

PRICE TWO CENTS.

THURSDAY EVENING, MAY 29, 1902.

12 PAGES—FIVE O'CLOCK.

THEIR RIGHTS GUARANTEED

Mr. Lodge's Amendment Extends "Bill of Rights" to the Filipinos.

Except the Right to Bear Arms and the Right of Trial by Jury.

Washington, May 29.—The senate convened at 1 o'clock today to get additional time for discussion of the Philippines bill.

The conference report on the river and harbor bill was agreed to. Consideration was then resumed of the Philippines government bill.

The "Bill of Rights," except—Mr. Lodge, (Mass.) offered two or three amendments of a minor character which were agreed to.

In answer to an inquiry by Mr. Pettus (Ala.) Mr. Lodge explained that in the opinion of the majority of the committee on the Philippines it would be unwise under the present circumstances to extend those rights to the Filipinos.

The amendment was agreed to. Other amendments were adopted as follows: Providing that nothing in the pending bill shall be held to amend or repeal the act providing for revenue for the Philippines.

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HARD FIGHT FROM START

Tactics of Gardner's Attorneys Draw Rebuke From the Court.

Another Demand Is Made for That "Big Mitt" Ledger.

Bribery Case Jurors.—Louis Hogland, farmer, Wayzata, Minn. James W. Falconer, vice president—Hardwood Manufacturing Company, 2350 Park Avenue.

The defense in the Gardner case made still another attempt to get a look at the "big mitt" ledger this morning, Henry S. Mead, one of Gardner's attorneys, reading an affidavit signed by himself in which he stated that he believed the ledger to be in the possession of Captain Alexander, the county jailor, and that he desired to use it for the purpose of securing evidence for the defense.

Assistant County Attorney A. J. Smith stated to the court that he did not know whether such a record was in existence, but that if it was, it would not be used, so far as he could tell at present, in the trial of the Gardner case.

The court ruled that the book did not come under the provisions of the statutes and refused to make an order that it be produced. To this the defense took an exception. The move was evidently made in the interest of other indicted police officials as well as of Gardner, the police chief.

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WOULD MOVE

Colored Emigration Convention Asks Uncle Sam for \$500,000,000.

New York Sun Special Service.—Chattanooga, Tenn., May 29.—The colored emigration and commercial convention is now in session in this city.

A long memorial was adopted unanimously praying congress to appropriate the sum of \$500,000,000 to deport such negroes as desire to leave the United States to Africa or some other country.

The convention points out at great length the alleged wrongs of the negro, asserting that he is not granted the rights of a human being in this country, especially in the south, that it is better for him to emigrate to some other country where he can enjoy more freedom.

This convention will be in session here several days. Bishop Turner of the African Methodist church is the leading spirit of the movement. Plans are now being considered by the convention to raise a fund of \$100,000 with which to buy ships on which negroes are to be trained to a sea life.

Mr. Smith, and when he had obtained a reply in the negative asked further if he knew Mr. Smith's sisters or his cousins or his aunts. This brought down upon his head the fire of the court, Judge Harrison saying: "The line of questioning is out of all reason and any further proceedings of this character will bring forth a rebuke."

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COAL GONE

The Anthracite Famine in New York Becomes Serious.

New York, May 29.—According to retail coal dealers this city will enter to-day upon the first day of its real anthracite coal famine since the strike of the miners.

Not a cargo was in sight in the markets yesterday. The stocks of many of the yards are depleted entirely by the severe drought of the last two weeks and nowhere except in the yards of the railroads, where coal is hoarded by the thousands of tons, could he had even a glimpse of the precious miners.

The government leader, A. J. Balfour, announced in the house of commons to-day that he hoped to be able, on Monday next, to announce the result of the peace negotiations in South Africa.

"I cannot, however, be absolutely certain to be in a position to do so, and until the statement can be made, I do not think it expedient to take up the budget. A recent phrase misinterpreted as referring to divisions in the cabinet on the subject of the budget. That is not a fact and the only point is whether the house can properly be asked to discuss the budget until they know precisely where they stand in regard to the negotiations."

The capture of Commandant Malan, announced from Middleburg, Cape Colony, last night, renews attention to the activity of the rebellion in Cape Colony.

According to the latest uncorroborated correspondence from Cape Town, the Boers are still in constant occupation of at least twenty-two different localities in Cape Colony, having more than a score of bands of raiders mounted and armed and of extended mobility to defy successful pursuit, although the British have often swept and "cleared" every mile of the colony's territory.

The campaign against the roving Boer commandos in Cape Colony which has been in active progress for sixteen months has achieved nothing beyond keeping them moving. "Any occasional success," the correspondent adds, "obtained by the seventeen British columns operating in Cape Colony is more the result of luck than of their tactics, and these unsatisfactory facts will continue as long as so few columns co-operate in the hustling. The inadequacy of the supply of troops is at the root of the unsatisfactory operations."

Washington, May 29.—Senator Clapp and George Flinn, land clerk in the Minnesota auditor's office, had an interview with Secretary Hitchcock to-day and the secretary made a favorable report on the restoration introduced by Senator Nelson and Representative Edley to permit the state to file its land selections under the school grant in advance of the approval of the plats and survey.

PEACE NEAR

Mr. Balfour Hopes to Be Able to Announce It on Monday.

London, May 29.—The British cabinet was specially summoned last night and sat for a little over an hour. It is generally accepted, however, this morning that the session, though brief, sufficed to put the final touches on the agreement which will terminate the war.

Fort-De-France, Martinique, May 29.—The crater of Mont Pelee has been approached within one mile. This feat was accomplished Tuesday afternoon by George J. Kavanagh, an unattached newspaper man, who had accompanied Professor Robert T. Hill, the United States government geologist on his expedition.

When Professor Hill, turned south toward St. Pierre, Mr. Kavanagh continued on past Morne Rouge. His route seems to have been along or near the Cale base divide. He says he descended from Morne Rouge into the valley between Morne Rouge and Mont Pelee. This valley was deeply strewn with ashes to within a foot of its top.

At 5 the evening he turned back, reaching Morne Rouge at about 9 o'clock. He had made no new observations and realized his danger only the next morning, when occurred the greatest outburst since Mont Pelee's first eruption.

On Wednesday Mr. Kavanagh tried to descend to St. Pierre, but failed. He found a little hamlet in a valley near the mountain, with 150 dead bodies. They were not carbonized nor had their clothing been burned off. Probably this valley lay near the inner edge of the zone of blasting flame.

George Kennan reported from Morne Rouge this morning. Another Reckless Attempt.—Two hours ago Professor Angelo Heilprin, president of the Philadelphia Geographical society, but here under the auspices of the National Geographical society, left with Mr. Leadbetter to make a third attempt to examine the crater and study of the new craters, east and north.

Fort-De-France, May 29.—The government steamer Topax has arrived from Grande-Riviere, bringing 225 refugees. About 400 of the inhabitants were left behind, but they will come later, as will also the residents of other northern towns.

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GEORGE WAS ON THE SPOT

An American Newspaper Man Within a Mile of Pelee Tuesday.

Professor Hill Comes In and George Kennan Is All Right.

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A CONFLICT ON MONDAY

Strike of Pumpmen, Engineers and Firemen Is Inevitable.

Rumor That Senator Hanna May Settle the Strike Yet.

Cleveland, May 29.—A report was in circulation here to-day that a long conference was held during the morning between Senator Hanna, chairman of the Civic Federation, and George W. Perkins, representing J. P. Morgan & Co., relative to a settlement of the anthracite coal strike.

When seen by an Associated Press reporter Senator Hanna refused either to deny or confirm the report. "I have nothing to say. There has been too much said already," he declared.

Mr. Hanna also refused to discuss the statement of Frank P. Sargent, predicting a strike of the soft coal miners. Hazleton, Pa., May 29.—Eleven non-union men, brought here last night from Philadelphia, were put to work to-day at the Cranberry colliery of A. Pardee & Co., to fill the places of striking firemen and pump-runners.

The Lehigh Valley Coal company to-day made provisions for housing and boarding its firemen and pump-runners at No. 40 colliery, the largest in the district. Sweating In Officers.—The coal companies in the Pottsville section are gathering special policemen to protect their property and in the event of a conflict on Monday they will have a large body of men in the field.

The Reading company has had 125 policemen sworn in since Monday. This will supplement its regular force of fifty policemen. All have been ordered to report for duty at once. A strike of the pumpmen, engineers and firemen is inevitable. With these special policemen and the watchmen and special detectives who have been already employed, the Reading company, expects to have a sufficient force to protect any non-union men who may be brought here to run the pumps.

The Sault Clair Coal company and the Buck Mountain Coal company also had commissions issued to a number of special policemen. The Lehigh Valley Coal company and the Pennsylvania company each will have sworn in fifty policemen before the end of the week and a score of other companies will take similar action. Strike leaders are protesting against the action as unnecessary. They say there will be no violence on the part of the strikers unless they are forced to protect themselves.

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AL J. SMITH, BETWEEN TIMES.

being very anxious to discover just what testimony Crossman and Edwards, the big mitt leaders, may give.

Mead Is Rebuked.—In the examination of Charles F. Peeter Mr. Mead had objected strenuously to all inquiries regarding the prospective juror's father and relatives; and the court had steadily ruled against him, the defense excepting to every ruling.

Mr. Mead began his examination of the next witness by asking him if he knew Mr. Smith, and when he had obtained a reply in the negative asked further if he knew Mr. Smith's sisters or his cousins or his aunts.

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desire to leave the United States to Africa or some other country. The memorial is in the form of a petition and is addressed to the president of the United States and the members of congress.

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HE LIKES US

General Buencamino Tells the President That the U. S. Is O. K.

Washington, May 29.—Formerly Filipino commander of Manila, General Buencamino's secretary of war, called on the president to-day in company with Secretary Root. General Buencamino was taken prisoner by the United States troops at the time Aginaldo's mother was captured and since that time has been at the head of the federal Filipino party.

He told the president to-day that his mission to Washington was to correct some of the false reports that have been put in circulation with a view to discrediting the work of both the civil government under Judge Taft and the army.

Washington, May 29.—James J. and Michael J. Killelea are under arrest, the former charged with assaulting his stenographer, Kate Mattes, because she refused to sleep with him, and the latter with taking the role of a government officer in an attempt to intimidate witnesses against his brother.

TO OPEN AT DULUTH

The Normal School Will Begin Work in September.

Members of the state board of control say the Duluth normal school will open in September and there is no occasion for the scare started in the tenth city. Messrs. Lee and Gould looked over the ground yesterday and contracts for furnishing will be let next week.

A SENSIBLE STENOGRAPHER.—Chicago, May 29.—James J. and Michael J. Killelea are under arrest, the former charged with assaulting his stenographer, Kate Mattes, because she refused to sleep with him, and the latter with taking the role of a government officer in an attempt to intimidate witnesses against his brother.

Washington, May 29.—The proposition to lease the public lands for grazing purposes, which has been investigated at some length by the house committee on public lands, has gone over indefinitely and will not be considered again at this session of congress.

FLINN'S CALL

He Takes Mr. Clapp and Pries the Secretary Loose.

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Washington, May 29.—The White House gardeners prepared for shipment a dozen large boxes of flowers, which will be placed to-morrow on the graves of national heroes. The chief offering is intended for President McKinley's grave, and is composed of rare white flowers, orchids, lilies of the valley and stephanotis, placed on palm leaves.

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TRouble IN CHICAGO GROWS

Fears That the Strike May Extend to the Stock Yards.

Chicago, May 29.—The strike of the teamsters against the packing companies spread with such rapidity last night that patrons of restaurants may have to eat fish and dried meats or take to a vegetable diet.

The Fulton markets, the firms of Irwin Brothers and Froehling & Hepp, which supply nearly all the large restaurants down town, were notified that unless they ceased taking meat from the packers their coal would be cut off.

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