'TEDDY' UND 'SPECKY'

President Said to Have Addressed Baron von Sternburg in Jocular Fashion.

And the German Press Becomes Almost Hysterical Over the Unfortunate Incident.

New York Sun Special Service.

Berlin, April 22.—Because President Roosevelt, who does not himself object to being called "Teddy," is reported to have so far forgotten himself as to greet the German ambassador, Baron Speck von Sterrburg, as "Specky," the Berliner Neuste Nachrichten prints a bitter comment upon the baron's "crawling attitude" at Washington and his "gross flattery of Americans." It also declares the president's familiarity to be most "painful" for Germans to contemplate.

The action of the United States government in ordering the American squadron to greet President Loubet after the rejection of the invitation to Kiel is still widely discussed. In the public mind and in the press the incident is taken as a direct slap at the kaiser. While there is a likelihood that members of official circles properly understand the true inwardness of the movement, yet they have not seen fit to correct the public impression.

The Berliner Neuste Nachrichten's leader declares Germany and the emperor are being made the laughing stock of the whole world, and says the refusal to send an American squadron to Kiel is another evidence that the German empire has lost the respect it formerly enjoyed among nations. It pictures the indignation resulting from American partiality and declares all German people are offended. "Notwithstanding the efforts of the official journals to show there is no ill feeling and that all is moving correctly," says this organ, "such statements only inspire amusement. Even tho we may wish to maintain a calm attitude, the American squadron question must leave a bitter taste."

The Berlin Tageblatt indulges in a still more bitter tirade. It's corerspondent in New York reports that the Kearsarge, Alabama and Illinois will not be sent to European waters, because of their being unserviceable. The Tageblatt sarcastically comments as follows:

"This refers to the squadron which Emperor William invited to Kiel. If the ground on which the squadron was not sent over is correctly stated, this is another remarkable illustration of the boastfulness with which Americans recently compared their fleet with European navies. It was to have served as an occular demonstration of comparatively powerful American protected ships in action. This squadron was to have maneuvered in Portuguese waters and sailed back to America without taking coal."

Other leading journals, such as the Vossische Zeitung, National Zeitung and Wehr Zeitung, comment in a similar strain.

STILLWATER'S NEW COUNCIL

Two Important Ordinances Placed on Their First Reading.

Special to The Journal.

Stillwater, Minn., April 22.—The new council met last night and placed on first reading an ordinance granting a franchise to the Consolidated Telegraph and Telephone company for the extension of its line from the Atwood A to the Atwood B mill. The ordinance provides for a central office and a local exchange system can be established if the council sees fit.

The ordinance granting an extension for thirty years of the electric franchise of the Stillwater Gas and Electric Light company was read the first time. Final action was deferred until Friday evening.

The finances of the city were shown to be in good condition, the treasurer reporting a cash balance on hand on March 31 of $64,717.02. The receipts during the year were $112,620.10 and the disbursements $97,709.99.

The council by resolution declared that toll charges on the bridge will be demanded on and after May 1 unless $2,500 is raised by private subscription. The cost of repairs makes the action of the council necessary. It is believed the amount will be raised and the bridge kept free.

Musser, Sauntry & Co have finished the work of shipping logs from Hawthorne to Hudson. About 16,000,000 feet have been shipped.

THE ERIE VICTIMS

Four of Them Are Identified by Relatives.

Salamanca, N. Y., April 22.—Four bodies of the passengers who were killed in the wreck on the Erie railroad at Redhouse last Monday were identified to-day.

They were Mrs. Sarah A. Moore, aged 82 years; Mrs. Nellie N. Wilson, aged 48 years, and Dora Lynch, aged 11 years, all of Manning, W. Va.

The identification was made by Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Krusen of Shinglehouse, Pa., whither the three were bound. Mrs. Moore was the mother of Mrs. Wilson, and Mrs. Wilson was the mother of Mrs. Krusen. The Lynch girl was a niece of Mrs. Krusen. Relatives of Frank M. Barhite, a traveling salesman, who lived at Medina, Ohio, claimed the fourth body, identifying it by means of a pair of cuff buttons. Only one body remains to be identified.

To Cure Cold in One Day.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

El Kreider, Algeria—President Loubet yesterday participated in a veritable durbar of the tribesmen of the desert. The tribesmen gathered in thousands from all parts of southern Algeria for a ceremony of oriental splendor.

MEAL TIME DRINKS

Should Be Selected to Suit the Health as Well as the Taste.

When the coffee toper, ill from coffee drinking, finally leaves off coffee the battle is only half won. Most people require some hot drink at meal time and they also need the rebuilding agent to build up what coffee has destroyed. Postum is the rebuilder, the other half of the battle.

Some people stop coffee and drink hot water, but find this a thin, unpalatable diet, with no rebuilding properties. It is much easier to break away from coffee by serving strong, hot, well boiled Postum in its place. A prominent wholesale grocer of Faribault, Minn., says: "For a long time I was nervous and could not digest my food. I went to a doctor who prescribed a tonic and told me to leave off coffee and drink hot water.

"I did so for a time and got some relief, but did not get entirely well, so I lost patience and said: 'Oh, well, coffee isn't the cause of my troubles,' and went back to drinking it. I became worse than ever. Then Postum was prescribed. It was not made right at first and for two mornings I could hardly drink it.

"Then I had it boiled full fifteen minutes and used good cream and I had a most charming beverage.

"I fairly got fat on the food drink and my friends asked me what had happened I was so well. I was set right and cured when Postum was made right.

"I know other men here who use Postum, among others the cashier of the Security Bank and a well-known clergyman.

"My firm sells a lot of Postum and I am certainly at your service, for Postum cured me of stomach trouble." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

STATE CAPITOL.

HURRYING NEW LAWS

Legal Results of Legislative Session Will Be Issued This Week.

The Governor May Allow One Bill to Die by Withholding Signature.

Every bill passed by the legislature is in the printer's hands to-day and in type. The proof is being read, and it is expected that the la wsupplements will be furnished to the evening papers to-morrow.

This will break all records. There has been quick and accurate work everywhere. Unusual good work was done by the engrossing and enrolling clerks and the work of comparing was easy. The force in the governor's office got every bill compared and the engrossed copies to the printer before midnight last night. The enrolled copy was held for the governor to sig n.

The senate bills were signed this morning before the governor left for a regents' meeting at the university. The house bills will be signed this afternoon.

No bills of this session have been vetoed but one that passed may fail to become a law. Any bill passed in the last three days is dead unless signed by the governor, and it is reported that he may withhold his signature entirely from one of the senate bills, which still remains unsigned.

Expense Fund Used Up.

The legislative expense fund is run dry. The $170,000 appropriated, which was $10,000 more than any previous legislature spent, has been exhausted and probably $2,000 in vouchers will have to remain unpaid for two years. There are $570.40 in senate bills unpaid and it is not known how many house vouchers are outstanding. In addition some of the employes failed to draw their compensation until too late, and one enrolling employe is said to have $300 coming, for which he will have to wait two years.

CLERK'S FEE BILL SAFE

Among Other Things, It Doubles Cost of Marriage Licenses.

C. N. Dickey, clerk of courts, called at the governor's office this morning to learn whether the new fee bill had been signed. The governor had not affixed his signature to it, but will do so this afternoon. As soon as the bill is signed it becomes a law, and the clerk will charge $2 instead of $1 for marriage licenses.

The bill will also make changes in fees for filing papers. Instead of paying small fees at each stage of a case, the attorney will pay $1 when an action is filed. This will cover costs up to the time of trial. A further fee of $2 will pay trial costs, and $1 for entry of judgment. These changes will practically make it self-supporting.

The appeal costs are lessened by a general act applying to all counties. Hereafter, when copy is furnished, the clerk will get only 2 cents for a folio of 100 words, instead of 7½ cents. Where he has to make the copy, the charge is increased to 10 cents, but the change will mean some net loss to the office.

The new bill will be in effect to-morrow.

Putnam Bank Bill Dead.

The Putnam bank fee bill, indorsed by the State Bankers' association, failed to pass. It was held up in the banking committee of the senate and was not called up Monday, as intended. This bill provided for two examinations of state banks each year instead of one, and increased the fees to where they would pay the cost of the work. The bill's failure means that the bank examining force of the state will not be increased.

St. Peter Phone Earnings.

Public Examiner Johnson has reported to the state treasurer $3,166.95 in gross earnings of the St. Peter Telephone company, which were omitted from the return of 1900. The 3 per cent tax amounts to $96.01.

IT IS ALMOST DEAD

Death Blow to Be Given the Wisconsin Grain Inspection Bill To-night.

Another Will Be Presented in the House and the Fight Fought Over.

Special to The Journal.

Madison, Wis., April 22.—The last effort to save the Hudnall bill providing for a Wisconsin system of grain inspection at Superior failed to-day, when the senate refused by 17 to 16 to postpone action on the bill for a week. Senator Hudnall talked about an hour and wil resume this evening. It is conceded that the bill will then be killed, probably by a vote of 18 to 15.

A bill similar to this will, however, be introduced in the assembly and passed there, and aother effort made to get it thru the senate.

The railway ad balorem tax bill was advanced to third reading in the senate after amendments offered by McGillivray were killed. The bill requiring barbers to be licensed passed the senate by 28 to 5, without debate. A similar bill has been killed in the assembly.

The new mortgage taxation bill was introduced in the assembly by the taxation committee. It makes the mortgage an interest in the real estate and provides for separate assessment and taxation, the mortgage to be taxed in the district where the real estate is located.

CLAMOR FOR MORE PAY

Labor Strike on the Wolverine Affects 300 Men.

Special to The Journal.

Calumet, Mich., April 22.—One hundred men at the Wolverine mine struck for more pay and the mine closed down last night. The company granted the men a raise in wages, but they want more. Three hundred men are out of work.

BOY ACCIDENTALLY SHOT

Little Frankie Was Showing His Grandmother How He Stood.

Special to The Journal.

Fort Dodge, Iowa, April 22.—Frankie Reese accidentally shot himself thru the head with a 22-revolver last evening and fell at the feet of his aged grandmother, death following soon after. The boy was showing his grandmother how he stood while having his picture taken, when the pistol was accidentally discharged. The grandmother, who is over 80 years old, is almost crazed by the shock.

CARD OF THANKS

We beg to thank the many friends who so kindly assisted during the illness and death of our husband and father, and for the many beautiful floral offerings.

—Mrs. J. H. Johnson and Children.

HELD OVER A STOVE

Graves Had a Notion to Spoil His Wife's Face, He Said, by Roasting It.

Some Sensational Allegations in a Divorce Case Against a Rich Iowa Farmer.

Special to The Journal.

Mason City, Iowa, April 22.—A few months ago A. M. Graves created a sensation by disappearing without leaving any information of his whereabouts. He is a wealthy farmer and after a month's absence returned home saying he had been in Cuba. His wife, Sara Graves, has filed a petition for divorce and alimony for $20,000, alleging adultery and inhuma treatment.

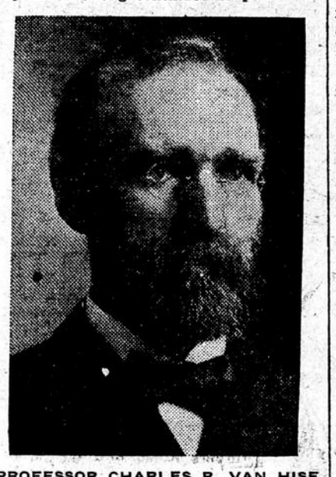
In her petition the plaintiff tells a racy story of how her lord locked her in a room i na hotel in Cripple Creek, while on their way last year to California, and sought the embraces of another woman. She called the clerk and had him release her from and found her husband in the apartments of the other woman.

She also alleges that a short time ago he seized her and held her head over a red hot stove, saying he had a notion to spoil her face by roasting it against the heated lids. She further recites that he would receive letters from other women and taunt her by reading them aloud, and would lock the doors of the house at night and imprison her in the darkness while he went down town. Mrs. Graves is his second wife, a former wife, living at Marshalltown, having received a divorce and alimony for similar treatment.

PRESIDENT FOR WIS. "U"

Charles R. Van Hise, the Noted Geologist, Succeeds the Late Dr. Adams.

Madison, Wis., April 22.—The presidency of the University of Wisconsin was formally tendered to Professor Charles R. Van Hise by the board of regents yesterday and the long-continued suspense was



PROFESSOR CHARLES R. VAN HISE.

ended. He will assume his duties next October and will receive a salary of $6,500 a year. In addition to the salary the state provides him a handsome residence.

Charles R. Van Hise has held the chair of professor of geology at the University of Wisconsin for some time, and stands in the foremost ranks of American geologists. He was born at Fulton, Wis., May 20, 1857. He graduated from the Wisconsin university in 1879 and received the degree of docto of philosophy in 1892. Immediately upon his graduation he entered the faculty of the Wisconsin university and in 1892 was made professor of geology. In the latter year also he was elected non-resident professor of structural geology in the University of Chicago, a position which he still holds.

From 1881 to 1882 he was assistant on the Wisconsin geological survey, and has been consulting geologist of the Wisconsin geological and natural history survey since 1897. From 1883 to the present time he has been one of the staff of the United States geological survey, and since 1888 has had charge of the Lake Superior division. Since 1892 he has also supervised the work of the crystalline rocks of the New England and Appalachian regions. He has been one of the editors of the Journal of Geology since its foundation in 1893, and has published numerous scientific papers in various journals.

MARSHALLTOWN'S THEATER

The $35,000 Building Given by Carnegie Is Dedicated.

Special to The Journal.

Marshalltown, Iowa, April 22.—The Carnegie public library was dedicated this afternoon in a program at the Odson theater. Librarians Curren of St. Louis and Johnson Brigham of Des Moines were the principal speakers. There will be a reception at the new building this evening. The structure cost $35,000.

NO HOPE FOR WOODSON

Army Brigadier Is Dying of a Paralytic Stroke.

Great Falls, Mont., April 22.—A late report from the bedside of Brigadier General A. E. Woodson is to the effect that the patient is rapidly sinking and cannot survive many hours. His entire left side is paralyzed.

DISTRICT FEDERATION

Excellent Program Is Being Carried Out at Winona.

Special to The Journal.

Winona, Minn., April 22.—The first district auxiliary federation of Minnesota Women's clubs met here to-day and is carrying out an excellent program. Business matters were considered the morning and it was decided to continue in office for another year Mrs. F. W. Little of Winona as asistant chairman and Mrs. C. B. Allen of Owatonna as secretary.

NORTHWESTERN POSTMASTERS.

Washington, April 22.—Postmasters appointed to-day: Minnesota—Carlson, Swift county, Adolph Rudningen; Ghent, Lyon count, Matilda Blodgett; Prinsberg, Kandiyohi county, Henry Stobb; Raymond, Kandiyohi county, Stephen E. Fay. North Dakota—Stroud, Wallace county, Cornelius Jaynes.

A NEGATIVE MAN IS NAUGHT.

Success.

A vacillating, undecided, negative man can never amount to anything, no matter what his environment or advantages may be. It would be impossible. He constantly subordinates his opinions and even his plans to what others say and think. There is no certainty as to his action, because he is always subject to outside influences. He never relies upon himself or the inward authority that speaks to him. He is the echo of the last man who pleaded his case before him. He is remagnetized every time he comes in contact with a new personality. Blown hither and thither by advice and opinions as opposite as the poles, like a leaf whirled by the autumn wind, no one, not even himself, knows where he will alight.

The man who lives to any purpose or accomplishes anything of good in the world has an abiding faith in himself, in his forcefulness and originality, in his efficiency in the management of his own affairs, and in his power to accomplish whatever he puts himself to do.

HER METHOD.

Chicago Post.

"But suppose," said the eastern girl, "suppose when you're out alone in the evening without a chaperon some man should accost you?"

"I'd swat him one," replied the western girl, calmly, "and that's more than the chaperon could do."

CHOPPED HER HEAD

Bohemian Farmer of Wisconsin Murders His Wife and Burns His Buildings.

He Cannot Be Found and Is Supposed to Have Perished in the Fire.

Special to The Journal.

Cumberland, Wis., April 22.—John Neymeiser, a Bohemian farmer residing three miles south of here, shot and instantly killed his wife last night. He chopped up her head with an ax and then set fire to his large barn, burning the structure and all his stock.

No trace of Neymeister can be found, and it is supposed he committed suicide by throwing himself into the burning barn.

The Meymeisers have had much domestic trouble of late and two months ago the husband left for unknown parts. He returned unexpectedly last night, broke into his house, shot Mrs. Meymeiser in bed and, fearing that he had not ended her life, chopped her head into mince meat.

At the inquest to-day Naymeiser was charged with the murder and a warrant issued for his arrest if he can be found alive. A large family of small children are left in destitute circumstances.

Shot Himself When Surrounded.

Later—Neymeister was surrounded by a posse in the wods near Clayton this morning, and after holding his pursuers at bay over an hour, shot and killed himself. He was formerly an inmate of the insane asylum and had also served time in the county jail on charges preferred by his wife.

FRANK BOND'S NEW JOB

The Interesting Work Done by a Graduate of the University of Iowa.

From The Journal Bureau, Room 45, Post Building, Washington.

Washington, April 22.—Frank Bond, the new chief of the draughting division of the general land office, is one of the best draughtsmen, ornithologists and irrigation experts in the country, and his contributions to these subjects are standard authorities. He succeeds Professor Harry King, and was selected after very careful inquiry because he was thought to be the best fitted man in the United States for the post. Mr. Bond is a graduate of the University of Iowa, where he obtained the degree of bachelor of science in 1880, and that of master of arts in 1885. He was an assistant draftsman in the office of the surveyor general for Wyoming from 1882 to 1884. Then he was advanced to chief draftsman, serving thus for two years, was chief clerk of that office from July, 1886, to Nov. 30, 1893. He was an associate member of the American Ornithologists' Union from 1887 to 1902, when he was selected to full membership as a special recognition of noteworthy work in ornithology.

He is now, and has been for three years past, a member of the national executive committee of Audubon Societies, and is a member of the American Ornithologists' Union committee on bird protection. He is also president of the Wyoming Audubon Society.

He came to Washington in the winter of 1900, serving from Dec. 1 of that year until July 1, 1902, as an agent, and expert in irrigation investigations of the department of agriculture. A year or so ago he took the civil service examination for the office of irrigation assistant, received a trial appointment in the following July and received his regular appointment to that position last January. He has since been doing considerable important field work, chiefly confined to the study of irrigation problems arising in the rice industry of Louisiana and Texas. Large editions of the results of his investigations have been published by the government and distributed broadcast thruout the country. Most of the illustrations used in his work are his own.

Mr. Bond has published considerable mater on natural history subjects, chiefly relating to birds, with original illustrations. He has illustrated in full with line, wash and water color drawings, his own official reports. He illustrated in full a notable bulletin of the Wyoming University on birds. This work comprised 100 wash and line drawings. He has also furnished many original illustrations for the private publications of others.

ITALIAN PADRONE SYSTEM

An Italian Bootblack's Account of Its Workings in This Country.

New York Independent.

Rocco Carresca, is a flourishing bootblack in New York city. He first came under the influence of the padrone system when he and a companion took ship at Naples to work their passage to America in the stokehole. He says: "We were glad to get over without giving any money, but I have heard since that we should have been paid for our work among the coal, and that the young man who had sent us got the money for it. We were all landed on an island and the bosses there said that Francisco and I must go back because we had not enough money, but a man named Bartolo came up and told them that we were brothers and he was our uncle and would take care of us. He brought two other men who swore that they knew us in Italy and that Bartolo was our uncle. I had never seen any of them before, but even then Bartolo might be my uncle, so did not say anything. The bosses of the island let us go with Bartolo after he had made the oath.

"We came to Brooklyn to a wooden house in Adams street that was full of Italians from Naples. Bartolo had a room on the third floor, and there were fifteen men in the room, all boarding with Bartolo. The next morning, early, Bartolo told us to go out and pick rags and get bottles. He gave us bags and hooks and showed us the ash barrels. On the streets where the fine houses are the people are very careless and put out good things, like mattresses and umbrellas, clothes, hats and boots. We brought all these to Bartolo and he made them new again and sold them on the sidewalk.

"Most of the men in our room worked at digging the sewer. Bartolo got them the work and they paid him about one-quarter of their wages. Then he charged them for board and he bought the clothes for them, too. So they got little money after all. The men that were living with him had just come to the country and could not speak English. They had all been sent by the young man we met in Italy. Bartolo told us all that we must work for him and that if we did not the police would come and put us in prison. He gave us very little money, and our clothes were some of those that were found on the street. Still we had enough to eat and we had meat quite often, which we never had in Italy.

"We were with Bartolo nearly a year, but some of our countrymen who had been in the place a long time said that Bartolo had no right to us, and we could get work for a dollar and a half a day, which, when you make it lire is very much. So we went away one day to Newark and got work on the street. Bartolo came after us and made a great noise, but the boss said that if he did not go away soon the police would have him. Then he went, saying that there was no justice in this country."

"PE-RU-NA SAVED MY LIFE,"

Writes Mrs. W. McRoberts.

"I Do All My Housework and Take Care of My Baby and I Feel So Good."

Women Made Strong and Happy Mothers.

Catarrh of the Pelvic Organs Is a Frequent Cause of Barrenness.

Pe-ru-na Eradicates Catarrh From the System.

To the woman of ancient Israel not to become a mother was regarded as the greatest of earthly calamities. To become a mother—more especially the mother of a strong, healthy boy—was the height of glory for the faithful woman of the good old Bible days. Even now, when maternity is not esteemed as of yore, the mother of healthy children is an object of admiration, and sometimes envy, by her neighbors. As compared with ancient peoples, the average American woman has a low appreciation of motherhood. There are, however, a great many exceptions to this statement.

The accompanying letters from grateful women who have been made strong, healthy and happy mothers need no added words of ours to make them convincing. Catarrh had weakened and impaired their entire systems. Peruna made them sound and well.

Mrs. L. M. Griffith, Arco, Idaho, writes: "You medicine did me a wonderful amount of good. It cured me of barrenness. I am 30 years old and never had any children; but since beginning your medicine I gave birth to a 10-pound baby girl. She is now 6 months old and weighs 25 pounds. My friends were all surprised. Some would not believe it until they came to see me.

"My husband says he never saw such a change in any one as there was in me after I had taken three or four bottles of Peruna. I am stronger than I have been since I was quite young. God bless you and your medicine forever. I cannot tell you all. My letter is too long already; but I will say Peruna cured me. I never saw or heard of anything half so good. I can never thank you enough for your kindness. In cases of la grippe it works like a charm. It cured my baby when other medicines failed. She was real bad with la grippe."—Mrs. L. M. Griffith.

Mrs. E. E. Thomas, Alpha, Mo., writes: "I have used your Peruna and Manalin. I had been doctoring for several years, but kept getting worse. One day a neighbor woman brought me your book, the "Ills of Life," and wanted me to take your medicine. I told her that I had given up all hope of ever getting well. I had tried so much medicine. My neighbors thought I was nearly dead with consumption.

"Finally I concluded that I would make a last trial. My husband got me a bottle of Peruna and Manalin. I commenced taking them according to directions. That was two years ago. A year ago last November I gave birth to a 10-pound baby boy, who is well and hearty; and I am doing my own housework. I can never give Peruna too great praise. I think it is the best medicine I ever heard of."—Mrs. E. E. Thomas.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

A YOUNG MOTHER'S LETTER.

Mrs. W. McRoberts writes to Dr. Hartman from Delano, Miss., the following:

Delano, Miss.

Doctor S. B. Hartman, Columbus, Ohio:

Dear Sir:—"I feel perfectly well of catarrh. I did as you directed me to and took Peruna and Manalin. The third of March I gave birth to a 10-pound baby girl and we are both well and happy. I am very thankful to you, and Peruna saved my life. I recommend it to everyone and can't praise it enough.

"I send you my own and my baby's picture. She is so sweet and good,—she is a Peruna baby. I have such good health now. I do all my housework and take care of my baby, and feel so good.

"There are three or four of my neighbors using Peruna now, since it did me so much good. They were just run down, and they think it is fine. It is so good to give strength.—Mrs. W. McRoberts.

HE WAS MURDERED

Skeleton of Roberts, Who Disappeared Thirty-three Years Ago, Plowed Up.

He and a Girl Thought to Have Been Made Away With by a Somesteader.

Special to The Journal.

Sioux City, Iowa, April 22.—A thirty-three old murder mystery was cleared up to-day when the skeleton of Sol Roberts, who disapepared in March, 1870, was plowed up near this city. The body had been buried under a fence, which was moved last year, and was but a foot under ground. The dimensions of the skeleton coincided exactly with the description of Roberts.

The community has always believed that Roberts and a German girl were murdered by a homesteader named Anderson. The girl came from Germany with a large sum and disapepared two days before Roberts did. A trunk of her clothes was afterwards found in the house, two days after Roberts disappeared.

Anderson sold al his property andl left, never having been seen since. Roberts was employed by Anderson and it has been thought he was killed because he knew of the girl's murder. The body was found near Anderson's old place.

This is the first definite confirmation of the circumstantial evidence against Anderson.

'Dar's no good in kickin' 'case every rose hab its thorn," said Uncle Eben. "Ef dar was only jes' thorns wifout no roses, it 'ud be sumpin' sho' 'nough to complain about."

HE IS A HUMAN DEVIL

St. Louis Monster Burns and Beats Little Children Whom He Adopted.

St. Louis, April 22.—The Humane society has taken two children, George and Florence Migge, aged 8 and 7 years, from the home of John Earl on Washington avenue, and Earl is in jail charged with mistreating them. The boy's back is lacerated to his hips, both eyes are blacked and four of his teeth are missing. The little girl is even in worse condition. On the instep of her right foot is a wound, caused, it is said, by the application of a glowing poker. Portions of her stocking had been burned into the flesh. Four fresh scars are on her left limb and there is a deep scalp wound in the top of her head.

The Humane society charges that Earl inflicted these injuries as a punishment because the children refused to perform acrobatic feats which he had endeavored to teach them. The wound on the little girl's head was caused by her falling from a trapeze. Earl and his wife travel as performers with patent medicine shows. Recently they took the children from an orphan school for adoption, and when one of the officers of the institution called to see how the children were getting along, discovered their pitiful condition.

GRAND JURY DISCHARGED

Four Indictments Reported at the Federal Term at Mankato.

Special to The Journal.

Mankato, Minn., April 22.—The grand jury in the United States court brought in four indictments this forenoon and was discharged. John Wahlen of Albert Lea pleaded guilty to opening certain letters which he had found at Glenville and was fined $25 or thirty days in jail.

Adolph Krenger of St. Paul and Albert Sumner of Mapleton were fined $25 each for sending obscene matter thru the mails.

Frank J. Cole of Fairmont pleaded guilty to forging the name of Frank Cole to a postal order not intended for him and was fined $100.

Walter Hook was indicted on the charge of removing uncancelled stamps from beer barrels and pleaded not guilty. His trial was continued until the November term and he was released on $100 bond. He is a bartender at Belle Plaine. He had been subpoenaed as a witness against another man and was arrested this morning.

No indictment was found against W. D. Gorman, charged with having in his possession confederate bills.

Men's Shoes

A choice lot of Men's $2.50 Shoes, in Box Calf, Vici Kid and French Horsehide; up to date styles and regular sizes; are just now being offered at choice, per pair $1.79

Men's $3.50 and $4 dark tan shoes, several styles; choice, per pair $1.98

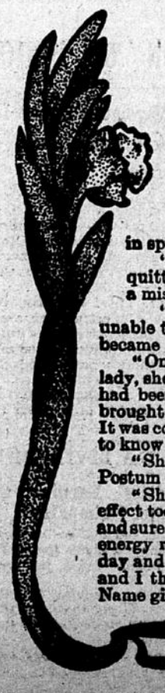
Men's $2 genuine Woelfel's Seal Grain lace Work Shoes, all sizes; choice $1.48

New spring styles of Men's $3 Shoes are nearly ready for inspection.

Home Trade Shoe Store
219-221 Nicollet

POSTUM COFFEE

COW SENSE



People Get Willful

A cow or horse or even a dog will refuse to eat or drink what the animal knows to be harmful, but mankind will persist in pouring in coffee even after having been fully assured that it is steadily killing him. Once in a while they wake up and do the sensible thing.

A lady says: "Why will people wait as long as I did, when it is so easy to save oneself the suffering caused by coffee drinking? After using coffee several years I discovered that I was breaking down nervously. I consulted several doctors, but in spite of everything steadily grew worse.

"One physician advised me to quit coffee, and I tried quitting by the use of will power, but every time it was a miserable failure.

"My stomach was in dreadful shape, and I was unable to sleep at night, nervous prostration set in and I became barely able to drag about.

"One day while visiting a minister's wife, a motherly old lady, she proposed to give me a cup of coffee, the kind she had been using three times a day for three years. So she brought out a cup of the most fragrant, delicious beverage. It was coffee and it was not coffee. I tried it and was eager to know how it was made.

"She said: 'Five years ago I was affected much as you are, but I quit drinking coffee and began using Postum Food Coffee, and that produced the result you see and restored me to health.'

"She said a lot more, and when I went home I got a box of Postum and began using it. Such a soothing effect took place and I began sleeping nights and felt a relief from my awful nervous tension. Gradually and surely I got well, and now I feel as strong and healthy as a woman should at my age, with all my oldtime energy restored. I earnestly entreat all coffee drinkers to change to Postum. What is the use of suffering day and night because of some paltry coffee, when one has but to leave it off and use Postum to be well, and I think any one will agree with me that health is worth everything else—money, property or fame." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.