

THE MINNESOTA LEGISLATURE

TAX CODE REVIVED

Sections From the Rejected Document Are Included in Haugland's Taxation Bill.

More Drastic Features of the Former Measure Have Been Omitted, However.

PROCEEDINGS TO-DAY

HOUSE—
Mr. Haugland introduces a franchise bill. Lumber resolution passed.
Hennepin delegation considers bond bill.
Adjourned until Monday, 11 a. m.

SENATE—
Reciprocity resolution defeated.
Senator McGill introduces a bill appropriating \$250,000 for buildings at agricultural experiment station.
State capitol appropriation of \$1,500,000 recommended in committee of the whole.
Special committee investigates charges against George L. Matcham.
Adjourned until Monday, 11 a. m.

The fight for full taxation of public service franchises has been renewed. Mr. Haugland's measure introduced in the house to-day providing that all public service corporations must list their stock and bonds, which are to be assessed on their market value, the franchise being represented by the difference between the value of the personal property and real estate owned by the company and the market value of its capital stock and bonded debt. The bill also provides for a tax commissioner, with large powers as an adjunct to the board of equalization.

The measure is almost an exact reproduction of several chapters of the tax code defeated last year and covers forty-five typewritten pages. It lacks, however, all the drastic features of the old code, and does not add anything to the present powers of the assessor. The first chapter provides for the manner of assessing real estate. The rest of the bill is devoted to personal property and follows the old tax code in its arrangements for listing and assessing. Special chapters are devoted to the listing of property and the assessment of street railway companies, gas, electric, heating and power, wharf and boom companies, telegraph, telephone, express, sleeping car and freight line companies.

The state tax commissioner takes the place of the three tax commissioner provided for by the old code. He has practically all the powers of the old commissioner and is to make a report to the state board of equalization and co-operate in this work. He is to be appointed for four years and to receive \$500 per annum, with a secretary at \$1,500. He has power to examine books and papers.

Mr. Chinnock of Ramsey introduced two bills of interest to both Minneapolis and St. Paul. One increases the salary of probate judges to \$4,000; the other authorizes the county commissioners to issue certificates of indebtedness to fund the extension of the street car lines. The bill applies only to indebtedness which has not existed for more than five years and not involved in litigation. The certificates are to bear interest at not more than 4 percent and are to be payable in equal annual installments covering a period of five years.

Mr. Fulton introduced a bill appropriating \$250,000 for the construction of buildings at the state agricultural school. Of this amount \$150,000 is to be available by July 31 and \$100,000 by July 31, 1905. The money is to be expended as follows: \$225,000 for general building; \$40,000 for dormitories; \$25,000 for a live stock building; \$100,000 for chemical building and \$30,000 for a machine building.

Mr. Morley introduced one of the bills desired by the dairy and food commission, relating to the labeling of milk, cream, extracts and syrups made of other materials, and prohibiting the use of ingredients detrimental to health.

Mr. Fulton introduced the bill for a new judicial district composed of Chicago, Pine and Kanabec counties. This was before the legislature two years ago, but was defeated.

The following petition was received: We, the undersigned citizens and electors of the county of Hennepin, hereby petition your honorable body to provide a law entitling the socialist party of this state, formerly the social democratic party, to use the name of socialist as its party name and for the designation of candidates on the official ballots at any and all elections to be held in the state of Minnesota.

The petition is signed by G. P. Corry, M. D., of Janesville, and eleven others. It is in printed form and is probably the first of a series to be presented.

The senate resolution favoring the removal of the tariff from lumber was passed without objection.

Bills Put Through.
The following bills were passed:
H. F. 106, Barwell—To provide for the distribution of unpaid dividends, and other moneys, and the final closing up of the affairs of any corporation.
H. F. 107, Dunn—Relating to parks and park boards in cities of more than 6,000.
In committee of the whole, the following bills were reported for passage:
H. F. 108, Budd—To amend general laws relating to the giving of security bonds of certain officers.
H. F. 109, Simons—To legalize mortgage foreclosures by deed upon real estate in certain cases.
H. F. 110, Gibson—To amend section 49, chapter 206, general laws 1901.
H. F. 111, Stevenson—To legalize the execution of the new building shares by attaching attorneys to foreclose mortgages by advertisement.
H. F. 112, Bennett—To amend general laws relating to the incorporation of villages and defining their duties and powers.
H. F. 113, P. 12, general laws for 1903.
H. F. 114, P. 12, general laws for 1903.
H. F. 115, P. 12, general laws for 1903.

THE CAPITOL AUDIT
House Committee Will Go Into Accounts on Monday.

The house committee on public accounts and expenditures, instructed to investigate the accounts of the capitol commission, met to-day and decided to have the commissioners appear Monday afternoon with all books and records. The appointment of Wallace Hines of St. Paul as expert accountant was announced.

The meeting was executive and somewhat stormy. There has been a feeling that the committee made a mistake in employing an outside accountant when Public Examiner Johnson stood ready to supply a man. One of the members said he understood that Mr. Johnson had construed their action as a reflection upon himself. The public examiner, however, denies this and does not credit the report that another member had told a friend that the examiner's office was not called upon because the committee did not desire a whitewash but a genuine investigation.

For some reason the accounts of the capitol commission have never been audited since its organization, except for the superficial auditing required by law of the state auditor, and this, too, despite the fact that the commission has spent several millions of dollars.

KILLED BY SENATE

The Wilson Memorial on Reciprocity Is Laid Away After Inter-esting Debate.

Senators Felt That They Were Acting in Interests of Wheat Growers.

Senator George P. Wilson's reciprocity memorial was killed by the senate this morning. The vote was decisive, standing 24 yeas to 35 nays. The senators discussed the questions of reciprocity, free trade and protection for nearly two hours, and then laid the memorial away. The vote stood as follows:

AYES: Filpatrick, Gertsen, Hardy, Jepson, Campbell, McGill, McGowan, McNamee, Cowan, Schaller, Wilson, Westerman—24.

NAYS: Peaslee, Peterson, Putnam, Schell, Schmitt, Smith, E. E., Smith, A., Somerville, Stephens, Swanson, Swedberg, Swenson, Torsen, Ward, Wood—35.

ABSENT OR NOT VOTING.
Batz, Larson, Stone, Thorsen—4.
Soon after the senate convened, Senator Wilson called up his resolution, which was as follows:

Whereas, the rapid development of western Canada is resulting in a steady increase of the material intercourse between that country and this, and
Whereas, free trade relations would result to the mutual advantage of both countries; and
Whereas, the tariff provisions of the state of Minnesota are respectively requested and requested to be amended so as to accomplish such purpose they are requested to amend the tariff provisions of the state of Minnesota, or such other means as may be equally effective.

Interest of Wheat-Growers.
Senator A. E. Cole offered an amendment limiting the reciprocity provisions to logs, lumber and agricultural implements. He argued that the farmers of America were entitled to tariff protection. "What he declared, was higher in the United States than in Canada."

"Is there not a danger that the mills of wheat from Canada and let our lower wheat find its own market?" asked Senator O. G. Dale of Madison. "This is not altogether a question of the general market, but we have to consider here the local market."

Senator E. W. Durant called attention to the heavy emigration from the United States to Manitoba and the possibility of the supremacy of Canada as a wheat country. "Tariff reduction, he thought, would work an injury to northwestern, and especially to the people of Minnesota."

Senator Riche declared that the admission of Canadian wheat would reduce the price of the American wheat and that the farmers of Minnesota, with their 40 land, could not stand the competition of 47 Canadian land. He was willing to give the mills of Minneapolis every possible benefit, but not to the injury of the people of the United States.

Senator Schaller thought the resolution harmless, as the deletion in congress could be depended on to act for themselves, and the wording of the resolution was most general.

Senator Stephens declared that the farmers near the border did not want free wheat, for there was a 4 cents difference in the price across the border. The tariff had built up a home market for our farmers and it should not be taken away from them by building up a competitor.

Senator Wilson's Argument.
General Wilson then took the floor to reply to the many attacks on his resolution. "I would not do anything, being a republican and a protectionist, to injure any specific interests, for instance the agricultural interests mentioned in this debate. All economists agree that the amount of surplus fixes the price of wheat and not the amount consumed. The price of wheat is determined in Liverpool, not in America."

The speaker expressed the conviction that the United States wheat and that eventually be united. It was sure to come. He also reminded the assembly that the great mills of Minneapolis must have had wheat of a certain high standard of their flour. If the wheat did not come to them, the mills must go to the wheat.

Senator Wilson replied to the criticism that his resolution was too general by stating that he had a purpose in view in making it so. He did not wish to instruct congress, but simply to give an expression of the general sentiment. The details would be matter for the joint high commission to consider. He reiterated the statement that he was a republican and protectionist, but not to the extent of fostering such trusts as the steel trust.

Senator Summerville complained because the resolution did not mean anything. If it was more specific he would probably vote for it. Senator Preston was pleased because Senator Wilson had let the cat out of the bag and had admitted that it was the flour mills of Minneapolis that he was interested in.

FOR ONE DAY.

A Genuine Clean Up.

John Thomas Co.

COST has no bearing in this sale. But one day remains of our business year, and before Saturday night we desire to reduce our stock to the lowest point possible. Every coat in our house at half price or less. Here is an opportunity for every one in need. Don't pass it by:

Jackets.
About 30 ladies', small sizes—black and navy, heavy weights, short styles, good linings, last season's styles, at..... \$1.50 EACH.

Blouse and Short Jackets.
Odd lot this season's styles—about 25 left, to close..... \$5.00 EACH.

Ladies' 3/4 Coats.
About 25 left, former prices \$25 to \$37.50, at..... \$10.00 EACH.

Ladies' Loose Back Jackets.
Monte Carlo and Blouse cuts, all this year's styles, about 50 left, to close..... 50% OFF.

Misses' and Children's Coats.
Our entire line, all this year's garments, at..... 50% OFF.

Knit Underwear
For One Day Only—We continue the reduced price on our entire line of ladies' and children's Winter Weight Underwear—a good investment at this time, even if garments are not needed until next season..... 25% OFF.

Suits, Tailor Made.
About 25 left, good styles, at..... 50% OFF.

Long Skirts.
Only 30—this year's garments..... 50% OFF.

Heavy Cotton Waists.
10 dozen odd sizes, to close..... 50% OFF.

Silk Waists.
About 50, in black and colors, at..... \$3.75 EACH.

Fur Goods
The balance of our stock, consisting of Alaska Seal, Neaseal, Astrakhan and Persian coats; also Muffs and Neckscarfs, at..... Deep Cuts.

HYPNOTISM OF NO VALUE SOME HARD FIGHTING
German Medical Experts Say It Is Being Less and Less Used.

Berlin, Jan. 30.—The commission of experts in mental diseases appointed by the ministry of education to investigate the healing value of hypnotism reports that it is essentially worthless. The commission, which is composed of Professor Mendel and Doctors Gockel, Zander and Aschenborn, was appointed in the faith healing excitement here a year ago.

The report declares hypnotism cannot produce organic changes nor cure epilepsy nor hysteria, but can be used helpfully in some instances by removing symptoms through suggestion. No good physician would leave out of account the influence of suggestion upon patients, but hypnotic suggestion may intensify disease when laymen apply it who do not know when to use it and when not to do so.

The influence of hypnotic suggestion diminishes in proportion to popular knowledge of it. It is most powerful when regarded by a subject as marvelous and supernatural.

The commission also notes that hypnotism is less used than formerly.

SAW FARIBAULT SCHOOLS
A Joint Committee Investigates Scope of State Institutions.

Members of the Fairbault junketing party returned last evening, after a most interesting day spent in inspection of the schools for the deaf and blind, in charge of Senator Buck. The party included Senators Ward, Barker, Cowan, Dale, Thorsen and Witherspoon of the committee on education, and Representatives Clague, W. A. Nolan, Wilson, Fosness and Putnam of the subcommittee of the house committee on general legislation appointed to look up the Morley bill. The members of the local board impressed strongly on the visitors that the two institutions were educational rather than charitable, and that they should be under separate management.

Expenses on Permanent Basis.
The house pay roll for the first ten days was \$6,892, and for the second ten days \$8,315. The second ten days was on the permanent basis, and at that rate the house pay roll for the session of 107 days will be \$87,241. In comparison with previous sessions this will be a very heavy expenditure. The entire pay roll for the year of 1899 was \$86,445. The 1901 session was short, and does not furnish a fair comparison.

To Cure Cold in One Day.
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refer to it if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

FAVORS SANATORIUM BILL

Senate Finance Committee Approves Bill of A. F. Ferris.

The senate committee on finance discussed the project of a state sanatorium for consumptives at some length and finally decided to recommend the passage of Senator A. F. Ferris' bill to appropriate \$150,000 for such an institution. "The committee also approved Senator Wilson's bill increasing the salary of the attorney general from \$5,000 to \$4,800."

Northwest Pensions
Minnesota—George W. McQuillan, Walden, \$8; Henry H. Thomas, Akeley, \$6.
Iowa—Alfonzo Z. Rawson, Kalona, \$8; Abraham Hensworth, Davenport, \$8; Henry Hessler, Muscatine, \$8; Susan C. Everett, Red Oak, \$12; Magdalena Duttkofer, Dubuque, \$8; Ann J. Lear, McGregor, \$12.
Wisconsin—William H. Lewton, Menomonie, \$10; Charles J. Fern, Range, \$6; John Rodenhush, Merrill, \$12; Joseph P. Phillips, Waukesha, \$8; Alexander Hungerford, Oconomowoc, \$10; J. Woodford, Pittsville, \$12; Rosina Schenk, Watertown, \$8; Catherine Kook, West Bend, \$8; South Dakota—James H. Crosby, Hitchcock, \$12.

MANCHAM'S CASE CONSIDERED
F. H. Stauff Lays the Charges Before the Senate Committee.

The special senate committee met this afternoon to investigate the charges made against Governor Van Schaick's appointee for surveyor general for the second district. The committee, in executive session, heard the case presented by F. H. Stauff of Lake City, who has a bulky bundle of papers relating to the failure of the Farmers and Merchants' State bank and the persons assigned to the land deal in also affidavits relating to the land deal in which Mr. Stauff claims that Wright and Matcham defrauded him.

Mr. Stauff said he had prepared no affidavits, but would present documentary evidence to show that the transactions were not as regular as they appeared. Mr. Stauff insisted that the committee set another meeting, when he would produce witnesses whose names were supplied by E. E. Smith, the chairman, declined to say whether this demand had been granted or not.

SCHOOL BONDS O. K.'D
The Hennepin Delegation Approves the Issue of \$200,000.

The Hennepin delegation this afternoon voted to report for passage the bill authorizing the issue of \$200,000 permanent improvement bonds and \$25,000 permanent improvement revolving fund bonds. The vote on both propositions was unanimous.

German Medical Experts Say It Is Being Less and Less Used.
The district had been disorderly and it is believed that the surrender of these men will lead to its pacification.

The bodies of the three American volunteers, including Mr. Osborne, a teacher, who were killed at Bolinao, province of Zamboanga, in a recent fight with ladrones, have been recovered. Malanga, a noted bandit, who was among the enemy's dead, directed this fight. The Americans charged and killed him before they were surrounded and killed.

PHILIPPINES—Many Ladrones Surrender.
Manila, Jan. 30.—Eight ladrones and one constable were killed in an encounter at Ormoc, West Leyte province, on Thursday. The fight was a hard one but the constabulary ultimately won by a daring charge. One hundred and fifty ladrones surrendered at Ormoc the following day.

A HENDRICKS LIBRARY.
Madison, Ind., Jan. 30.—President Fisher of Hanover college has received from Mrs. Ella Hendricks, widow of ex-Vice President Thomas A. Hendricks, a gift of \$25,000 for the erection of a library in memory of her husband.

Final Reductions

The balance of our Winter Footwear has been greatly reduced in price. We do not want to carry any of it over into next season.

Broken lines of Men's Felt Shoes, 98c values to \$2.00.
All Men's \$1.25 and \$1.35 heavy or light lined shoes..... 75c
Misses' \$1.12 warm lined Dongola Lace..... 98c
All Ladies' \$1.25 Juliette, any color..... 69c
All Ladies' 40c warm House Slippers..... 25c
Ladies' 20c warm lined House Slippers..... 19c
Misses' and Child's Jersey Storm 29c
Overshoes..... 29c
Misses' and Child's Jersey Buckle Arctic..... 39c
Women's \$1.19 all felt Lace..... 75c

Misses' and Child's Oriental Slippers..... 10c
Young Ladies' Spring Heel Buckle Arctic..... 49c
All our Misses' and Child's high-cut Box Calf and Vel Kid Lace..... 98c
All Men's \$2.50 and \$2.75 high-cut Winter shoes..... \$1.45
Ladies' \$2.50 and \$2.75 high-cut Winter shoes..... \$1.75
All our Misses' and Child's high-cut shapes, black lace, modern 98c
Ladies' \$2.50 North Star make Button Shoes, broken sizes..... 98c
All our Boys' and Youth's \$1.98 high-cut Box Calf, for Saturday..... \$1.25

Children's w a r m shoes, lace and button, sizes 5 to 8, now 49c

A few pairs left of the Men's broken lots Overshoes, choice 25c

Home Trade Shoe Store 219-223 Nicollet

We Want Your Record Trade.

We carry the largest stock of moulded cylinder records and disc records in the west.

PRICES OF MACHINES TO SUIT EVERY PURSE, \$5 \$10 \$15 \$20 \$30

Columbia Phonograph Manufacturers,

13 Fourth St. So.

Cash or Payments. Send for Catalogues.

It looks as if a man's back is the center of strength when he is straining to lift or carry a heavy weight. But the center of strength is not the back, but the stomach. There's no strength in the back of a giant if he's starving. All strength is made from food, and food can only be converted into strength when it is perfectly digested and assimilated. When the stomach is diseased, the nutrition of food is lost and physical weakness follows.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cures diseases of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition. It makes men strong and muscular, by enabling the perfect digestion and assimilation of the food eaten.

"I suffered from a very obstinate case of dyspepsia," writes E. E. Second, Esq., of 13 Eastern Av., Toronto, Ontario. "I tried a number of remedies without success. I was so far gone that I could not bear any solid food for weeks. I was thin, nervous and depressed. Could not get any sleep. My doctor recommended your 'Golden Medical Discovery.' I have taken four bottles and it has accomplished a permanent cure."

The medical adviser, in paper covers, is sent free on receipt of 21 one-cent stamps to pay expense of mailing only. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

LIGHTNING DID IT

Explosion of One of the Big Transformers at Niagara Power House.

Buffalo Trolley Lines Badly Crippled and Factories Without Light or Power.

Niagara Falls, N. Y., Jan. 30.—Fire which was started by the explosion of one of the big transformers in the powerhouse of the Niagara Falls Power and Light Co., last night, destroyed thousands of dollars worth of valuable machinery and doubtless will mean great loss to most of the big factories here, some of which, it is said, must remain idle for weeks.

The officers of the company were not prepared to give an estimate of the damage, but they admitted that the situation was serious and would badly cripple the many plants depending upon Niagara Falls power; not only in this city, but in Buffalo, Lockport and Tonawanda. The fire is said to have been caused by lightning, which prevailed throughout this section during the night.

As soon as possible the work of replacing the damaged cables was begun and temporary arrangements were made with the Niagara Falls Hydroelectric Power & Manufacturing company, whereby power was secured for operating the local and Buffalo trolley lines.

Twenty of the fifty-five factories at Lockport, N. Y., are shut down owing to the fire. The newspaper plants and smaller factories are shut down, but street car service is at a standstill except one line. The fire was caused by a bolt of lightning which struck a cable with defective insulation causing a short circuit which blew up a transformer in the powerhouse.

BUFFALO HARD HIT

Trolley Lines Badly Crippled—Factories Without Power.

Buffalo, Jan. 30. The trolley lines in this city, which get their power from Niagara Falls, are badly crippled early to-day, but by the use of the street car a number of lines were operated, although only a limited number of cars were run. A number of plants in this city were without light or power.

LEGATES AND TRUSTEES

Suit for an Accounting in the Estate of Martin Mower at Stillwater.

Special to the Journal.
Stillwater, Minn., Jan. 30.—The case of the legatees of Martin Mower against the trustees, brought to secure an accounting, was heard this evening by Judges Williamson, but not finished. The suit is brought for an amicable understanding and to close up the business. Two of the trustees are dead. Whether or not it is in a state league, next year. The majority of the old players will be back and a new pitcher will be secured. J. J. Kilty, prominent business man, may be the manager.

The Elks had a dancing party last night. About thirty couples attended. The funeral of Ichabod Stoddard was held this afternoon from the residence of George Burns, Rev. S. J. Kennedy officiating. The interment was at Fairview.

PREACHER OUTWITTED

In Another Preacher's Family.

"It is easy to sing the praises of Postum Food Coffee; in fact, I should be most ungrateful did I not," says Mrs. R. E. Wright, the wife of the minister of the First Congregational church of Boise, Idaho.

"Five years ago I was a nervous wreck and yet hard to convince that coffee was injurious. Postum was recommended by a friend and found to be delicious and strengthening. In a short time my nervousness left me and to-day I am well and hearty without a moment's sickness."

"My husband has been relieved of biliousness by its use and our eldest daughter, who was a delicate child, has wonderfully improved in health. She has gained in flesh and is stronger than ever before in her life, while I scarcely know I have any nerves. The whole family, children and all, prefer Postum to coffee. How sorry I feel when I hear any one say: 'I don't like Postum.' I know they have not properly prepared it and have frequently suggested another trial—four teaspoonsful of Postum to a pint of water, which must boil at least 15 minutes after boiling commenced, has cups warm and serve very hot with good cream—this is a cup fit for a king."

"I know many who have been benefited from its use; nervousness, dyspepsia, with countless other ills, vanish when Postum becomes the family breakfast drink and coffee is left out."

"At our table recently a clergyman was asked if he would not have his cup refilled. He replied, 'I never allow myself but one cup of coffee,' and when informed that he had been drinking Postum, he exclaimed, 'Indeed, I will have another cup, surprised and gratified that he had been outwitted. This was considered a good joke by the younger members of the family.'