more than the legal quorum. To find an indictment, twelve votes are necessary, and as the jury is practically unanimous in the line of action thus far pursued and to be pursued, it is not expected that there will be any difficulty in bringing in more true bills. The session held last Tuesday was given over to small jail cases and there are still a few of these to clean up at the session next week. Then the jury will be ready to return to the police investigation. The jury made an effort to have the jail cases passed over to the next grand jury, but Judge Harrison advised that this was impracticable, as the prisoners might secure their release by habeas corpus proceedings, if their cases were not promptly attended to by the sitting grand jury.

There is another suggestion of embarrassment to the chief in the recent order of the acting police authorities closing up the "candy stores." Chief Ames, by his own admissions in the course of his trial, had an intimate knowledge of the conditions along this line. The "candy store" women will naturally expect some help from him should he assume charge of the department again, and in the event of his failure or inability to give it, may be expected to turn against him.

Nelson Returns.

Detective Charles Nelson, who has been out of the city for about two weeks, on no one knows what business, returned yesterday. He is very mum as to his movements. It is reported that he has been in Chicago, also St. Louis, and that if he has not been in actual touch with Chief Ames, he could easily find him.

CHRIS NORBECK'S BOND

His Sureties Think They Should Not Be Held.

Application has been made by Richard J. Hill and Brando Sodini for an order of the district court setting aside the order which forfeited the $5,000 bond they gave for the appearance of Christopher C. Norbeck. They will represent that when they learned the detective had fled, they acted with the utmost promptness in seeking to recapture him. They sent out private detectives at their own expense, and offered a reward of $1,000.

It is reported that there is a chance the forfeiture will stand.

THE FRENCH RIOTS

Clerical Demonstrations in the Provinces.

CHILDREN IN THE STREETS

Schools of the Sisters Closed by the Government—Public Schools Insufficient.

Paris, July 24.—The enforcement of the association's law yesterday was quieter than was expected. M. Conti, a nationalist deputy, headed a procession from a school of the sisters of St. Vincent de Paul, which was accompanying twelve nuns who were retiring to a convent. The police barred the procession. M. Conti attempted to make a speech and was arrested. The crowds expected that two other schools would be expelled, but the matter was postponed until Friday. Reports from the provinces state that there have been many clerical demonstrations, but no disorder.

Many public bodies are taking sides in the dispute. The council general of Maine and Loire condemned the expulsions.

The municipality of Lyons, by a vote of 34 to 8, adopted a resolution supporting the government.

The newspaper Univers says that Prime Minister Combes, replying to a bishop who interviewed him to remonstrate against the law, said: "Ihave 160 majority in the chamber of deputies."

Large bodies of police patrolled the Latin quarter through the night and prevented collisions. Two parties of military occupied the streets and bridges. The students were greatly excited and several of them were injured in melees. They amused themselves with rival cries of "long live the sisters," and "long live the republic."

Among the rioters yesterday were hundreds of women.

More than 20,000 young children have been thrown into the streets, the municipal institutions being totally inadequate for the accommodation of this extra number.

M. Bedorez, director of schools, said that the city schools were already crowded to such an extent that it is impossible to consider them in seeking a solution of the difficulty.

Several hundred persons, chiefly women and children, created a demonstration in front of a church in the Ternes quarters while some expelled sisters were departing. The police interfered and several of the crowd attacked them. Among those arrested were Deputies Pagliesti Conti and an archdeacon. They were subsequently released.

Reports are coming in from the provinces of disturbances at various places owing to the enforcement of the religious associations law and the closing of Roman Catholic schools. At La Bresse, in Vosges, the villagers surrounded the school and refused to move. They prevented the gendarmes from closing the school and the sisters remained in possesison.

At Rennes and other towns immense crowds attended the departing sisters to the railway stations, cheering them all the way.

"What's the use of going to England for the coronation," remarked Dr. Dick, "when the American people have crowned Red Raven Splits the Prince of Aperients?"

SUMMER ADVICE.

By One Who Knows.

Keep cool in hot weather.
"How?"
By eating Grape-Nuts every day.
"Rats!"

No, not rats, but a good, sound fact that thousands make daily use of.

Grape-Nuts is a pre-digested food which makes digestion easy.

It gives the nourishment without the internal heat caused by heavy carbonaceous foods.

You can feel from ten to twenty degrees cooler than your neighbor when you eat proper food that does not overtax the stomach.

Grape-Nuts is made from certain parts of the grain and by mechanical process the starches are changed into grape sugar in the same manner as the stomach would do in the first act of digestion.

The phosphates of the cereals are retained in Grape-Nuts and these and the grape sugar supply the necessary nourishment to body, brain and nerve centers.

Grape-Nuts is a concentrated food giving strength, vitality and coolness to the body and energy and clearness to the brain, in place of the heavy, sluggish, draggy feeling caused by meat, potatoes, etc.

Another point.

It is thoroughly cooked at the factory by food experts and saves you the trouble.

You get it from the grocer and by adding cream, it is ready to serve.

No hot stove, no cross cook, no loss of time or exertion as with other food.

Its crisp taste with the delicate sweet of the grape sugar makes it pleasing to the palate of the most critical epicure.

The recipe book in each package of Grape-Nuts gives many pleasing puddings, salads, entrees and desserts that can be made.

Worth a trial and a package will prove it.

More Wing Shots at Flickertail Leaders

BRYAN AND SOME OTHERS

Continued From First Page.

tary operations in the Philippines must not, and shall not, prevent a genuine and triumphant co-operation of democrats upon the questions practically pressing for popular determination at the polls. May we not practice the conciliations practiced by democrats of other generations?

Two years the costly war of conquest in the Philippines make a present and pertinent question—the use we shall make of the American sovereignty which our military power has established in these tropical islands of the east. If, upon the question which is now practically open before the American people, which is treated as open by the republican president and generally by the people, the democratic party should maintain a timid silence, it would cause contempt from those who would have the party stifle its deep and long-time conventions.

We have the best evidence that the measure of justice to Cuba which even the republican president could not deny our obligation to grant, was defeated, not by any recalcitrant minority of the republican party, but by the opinion of the republican leaders. They feared that if justice to Cuba were done, the tariff question would be opened wide. It would, they feared, precipitate the question of justice to the great masses of the people of our own country by depriving monopoly of the privileges the money-getting combinations by which the republican party is so largely sustained.

The people are to-day thoroughly ready to deprive the great monopolistic combinations of the country of the great privileges which they enjoy. If the democratic party in selecting its issue decides, as it is bound to do, according to the popular will, it has no choice. Tariff reform is irrevocably at the forefront.

Mr. Bryan said:

The word "harmony" is euphonious, and the idea which it conveys is a delightful one. Harmony! How it soothes the ear and calls up visions of peace and love and joy. Harmony, whether among the heavenly bodies whose movements make the music of the spheres or among the bodies terrestrial with their conflicting interests and varying moods, who can resist its claims or dispute its sway. Harmony is but a synonym for order.

The great founder of the democratic party, Thomas Jefferson, whose philosophy sounded all the depths of human nature and measured the height and breadth of human government, not long before the end of his eventful life, said in a letter to Mr. Lee, that there were but two permanent parties, the aristocratic and the democratic; that these two parties existed in every country, and that where there was freedom to think, speak and write, these parties would become apparent. With the aristocratic party he classed "those who fear and distrust the people and wish to draw all power from them into the hands of the higher classes." With the democratic party he classed "those who identify themselves with the people, have confidence in them, cherish and consider them as the most honest and safe, though not the most wise, depository of the public interests."

There can always be harmony among democrats who have the purpose that Jefferson had and are willing to employ the methods that Jefferson employed. There can always be harmony among democrats who believe in a government of the people and are willing that all the departments of the government shall be operated by the people and for the benefit of the people. Differences of the mind can be reconciled; differences of purpose cannot. Between one who is at heart an aristocratic and one who is in reality a democrat there is a great gulf fixed. And, it may be added, among the aristocrats there will be found the same division that exists among the beasts of prey—some have the courage of the lion, and others the cunning and treachery of the fox, but they can hunt together if their object is spoil, whether it be avowed or concealed. Between those really democratic in purpose there can be no personal or permanent alienation, because having no ulterior motives they are open to arguments and amenable to reason; being honest in purpose, they have confidence in the triumph of their cause, and are content to employ honest methods.

The republican party of to-day is aristocratic in its policies and tendencies, for it is controlled by a few in the interest of a few, but there are many republicans who remain with their party only because they do not understand the change which has taken place in that party within the last few years.

With the exception of the tariff question, the republican party has not in recent years honestly submitted a single important issue to the arbitrament of the ballot, or even to the judgment of the members of its own party. It has written ambiguous platforms and forced its policies through congress after elections. In 1896 it used a promise of international bimetallism to conceal its real purpose to fasten the gold standard on the country. In 1900 it practiced the same deception on imperialism and on the trust question. Even within a month it has refused to announce its purpose in regard to the Philippines, and has put off until after November the passage of the subsidy bill and the consideration of the trust question. The leaders of the party show their lack of vital faith in the doctrine of self-government by their unwillingness to take the people of the country, or even the voters of their own party, into their confidence. The hope of the democratic party lies in bringing this fact to the knowledge of those who have been in the habit of voting the republican ticket. One aristocratic party in the country is enough. Democratic success must be won, not by imitating the republican party, but by exposing it—not by making the democratic party aristocratic, but by convincing the people that it is really democratic and can be trusted to defend democratic ideas and to cultivate democratic ideals.

To attempt to patch up an apparent harmony between those who are not in sympathy with democratic purposes is not only a waste of time, but would prove disastrous. The men who deserted the party in 1896 may be divided into two classes: Those who left because they understood the issue presented, and those who left because they did not understand the real nature of the contest. Until the former are completely changed in their sympathies they cannot return to the party without injuring it.

MILLIONS AT THE SOO

Report of the Improvements on the Great Lakes.

Washington, July 24.—The chief of engineers to-day received several annual reports of officers in charge of river and harbor improvements making estimates for the fiscal year 1904, Major W. H. Bixby who reports as follows from Detroit, Mich., on the improvements connecting the great lakes:

St. Mary's river, at the falls, Michigan, $682,000; Hay Lake and Neebish channels, St. Mary's river, $1,000,000; to complete the project, $4,000,000; Detroit river, Michigan, 500,000; to complete the project, $1,250,000.

Maj. J. G. Warren submits the following estimates for the Milwaukee, Wis., district:

Sturgeon Bay and Lake Michigan ship canal, Wisconsin, $178,000; Waukegon harbor, Illinois, $245,000; Fox river, Wisconsin, $100,000.

NO TIME TO SPARE

Mrs. Nation at Madison, Wis.—A Strenuous Hour.

Special to The Journal.

Madison, Wis., July 24.—Carrie Nation made close connections with the Monona Lake assembly this afternoon. She was scheduled to speak at 2 p. m., and did not arrive from the north till 12:55. She went to a hotel, but did not stop for lunch, saying she had been eating fruit on the train.

She stayed there long enough to berate the hotel bartender, Ernest Butterfield, and then walked with an escort to the boat landing, where she took a steamer for the assembly grounds, arriving only a few minutes late to find an audience of 5,000 curiosity seekers awaiting her. On the trip here Mrs. Nation got off at every station to call down the men and boys she found smoking on the platform.

WATER NOT TURNED OFF

Restraining Order All Between Helena and Its Thirst.

Special to The Journal.

Helena, Mont., July 24.—The Helena Waterworks company did not carry out its threat at noon to-day of turning off the city's water supply for fire and sewage purposes because the city will not pay the rental of $1,500 a month asked. The city secured a temporary restraining order preventing the management from carrying out the order of President Tuckerman of Boston.

FIRST THRESHING IN S. D.

BARLEY GOES 55 BU. TO THE ACRE

Three Inches of Rain Falls Over the Arlington, South Dakota, Country.

Specials to The Journal.

Woonsocket, S. D., July 24.—The first threshing of the season was done here yesterday. Frank Rickstein threshed eighteen acres of barley that yielded fifty-five bushels an acre. Oats are being harvested and some fields of wheat will be cut this week. Wheat will probably yield about twenty bushels an acre, oats from sixty to one hundred bushels, and barley from forty to sixty. Corn, as usual here, promises to be a heavy crop.

Janesville, Minn., July 24.—Harvesting has commenced. The farmers are cutting barley and oats, and though the ground is very soft and the grain badly down and tangled, the prospects are fairly good.

Platte, S. D., July 24.—Good crops are a sure thing in Charles Mix county. A rain any time in the next three weeks will mature the corn crop. Several fields of rye have produced forty-five bushels to the acre. Barley, of which there is a good acreage in this vicinity, could not be better. Oats will make a heavy crop.

Arlington, S. D., July 24.—About three inches of rain fell here last night. Crops of small grain are very good. The barley harvest has commenced.

TO CRUSH SUGAR TRUST

SPRECKELS SAYS HE CAN DO IT

An Invention That Refines Sugar for $1 Per Ton as Against $7.

New York Sun Special Service

San Francisco, July 24.—Colonel George MacFarland, of Honolulu, who leaves to-day for Hawaii, gives information about the plans of the Federal Sugar company which is now ready to wage lively war against the sugar trust. The company is capitalized at $50,000,000, with C. A. Spreckels, youngest son of the sugar millionaire, as president. Only the bare facts about the new refinery have been made known. MacFarlane says, however, that the cost of production will be so reduced that the sugar trust can be killed in two years.

"Spreckels," said MacFarlane, "can refine sugar at less that $1 per ton, whereas the trust spends nearly $7 per ton. This new method takes little time. Spreckels will establish refineries in all the big cities from Philadelphia to San Francisco, and so simple is the plan and so little the cost that refineries may be built on the plantations in Hawaii, thus saving enormous sums in transportation of crude sugar."

Mr. Spreckels' plan is also to unite with the sugar beet growers of the west.

THE FUSS IN HAITI

Every Indication of Bloodshed Before Many Days.

Cape Haytien, Hayti, July 24.—The army from the department of Artibonite and from the districts in sympathy with M. Firmin, who has been declared president by the Artibonites is marching on Cape Haytien from three sides. General Albert Salnave has arrived at Plaisance, General Emile Gaspard has reached Degron and General Thesse Nonfiston is moving on St. Raphael and Trou. General Alexis Nord, the minister of war of the provisional government, it is said, contemplates leaving Cape Haytien shortly in order to take charge of the troops called upon to defend the capital, Port Au Prince. The population here is in a state of uneasiness, believing that the town will shortly be attacked by the Firminists.

No news has been received here regarding the movements of the warship Crete-a-Pierrea, but it is feared that she may appear off this port and land troops to support M. Firmin's forces. There is no foreign warships here.

VILAS IN OLD ROLE

He May Sound the Democratic Keynote for 1904.

WELL MATURED PLAN IN WIS.

He Did as Much for Cleveland in 1894—Convention's Temporary Chairman.

Special to The Journal.

Milwaukee, Wis., July 24.—A report is current that the letter written by former Senator William F. Vilas, at the request of Chairman A. F. Warden of the democratic state central committee, is part of a well-matured scheme to have Mr. Vilas appointed temporary chairman of the democratic state convention and that the Madison statesman will take the occasion to sound the keynote for the democratic campaign not only in Wisconsin in 1902, but in the nation in 1904.

This was the plan adopted in 1894 when Senator Vilas, in the full flush of his honors upon him as the right-hand man of President Cleveland, came to Milwaukee and acted as the temporary chairman of the convention which placed George W. Peck in nomination for the third time for governor. Senator Vilas' speech was a masterful effort and was read all over the country as the pronunciamento of the Cleveland administration to the democratic party.

The democratic state central committee in Waukesha Tuesday authorized Chairman Warden to appoint the temporary officers of the convention and the fact that he is such a warm personal admirer of Senator Vilas gives color to the report that Mr. Vilas will be slated to act as temporary chairman. This color is heightened by the publication of the letter written by Senator Vilas at Chairman Warden's suggestion, in which he defines the duties of the party under existing conditions.

A "MAGNETIC BALANCE"

TELLS A WARSHIP'S APPROACH

A Wonderful Device That Will Be of Much Use in War.

New York Sun Special Service

Washington, July 24.—Consternation and curiosity have been created among naval officers interested in the coming mock military operations on Long Island sound by the report from the war department that the army has ready for use an instrument by which the approach of a steam armored battle-ship, cruiser or gunboat can be detected at a distance of fifty miles. This wonderful device, which army officers who appear to be in on the secret say will give ample warnin of an attack to the forces in the fortifications on the sound, is known as the "magnetic balance." It is extremely delicate in mechanism, and it is claimed so sensitive in the body of water in which it is immersed that the size of the vessel which causes its indicator to fluctuate can be determined with a fair amount of accuracy.

From all that can be learned the magnetic balance is a highly magnetized apparatus which may be immersed in sea water, preferably a short distance from land and connected with a float. The nidicator is affected to a marked degree by any large body of iron or steel in the body of water. The larger the body of metal the more marked will be the effect on the balance. The instruments, according to the reports which have leaked out, may be gauged so that they will not be affected by the thin metal sheathing of a merchant vessel, but would be subject to the heavily armored battleship.

LONESOME IN THE WOODS

TRACEY ENTERS A LOGGING CAMP

He Ate Dinner With the Men, but Kept His Trusty Rifle Handy.

Tacoma, Wash., July 24.—Convict Tracey is reported by Matthew Bulger, who arrived here yesterday afternoon, to have invaded Miller's logging camp on Green river, four miles from Kanaskat.

He entered the cookhouse, carrying his rifle, two revolvers and an ammunition supply. His clothing had been partly changed since he was last seen twelve days ago at Pauot ranch in Green river valley. Tracey said he had not been wounded. When asked why he did not take advantage of the present lull in the search for him, he declared that he wished to first kill Sheriff Cudihee, a brother of Dave Merrill and one of the Oregon guards, who has been a member of the posses from the start.

Though Tracey carired food, he ate dinner at the camp and then sat down and chatted with the men, always keeping his gun handy. He was identified by a railroad man who knew Tracey several years in Tacoma. Tracey acknowledges his identity. Soon after he left one of the loggers started for Kanaskat and reported the facts to Bulger, who came to town with the information. As an excuse for appearing for simply one meal, Tracey stated that he had become lonesome lying all alone in the woods. Sheriff Cudihee left Seattle on Monday, and is believed to be making a quiet search for Tracey.

LATEST TRACEY STORY

Armed Man on a Bicycle Believed to Be the Outlaw.

Salem, Ore., July 24.—A special from Woodburn says that Frank Pickens, a young man living in the outskirts of town, met a heavily armed bicycle rider whom he thought was Tracey, the outlaw, who asked the direction and distance to Salem.

After securing the information desired the stranger rode on in the direction of Salem. Eighty rods behind the first came another wheelman, also heavily armed and apparently following the first. Pickens at once hastened to town and notified the authorities. At Hubbard the men were seen half an hour earlier. There they were heavily armed.

The prison authorities were notified and Superintendent Lee of the penitentiary immediately placed extra guards on the wall and sent out a full force to surround the prison yard in order to prevent any raid on the wall guards.

GREAT FALLS, MONT.

Sixteen and three-quarters cents a pound were paid in Great Falls for a large amount of wool belonging to the Nelson sheep ranch. This is the largest price paid for wool in Montana in Several years.

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS

The only way to recover your health is to keep the stomach in good condition; the bowels regular and the blood pure. The Bitters will do this for you. It also cures Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Constipation and Malaria, Fever and Ague. TRY IT.

SPHINX WILL SPEAK

Lind About to Explain Position to Impatient Democrats.

HE WOULD BE U. S. SENATOR

Road to That Goal Lies Through House—He Is Expected to Enter Race.

John Lind, the democratic sphinx, is still silent. His friends do not doubt his intentions, but they are becoming anxious. They would like to have him announce himself. As he played with the gubernatorial nomination in 1900, so he is toying with the congressional nomination in 1902, and democrats do not like it. While they believe that his message, when it comes, will be a paraphrase of the unique proposal once sent to Peggoty—"Barkis is willin'," they are impatient for him to speak. No man, they say, is greater than his party; and no man should be permitted to trifle with a subject that so vitally concerns not only himself but the democrats generally. Acting upon this view, the democratic committee has asked Lind to announce himself. This morning the former governor said he would issue no statement for publication, but would confer with the committee and explain his position to its members. That this conference will be held within a few days there is little doubt.

Lind's ultimate ambition is the United States senate. He is the only democrat ever elected governor of Minnesota, and he has had the honor of appointing the first democratic senator that ever represented a north star constituency in the national senate since Minnesota became a state. He hopes to be the first democratic senator ever elected from the state.

When urged to accept the gubernatorial nomination this year, Mr. Lind replied that if he ran for any place it would be for a legislative office, not an executive position. His election as governor has already given him some prominence nationally. His return as representative from the metropolitan district of the state—a district which has been represented by a republican ever since it was formed, would strengthen his position. He is the only man to whom the democrats can look to lead them to success. And they think they see a chance for victor this fall.

Lind is eager to go to Washington. He cannot hope to go as a senator, at least for some time to come. The next best thing is to go as congressman; and his friends believe he will make the run.

HANNIBAL HAMLIN CIGARS—THE HIGHEST QUALITY.

SICK IN ST. LOUIS

Traveling Man Thought to Have Been Murdered Is Found.

Special to The Journal.

Winona, Minn., July 24.—S. W. Kiern of this city, whose whereabouts have been unknown to relatives for two months past, has at last been heard from at St. Louis, where he is recovering from illness. He left St. Louis for the south the last of April to sell jewels, and his long silence caused his parents to fear foul play, efforts to find him having been unsuccessful.

HANNIBAL HAMLIN CIGARS—THE FAVORITE SMOKE.

And many other aches to which women are peculiarly subject are generally the result of a diseased condition of the womanly organism. When this diseased condition is cured, sideache, backache, headache, etc., are cured also.

Doctor Pierce's Favorite Prescription establishes regularity, dries the drains which weaken women, heals inflammation and ulceration and cures female weakness. When these diseases are cured the aches they cause are also cured.

"I will drop you a few lines to-day to let you know that I am feeling well now," writes Miss Annie Stephens, of Belleville, Wood Co., West Va, "I feel like a new woman. I took several bottles of 'Favorite Prescription' and of the 'Golden Medical Discovery.' I have no headache now, no backache, and no pain in my side any more. No bearing-down pain any more. I think that there is no medicine like Dr. Pierce's medicine. I thank you very much for what you have done for me—your medicine has done me much good."

The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser, a book containing 1008 pages, is given away. Send 21 one-cent stamps for expense of mailing *only*, for the book in paper covers, or 31 stamps for the volume bound in cloth. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Bargain Friday!

Several thousand pairs of odds and ends and broken lines of shoes will be almost given away at the Home Trade tomorrow. Notice description and sizes and you'll not be disappointed.

Ladies' Oxfords

Over 600 pairs of Ladies' high grade Oxford Ties, the regular prices were from $1.50 to $3, but they are some out of style and sizes run only from 2½ to 4; that's why we will endeavor to close them out Bargain Friday at, pair **29c**

Satin Slippers

About 120 pairs of Ladies' $1.75 fine Satin One-Strap Slippers, all colors, and almost all sizes, rather narrow toes, to close, Bargain Friday **19c**

Child's Strap Slippers

Children's fine red one-strap Slippers, sizes 5 to 8 and 8½ to 11, regular price 98c, and children's dark tan 85c one-strap Slippers, sizes 8 to 11, Bargain Friday **39c**

Men's Tennis Oxfords

Men's tan rubber-soled Tennis Oxfords, sizes 6 to 11, Bargain Friday **25c**

Men's Canvas Shoes

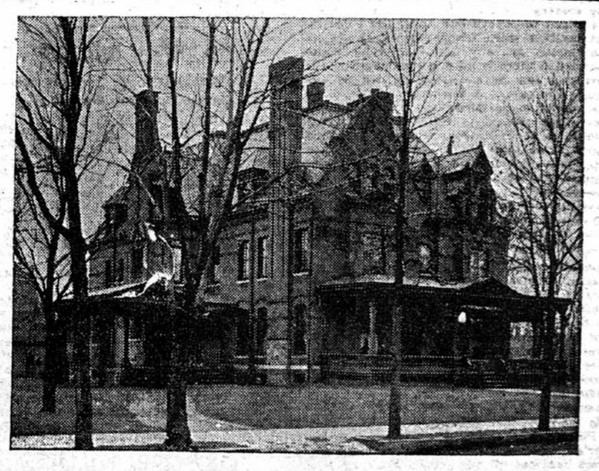
Men's 98c Canvas Lace Shoes, modern shapes, all sizes, Bargain Friday **59c**

Men's Tan Shoes

Men's $2 Tan Lace Shoes, good shapes, sizes 6 to 9, Bargain Friday **98c**

If you can wear above sizes, don't miss this opportunity.

Home Trade Shoe Store 219-221 Nicollet



ST. ANTHONY INSTITUTE CURES Liquor and Drug Habits.

No Hypodermics, No Publicity. No Nauseating Drugs, 603 South Tenth St., Minneapolis, Minn. No Failures,

Miraculous Cure

OF MRS. ANDERSON, OF HINCKLEY,

By the Bone-Setter

Here is one of the most remarkable cures ever made in this country or Europe and it is just as true as it is startling. Mrs. Anderson will tell you of it in her own way:

"West Superior, Wis., July 19th, 1902.

"To All of My Friends:

"Ten years ago last spring I was sick in bed, and the attending physician gave me so much strong medicine as to have an injurious effect upon my whole system. My feet, ankles, knees, elbows, wrists and all of my joints were enlarged. My hands and feet were drawn, and I had great difficulty in walking; in fact, I used crutches for six years. I was treated in Minneapolis for five months without help. It acted like rheumatism, and I thought sure it was. I came to the Bone-Setter, and he said it was the result of taking so much strong medicine. He said he could cure me, and I commenced his treatment, which was not painful at any time. I walk now as I used to, without crutch or cane. My hands are perfectly straight; I use them as well as I ever did. I am cured, and so happy. The Bone-Setter's work is wonderful. While at his offices, during my visits to him, I saw many cripples whom he cured, men, women and children, and I know his cures are all right. I have lived at Hinckley, Minnesota, for 30 years, and I am known all over Pine county. My husband was postmaster at Hinckley for four years.

(Signed) "MRS. S. W. ANDERSON."

No matter what the trouble may be that renders you a cripple, or what caused it, or how long you have been a cripple, do not defer the cheering hope of being cured; pay no attention to who may say that nothing can be done for you, but see this wonderful man, the Bone-Setter, at West Superior, Wisconsin. The seemingly impossible is easy with him. If you cannot come at once, then write and describe your condition as nearly as you can, and be prepared to start for West Superior should you receive a favorable reply. Enclose stamp and mention The Journal.

Defective Page