

COULD GROVER BE NOMINATED

Washington Politicians Are Amazed at What They Regard as His Open Candidacy. Point Out That the 'No Third Term' Idea Would Operate Against Him. Say His Nomination Would Mean a Bolt and Roosevelt's Election by Big Majority.

From The Journal Bureau, Room 45, Post Building, Washington.

Washington, May 6.—Grover Cleveland's recent trip into the middle west is taken there to mean that he has finally consented to permit the use of his name in connection with the democratic presidential nomination next year. His reception in St. Louis, although bearing many indications of having been carefully prepared, was hearty and sincere on the surface. His friends are proud of it, and are taking it to mean that in the stronghold of Bryanism he has many loyal supporters. His appearance for an address at the banquet given the Washington correspondents in St. Louis last Friday night, is regarded as another indication of his willingness that his name be used by the president-makers in their preliminary talks. The Friday night address was prepared in a presidential cast in happy mood. There was a fine opportunity to set the question of his candidacy next year at rest, but not once, directly or indirectly, did he mention it. When he returned to St. Louis he met by appointment the leading gold democrats of the middle west, some of whom came hundreds of miles from other parts of the country to meet him, to these men he said enough to indicate that he would accept another nomination if it were to come to him, and it will be surprising if he does not make soon to start a Cleveland boom in the Bryan country.

So far as the democracy of the east is concerned, the middle west is the strongest and where the gold democrats in 1896 made their greatest showing it appears very willing to accept Cleveland as the presidential nominee. New York World and the Brooklyn Eagle, influential journals in the east, are still working overtime getting his boom started. Cleveland himself has been interviewed for publication in the World, both of which gave him an opportunity equal to that of last Friday night to go on record as not wanting another nomination, but he said nothing. Meanwhile, these two newspapers, which have his confidence in an unusual degree, do not publish anything which would displease him, and are asking for a nomination. And Mr. Cleveland made a long journey to St. Louis for the express purpose of talking over the situation with the gold democrats of the middle west.

Notwithstanding Grant was refused a third term, in compliance with the unwritten law of the republic mentioned, many reasons for this are mentioned, but believing that this Cleveland talk is meant to be serious, his friends are saying that the Cleveland nomination is not a continuous, Harrison coming between his first and second terms, and that there will be a gap of two years between the beginning of the term of Mr. Roosevelt's successor, will operate to suspend this unwritten law. But even if this were true, and it probably is not, it is public opinion, and not the law, that is to be relied upon, what guarantee is there that the democratic party can be prevailed upon to have his salvation undertaken in that way? Apparent to many is that a single democratic state calling for Mr. Cleveland's reappearance in politics. This would be equally true if he had served one term instead of two, and it is not likely that the democratic party will overcome. He saved the country from a debased currency, but that very fact makes him an impossibility for the close of his second term, and he is not likely to adhere to Bryan and the Kansas City platform. If nominated at all, it will be by a minority of the party, and the Bryan protest would probably be a bolt and a third ticket, or open support of Roosevelt.

Looking at it from every practical point of view, it seems absurd to talk about Cleveland for the close of his second term would insure the election of Roosevelt by a record-breaking majority, and so divide the democracy as to postpone or many years the coming of a man when it can be made to make a successful presidential campaign. The strange part of it all, to those in Washington who are following the interest of a Cleveland nomination, is that he would not permit his own blindness to the real situation; for he is blind, or he would not permit his New York newspaper friends to exploit him as they are now doing.

W. W. J. Wermans.

BOSTON HERALD IN LINE

Was for Olney, but is for Cleveland Now.

From The Journal Bureau, Room 45, Post Building, Washington.

Washington, May 6.—The Boston Herald, which for months has been booming Olney for the democratic presidential nomination next year, has come out strongly for Cleveland. Here is a characteristic paragraph from the Herald: "The proposition of Grover Cleveland as candidate for the presidency after he has been three times a nominee for that office, is not a matter of mere curiosity or retirement, it is something so extraordinary as to call for explanation. If there be any serious and widespread desire that he shall take the office again, and we think there is, it is a tribute to the man in recognition of his ability and fidelity in the position such as could have possibly been accorded to few of his predecessors in the presidency. "The democrats have been chastened and sobered by the result of their wild chase after possession of power in the country under the leadership of a man at together his antipode, and thru advocacy of measures directly the reverse of those he has counseled. The republicans have been brought to see that Cleveland was patriot and statesman as well as democrat and partisan, and that in the latter capacity he never followed ignominious fate to his country as being paramount to that to his party."

NEW NORTHWESTERN BANKS.

Washington, May 6.—Authority has been granted for the organization of the First National bank of Madison, Minn., with a capital of \$25,000. P. G. Jacobson, J. R. Swan, H. L. Hayden, J. F. Jacobson and Amund Hognra are named as incorporators. The First National bank of Willow City, N. D., has been authorized to commence business. Its capital is \$25,000. F. M. Rice is president, and Henry Gustaf is cashier. Archie F. Slater has been appointed regular carrier, and Charles D. Slater substitute on the rural route at Princeton, Minn.

SYMPTOMS OF INSANITY.

Smith—Too bad about poor Jones becoming insane. Gray—Acute mania, isn't it? Smith—Oh, certainly. Why, he imagined the meter in the house was slow and he insisted on the company examining it, as he was afraid he was using more gas than he was paying for!

TURKISH POLICE ARE VERY ACTIVE

Seize Papers Belonging to the Secretary of the Bulgarian Diplomatic Agency. As Nothing Incominatory Is Found the Documents Are Returned Subsequently.

Situation in the Balkans Continues Tense and Powers May Have to Intervene.

Constantinople, May 6.—The irritation in Turkish official circles against Bulgaria is constantly growing more acute and the Turkish press is continually publishing formal notices in rigorous language that the porte holds it responsible for the outrages arising from the freedom of action which the Macedonian agitators living in Bulgaria have been allowed. It is reported that the porte has decided to mobilize the whole of the second and third army corps stationed at Adrianople and Salonika respectively. The police of Constantinople have arrested about sixty Bulgarians and have made numerous domiciliary visits, including one to the residence of the secretary of the Bulgarian diplomatic agency, whose papers were seized. They were, however, subsequently restored, as nothing compromising was discovered therein. Alarming reports are in circulation regarding outrages which are said to be projected here for to-day. The military and police guards in this city and its suburbs have been considerably strengthened.

In the district of Priserend, Albania, twenty-two Albanian chiefs, leaders of the opposition to the reforms, have been arrested. The sultan's reform commission is still at Itheke, Albania, on which place Turkish troops are advancing with the view of forcing the hostile Albanians in that vicinity.

Riots Continue.

Vienna, May 6.—Advices received from Salonika say that notwithstanding the fact that hundreds of Bulgarians have been arrested, street fights are continuing in that place. Women and children, especially young girls, take a prominent part in these disturbances. It is asserted that bomb outrages have been planned in all the districts of Macedonia. Bombs have been discovered in houses at Uskub, European Turkey, where the Turkish police are greatly excited, fearing a massacre.

Austrian Fleet Remains.

London, May 6.—It is stated at Vienna that the powers have agreed to withdraw all warships from Salonika, excepting the Austrian vessels. It is rumored a Constantinople that the British, French, Italian and German ambassadors there have handed a joint note to the porte claiming compensation for the damages sustained by their respective subjects as a result of the explosion of bombs at Salonika.

A newspaper of Budapest asserts that the Klagenburg and Kronstadt branches of the Hungarian state railroad have been ordered to keep 600 cars in readiness for the transportation of troops. All these reports should be accepted with a grain of salt. Thruout of Threcek and Novitazar, European Turkey, are said still to be surrounded by Albanians. All communication with these places had been interrupted. Reports have been received from Vienna that the Bulgarian bands at Malosh, Kudibva, Nevroh and elsewhere have sustained reverses.

In a dispatch from Sofia, the correspondent of the "Times" says that Turkey has forwarded a note to Bulgaria calling attention to alleged importation of explosives from Bulgaria and the incursion of Bulgarian bands into Macedonia. The Bulgarian government has taken exception to the strong language of the note.

DR. BRACKEN IS THERE

He Reads an Interesting Paper Before the Medical Convention at New Orleans.

New Orleans, May 6.—Sectional meetings kept the delegates to the American Medical association busy to-day. There were seven meetings in the forenoon and a dozen in the afternoon. Dr. Adolph Lorenz was a conspicuous figure in the section of surgery and anatomy. Stories have been told that there is an interesting paper before the diseases of man, in the discussions but none has yet appeared. Dr. Lorenz says he is here simply a participant.

As a result of interesting papers read by Drs. H. N. Bracken of Minneapolis and Cressly L. Wilbur and W. A. King of the American medical resolutions have been passed by the Hygiene and Science section impressing physicians with the necessity of co-operating with the bureau in recording vital statistics and improving the method of determining causes of death.

At a meeting of the section of materia medica and therapeutics, over which Dr. Solomon Solis-Cohn presided, Dr. Robinson read a committee report declaring that there were too many medical colleges, and proposing an act of congress to limit the sale of poisonous and dangerous patent medicines.

Dr. John C. Cook of Chicago read an interesting paper before the diseases of children section on the development and care of children. The American medical editors have elected Dr. C. R. Dell, of Philadelphia, president; Dr. Charles Chasagnac of New Orleans and Dr. O. F. Ball of St. Louis, vice presidents, and J. McDonald, Jr., of New York, secretary-treasurer. Milwaukee will make a strong bid for the next convention of the American Medical association.

NO BACKING OUT NOW.

Chicago Tribune. It was a resolute voice that spoke thru the telephone. "Colonel Blingum," said the owner of the voice, "you know my proposed marriage to me last evening?" "Yes, Miss Quicket." "Well, I accept." "Central, are you listening?" "Yes," replied the girl at the telephone exchange. "That's all. Ring off."

ABOUT GHOSTS.

He—D'you know, if I were ever to see a ghost, you don't cherk know, I believe I should be a hopeless idiot for the rest of my life. She—(absently)—Have you ever seen a ghost?

WITH A HIGH HAND J. J. HILL IS BACK OF CLEVELAND

Strikers at Omaha Assault Non-Union Men and Challenge All Authority. Courts to Be Applied To and the Guardsmen Will Be Called if Necessary.

Special to The Journal.

Omaha, May 6.—For many hours yesterday the wholesale business of Omaha was in the hands of a mob of 3,000 strikers, who patrolled the streets and prevented nonunion workmen and strike breakers from performing their labors. Assaults were of common occurrence. The chief of police last night closed all saloons, and will keep them closed until the strike is over. This was done at the request of the strike leaders, who feared the strikers would get beyond control. The Nebraska national guard may be called out, and will be should the strike get beyond the control of the local authorities. General Culver, commander of the national guard, has been in Omaha looking over the situation. Members of the Omaha Business Men's association, composed of 3,000 leading business men, last night declared that an

LION'S MONROEISM

Other Powers Warned to Keep Their Hands Off Persian Gulf Territory. Secretary Lansdowne Says Failure to Do So Will Mean War With Great Britain.

London, May 6.—Foreign Secretary Lansdowne has proclaimed a British Monroe doctrine in the Persian gulf and has practically notified the competing powers that any attempt on their part to establish a naval base or fortified post in those waters means war with Great Britain.

"I say without hesitation," said the foreign secretary in the house of lords yesterday evening, "that we should regard the establishment of a naval base or a fortified post in the Persian gulf by any other power as a very grave menace to British interests and we should certainly resist it with all the means at our disposal." Lord Lansdowne preceded this explicit enunciation of British policy by a review of the situation there as it affected British interests, contending that so far as the navigation of the Persian gulf was concerned Great Britain held a position different from that of other powers, both because it was owing to British enterprise and expenditure of life and money that the gulf was now open to the commerce of the world and because the protection of the sea route to India necessitated British predominance in the gulf. The newspapers here comment on the analogy of the present proceeding which Captain Mahan so strongly recommended, to the United States' policy of Monroeism. The Westminster Gazette holds that the British motive, namely the protection of the sea route to India, corresponds exactly with the American motive in excluding European powers from American waters because their territory is thereby threatened.



CAN THEY STOP HIM?

The Small Boy of the East Insists on a Noisy Celebration.

VOTING TRUSTS

Scheme for Getting Around Northern Securities Decision Rumored in New York.

Special to The Journal. New York, May 6.—It is rumored in Wall street this afternoon that the Northern Securities matter has been settled by the formation of voting trusts in Northern Pacific and Great Northern stocks and that the holders of Northern Securities stock will receive voting trust certificates of the two for their Northern Securities at \$2.50.

MINNEAPOLIS IS TENTH

Insurance Companies Paid Over Two Millions to Local Policy Holders Last Year.

New York, May 6.—Interesting figures have been prepared here concerning the payments by companies and associations on life insurance policies during 1902. The total distribution to policy holders and their beneficiaries was \$20,159,382. This includes death claims, dividends, surrender values, annuities and so forth. In the statement showing the leading cities where the payments were made, New York holds the list with \$2,945,475; Philadelphia, \$5,926,908; Chicago, \$5,922,457; Brooklyn, \$5,805,277; Boston, \$5,024,782; St. Louis, \$3,737,466; Baltimore, \$3,660,600; Cincinnati, \$5,511,582; Pittsburgh, \$2,690,371; and Minneapolis, \$2,151,385.

It states the amounts were: New York, \$47,996,241; Pennsylvania, \$24,473,445; Massachusetts, \$16,693,627; Illinois, \$12,763,765; Ohio, \$12,257,960; New Jersey, \$11,025,153; and Missouri, \$7,122,282. The payments in the Philippines were \$20,053, and in Alaska \$32,983. The amount paid in Canada was \$14,716,049.

ELISE GETS SIXTY DAYS.

Chicago, May 6.—Elise Barrett, who was convicted last week of assault in the shooting of Beate Palmer, an actress, in her apartments in this city several months ago, has been sentenced to serve sixty days in the county jail.

DR. A. A. AMES' CASE NOW WITH THE JURY

County Attorney Boardman Presents Case for State and Frank M. Nye for Defense. Daring Evidence of the State Witnesses Is Summed Up and Driven Home Forcibly—The Insanity Plea Shown Up as a Sham and the Last Desperate Resort of a Guilty Man to Evade the Just Penalty of His Offense—The Courtroom Crowded.

The trial of Dr. Albert Alonso Ames is history.

There remains but the verdict of the jury to complete the story of what has been in many respects the most dramatic court spectacle ever held in Hennepin county. Mr. Boardman closed the state's case this morning by calling Frank M. Nye for the defense, is reviewing the evidence, and painting in brilliant colors the record of Dr. Ames and at the same time appealing to the jury's sympathy by dilating upon the man's mental and physical debility. Judge Elliott's charge will be given before court adjourns and the famous case will be in the hands of the twelve men sent to pass judgment upon the defendant.

Attracted by the prospect of oratorical fireworks, hundreds repaired to the courtroom this morning long before the opening of court. The services of three deputies were required to keep the crowd in order and as soon as the doors were opened there was a scramble for seats. Order once restored, however, the crowd which was by far the largest of the trial and filled the courtroom and gallery to overflowing, was kept in perfect order under the personal direction of Sheriff J. W. Droger.

The actors who have occupied the stage for a week and a half were all in their places except W. W. Erwin, chief counsel for the defense. His absence was explained by Mr. Nye who stated to the court that his colleague had been called home by a telegram and regretted exceedingly his inability to be present at the closing scene.

Ames Shows the Strain.

Dr. Ames entered, accompanied as usual by Mrs. Ames. Both the defendant and his wife looked a trifle weary, altho they appeared to be in good spirits. His friends pleasantly. Mrs. Ames especially looked worn and worried and during the prosecutor's closing address leaned her head against the wall and closed her eyes as if to gain a little rest.

Early this morning some devoted friend of the former was chief graft collector and gathered in from various women of the town nearly \$800 which was paid over to Dr. Ames. This story was corroborated by Norbeck, who said that he had seen the money and returned to their owner later on.

A Strong Simple Case.

The case which the state has made and which was argued by Mr. Boardman this morning is simple in structure and yet is considered the strongest case ever made by any of the municipal officers. Gardner was the chief witness and told of the mayor's plan to raise a campaign fund, how he was chief graft collector and gathered in from various women of the town nearly \$800 which was paid over to Dr. Ames. This story was corroborated by Norbeck, who said that he had seen the money and returned to their owner later on.

For the defense the doctor made sweeping denials of all the state's testimony, but his story stands without corroboration. Beyond this denial, the defense introduced the testimony of a man under oath, ready to show that even if the doctor did commit the offenses charged he was mentally irresponsible at the time. With this paradoxical contention, the doctor's case of which was strongly proved and upon the good character given Dr. Ames by six character witnesses the defense rested its case. The doctor's case was a mere under the spell of Frank Nye's eloquence to keep the accused out of the penitentiary.

THE CASE SUMMED UP

County Attorney Boardman Presents Charge of Shame Home.

The prosecution and the counsel for the defense in the Ames case, after considering the whole case since the adjournment yesterday afternoon, concluded that they could not improve their respective cases by adding more testimony and when the court was convened this morning the closing arguments were begun. County Attorney Boardman reviewed the state's case at length.

PRETENDER IS DEAD

Rumor Given Credence That He Has Been Assassinated in His Own Camp.

Madrid, May 6.—A dispatch to the Imperial Legation at Melilla Morocco says it is rumored there that the pretender has been assassinated in his camp at Zetonan.

NAMES OF DEAD UNKNOWN

Complete List of Those Drowned Off the Saginaw Not Yet Obtainable.

Norfolk, Va., May 6.—Complete lists of those drowned off Hog Island as a result of the sinking of the Saginaw following its collision in a fog with the old Dominion liner, Hamilton, are not yet obtainable. The latest estimate places the number at 22, but it is admitted that this is largely guess work. Those known to be lost are:

Passengers: A. Gilmore, P. L. Pendleton, Florence Kenby, Edna Ward, M. E. Jones, Mary Robertson. Crew: Edward Gosline, first mate; William Blitts, first assistant engineer; Mary Anderson, stewardess-cook; Morris, steward; unknown colored waiter; Peter Swanson, sailor.

Captain Tunnell was taken to Philadelphia to-day from Norfolk. He was accompanied by Chief Engineer J. N. Selzer, Assistant Engineer Murray and Second Mate W. I. Morris. Captain Tunnell is severely injured. Two of his ribs are fractured and his head is badly lacerated. He is also internally injured and suffers greatly from shock. He was removed to his home. Chief Engineer Selzer reported at the office of the company, but the officials say they will have no statement to make until Captain Tunnell is able to give an official announcement of the disaster.

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THE DOCTOR'S WANDERINGS.

Some attention was given to the movements of Dr. Ames after he left Minneapolis. His flight to Louisville was detailed; his escape from there in the night without baggage, without any attendant in his enfeebled condition and in his strained condition, was detailed. He traveled over a large part of the United States. First he went to Chicago, in the opposite direction from which he should have gone had he desired to go to New Hampshire, then to a town in Indiana, where he remained two days he said, but he could not remember its name.

The Doctor's Wanderings.

The defendant had failed to tell where he had gone but admitted that he had been to Albany then to Boston, then to Keene, N. H., and finally to Hancock where his wife already was altho she left Louisville after her husband did. All this traveling was done in the most inclement season of the year when, according to his own testimony, the defendant was unable to travel in any season of medical attention.

He went to New Hampshire to be among friends as he had none in Minneapolis who he was unable to tell there but his wife was raised here in Minneapolis where he said that he had no friends. He employed the best counsel to be had in New England, for he "always made a good fight and had done so in this case, the best that he could under the circumstances."

His explanations of the reasons for the flight were ridiculous and unworthy of consideration, but they were recalled simply to refresh the minds of the jurors on the absurdity of the defendant's testimony.

Led Others Into Crime.

"I take it," Boardman continued, "that the defense will attack the character of the witnesses for or against the state, Gardner and Norbeck, for that is all that they have. I will ask you to inquire why Gardner has been convicted of a crime and why he still has several indictments over him."

"I will ask you to inquire of Mr. Nye why Norbeck is now a convict. Isn't it because they were parties to the system of graft of which Mayor Ames was the chief? Isn't it because they obeyed the orders of Mayor Ames? If they are guilty the defendant is fivefold guilty."

The Insanity Dodge.

"The defense says," said Dr. Ames, "that I was insane when I did it, but I was sane and didn't know it. You know what an insanity plea is. It is a confession of guilt. It is so known to all men."

"There never has been in the annals of jurisprudence a case of bribery in which the defense was insanity. And I have never known of a man who has been so poorly substantiated by the evidence."

"The defense also introduced witnesses as to the character of Dr. Ames. There were six persons who had some time associated and all testified that they knew him up to a year ago was good. Not one of them testified as to his reputation during the past year. They were not even asked. The state left out of the case what it was worth and did not cross-examine any of these witnesses."

"The principal evidence for the defense was to establish the insanity of the defendant. The only evidence touching on the insanity of Dr. Ames. There is nothing to indicate that he was insane when he fixed up the deal with Gardner and received the ill gotten money."

Delusions in Illness Only.

"Don't forget now that all the insanity evidence by Dr. Clark and Dr. McDonald testified as medical men related to his illness in the latter part of December while the acts for which he is indicted were all before these delusions were noted. This is the evidence of their own witness. It is the only evidence touching on the insanity of Dr. Ames. There is nothing to indicate that he was insane when he fixed up the deal with Gardner and received the ill gotten money."

"The defense put on Dr. E. J. Clark, a personal friend, a former student in the office of Dr. Ames, an appointee to a good position and an officer of the mayor's office only a few days ago—but Mr. Clark was a man of high character and there were those there who were caused by the liver trouble which was due to alcoholism from excessive drinking. Then the defense called Dr. McDonald, a most excellent gentleman, his family physician and a long time friend. He was willing to do all he could for Dr. Ames, but he is an honorable man. He also spoke of the delusions while Dr. Ames was ill. Like Dr. Clark, he was forced to admit that the mental condition was due to excessive indulgence in alcoholic stimulants. He testified that it was nothing unusual in cases of this character for the delusions to remain with the patient for some time."

"If that ridiculous insanity plea is to prevail, then this community can say 'Good-by, Justice! Good-by, law and order! Good-by, common decency.' That defense is sometimes set up for a red-handed murderer caught with the blood on his hands, and the hope of the criminal for escaping the noose. It is an insult to your intelligence to advance it in such a case as this. The defense says he 'threw up the life line. It isn't such, but catch on to it. This plea is not only ridiculous, but pitiable. Dr. Ames was sane before, it is sane now."

The City's Good Name.

"You took a solemn oath before God and man that you would be governed solely by the evidence and I accordingly warn you, when you are asked to work on your sympathies. There are other matters to think of, is not the good name of the community to be thought of? Are not the homes which Dr. Ames has wrecked to be thought of? Is not the eternal disgrace and scandal which has been called on this city to be thought of?"

Mr. Boardman next produced the list of immoral "candy stores" which Secretary Brown found in the mayor's private desk. It was in the handwriting of