alter the tariff on sugar as a blow at a trust and not at the same time alter the tariff on iron and steel, as proposed by Mr. Babcock.

The proposed removal of the duty on refined sugar will, in a measure, affect the beet interest, but it will be a hard blow direct at the sugar trust. It is this differential the trust has always worked for whenever the sugar schedule was under consideration. The trust is buying raw sugar in the markets of the world and importing it solely for the purpose of refining it. It has enjoyed the protection of 12½ cents a hundred pounds as the difference in duty on raw and refined sugars. Upon the trust's raw product it paid a duty of $1.68 a hundred pounds, while refined sugar imported paid a duty of $1.85 a hundred. This gave it a monopoly of refining in this country. It is not considered probable that the loss of 12½ cents a hundred pounds, a fraction over one-tenth of a cent a pound, would drive the sugar trust out of business.

The sugar beet people hope to compete with foreign refined sugar that might enter our markets under such a reduction as they enjoy the great advantage of having the raw product, the beets grown near the refineries. The byproduct which remains after the sugar has been extracted from the beet has a value as feed for animals, and is another source of profit for the beet sugar refineries not enjoyed by the sugar trust.

TOO NEAR REVISION

Ways and Means Stalwarts Stick to Sugar Differential.

Washington, March 25.—President Roosevelt again took up the Cuban reciprocity question to-day with a view to securing unanimity of action in the house. Among his callers was Representative Long of Kansas, the member of the ways and means committee in charge of the tactical movements for reciprocity. Mr. Long afterward conferred with Representative Morris of Minnesota, who presented in detail the amendment which the opposition is supporting to abolish the differential on refined sugar.

At present refined pays $1.95 per 100; unrefined $1.825. By taking off the differential, all sugars would pay the uniform rate of $1.825 per 100. The present suggestion is that a modification of the Payne bill so as to make this change in the differential, would probably bring about an agreement. There is no indication thus far of its acceptance, ways and means members looking upon it as involving the first step toward a general revision of the tariff.

MEDIATE FOR MINERS

ATTEMPTING TO AVOID A STRIKE

Committee of Conciliation of the Civic Federation Occupies the Boards Just Now.

Shamokin, Pa., March 25.—The miners' program as now prepared provides for a preliminary conference in New York between National President Mitchell, the three district presidents, and the conciliation committee of the civic federation. An effort will be made by these committees to arrange a meeting between the operators and the mine-workers' committee of fourteen. Should the operators decline to meet the committee there will be no necessity for its members to visit New York. In any event the four presidents will report the result of their efforts to the district executive boards before further action is taken.

PREPARE FOR TROUBLE

Miners More Poorly Paid Than Others, With More Dangers.

Shamokin, Pa., March 25.—Unless the efforts of the Civic Federation are effective with the coal operators it is likely that a repetition of the struggle of 1900 will occur in the anthracite region. In that year 140,000 employes of the anthracite mines were on a strike for six weeks. The provisional strike declaration, leaving the date to be decided by the executive boards of the three districts was practically the last official act of the delegates and the convention adjourned sine die. From the first session it showed a disposition to insist on an adjustment of the mine workers' grievances, but the delegates were willing to relinquish the question of recognition providing that other important concessions were granted. This fact is evidenced in the resolution adopted which states as the chief demand, a shorter workday, a minimum day wage scale, a uniform increase in wages and the weighing of coal wherever possible.

Before completing the draft of the resolution President Mitchell telegraphed the presidents of the coal-carrying roads making last appeals for a conference, which were either refused or unnoticed. President Mitchell was in communication with Secretary Ralph M. Easley of the Civic Federation, to whom he had announced the decision of the convention.

In the event of the failure of the conciliation committee of the federation to secure satisfactory concessions the committee of fourteen appointed by the miners last night will report to the district executive boards, which were authorized by the convention to declare a strike.

The purpose of the convention in suspending work at the mines three days in each week after April 1 if negotiations are then pending, is to prevent the storage of coal by the companies by producing an amount sufficient only to supply the existing needs of the market. President Mitchell said:

The resolution explains that, upon investigation, it is found that the average annual earnings of the anthracite mine worker is considerably less than in any other important American industry, while the number of fatalities and injuries, in proportion to the number of persons employed, is greater than in any other industry. The resolution declares that the mine workers cannot, with honor to themselves or in justice to those dependent upon them, continue at work during the coming year under the present low wages and indefinite conditions of employment.

The conciliation committee will meet in New York to-day.

QUAKERS TAKE TO LUMBERING.

Redding, Cal., March 25.—A land deal has just been consummated in Plumas and Tehama counties, by which Pennsylvania capitalists have secured 60,000 acres of timber land. It is announced that they will form a company for the marketing of the lumber from this vast tract and will spend $2,000,000.

I Will Cure You of Rheumatism

NO PAY UNTIL YOU KNOW IT.

After 2,000 experiments, I have learned how to cure Rheumatism. Not to turn bony joints into flesh again; that is impossible. But I can cure the disease always, at any stage, and forever.

I ask for no money. Simply write me a postal and I will send you an order on your nearest druggist for six bottles of Dr. Shoop's Rheumatic Cure, for every druggist keeps it. Use it for a month, and if it does what I claim, pay your druggist $5.50 for it. If it doesn't, I will pay him myself.

I have no samples. Any medicine that can affect Rheumatism with but few doses must be drugged to the very verge of danger. I use no such drugs. It is folly to take them. You must get the disease out of the blood.

My remedy does that, even in the most difficult, obstinate cases. No matter how impossible this seems to you, I know it and I take this risk. I have cured tens of thousands of cases in this way, and my records show that 39 out of 40 who get those six bottles pay, and gladly. I have learned that people in general are honest with a physician who cures them. That is all I ask. If I fail I don't expect a penny from you.

Simply write me a postal card or letter. Let me send you an order for the medicine; also a book. Take it for a month, for it won't harm you anyway. If it cures, pay $5.50. I leave that entirely to you. Address Dr. Shoop, Box 620, Racine, Wis.

Mild cases, not chronic, are often cured by one or two bottles. At all druggists.

BLUNDER BY HOUSE

Amendments Concurred In by Viva Voce Vote.

SEVERAL BILLS INVALIDATED

They Will Have to Be Repassed, Signed and Republished or Fail.

Special to The Journal.

Des Moines, Iowa, March 25.—It has been discovered that the house has been concurring in senate amendments to house bills by a viva voce vote instead of roll call. This is held to invalidate all bills so passed, and those that have been signed by the governor will have to be repassed, signed and republished. Four have been discovered, and the journal is being carefully inspected to correct the error. The requirement of a roll call is constitutional, so that the defect would be vital.

The house pardons committee has voted against pardoning Mrs. Christina Behrens of Scott county, now at Anamosa for life for the murder of her husband. It has also refused to recommend a pardon for Jasper Mason and Byron Guinn, both Fort Madison life convicts.

The case of Guinn has attracted a good deal of attention. He is under sentence for the murder of Liberty Snooks of Lucas county. His case was argued before the pardons committee by able counsel and W. S. Richards, pardon secretary under Governor Shaw, appeared in his behalf.

The committee has recommended conditional pardons for John Ballew and Theodore Bushick, both life convicts at Anamosa. The house committee has not yet acted in the case of Wesley Elkins, the Clayton county boy, imprisoned for life at Anamosa for the murder of his parents when he was 11 years of age. The senate committee, however, has voted against his pardon.

Bills Passed by House.

Among bills passed by the house Monday afternoon were The Edwards bill permitting credit insurance; the Calderwood bill allowing farmers' institutes to have one delegate each at the anunal state agricultural convention; the bill by Secor of Winnebago, increasing the appropriation for the state horticultural society from $2,500 a year to $4,000; the bill of Wilson of Washington, to appropriate $60,000 for a state arsenal and adjutant general's building. This building is to be erected on grounds owned by the state just east of the statehouse. It is provided in the bill the appropriation is not to be available unless the state receives its war claims from the federal government, for interest on war bonds and war warrants. Inasmuch as there is little doubt the state will receive a large sum from this source, there is small question the building will be erected at an early date, provided the senate passes the bill, as there is every reason to believe it will.

Uniform System of Accounts.

The senate has passed an important bill providing for a uniform system of accounting in cities. It has already passed the house and is one of the measures indorsed by the municipal code commission.

Speaker Eaton has appointed Clarke of Dallas, Hawk of Jasper and Graff of Page as the second conference committee on the part of the house on the concurrent resolution indorsing the Hoar bill against injunctions in case of labor troubles. Garst, Hobart and Porter will be named as the second committee in the senate.

The house judiciary committee has voted to postpone indefinitely an important liquor bill by Hamann of Scott. It provided that the mulct law should be changed so as to make it impossible for a person buying liquor of one selling it illegally to recover his money. Under the mulct law as it is now, and as it will remain according to the committee's action yesterday, a person can buy liquor in an illegal resort and then compel the person selling it to refund the purchase price.

Senators by Popular Vote.

The house to-day passed a joint resolution, by Hughes, asking congress to call a national convention, in accordance with the provisions of article 5 of the constitution, with a view to bringing about the election of United States senators by popular vote. The resolution passed by a vote of 67 to 16.

Another joint resolution passed was the Temple measure for submission of an amendment to the state constitution increasing the number of representatives from 100 to 108. The senate has passed the resolution providing for 110 representatives.

The house passed the Moore bill appropriating $1,000 annually to the Iowa State Poultry association, and giving state recognition.

Salaries of Supreme Judges.

The senate spent the forenoon discussing the bill in relation to salaries of supreme judges. As it passed the house the bill provided for $5,000 salary instead of $4,000, as now. The senate judiciary committee substituted a bill looking to continuous sessions of the court. Instead of granting an increase of salary direct it provides that each member of the court shall have $2,000 annual allowance for clerk hire, etc., during the remainder of his current term, and at the end of that time the successors shall have $6,000 straight salary.

This is intended to avoid the constitutional prohibition against increasing the salary of an officer during the term for which he is elected. Trewin and Healy spoke for the bill and Blanchard made a witty speech against it. Its consideration continued at the afternoon session.

WIFE BEATER SENTENCED

Judge Donovan Called Him a Brute and Recommended the Post.

Special to The Journal.

Madison, Wis., March 25.—Charles Burnham, who after beating his wife last week, cut his throat but failed to kill himself, was sent to jail for four months without a fine to-day. The charge was wife beating and the only defense offered by his attorney was that it was not so serious an offense to strike a woman as a man. Judge Donovan took vigorous exception to this, and in passing sentence said a man who would strike a woman was a brute and desedved to be tied to a post and given a dose of his own medicine.

"COON, COON, COON"

Man Who Sang It Almost Stabbed to Death.

Winnipeg, Man., March 25.—William Skeeley, a Canadian Pacific railway brakeman, while celebrating pay day yesterday in the Arlington hotel, sang "Coon, Coon, Coon." Anderson Martin, a colored carpet sweeper who came here from Minneapolis or St. Paul, took exception and plunged a knife into the abdomen and shoulder of Skeeley. He was arrested after a hot chase. Skeeley may die.

CASES HAD TO BE CONTINUED.

Special to The Journal.

Pierre, S. D., March 25.—The supreme court has made an order continuing all criminal cases on their calendar of one month to May 6, when they will be taken up in regular order. This is on account of the death of Attorney General Pyle and the appointment of a new man to conduct the cases.

Piles Cured Without the Knife.

Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. No cure, no pay. All druggists are authorized by the manufacturers of Pazo Ointment to refund money where it fails to cure any case of piles, no matter of how long standing. Cures ordinary cases in six days; the worst cases in 14 days. One application gives ease and rest. Relieves itching instantly. This is a new discovery and is the only pile remedy sold on a positive guarantee, no cure, no pay. Price, 50c. If your druggists don't keep it in stock, send us 50c in stamps and we will forward same by mail. Mfd. by Paris Medicine Co., St. Louis, Mo., who also manufacture the celebrated cold cure, Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets.

OLIVER W. STEWART

Chairman of National Prohibition Committee—Speaks Here This Evening.

Oliver W. Stewart, the chairman of the national prohibition committee, who gives an address at the Y. M. C. A. hall to-night, is probably

the youngest man at the head of any of the political parties. Mr. Stewart is from Illinois, and was educated for the ministry. On leaving college he was made state president of the Y. P. S. C. E., and has been a favorite speaker at their C. E. conventions. While still Illinois' C. E. president he was elected chairman of the state prohibition committee of Illinois, and as executive of the party in that state, made a phenomenal record, which brought him into prominence for candidate for national chairman, to which position he was elected a little over two years ago. As a speaker, Mr. Stewart inherits the ready wit and oratorical sparkle of his Irish ancestry, and is held by the prohibitionists as one of their most able speakers, as well as a most aggressive and capable executive. The Minnesota prohibitionists feel a certain pride in Mr. Stewart because they first called upon him for work beyond the borders of his own state, and were among the foremost in the movement which made him chairman of the national committee.

IRISH LAND

Chief Secretary Wyndham Introduces His Bill in the Commons.

London, March 25.—The chief secretary for Ireland introduced the Irish land bill in the house of commons to-day. Mr. Wyndham said the chief object was to encourage purchase of land. He said the government could not ignore the crisis in agriculture, which was now at a standstill.

The bill authorizes the land committee to take over the whole or any part of an estate whose owner is willing to sell. The commission will then resell it to the tenants, but the assent of three-quarters of the number of tenants is necessary before the commission will undertake to transfer any part of an estate. The landlord may himself repurchase part of his estate not exceeding one-fifth of the total area, from the commission, thus becoming a tenant purchaser, in case he desires to continue to reside on the estate.

Cash not exceeding £3,000,000 to be outstanding at any one time, may be advanced to the commission by the exchequer, thus enabling purchases to be made on a vastly larger scale than ever before.

CANTON IS THEIR GOAL

DESIGN OF THE CHINESE REBELS

Hope to Obtain the Wherewithal at Canton to Overthrow the Reigning Power.

Victoria, B. C., March 25.—Marcus C. Hill, a Yokohama merchant who has arrived here, is said to be carrying orders to New York for arms and ammunition for the rebels in southern China.

He says that if the cable reports of the capture of six cities by the rebels is correct the movement which is under Dr. Sunyatsen will be successful. Mr. Hill was told by the rebel leader that 50,000 troops were ready to join the rebellion and would bring with them modern arms and ammunition. Recruits are flocking to the rebel standard and their hope is to reach the city of Canton.

Here they expect to get sufficient ammunition and arms and treasure to carry on the rebellion, which will eventually result in the overthrow of the reigning power in China. Dr. Sunyatsen believes the time opportune for the rebellion, the Chinese being dissatisfied with the foreign domination of the country.

AGED WOMAN ATTACKED

Pullman Porter Not Very Popular in This Colorado Town.

La Junta, Col., March 25.—Mrs. Henrietta Miller, a resident of Los Angeles, Cal., 76 years of age, was criminally assaulted by a negro in the railroad yards here early this morning and is suffering severely from the injuries received and the shock to her nerves. She was traveling to Denver and got off here to change cars. W. H. Wallace, a Pullman porter, was arrested. Threats of lynching were uttered in the crowd surrounding the hotel where Wallace is being held.

BRUISED AND BROKEN

Railroad Shop Foreman Pinned Under a Ton and a Half Weight.

Special to The Journal.

La Crosse, Wis., March 25.—A huge locomotive frame being moved from under an engine at the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy shops to-day fell, knocking several workmen down and pinning Foreman J. A. Jensen to the floor. The ton and a half of frame had to be removed with a crane before he was released, terribly bruised and with several bones broken. He will live.

COPPER'S DROOP

Anaconda and Amalgamated Depress the Whole List.

Special to The Journal.

New York, March 25.—New low points were touched to-day by Amalgamated and Anaconda, with indications of continued liquidation on account of fears expressed in some quarters that the dividends will be reduced or passed. The heaviness of these shares had much to do with unsettling the remainder of the list during the morning.

NEELY'S PUNISHMENT

With Rathbone and Reeves, He Is Imprisoned and Fined.

Havana, March 25.—The court has sentenced Rathbone, Neely and Reeves, who were found guilty of embezzling postoffice funds, to ten years' imprisonment each. In addition Neely was fined $56,701; Reeves, $35,512 and Rathbone, $35,324.

BOTH ARMS OFF

Fatality at a Launching Attended by King Edward.

London, March 25.—While the Prince and Princess of Wales were launching the battleship Prince of Wales at Chatham to-day, a gunner who was firing a salute was mortally injured, both his arms being blown off.

PROHIBS OF THE STATE

THEY MEET TO NAME A TICKET

Rev. A. A. Graves Leads Off With an Atack on Minneapolis Saloon Conditions.

"I came from California and made my home for years in San Francisco. There are 5,000 places in the Golden Gate city where you can get a drink. I have visited the toughest saloons and been through the worst parts of the city, including Chinatown. I want to tell you that I have seen far worse things—things more disgusting and revolting, as a direct outgrowth of the infamous liquor traffic, right here in Minneapolis than I encountered in San Francisco."

So Spoke Rev. A. A. Graves of the Franklin Avenue Methodist church, in an adrdess before the prohibition state convention at the Y. M. C. A. building this morning. Continuing, Mr. Graves declared that the best men of both the old parties were aggravating the evil effects of the liquor traffic because experience had conclusively demonstrated that any attempt to regulate the saloon only made that institution the more intolerable. Society could never be rid of the saloon, he insisted, unless its enemies were content to take the extreme ground against it.

B. B. Haugen of Fergus Falls, former candidate for governor on the prohibition ticket, made a strong plea for equal suffrage as one way to combat the saloon. That a man should have the right of the ballot simply because of his sex—if he knew not how to exercise the privilege of citizenship in his attitude toward the saloon—was a remnant of the dark ages.

Paying his respects to ministers, among whom were to be found the noblest of men, he said that they should be prohibitionists from the very nature of their calling, although it took some of them a long time to find it out.

It was a fact that the ministerial ranks also included some of the "smallest, meanest, lowest fellows to be found in any profession—men who were trying to unite the work of God and the devil under the same banner."

The meeting was called to order by George W. Higgins. Professor W. P. Canfield of Steele county was elected chairman, and W. J. Potte of Hennepin secretary.

C. W. Way delivered the address of welcome on behalf of Hennepin county. Mrs. Bessie Scovel spoke for the W. C. T. U.

Oliver N. Stewart will speak this afternoon.

Officers will be elected to-morrow.

PROHIBITIONISTS DINE

Central Club Gives Reception and Banquet.

The Central Prohibition club gave a reception and banquet last evening at the Portland Avenue Church of Christ. Covers were laid for 300, the guests of honor being Simpson Ely and Rev. A. A. Graves, both of whom made addresses. Mr. Ely spoke of the liquor evil as "A Giant Octopus." "Voting for Good Men," was the subject of Rev. Graves' address. J. N. Lansing sang two prohibition songs.

The Hennepin county prohibitionists elected the following delegates to the state convention:

Rev. Stanley Roberts, Arthur Sanborn, W. G. Benton, N. S. Cole, C. N. Dorsett, Rev. G. A. Willsey, G. W. Higgins, Joseph Morton, Rev. W. D. Shannon, John Lane, Dr. G. B. Haggard, Gustave Elle, Rev. T. F. Allen, Rev. G. G. Vallentyne, E. G. Wright, O. Steiner, J. F. Pratt, C. M. May, J. D. Engel, N. H. Schaffer, W. G. Calderwood, A. H. Drake, Rev. A. Murmann, W. J. Dean, W. Gibson, Rev. Charles Scanlon, Miss Scoville, J. W. Lansing, A. Patch and Mrs. Neil.

FOR TEA-DRINKERS

Importers Say the Act of March 2, 1897, Is Unconstitutional.

New York, March 25.—Suit has been brought in the United States circuit court against the collector of this port to contest the constitutionality of the tea act of March 2, 1897, and also the validity of the ruling of the secretary of the treasury that teas can be prohibited from import, apart from any consideration of either their purity or wholesomeness or fitness for consumption. Furthermore, importers have commenced action in the state courts to recover all losses arising from rejection of teas since 1897.

It is claimed that the act as construed by the department is a violation of the constitution, as it delegates to the secretary of the treasury and a board of seven tea experts selected by him the power to determine what the drinking qualities of tea imported shall be, and that the act destroys property without due process of law.

MYSTERY CLEARING

Body of a Missing Merchant Recovered in Montana.

Special to The Journal.

Missoula, Mont., March 25.—A body has been taken from Clarks Fork river in Missoula county that is supposed to be that of E. A. Godchild, a prosperous merchant of Thompson Falls, who disappeared mysteriously last January. No reasonable explanation for his action has been found, although there are reports that a woman was at the bottom of his troubles.

NOT A CANDIDATE

Sherwood Urges the Renomination of Burke and Martin.

Special to The Journal.

Clark, S. D., March 25.—C. G. Sherwood is out in a card declining to be a candidate for congress and urging the re-election of Representatives Burke and Martin, Governor Herreid and, inferentially, Senator Kittredge.

LIGHTS ARE GOING

Opening of Navigation as Far North as McGregor.

UNCLE SAM'S KEEPERS AT WORK

Seven Hundred Signal Men Employed Along the Course of the Big River.

Special to The Journal.

McGregor, Iowa, March 25.—For the first time this season the government lights along the Mississippi river were lighted last night. This practically marks the opening of navigation, although some steamers have been plying south of here for more than a week. Perhaps but few people are aware that Uncle Sam has 700 keepers of signal lights or lighthouse tenders along the Mississippi river, but such is true, and their work is often extremely perilous.

The pilots of the big packets which navigate the Mississippi at night are guided entirely by these lights, and if one should be neglected a disastrous wreck might result. So the lights must be burning, no matter how stormy the weather. Some of these lights are placed on tree trunks, others on islands and some are floating buoys. Few of them are close to houses. A hard pull in a rowboat or a long walk on shore is the daily task of hundreds of men and women and boys and girls, who keep the lights burning. The United States boat Lily plies up and down the river at regular intervals during the season and supplies the keepers with the necessary apparatus and oil.

For keeping each light the government pays from $5 to $13 a month. Some of the keepers have more than one light. At the Leclaire rapids one man keeps twelve. He makes his evening rounds in a powerful little launch. The lightkeeper at the Des Moines rapids has eleven lights. The Lily attends to the location of the lights. Frequent changes in the bed of the river make it necessary to often change the location of the lights.

HINES WOULD BAG IT ALL

THIRTY SECTIONS OF SOFT PINE

He Has Designs on Entire Output in Wisconsin and Spends $2,000,000 More.

Special to The Journal.

Chicago, March 25.—An immense quantity of lumber of the white pine variety has been secured by the Hines Lumber company of this city. It is said that $2,000,000 changed hands in the deal, making the largest transaction of the kind ever executed in pine timber.

The Hines company purchased the largest tract of pine lands in Northern Wisconsin, comprising one whole county and portions of several others. The sellers were Bigelow Brothers of Duluth and Chicago. In the purchase are included a railroad forty-nine miles in length, the Washburn and Northeastern company's property, and a lumber plant covering thirty acres in the vicinity of Washburn, Wis.

More than 250,000,000 feet of timber is on the land at present. There are thirty sections, or 20,200 acres, in the tract. It lies contiguous to other extensive lumber areas long in possession of the Hines company. It was with a view to securing control of the entire output of Wisconsin soft pine lumber that the Hines company negotiated the transaction.

IN MEMORY OF PYLE

Resolutions by the Beadle County Bar and Many Addresses.

Huron, S. D., March 25.—An afternoon session of the circuit court was devoted to the memory of the late John L. Pyle, attorney general of South Dakota. The Beadle county bar prepared and presented a series of resolutions bearing upon his life, character and worth, which was presented in open court by Colonel W. A. Lynch, followed with a speech appropriate to the occasion. Among members of the bar who made brief addresses were H. S. Mouser, Judge A. W. Burtt, Senator H. C. Hinkley, Alva E. Taylor, late associate of Mr. Pyle, Colonel John H. King, Kirke W. Wheeler, Thomas H. Null, States Attorney T. M. Simmons, Judge L. C. Kemp, and Judge John Wood; also Asher F. Pay, clerk of courts, and N. P. Bromley of Redfield, representing the Spink county bar.

Funeral services of Miss Clara Roach, the school teacher whose death occurred a few days since at Wolsey, took place from the Methodist church and were attended by a large gathering of people, many from out of the city being present. Rev. H. S. Wilson preached the sermon.

FIGHT FOR TRANSFERS

Bringing Chicago's Tom Lowry to Terms by Force.

Chicago, March 25.—Citizens of the south end of Austin engaged the employes of the Union and Consolidated Traction companies hand-to-hand in the fight for universal transfers, which Judge Ball has decided must be given. Eighteen men headed by W. E. Golden, a druggist, rode back and forth on the West Madison steet lines, demanding transfers from the trolley to the cable and back again. They were refused, as had been expected, and the efforts of the street car crews to eject them from the cars resulted in two pitched battles. Golden's back was sprained and he was otherwise injured. None of the others was seriously hurt. A large number of suits against the companies is one of the results threatened.

ONE OF NELSON'S WIVES

Mrs. Harvey of Des Moines Fooled by Bigamist's Wiles.

Des Moines, Iowa, March 25.—Mrs. Dorothy Harvey, residing in Lake Park, this city, claims to be one of the alleged thirteen wives of Christian C. Nelson, who is now under arrest at St. Joseph, Mo., on a charge of bigamy.

Nelson, according to her story, wooed and won her just a year ago. She was a wiow 45 years old. Nelson, she says, represented to her that he was a wealthy horseman and desired to take her to his big stock farm in the east. To accommodate him, she sold her home, worth $3,000, for half this sum, and entrusted the money to him. He departed ostensibly to buy a span of horses and was never again heard from.

NOT ILL, BUT TIRED.

The Hague, March 25.—An official note confirms the report that Queen Wilhelmina's annual visit to Amsterdam has been abandoned, and says that while her general health is satisfactory, all serious fatigues ought to be avoided.

Northwest Pensions.

Washington, March 25.—Pensions granted: Minnesota—Charles A. Fuller, Mount, $6; John D. Copp, Minnehaha, $6; Henry H. Brown, Alexander, $10; James E. Weeks, St. Paul, $8; Robbins E. Herring, Alberta, $8.

Iowa—War with Spain, Philip Christy, Shannon City, $6; Robert M. Dihl, Washington, $8; Robert Armstrong, Muscatine, $17; James M. Worthington, Cedar Rapids, $18; Christian Small, Panora, $10; Enoch Moorman, Linden, $12; Abel Feterow, Wellman, $12.

Wisconsin—John W. Levake, Spring Green, $12; Elisha C. Main, Albion, $8; James B. Friable, Montello, $12; John Flueger, Morville, $8; George Pierce, Silver Lake, $10; Horace Langdell, Eau Claire, $12; William Lock, Shiocton, $10; Emil Horback, Appleton, $8; Francis C. Reilley, Boilin, $12; minor of Ludolph T. Longfener, Blattville, $10.

New Mill Machinery.

Special to The Journal.

Centerville, S. D., March 25.—G. Norgren & Co., of this place, have purchased $2,000 worth of new machinery for their roller mill. This is now one of the best mills in the state. Sioux City gives large orders for the Centerville flour.

Mrs. Helen Farrell, Secretary W.C.T.U., Saranac Lake, N.Y., says to every sick woman, "Try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I know it will cure you."

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Although I have never given a testimonial before, I feel it a duty as well as a pleasure to advise sick women to try **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.** By experience I found it a most valuable remedy for the peculiar ailments known only to women. A large number of my friends have been cured, and very recently a dear friend of mine who has tried a number of physician's prescriptions without relief gave up in despair, when Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was suggested to her. It was her last hope, but it proved a Godsend to her—just the right medicine for me, she says—now she is cured and just the right medicine for every sick woman say I—try it and you will find it will cure you in very short time."—MRS. HELEN FARRELL.

$5000 FORFEIT IF THE ABOVE LETTER IS NOT GENUINE.

When women are troubled with irregular, suppressed or painful menstruation, weakness, leucorrhœa, displacement or ulceration of the womb, that bearing-down feeling, inflammation of the ovaries, backache, bloating (or flatulence), general debility, indigestion, and nervous prostration, or are beset with such symptoms as dizziness, faintness, lassitude, excitability, irritability, nervousness, sleeplessness, melancholy, "all-gone" and "want-to-be-left-alone" feelings, blues, and hopelessness, they should remember there is one tried and true remedy. **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** at once removes such troubles.

Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health. Address, Lynn, Mass.

QUARRELED IN A BARN

CROSBY STABBED IN MANY PLACES

Ed Rice of Chatham, Wright County, Used a Pocket Knife and Is in Custody.

Special to The Journal.

Buffalo, Minn., March 25.—A stabbing affray in the barn of the Park Hotel in this city yesterday may result in the death of William Crosby. Crosby was stabbed in the shoulder, neck and face by Ed Rice, a resident of Chatham, five miles from here.

Crosby and Rice, together with Thomas Heverty, were the participants in the quarrel. Rice attack Crosby with a large pocket knife, and succeeded in stabbing him several times. He was finally seized and the knife taken from him. Rice is now held here by the sheriff, while Crosby lies in a critical condition.

TO "FIRE" RUSSIANS

Anglo-Japanese Treaty Designed to Drive Them From Manchuria.

St. Petersburg, Saturday, March 22.—According to advices from Port Arthur, it is believed there that the real intent of the Anglo-Japanese treaty is to compel Russia to evacuate Manchuria. The Japanese have already established a Japanese-Chinese bank to compete with the Russian-Chinese bank, and a Japanese institution has secured concessions to explore for gold in Manchuria.

St. Petersburg, March 25.—The consensus here is that the effect of the declaration in reply to the announcement of the Anglo-Japanese alliance will be to lessen the resistance which has lately developed in China against the settlement of the Manchuria question on the lines required by Russian interests and that China, whose attitude of resistance became more pronounced after the publication of the Anglo-Japanese agreement, will now be less inclined to act prejudicially to Russia's interests.

GERMAN SHIPPING

Emperor William Says Ship Owners Must Hustle.

Berlin, March 25.—Messrs. Ballin, Wiegand and Plate, the kings of the big German Trans-Atlantic lines, are once again in Berlin. They are the men of the moment, and are exceedingly busy. The American danger has been brought before their eyes in the fullest light. The emperor, who has shared the general alarm that United States financiers were about to absorb the majority of the stock of the German steamship companies, has decided that the German steamship owners must come together and raise more capital at home and on no account in the United States, and must build. Money is being raised, and the German lines may have a firmer hold than ever by the time the United States realizes her mercantile marine subvention ideas.

GETS A LINE WAY

Noteworthy Victory of the Postal Telegraph in Montana.

Special to The Journal.

Butte, Mont., March 25.—Judge Knowles of the federal district court has decided the right of way suit between the Postal Telegraph & Cable company and the Short Line railroad in favor of the former.

Thus the telegraph company gains possession of a line way over the railroad line from Butte to Ogden and a new telegraph line will soon be operating through Utah, Idaho an Montana and new service established through to California.

Men will start to string the wires this week. The Postal company has already secured the right of way through Idaho and Utah.

KILLED HIS SON-IN-LAW

Guilt of Hunter Proved and Sentence Imposed.

Special to The Journal.

Phillipsburg, Mont., March 25.—J. C. Hunter has been sentenced to ninety-nine years in the penitentiary in accordance with the verdict of the jury, which found him guilty of murder in the second degree in killing his son-in-law.

The trial has commenced of Thomas J. Wilson, who shot and killed Former Sheriff Levi C. Johnson. Wilson asserts self defense. The community is prejudiced against the defendant and some difficulty is experienced in securing a jury.

"JUDGE OF TRAITORS"

John Redmond Would Have the Speaker Censured.

London, March 25.—John Redmond, the leader of the Irish nationalists, gave notice in the house of commons to-day of a motion equivalent to a vote of censure on the speaker for not having made the colonial secretary, Joseph Chamberlain, withdraw his remark, "The honorable gentleman is a good judge of traitors," addressed to John Dillon in the house March 20, which led to Mr. Dillon retorting that Mr. Chamberlain was "a damned liar."

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HE KNOWS ALL ABOUT IT

PRISONER MAY TALK FOR EFFECT

Says the Goldman Woman Instigated the Assassination of President McKinley.

Baraboo, Wis., March 25.—Jacob Steinman, who was taken to Waupun for burglary, confessed to Sheriff Stackhouse that he was an anarchist and was present at the lodge meeting when Czolgosz was selected to assassinate President McKinley, and that he was the person who tied the handkerchief over the hand of Czolgosz just before the shooting.

He further said that Emma Goldman was one of the principal instigators of the crime.

LOSSES OF RANGE CATTLE

Wildly Exaggerated, Says Tidrick of Chamberlain.

Special to The Journal.

Sioux City, Iowa, March 25.—"Correspondents along the Missouri river have been exaggerating wildly in their stories about the loss to live stock on the ranges during the winter," said Charles D. Tidrick of Chamberlain, S. D., who was in the city last night. "I live where I see the big cattlemen every day and I know that the loss this winter has not exceeded the loss of any one year in the past decade. Eliminating the dogie animals, or those brought to the ranges from other states and in poor condition, the loss has been the lightest in the history of the ranges. The only real serious loss was when about 300 of Scotty Phillips' cattle went over a bluff and were killed.

"No, the officers have not captured Jack Sully, yet," continued Mr. Tidrick. "Several sheriffs went after him last month, but I don't think they wanted to find him. When the authorities meet with that desperado there is going to be somebody killed, unless they catch him without his shooting irons on, and that is beyond peradventure."

HARRIMAN DRAWS A KNIFE

Proposes an Alliance With Clark to Defeat Huntington.

Los Angeles, Cal., March 25.—A battle of financial giants with Los Angeles as its theater has begun. The war first broke out between H. E. Huntington and Senator W. A. Clark, but now E. H. Harriman will take a hand in it. Harriman is much disturbed by the menacing attitude of the Huntington trolley system towards the Southern Pacific's local traffic and by Huntington's attempting to get away some of his chiefs of staff. He has determined to defeat Huntington, and to that end has made overtures to Senator Clark for an alliance to parallel Huntington's local and interurban trolley lines.

IN THE SPRING

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