the symmetry of her form. Mother's Friend overcomes all the danger of child-birth, and carries the expectant mother safely through this critical period without pain. It is woman's greatest blessing. Thousands gratefully tell of the benefit and relief derived from the use of this wonderful remedy. Sold by all druggists at \$1.00 per bottle. Our little book, telling all about this liniment, will be sent free.

PERUNA Cures CATARRH OF HEAD, THROAT, LUNGS, STOMACH, KIDNEYS & BLADDER FEMALE ORGANS.

CASTORIA. The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. All Counterfeits, Imitations, and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment. What is CASTORIA. Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS Bears the Signature of The Kind You Have Always Bought In Use For over 30 Years.

WANTS—Pages 10 11

AGENTS WANTED. SPECIAL SALE IN OVERCOATS—\$10, \$15, \$20, \$25, \$30, \$35, \$40, \$45, \$50, \$55, \$60, \$65, \$70, \$75, \$80, \$85, \$90, \$95, \$100. WANTED—THE NAME AND ADDRESS OF every agent for any of the numerous "Lives of McKinley" not interfered with present work, but to provide profitable employment territory for McKinley books has been exhausted. Will give employment for a season of winter, or the coming year, that will pay \$100 per month. No charge for outfit and no expense to agent. Address: Guarantee Publishing Co., 223 N. 2d St., St. Louis. AGENTS WANTED—BEST LIFE OF McKinley and Christmas books; 75 per cent discount; outfit free; freight paid; credit given; valuable premium. Our agents get \$200 in gold for Christmas. Henry Neil, 223 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill. THE MURRAY CURE, LOCATED AT 1815 Nicollet av., is not a "gold cure" and leaves no bad after effects. WANTED—A GOOD, LIVE AGENT, LADY or gentleman, to sell "The Electric Shoe," for women, direct to wearer, in Minneapolis and vicinity; new plan; sure to take. For particulars, address, Manager, 743 Iglehart st., St. Paul. AGENTS WANTED AT ONCE, GOOD MEN or women, to sell "The Electric Shoe," full line of general subjects; great sellers and big money makers. American Vag. Co., Station O, Chicago. WANTED—TWO AGENTS FOR CITY WORK and two for outside work. Apply at once, 409 Kasota building. ANNOUNCEMENTS. SPECIAL SALE IN OVERCOATS—\$10, \$15, \$18, \$20, \$22, \$24, \$26, \$28, \$30, \$32, \$34, \$36, \$38, \$40, \$42, \$44, \$46, \$48, \$50, \$52, \$54, \$56, \$58, \$60, \$62, \$64, \$66, \$68, \$70, \$72, \$74, \$76, \$78, \$80, \$82, \$84, \$86, \$88, \$90, \$92, \$94, \$96, \$98, \$100. M. D. WILSON'S NEW LIVERY ALL NEW CARRIAGES. Lower priced on vehicles for funerals and parties. Personal attention given to boarders. Up to date electric fixtures, gas and plumbing in this livery have rubber tires. N. W. T. M. City, 387 Royalston Av., Minneapolis. GET YOUR HABITS OFF, THE INJURIOUS ones, if you can't, the Murray Cure Institute can. PROFESSOR McKEVLEY, SUPERINTENDENT for years of schools, will give a free lecture and a free copy of "The Murray Cure," at 404 Andrus building, 10th St., California. AUCTION SALES. SPECIAL SALE IN OVERCOATS—\$10, \$15, \$18, \$20, \$22, \$24, \$26, \$28, \$30, \$32, \$34, \$36, \$38, \$40, \$42, \$44, \$46, \$48, \$50, \$52, \$54, \$56, \$58, \$60, \$62, \$64, \$66, \$68, \$70, \$72, \$74, \$76, \$78, \$80, \$82, \$84, \$86, \$88, \$90, \$92, \$94, \$96, \$98, \$100. THE ENTIRE GAS AND ELECTRIC fixture stock of A. A. George, located at No. 40 3d St., Minneapolis, Minn., will be sold at auction commencing Wednesday, Nov. 12, 2 p. m., and continuing from day to day until the entire stock is sold. Mr. George having decided to close his business, offers to the public a splendid line of new and seasonable goods, consisting of gas fixtures, electric fixtures, gas and electric combination fixtures, Newel post lights, hall lanterns, library extension fixtures, dining-room lamps, chandeliers, gas and electric stoves and other fine pieces suitable for use in offices or homes. A fine line of line of decorated desk lights and a general assortment of gas fixture sundries. Also a cone and dome shades, imported and domestic line of decorated desk lights and a general assortment of gas fixture sundries. E. B. Fenton, auctioneer. SAY WHAT YOU WILL, THE MURRAY Cure is daily curing more drunks than any other so-called "cure." BUSINESS CHANCES. SPECIAL SALE IN OVERCOATS—\$10, \$15, \$18, \$20, \$22, \$24, \$26, \$28, \$30, \$32, \$34, \$36, \$38, \$40, \$42, \$44, \$46, \$48, \$50, \$52, \$54, \$56, \$58, \$60, \$62, \$64, \$66, \$68, \$70, \$72, \$74, \$76, \$78, \$80, \$82, \$84, \$86, \$88, \$90, \$92, \$94, \$96, \$98, \$100. PLYMOUTH CLOTHING HOUSE. GET YOUR FURNACE REPAIRED NOW. Don't wait until you want to start a fire; repairs for all furnaces; call on Western State Repair Co., Tel. 151, 213 Hennepin av. HALF INTEREST IN EXCELLENT PAYING real estate business, in Minneapolis; long established; investment \$20,000; long-term; Kurlman Co., Phoenix building. POOR SALE—NEW GROCERY AND QUEENSWARE store; northwestern low town; 2,000 good trade; good location; Address 1242, Journal. PERRY 1000 letterheads... \$2.25 PRINTER 1000 business cards... \$1.50 42 So. Third St. THE SAVING FUND CO., 119 Temple Court, pays 4 and 5 per cent on deposits; capital, \$250,000; surplus, \$20,000. NEW ENGLAND PTC CO., 616 Boston Bldg. Let us estimate on your printing. FOR SALE—BLOCK OF TEXAS OIL STOCK at snap price; containing 100,000 shares; stock worth 25c, offered for 10c; holdings on Spindle Top, Address Shields, 40 Wall st., New York. FOR SALE—TAILOR SHOP; NORTHEAST Iowa, doing good business; will invoice; inspection invited; Will sell cheap. Address 2210, Journal. FOR SALE—BEST APARTMENT HOUSE in city; location choice; central; fine repair; full of best paying tenants; cash flow big investment. Must sell. 2093, Journal. WANTED—PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON to take charge of business in northern Minnesota; write Dr. F. L. White, Walker, Minn., for particulars, and give references. WANTED—PARTNER IN GRAIN BROKERAGE business, in Minneapolis; good opening; moderate amount of capital required. 2890, Journal. PAYING FEED STORE FOR SALE. GOOD location. Address 2279, Journal. WANTED—EIGHT OR TEN-ROOM HOUSE, in good condition, to move on lot in North Minneapolis. 2614 4th St. N. THE MURRAY CURE, LOCATED AT 1815 Nicollet av., is not a "gold cure" and leaves no bad after effects. FOR SALE—MACHINE SHOP AND FOUNDRY, located in two cities; doing big business; offered for sale for the reason that the company wishes to devote all capital and energies to a special line of manufacturing business; has been established 13 years, and is very prosperous, paying big on the investment; nothing but cash accepted. Address 2122, Journal. THE TEA, COFFEE AND RESTAURANT business of the late copartnership of Ricker & Webb, at 31 5th St., in the City of Minneapolis, Minn., will be sold by public auction, signed, receivers of said firm, to the highest bidder, on the 14th day of November, 1901, at 9:30 o'clock a. m., before Hon. C. B. Elliott, a judge of the district court, at his chambers, in the county courthouse, in said city. Investors of said business can be seen at the offices of said receivers. A deposit of \$250 is required of each bidder. H. F. Woodard, 139 Temple Court, C. D. Gordon, 523 Boston block, Minneapolis, Minn., receivers. FOR SALE—RESTAURANT IN TOWN OF 4,500; a snap if taken at once. Address 247 Broadway, Albert Lea, Minn. EXPERIENCED OWNER HAVING GOOD steam laundry, and established business, wants partner with \$1,000, willing to work. E. E. Holbert, 602 Guaranty building. A GOOD STORE BUSINESS FOR SALE. cheap; established 1885; large stock and good trade. Address 3885, Journal. FOR SALE—COGAR, TOBACCO, CANDY and grocery store; living rooms; fine location; good location; \$350 cash takes it. Call 525 4th St. S. F. F. Clearing \$400 monthly; sale, partner. TRANSFER bus, clearing \$125 per day; 3000 GROCERY, fresh stock; \$40 daily; consider. ROOMING house, full year around; central. LAUNDRY, sale; \$200 weekly; 100 Linn St. \$175 BUYS NINE-ROOM ROOMING HOUSE, half interest in well established and paying office business for sale. 304 Bank of Commerce. PATENT FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE FOR land. Box 707, Storm Lake, Iowa. FOR RENT—PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY; best location in city. 38 Washington av. S. Dr. Neill, 10 3d St. 17 OWN TWO STORES, \$15,000 and \$20,000 stores, clearing \$15 and \$25 per day; 3000 in banking business; would take local manager who would invest \$2,500 or sell and take part clear; earn large interest; no further answer. 8723, Journal. BUSINESS SPECIALS. SPECIAL SALE IN OVERCOATS—\$10, \$15, \$18, \$20, \$22, \$24, \$26, \$28, \$30, \$32, \$34, \$36, \$38, \$40, \$42, \$44, \$46, \$48, \$50, \$52, \$54, \$56, \$58, \$60, \$62, \$64, \$66, \$68, \$70, \$72, \$74, \$76, \$78, \$80, \$82, \$84, \$86, \$88, \$90, \$92, \$94, \$96, \$98, \$100. PLYMOUTH CLOTHING HOUSE. SUPERFLUOUS HAIR MOLES, ETC., permanently removed by electricity. Miss Holister, 77 78 Syndicate block, Pioneer stand of the northwest. Exclusive specialist. SPECIAL SALE ON CHRYSANTHEMUMS this week at less than wholesale prices. You can't get elsewhere. Quantity, the very best. At Ler. Ekstrand's, 2427 23d av. S. SAY WHAT YOU WILL, THE MURRAY Cure is daily curing more drunks than any other so-called "cure." BICYCLES. SPECIAL SALE IN OVERCOATS—\$10, \$15, \$18, \$20, \$22, \$24, \$26, \$28, \$30, \$32, \$34, \$36, \$38, \$40, \$42, \$44, \$46, \$48, \$50, \$52, \$54, \$56, \$58, \$60, \$62, \$64, \$66, \$68, \$70, \$72, \$74, \$76, \$78, \$80, \$82, \$84, \$86, \$88, \$90, \$92, \$94, \$96, \$98, \$100. BICYCLES CALLED FOR AND STORED for winter, \$1.00. Haynes Cycle Co., 527 lat av. S. Phone 1467-J-1 Main. BICYCLES STORED AND INSURED FOR winter, \$1.00; pay now or spring. Edwards Cycle Co., 119 6th st. S. Tel. T. 1076. GET YOUR HABITS OFF, THE INJURIOUS ones, if you can't, the Murray Cure Institute can.