

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL FAIR TO-NIGHT AND TUESDAY SOCIETY.

LONDON DOCK

BILL PASSED

Test Vote Showed That Mr. Nelson Had the Situation Cinched.

Steamship Interests Will Now Transfer the Fight to the House.

From The Journal Bureau, Room 45, Post Building, Washington.

Washington, June 16.—Senator Nelson had an impromptu reception on the floor of the senate after the London dock bill had passed to-day. Probably forty members, many of them democrats, crowded around him and, after shaking his hand, congratulated him warmly on his victory, which, after considering the strength of the opposition, was a notable one. The bill passed without roll call. The test vote came on Senator Hoar's amendment, which was defeated 39 to 9. After that the opposition had nothing more to say. Immediately after passage in the senate, Mr. Nelson went to the house side for a conference with Messrs. Fletcher and Tawney.

"I wish you would say something nice about Fletcher's work for this bill," said Mr. Nelson. "The opposition has been tremendous and has embraced the combined steamship interests of the Atlantic coast. It has had every able lawyer here to represent it. Mr. Fletcher has watched the bill closely and if it passes the house his industry and faithfulness will be largely responsible."

Of course Mr. Tawney is included in this compliment. Mr. Fletcher is depending on him to take charge of the fight on the floor if the bill gets up.

The action of the senate will not affect the bill now in the house. Representative Tawney asked the speaker to Friday and again Saturday for permission to bring the bill up under suspension of the rules. He renewed the request to-day. Each time the speaker turned him down. Under suspension of the rules a two-thirds majority is required to get a bill up and two-thirds majority to pass it. "If Mr. Tawney's request had been granted," said Mr. Fletcher, to-day, "we could have passed the bill before adjournment this evening, for I am satisfied that more than two-thirds of the members favor it. My canvass of the house shows this to be the case."

—W. W. Jermans.

LONDON DOCK BILL PASSED

Story of the Proceedings To-day in U. S. Senate.

Washington, June 16.—When the senate session began to-day at 11 o'clock Mr. Taft (Col.) offered the following resolution:

Whereas, it seems impracticable to prepare during this session of congress an itemized statement showing the collection and disbursement of all funds for the whole period of the military occupation of Cuba, and

Whereas, it is important that a statement be now made of the accounts heretofore named; therefore be it

Resolved, That the secretary of war be and he is hereby directed to send to the senate the following:

A full itemized statement of all payments made out of Cuban funds to any person or corporation, if any, for the purpose of promoting "reciprocity" between the United States and Cuba at any time during the military occupation of Cuba by the United States, and whether such payments were authorized or approved by the secretary of war.

Mr. Keam (N. J.) demanded immediate consideration of the resolution and it went over.

London Dock Charges Bill Passed.

Consideration was then resumed of the London dock charges bill.

Pending disposition of the bill, the senate agreed to confer on the bill for the protection of the president and Messrs. Hoar, Fairbanks and Pettus were appointed as conferees.

The London dock charges bill was discussed by Mr. McCumber (N. D.), Mr. Nelson (Maine), Mr. Gallinger (N. H.), and Mr. Hale (Maine).

Mr. Hale could not see why the amendment offered by Mr. Hoar should not be accepted. It must be an extreme, drastic and unreasonable bill and it ought not to be passed, if a provision should not be inserted in the bill of lading that the carrier should be required to pay charges lawfully made upon him.

Mr. Nelson contended that this London dock charge was an attempt to fixed charges not subject to competition. "If the charge were included in the freight charge, that would be subject to competition."

After some further discussion the vote was taken on Mr. Hoar's amendment, which provided that nothing in the act should prevent the carrier from stipulating for reimbursement on the consignee or shipper or consignee of any charges which he lawfully may be compelled to pay for compensation for any service which he may agree to render. The amendment was rejected, 9 to 36.

The bill was then passed.

The bill provides that no master, agent or owner of any vessel bringing goods from the United States to foreign ports shall insert in the bill of lading or other agreement any clause whereby he shall be relieved from liability for loss or damage arising from negligence, fault or failure in proper loading or proper delivery of any goods committed to his care; or any clause or agreement whereby there is imposed on the consignee any port or dock charges of any kind for the discharge or delivery of the goods, the payment of which by law is imposed upon such master, agent or owner.

The Isthmian Canal.

Without discussion of the measure the senate at 1 o'clock, at the conclusion of the morning hour, resumed the consideration of the Isthmian canal project, Mr. Cullom (Ill.) addressing the senate.

Mr. Cullom favored the Spooner amendment. He said that for many years the belief had prevailed that the Panama route had been impossible, hence all attention had been given to the Nicaragua route. The danger from volcanoes by either route was about equal. He pointed out the differences in favor of the Panama route as to cost, length and time of passage. He believed the Panama company could convey a good title but under the Spooner bill the Nicaragua canal would be built if the Panama title could not be secured.

NO CHARGE FOR ADVICE.

STANLEY HERALD. Floor Walker, I'm very sorry, madam, but I can't exchange this husband for you. Mrs. Smithson—But my husband doesn't like it. Floor Walker—Then I'd advise you to get a divorce.

SECY ROOT

TAKES ONUS

He Assumes Full Responsibility for Any Payments to Maximo Gomez.

Pension to the Cuban Patriot Thought to Have Been the Basis for Scandal.

Washington, June 16.—Secretary Root has assumed full responsibility for payment of money to General Gomez by General Wood during the American occupation of Cuba, and if congress asks for an explanation of the matter, he stands prepared to furnish what he regards as the most convincing proofs that the payments were dictated by the wisest statesmanship.

The above refers to a story telegraphed from New Orleans that General Gomez had received \$25,000 from the McKinley administration to withdraw from the presidential campaign in Cuba and to permit the election of President Palma.

President Palma, in an interview in Havana, indignantly denied that he was a party to any scheme to have General Gomez withdrawn from the campaign in his favor. The president said that to insinuate that Senor Gomez had been bought off by a bribe of \$25,000 was to question the honesty and integrity of Gomez and himself.

Secretary Root, interviewed in Washington, said the story was undoubtedly an exaggeration of General Wood's action in granting a pension to General Gomez. The state department has never paid General Gomez money to withdraw from the Cuban campaign, Secretary Root said, was absurd on its face, as Gomez was one of President Estrada Palma's warmest friends.

MISS HANNA'S WEDDING

A HONEYMOON AT THE 800

The Marriage Takes Place This Afternoon at Cleveland, Ohio.

Cleveland, Ohio, June 16.—The marriage of Miss Mabel Hanna, eldest daughter of Senator and Mrs. M. A. Hanna to Harry Parsons of this city, took place this afternoon at the Hanna residence on Lake avenue. Bishop Leonard of the Episcopal church performed the ceremony. Only the closest friends and the families were present. The bride entered the large parlor on the arm of her father, attended by her sister, Miss Ruth Hanna, and Miss Lucia McCarthy, her bridesmaids. The groom was attended by George T. Tillman of New York. Bishop Leonard used the full Episcopal service.

The bride's gown was of white satin edged with blue and white lace and orange blossoms. A tulle veil was held in place by a coronet of orange blossoms. The bride carried lilies of the valley. The bridesmaids were given in white costumes, covered with lace and carried large bouquets of pink sweet peas.

The splendid mansion was magnificently decorated with flowers. The halls were hung with shower bouquets of pink peonies, while the mantels and corners were banked with Australian palms and Connecticut ferns. The tables were in pink and white, the prevailing decorations being sweet peas.

This evening the bridal couple will leave by Buffalo, going thence by train to Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., where the bridegroom owns a handsome summer home and where the honeymoon will be spent.

The groom has for sometime past acted as one of Senator Hanna's secretaries.

PAUNCEFOTE CEREMONIES

Admiral Coghlan Chosen to Take Charge.

Washington, June 16.—Secretary Moody to-day sent instructions to Admiral Coghlan, who is on board his flagship Brooklyn at the New York navy yard, to report in Washington to-morrow morning. The admiral has been selected to take complete charge of the last ceremonies in this country in connection with the removal of the remains of the late Lord Pauncefote. The government in assigning to this duty an officer of the highest rank, adds one more manifestation of the esteem it felt for the late ambassador. Admiral Coghlan will accompany the remains to England.

The present plan is to have the Brooklyn come down to Annapolis, the nearest possible port to Washington. The remains, which are now in the receiving vault at the Rock Creek cemetery here, will be conveyed by a marine guard from the Brooklyn to a special train and thence to Annapolis.

The family will sail on the 26th inst. on the St. Louis, and the Brooklyn probably will start about July 2. This will permit of the landing of the remains on British soil on July 14, which is the date now suggested as most convenient.

STRIKE AT SIOUX CITY

Milwaukee Shop Employees Want More Pay.

Special to The Journal. Sioux City, Iowa, June 16.—Thirty-five men, all the employees in the Milwaukee shops here, walked out this morning. A walk-out of every man except one, a raise of wages to the scale paid in the other shops here and the company promised consideration. To-day the raise had been agreed to by the company and the men are getting out their own engines to-day. The company will be forced to send engines elsewhere for shop work.

MONTANA COURT ADOPTS GOWNS.

Special to The Journal. The supreme court of Montana to-day adopted the custom in vogue among supreme courts of many of the older states and of the supreme court of the United States—wearing black silk gowns upon the bench. The court wore gowns in the new courtroom of the supreme court of the United States when held for the first time. The court's intention had been kept a secret and a conference held at noon by Governor Kimball with prominent business men of the city. It was decided that the best interests of the city demanded that the troops be held here until all possibility of another outbreak had passed. No attempt for the present will be made to operate the cars at night. There was some rioting yesterday.

A GENTLE HINT.

Chicago American. Staylate—Do you suffer with insomnia? Staylate—Yes; awfully. Staylate—I understand that a walk in the open air at night is a certain remedy. Edith—All right. You do the walking and I'll go to bed and see what the effect is.

KING'S CHILL

Edward Rex Has a Mild Attack of Lumbago but Is Better.

Aldershot, England, June 16.—King Edward and Queen Alexandra started for Windsor at 4:15 o'clock this afternoon in a motor car. The king showed little trace of his recent illness.

London, June 16.—King Edward, who

FRIAR LANDS

Taft's Mission to Rome a Success—Trouble Over the Money.

Rome, June 16.—The complete success of the negotiations between Judge Taft, governor of the Philippines, and the vatican on the subject of the friar lands in these islands appears assured, four out of the five cardinals composing the subcommittee of cardinals favoring the gov-

GOING BACK

Some of the West Virginia Strikers Weaken—"Fire Bosses" Called Out.

Branwell, W. Va., June 16.—Several hundred more strikers returned to work to-day in the Flat Top and Tug River coal fields. Probably half the number who struck a week ago have returned to work. Those who are still out are becoming

DETECTIVE HARVEY

HURRIED TO JAIL

FROM WITNESS STAND

The Court Orders His Arrest on a Charge of Perjury—A Startling Sensation Cleverly Sprung by the State in the Norbeck Case—Norbeck About Ready to Break Down—Gardner's Bail Causing His Friends Much Bootless Worry—He's Ready to Help the State.

The Day's Developments

Police Captain George Harvey, committed to the county jail for perjury, as a result of his testimony in the Norbeck case. This was the state's promised bomb.

Irwin Gardner's friends put it to secure his \$10,000 bail bond. Gardner is said to be willing to help the state.

State still putting in evidence against Norbeck, who is said to be ready to save himself by admissions if the state will consent.

The grand jury meets at 3 p. m., with Police Captain Krumweide a willing witness.

Assistant County Attorney Al J. Smith dropped another bombshell in police headquarters this morning, and when it burst Police Captain George A. Harvey found himself in the county jail, where he had been sent by Judge Harrison to await the action of the grand jury on a charge of perjury, and on a second charge of having asked and received a bribe.

Harvey's arrest grew out of testimony given in the Norbeck trial, and as soon as the detective was safely upstairs in jail, he broke down completely. His revolver was taken from him, and the opinion was expressed that if this had not been done he would have shot himself immediately.

Within a short time, however, he regained his nerve, and then asked to be permitted to use the telephone. The request was granted, and he at once called up the mayor. He explained his predicament and then said: "I've got into trouble by trying to protect you and you've got to get me out and get me out quick."

The amount of Harvey's bond has not been formally fixed, but W. W. Erwin held a short conversation with Judge Harrison this morning, at the close of which he said a bond of \$3,000 would be accepted. It is probable that this bond will be at once forthcoming, as it is thought that the police officials will not dare to anger Harvey further by compelling him to remain in jail.

On the street, this noon, there was a persistent rumor that the detective had attempted to commit suicide. However, his gun was taken from him in time, and he is not now in a position to do himself any injury.

Harvey's incarceration was the stunning blow delivered by the state to-day full between the eyes of the slimy reptile, Corruption.

When it fell, the whole Minneapolis police department gasped and from now on the state will probably have straight testimony from such officers as it may call as witnesses in the bribery trials now in progress.

It's Diamond Cut Diamond. The state is meeting cunning with cunning. It is in deadly earnest in following the trail of those who have bartered away for money the safety of the people.



A SUGGESTION FOR THE NEW CROWN. King Edward Had a Chill and Should Take Additional Precautions.

was attacked yesterday by lumbago following a chill contracted while reviewing troops at Aldershot, passed a good night and is much better. Rain was falling to-day, however, so he did not risk attending the grand review to-day. The Prince of Wales received the salute in the King's stead.

London, June 16.—3 p. m. When questioned regarding the alarmist reports circulated about the health of King Edward, his majesty's private secretary, Sir Francis Knollys said: "The best answer I can give is that the king is going to Windsor this afternoon."

London, June 16.—Lord Farquhar, master of the household, who is at Windsor castle, said this afternoon that King Edward was much better and that he would arrive at the castle this evening from Aldershot, in accordance with his previous arrangements.

MORE SERIOUS

It is Now Said That Other Complications Are Feared.

London, June 16.—A dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph company from Aldershot says: "The king's illness has become of a much more serious nature than at first expected."

RAIN SOAKED TROOPS

They March Past the Heir to the Throne—Dismal at Aldershot.

Aldershot, England, June 16.—The indisposition of King Edward and the incessant downpour of rain combined effectually to spoil the grand review of troops here to-day. The king did not leave the royal pavilion and was represented by the Prince of Wales, who rode to the saluting point accompanied by the Duke of Connaught and a brilliant staff, comprising several Indian princes, the military attaché, Lord Roberts, the commander-in-chief, and the headquarters staff.

O. K. AT PAWTUCKET

Street Cars Operated Without Hitches.

Pawtucket, R. I., June 16.—Street cars were operated on all the local lines to-day, including those in Central Falls, without hitch or delay. The rain-soaked streets and the troops were spread out over a very large area. Quiet seemed to have been restored in all the turbulent districts. At a conference held at noon by Governor Kimball with prominent business men of the city, it was decided that the best interests of the city demanded that the troops be held here until all possibility of another outbreak had passed. No attempt for the present will be made to operate the cars at night. There was some rioting yesterday.

KICKED BY THE BARON.

London, June 16.—Baroness Halkett, formerly Miss Sarah Anson Phelps Stokes of New York, was to-day granted a divorce from her husband on the ground of cruelty and infidelity. She left her husband in 1888 because he kicked her.

INSURGENTS IN LINE

ON THE CUBAN SUGAR MATTER

They Claim That It Must Be the House Bill or No Legislation.

Washington, June 16.—It will be the house bill or no legislation is the opinion of the insurgent senators to-day as a result of the conference at Senator Ellins' home Sunday night. They hope for no legislation, but claim they have enough votes to pass the house bill after amending it so as to make clear that the countervailing duty is not to be disturbed save as to Cuba.

The administration senators talk quite as confidently as the insurgents and it is difficult to know what the result will be. The significant thing to-day is the apparent rigidity of the insurgent organization in understanding the president's message. Senator Cullom thinks that if the insurgents hold out there will be no legislation at this session unless the president is authorized to negotiate a reciprocity treaty with Cuba. To his insurgents will agree. The objection to such a plan is that it cannot be perfected soon enough. A reciprocity treaty would not be ready for submission to the senate until next winter.

The conference of the republican senators on the Cuban question may be postponed until Wednesday at the request of Senator Hanna, who has gone to Cleveland to his daughter's wedding and cannot return before that date.

TORNADO IN SIBLEY

Several Barns Demolished and a Horse Killed.

Special to The Journal. Sibley, Minn., June 16.—A tornado passed about three miles north of Henderson on Saturday afternoon at 5:30. The path of the twister was from west to east and it took a zigzag course, striking the area several times, then rising. Arlington, Sibley county, two large barns were demolished. Further damage was done until the cloud struck the Minnesota river further east, when a barn of Ed Ward was demolished.

Three miles farther east a barn and two windmills of George McConells were blown down. A large barn, 100 feet long, was preceded by a heavy rain. The storm was preceded by a heavy rain and followed by heavy rain.

WILMONT WINS LONG GAME.

Special to The Journal. Wilmont, Minn., May 16.—Wilmont defeated the Irene Stars here yesterday in a game lasting sixteen innings, 4 to 3. Batteries: Mead and Oles; Omara and Leonard. Struck out by Mead, twenty-one; by Omara, nine. Only five safe hits were made off Mead.

Shot a Coal and Iron Policeman.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., June 16.—Some men lying in ambush yesterday shot and severely wounded Charles Robinson, a coal and iron policeman, at the Olympian colliery of the Delaware & Hudson coal company. He is now in the Lackawanna hospital with a rifle ball in his right lung.

Nearly 100 Out Near Scranton and Others Expected To-morrow.

Scranton, Pa., June 16.—Nearly 100 fire bosses in the mines in the Lackawanna region refused to make the usual inspections to-day. The strikers asked them to quit and thus assist in winning their fight. This is claimed to be more than half the force of these workmen in this region and the result cannot be otherwise than disastrous to the mining property, for with the accumulation of gas, pump runners cannot keep at work. There are also the dangers of explosions which only the greatest precaution can provide against.

Those fire bosses who did not quit to-day are confidently expected to do so to-morrow. The companies will find it impossible to fill the places of these men, as it requires much experience to become expert in this work.

THE MORRIS BILL

The Next Three Days Are Critical Ones.

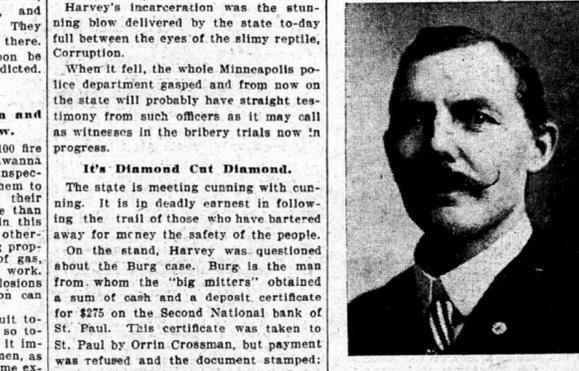
Washington, June 16.—Representative Ford will try to get recognition by the speaker to-day to secure consideration of his bill under suspension of the rules. If he is not reached before adjournment there is a chance that the bill will be considered to-morrow or Wednesday night. Chairman Sherman of the Indian committee said to-day that before the house adjourned he would ask that to-morrow night and Wednesday night be set aside for the consideration of Indian bills.

Among the bills he will call up are those to cede the lands in the Red Lake reservation in Minnesota, the Rosebud lands in South Dakota and the Devils Lake lands in North Dakota, beside the Morris bill, if it is not reached to-day. All these bills have passed the senate.

Representative Martin has discovered that the appropriation for the sanatorium at Hot Springs is available. He hopes that the site will be secured and construction begun this summer.

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DETECTIVE GEORGE HARVEY. Committed on a charge of perjury to-day in connection with his testimony in Norbeck's trial.

to him. The state is so sure of its ground that it feels Norbeck's aid is no longer of value. There was a time when he could have saved himself by turning state's evidence, but that time has now passed.

Mr. Purdy, Special Assistant. M. D. Purdy, former United States district attorney, appeared at the county attorney's office this morning and was sworn in as a special assistant. It is probable that Mr. Purdy will help attend to the grand jury. He was associated with Mr. Smith in the office during the Peterson regime, and the two men are thoroughly acquainted with each other's qualifications. Mr. Purdy's advent will facilitate the work of drawing indictments, and unless all signs fall he will have his hands full for some time to come, and may be expected to be called upon to write into his indictments the names of still other men holding prominent positions in the city government and police department.

HOW IT HAPPENED

Harvey Was the First Witness and Found Trouble Promptly.

"George Harvey may take the stand," announced Assistant County Attorney Smith in the Norbeck trial this morning as soon as Bailiff Clausen had opened court with his "Hear ye, hear ye, hear ye!" etc. Harvey was the last witness at the Saturday afternoon session.

"Who was this man who lost the \$275 check?" asked Mr. Smith, as soon as Detective Harvey had taken the witness stand. "His name was Burg, I believe."

Harvey stated that Burg was with Detectives Hanson and Harvey all the time after leaving police headquarters when he returned from the first visit to