

HILL & KENNAN NOT IN YET

Anxiety for Their Safety Is Still Felt in Martinique.

Two Correspondents Who Barely Escape at Monday's Explosion.

Fort-de-France, May 28.—People coming in to-day report that Morne Rouge was not destroyed Monday, as the force of the explosion was exerted in the direction of the sea.

George Kennan, the explorer, has been absent in the north five days and has not been heard from.

THE MONDAY ERUPTION

Another Account of the Display Which Lasted Two Hours.

New York Sun Special Service. At the last eruption of Morne Rouge Monday night a majority of the population crowded into the streets and gazed with awe and fear at the peculiar flashes which stretched across the heavens.

The flames for an hour were 150 meters high and of a diameter of 300 meters. Thousands of lightning flashes were seen. The electrical disturbances were very trying though they were localized around the volcano.

The mountain threw out great quantities of volcanic matter, and the northern towns were covered with ash. Six houses were destroyed at Basse-Pointe, but no deaths have been reported.

Professor Robert T. Hill, the American geologist, is said to have recommended the evacuation of these towns and to have recommended the town of Trinite as the site for a new city.

Ten thousand persons are said to be deserting from the north part of the island and coming to Fort-de-France.

Reports last evening stated that Pelée continued to emit ashes and molten matter.

TRIP TO MORNE ROUGE

Two Correspondents Saw the Last Eruption at Too Close Quarters.

New York, May 28.—Mont Pelée from which there was another violent eruption on Monday was again the subject of a dispatch to a Herald reporter from Fort-de-France. But the inhabitants of the island are in a terrified state.

Two correspondents who were on the mountain for the purpose of securing photographs. Several natives were employed as guides. After a wearying march which took most of Monday, Morne Rouge was reached about half past 7 o'clock in the evening.

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People Did Not Stop to Look.

While the evening meal was being prepared the priest pointed out the work of ruin that had been accomplished. He said he had refused to leave his post, though he was not at all certain Morne Rouge would not be swept from existence as was St. Pierre.

From their homes the inhabitants of the village ran in a panic. Some did not wait to see what was happening but hurried over the mountains in the direction of Fort-de-France. Scores went into the church and fell upon their knees, but by far the greater number ran without daring to look behind. The display of lightning was terrific and awe-inspiring.

Dangerous Return Trip.

When the start was made on the return trip to Fort-de-France the guides and servants were behind. The correspondents had to find their way across hills as best they could. Behind, Mont Pelée continued to belch fire, ash, smoke and mud. The detonations were of sufficient strength to make the ground tremble. It seemed to the weary travelers as if the mountain tops swayed above their heads.

POSTAL TELEGRAPH

A Rumor That It Is Preparing to "Dutt In" in the N. W.

Special to The Journal. New York, May 28.—The election of E. C. Bradley of the Postal Telegraph company as a director of the Iowa Central following the election of John W. Mackey as director of the Minneapolis & St. Louis and of George Crocker as director of the Postal Telegraph company, suggests the possibility that the postal may endeavor to supersede the Western Union along the lines of the Minneapolis & St. Louis and the Iowa Central both of which companies are believed to be dominated by Crocker.

JURORS TO TRY GARDNER

Three Men Pass Muster at the Morning Session To-day.

Mead Makes Another Demand for the "Big Mitt" Ledger.

Jurors Chosen. Louis Hogland, farmer, Wayzata, Minn. James W. Falconer, vice president Hardwood Manufacturing Company, 2950 Park avenue. John M. Dodson, grocer, 2002 Willow street.

Three jurors were secured this morning in the Gardner trial of nine men who were examined. This is much faster progress than had been expected.

The feature of examinations is the care exercised by the state to learn whether jurors have relatives or friends on the police force and whether they are personal friends of Mayor Ames.

This is probably born of an expectation on the part of Assistant County Attorney J. J. Smith, who is trying the case, that the attorneys for the defense, Messrs. W. W. Erwin and Henry S. Mead, will argue that the indictment of Irwin A. Gardner, together with the indictments of other police officials, was caused by political enemies of the administration for the purpose of discrediting the mayor.

The defense is asking all venefemen whether they have a prejudice against cases of this character, in which a public official is accused of bribery; and whether they feel revengeful toward the administration.

John M. Dodson was sworn without being asked whether he had formed an opinion or was prejudiced. The defense did not challenge; and Mr. Smith put to him one question only, an inquiry as to whether he had any relative on the force. He replied "no," and was at once accepted.

Gardner Takes a Hand.

Irwin A. Gardner, the defendant, sat directly behind his attorneys. Frequently he conferred with them. He appears greatly interested, but bears himself well and is not obviously solicitous. The indictment accuses him of having accepted \$200 from "Link" Crossman, one of the "big mitt combine," as "protection" money.

At recess Judge Harrison cautioned the jurors not to talk about the case, nor to permit others to discuss it within their hearing. He ordered them to report promptly anyone who might attempt to discuss the matter with them, and, in closing, said: "I shall deal very severely with any attempt to influence jurors in this case."

Mead Wants the Book.

At the opening of proceedings and before the first prospective juror had been called, Henry S. Mead made a formal motion asking the court to make an order requiring the county attorney to produce a book in which the defense said, members of the "big mitt" combine had kept what purported to be a record of the various sums of money which they claim to have paid the defendant for "protection."

Mr. Mead asked that jurors be appointed and Frank P. Nantz, James Robertson and J. B. Phelps were sworn. The first juror called was Edgar J. Cooper. He was questioned as to his residence, age, business and was then asked whether he was related to or knew either Mr. Gardner, "Link" Crossman, "Billy" Edwards or Mr. Smith. Mr. Cooper admitted having read of the case in the newspapers.

Further questioning he said he had heard and expressed an opinion which it would take strong evidence to remove. The challenge was then submitted and Mr. Smith called for the book. The objection was simply a general one, not going to the facts in the present case. It was evident that Mr. Cooper did not wish to serve and he was excused.

The second man called was Hamilton Crawford of 729 East Seventeenth street, a bookbinder. He had read about the charges against police officials in the papers and had discussed the matter. He knew nothing, however, about the details of the present case, although he had a general opinion which would require evidence to remove. The juror was excused, Mr. Smith admitting the challenge.

Louis Hogland, a farmer from Wayzata, was then called. Mr. Hogland had read of the case, but had not talked about it, nor heard any opinion expressed about it. He had formed no opinion. Asked if he would be influenced by "public clamor," he thought not. Asked if he had any prejudice which would make him require more evidence in defense than he would in a prosecution, he replied that he had not. The question was objected to but the objection was overruled. He was sworn as the first juror.

A Barber Who Knew Mead. Charles B. Schilling gave his residence as Cedar Lake and said he was a barber. The defense did not challenge. Questioned by the state, he said he had known Mr. Mead for four years. He thought, however, that his acquaintance would not affect his action. He admitted that he had formed an opinion and was excused.

James W. Falconer, of 2950 Park avenue, vice president of the Hardwood Manufacturing company, had no opinion and was conscious of no bias against the defendant or the city administration. Mr. Erwin then asked whether the juror

COMBINES JUST A PLAY

How They Interfere With the New York Produce Exchange.

New York, May 28.—John V. Barnes, president of the New York produce exchange, in his report at the annual meeting, spoke of the decline in business on the exchange, as the result of trade combinations. He said: "There has been a considerable increase in the number of combinations since the last year."

THE HOUSE'S STRONG VOTE ON PROHIBITION AT THE CAPITOL.

Washington, May 28.—The fine force of voting to abolish the sale of intoxicants in the capitol, a play which the house is accustomed to make before the congressional elections, was repeated yesterday.

ROCK ISLAND MODEL FOR

Complete Absorption of Cedar Rapids Road.

Present plans of Rock Island officials include the complete absorption of the Burlington, Cedar Rapids & Northern road within a short time. This information comes to The Journal from an authoritative source.

OHIO REPUBLICANS ISSUE A RINGING DECLARATION OF PRINCIPLES.

Cleveland, May 28.—The republican state convention assembled this morning. After prayer by Rev. M. O. Simons, pastor of the Unity church in this city, Governor Nash, as the temporary chairman, called for reports.

THUNDERS OF APPLAUSE FOR THE HOUSE FOR GROSVENOR AND HANNA.

Some of the collieries in Pennsylvania being stockaded.



A CARRIE NATION IN CONGRESS.

milkmilkman, came next. The defense did not challenge, but the state did, and the man was excused.

Augustus B. Plag was next called. It was 12 o'clock by this time and a recess was taken until 2.

When court reconvened at 2 o'clock Mr. Plag took the witness' chair and admitted he had formed an opinion. The defense's challenge was admitted by the state.

Thomas D. Bell, Hampshire Arms, was the eleventh man examined. The state at once admitted the challenge of the defense and the juror stepped down.

The same court was pursued with August Boklund of 1827 Riverside avenue. J. W. Manson, a carpenter, living at Minnetonka Beach, and Louis Ham of Brooklyn, were rejected.

Elwood Hanson, 619 Seventeenth avenue N., was the next man. He proved satisfactory and took his seat as the fourth juror.

KING UNDER INVESTIGATION

Grand Jury Witnesses Examined Point to That Conclusion. Judging from the witnesses examined by the grand jury yesterday it seems evident that the jury is investigating Detective "Norm" King. The witnesses were John Reid, now a convict, Harry Adams, arrested with Reid for the larceny of a diamond, and John I. Hooper, owner of the diamond. While the stone was recovered from the men who stole it, Hooper has never seen it since the night it was stolen.

It has been reported that one indictment was found by the jury yesterday, but this cannot be authoritatively stated, as the jury made no report, but adjourned until Monday.

AMES' CASE DELAYED

Passed Until Next Monday—County Attorney Occupied. Chief of Police Fred Ames' case in connection with the alleged police corruption has been passed by the district court until next Monday, the county attorney being engaged in the Gardner case could not give it his attention when it was called to-day.

LEFT THE TRACK

Fast Coast Train of Great Northern Wrecked at Ojata, N. D. Special to The Journal. Grand Forks, N. D., May 28.—A bad wreck on the Great Northern occurred west of this city this morning. The coast train while running fifty miles an hour, left the track three miles east of Ojata. The tender and six cars went into the ditch.

It is a miracle that fifty were not killed, but only one man, Mail Clerk Frank Heffron, was hurt seriously and his injuries are not fatal. The smoking car was broken in two and some seats jumped up against the roof, but not a single person received a scratch. The baggage car was thrown fifty feet; the tourist car caught fire and the passengers were rescued from the windows.

The heroic work of the porter saved the car from destruction. The wreck is a bad looking affair. The track is torn up for 150 yards and sleepers and splinters are scattered in all directions.

the export of wheat from the country and a slight increase at this port.

The farmer is prospering, but the produce merchant is being supplanted by large firms dealing directly with the producer and consumer. A large petroleum trade once conducted on our floor has gone, through this trade evoltion, and the provision, hard and oil trades are concentrating in a limited number of corporations, most noticeable in the export trade of these products.

Even the grain trade is not free from the same tendency. I am convinced that the remedy for the continued diversion from this port of the grain trade, as well as general commerce, is an enlarged canal from the great lakes to the Hudson river.

STANDING PAT

House Insurgents and Democrats Will Prevent Cuban Legislation. An amendment was adopted to the immigration bill, prohibiting the sale of intoxicants anywhere on government reservations or where the capitol stands. It was carried by a large majority, but there was no record vote.

During the brief discussion of the amendment Mr. Wheeler of Kentucky eloquently defended the reputation of the members of congress as to sobriety. He declared that during his six-year service in the house he could count on the fingers of one hand the number of congressmen he had seen intoxicated. He believed that nowhere in the republic could 257 men be found who were so little addicted to drink.

Every member who voted for the amendment yesterday is well aware that the senate will kill it, but the opportunity was ripe for putting the odium of defeating it upon that body.

Gunning After Mr. Hoar.

Senator Spooner of Wisconsin will speak on the Philippine question to-morrow and is expected to make a scathing criticism of the administration without gloves. There is reason to believe that he will devote much of his speech to a dissection of Senator Hoar's arguments.

There is a feeling that the republicans have been too considerate of Mr. Hoar's feelings. They maintain that the Massachusetts senator is the most dangerous of all the critics of the government.

There have been intimations that the democrats propose to use Cuban reciprocity as a vehicle for a further assault on the administration for campaign purposes. Senators Jones and Ames are expected to set the pace.

"INTOXICATING LIQUORS"

Immigrants and Congressmen May Have to Go Dry. Washington, May 28.—The house yesterday passed the Shattuck immigration bill. The question of prohibiting the sale of intoxicating liquors at immigrant stations was precipitated by an amendment offered by Mr. Bowersock (Kan.) to prohibit such sale, which was carried, 35 to 18. Mr. Landis (Ind.) followed this victory with an amendment to prohibit the sale of intoxicants in the capitol, and it prevailed by a still larger majority—108 to 19.

Washington, May 28.—When the senate reconvened to-day, after a recess to attend the Pauncosote funeral, Mr. Warren presented the conference report on the omnibus public buildings bill and it was agreed to.

Warden McClaughry Resigns.

Madison, Wis., May 28.—C. C. McClaughry, warden of the state prison at Waupun, tendered his resignation to the state board of control and it was accepted. The prison is temporarily in charge of A. G. Nelson, of Waupun, member of the board.

Minneapolis to be the northern terminus of the enlarged system.

Present plans of Rock Island officials include the complete absorption of the Burlington, Cedar Rapids & Northern road within a short time. This information comes to The Journal from an authoritative source.

Minneapolis is to become the northern terminus of the Rock Island system. It is probable that the official list of the Cedar Rapids road will be cut down to some extent. All its present plans for strengthening its position in northwestern traffic will be canceled.

This is but a continuation of the Rock Island's policy of building up a big, strong system reaching the principal terminal and shipping centers of the middle west. It also includes a centralization of management to be directed from Chicago.

The new blood in the Rock Island is gradually supplanting the old. The majority of its stock is owned by the Rock Island, but it has maintained a separate corporate existence. It is the present Chicago connection of the Minneapolis & St. Louis. There is a definite report in railway circles that a shake-up in the Rock Island's official list is due in a short time and many old, familiar faces will disappear.

The Moores and their allies in the new element on the Rock Island are endeavoring to make the system one of the most powerful and aggressive in the country, and the Cedar Rapids road fits in nicely with their plans.

Cleveland, May 28.—The republican state convention assembled this morning. After prayer by Rev. M. O. Simons, pastor of the Unity church in this city, Governor Nash, as the temporary chairman, called for reports.

The reports of the committee on credentials, rules and order of business were submitted and adopted.

The report making General Charles H. Grosvenor permanent chairman and continuing the rest of the temporary organization was then adopted.

When Governor Nash presented General Grosvenor, the latter received quite an ovation and spoke as follows:

Ohio will not forget the strong declaration that Roosevelt made at Buffalo, and it will not forget the in the territory which followed he brought around him the faithful men who had composed McKinley's bodyguard of faithful advisors, and that he has carried the flag of the true republicanism advanced in the contests that have followed.

Two great overpowers and all absorbing issues—protective tariff and sound finance—grew up into acute form and were fought out and determined during the active leadership of William McKinley, and upon both these great questions the republican party to-day stands united and determined.

The Philippine Issue. By the terms of the surrender of Spain we acquired title to vast territory in the eastern hemisphere and out of that fact and the ratification of the treaty, which was made in part by democratic votes, we became chargeable with the duty of maintaining the Philippines and Porto Rico. Porto Rico exhibits in the fullest degree the splendid results of American civilization when not interfered with by the intrusion of the alien.

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