



ROCKEFELLERS ARE RECONCILED

John D. and William Patch Up Their Difficulties and Peace Reigns Again.

Trouble Caused a Decline in Stock Values of Several Hundred Millions.

Their Enmity Said to Have Caused Recent Pennsylvania-Western Union Fight.

New York Sun Special Service. New York, May 27.—Wall street is discussing an amazing story of a war in the stock market between John D. Rockefeller and his brother, William Rockefeller, which has finally been patched up after a decline in stock values of several hundred millions of dollars.

Speculators Are Surprised. In quarters where the news became known the greatest surprise was expressed and it was thought that under this impression the public would subscribe liberally for the stock, and as a matter of fact before its issue it sold at 130 on the curb. It was widely expected that it would become a second "Standard Oil stock." The stock had paid 8 per cent dividend for many years. In 1901 the dividend was cut to 1 per cent quarterly. This break extended over a period of several years.

Beginning of Trouble. The friction which is said to have existed between John D. Rockefeller, Sr., and his brother, William Rockefeller, began at the time of the famous bear raid on Amalgamated Copper, generally attributed to William Rockefeller. The Amalgamated Copper company was floated by the National City bank. The promoters of the company gave the public to understand that the project was one of Rockefeller, Sr., and his support.

22 DROWNED IN SEA COLLISION

British Steamer, Huddersfield, Collides With the Uto and Goes to the Bottom.

Antwerp, May 27.—The British steamer Huddersfield, which sailed from this port yesterday for Grimsby, Eng., collided with the Norwegian steamer Uto. The Huddersfield foundered, and more than a score of her passengers lost their lives. The crew was saved. The passengers were mostly seamen returning to England. It is believed they were crushed in the collision. The bows of the Uto were damaged. The Huddersfield carried twenty-nine emigrants and five other steerage passengers. Twenty-two Austrian and Italian emigrants perished when she sank.

TROUBLE OVER CADETS

Representatives Tawney and Buckman Get Into Difficulties Over Their Appointments.

Washington, May 27.—Representative Tawney arrived in Washington this morning and hobnobbed with the Minnesota editors for some time before they started on their trip to Mt. Vernon and Arlington. Tawney says he came here from Pittsburg on private business and incidentally to try to straighten out a tangle over a naval cadet for his district, the principal and three alternates whom he nominated for Annapolis having failed. The principal and alternate were not elected, and the principal will be enrolled in June. He is willing to exchange and go to Annapolis if he can do so without being subjected to another examination, letting the alternate go to the military academy. Tawney will try to effect the change.

Representative Buckman has nominated George Nevers of Brantford for a cadetship at Annapolis. He announced last winter that he was going to appoint his son Mark to that place and sent him to a preparatory school at Annapolis to hone up for examination. Subsequently, Buckman says, he found that the age limit of cadets had been raised from 15 to 16 years, and as his boy was only 16 he was forced to withdraw him and name Nevers. Buckman says if his boy wants to try for the military academy two years hence he will give him a chance.

MACHEN IS IN THE TOILS

Former Superintendent of Free Delivery Service Arrested on Bribery Charge.

He Is Accused of Having Accepted \$22,000 From a Washington Firm.

The Company Made a Letter-Box Fastener Used by the Department.

Washington, May 27.—A. W. Machen, superintendent of free delivery system, relieved from duty some time ago, was arrested to-day at the instigation of the postoffice department, charged with receiving bribes from contractors. These bribes are supposed to aggregate \$20,000. Fourth Assistant Postmaster General Bristow this afternoon issued the following statement:

A. W. Machen, general superintendent of the free delivery service, was arrested at 1 o'clock to-day. He is charged with receiving bribes amounting in all to about \$22,000 in connection with a contract held by Groff Brothers of Washington, D. C., for a patent fastener used on street letter boxes.

The arrest of Mr. Machen came after he had been subjected to an examination which was conducted for three hours to-day by Fourth Assistant Postmaster General Bristow, Inspector Fosnes, who received Mr. Machen as chief of the free delivery system, and Postoffice Inspector Myer. At the conclusion of the examination, Deputy United States Marshal Springman was called to General Bristow's office and made the arrest.

Payne's Order of Dismissal. Postmaster General Payne has dismissed Mr. Machen in the following order: "A. W. Machen is this day removed from the position of general superintendent of the free delivery service. His removal is by reason of malfeasance on his part in the discharge of the duties of his office."

Lawrence Appointed. Washington, May 27.—Edwin W. Lawrence of Rutland, Vt., was to-day appointed assistant attorney in the office of the United States Attorney General, to succeed Daniel V. Miller, recently removed. Mr. Lawrence is a member of the Vermont bar. The investigation of the free delivery system attorney general's office continues.

MERGERS AT WORK

Scheme to Defeat Roosevelt Instructions in Nebraska Laid to Hill and Harriman.

Workers Will Checkmate It by Forcing a Vote in All the County Conventions.

Special to The Journal. Lincoln, Neb., May 27.—The existence of a well organized plan within republican ranks to defeat a proposition to indorse the administration of President Roosevelt and his candidacy at the coming state convention in Nebraska has been discovered by prominent party workers who are preparing to checkmate the scheme and force the issue at the convention.

The opposition to the indorsement of the president is attributed as being inspired by representatives of Harriman and Hill, the controlling factors in the management of the Union Pacific and Burlington railroad systems.

The activity displayed by the administration in pushing the merger cases is given as the reason for the opposition of the Hill-Harriman interests to the present administration. Republican leaders declare that the rank and file are for Roosevelt overwhelmingly and the president's supporters are making ready to secure an indorsement by forcing a vote in all of the county conventions on the question of sending pledged delegates to the state convention.

CRISIS IN B. C. IMPENDING

Two Members of Prior's Cabinet to Resign and Election to Follow.

Victoria, B. C., May 27.—British Columbia is on the eve of a political crisis, presumably resulting from the investigation into the circumstances surrounding the Columbia and western land grants. It is said that D. M. Everts, attorney general, and W. C. Wells, commissioner of lands and works, have resigned or are on the point of resigning. It is generally believed that a dissolution and general election will follow.

The legislature will meet to-morrow when Premier Prior is expected to make a statement outlining the situation.

PENNSYLVANIA INDORSES TEDDY

The State Convention Also Resolves Against Any Change in the Tariff Schedules.

Quay Was Not There, but Senator Penrose Looked After His Interests.

Harrisburg, Pa., May 27.—The republican state convention to-day indorsed President Roosevelt for renomination and declared against any change in the present tariff schedules. The state administration was strongly indorsed and no mention was made in the platform of the Grady-Salus libel law enacted by the recent legislature. United States Senator Quay declined to accept re-election as chairman of the state committee and his colleague, Senator Boies Penrose, was chosen his successor.

The convention was remarkable for the unanimity with which it disposed of its business and the lack of contest for the four places on the state ticket. Senator William F. Chester county was nominated for auditor general; William L.

Matthews of Delaware county, for state treasurer, and Judges Thomas A. Morrison of McKean county and John J. Henderson of Crawford county for superior court judges. Judges Morrison and Henderson are at present members of the superior court by appointment of the governor and their nomination is for the full term of ten years.

The convention was held much earlier than usual on "off years" on account of the desire of Senator Quay and other party leaders to be away during the summer. Mr. Quay was not here during the convention and his interests were in charge of Senator Penrose and other legislators. It was expected that the convention would have been the ground for a fight between the two parties, but that, on the contrary, Mr. Machen's administration of the free delivery system had been honest and upright.

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TOWN BLOWN AWAY

Botna in Iowa Is in Ruins and Farm Houses Near the Place Wrecked.

Loss of Life in the State by Yesterday's Tornadoes Heavier Than First Reported.

Des Moines, Iowa, May 27.—When wire communication with interior towns was opened up to-day it became apparent that yesterday's tornado caused far greater loss of life than was at first reported. A report early to-day from Botna in Shelby county, received by way of Audon, S. D., that the town of Botna was completely demolished and that many farmhouses near the place were wrecked.

A large church and the Great Western station are among the buildings wrecked. No definite news of casualties from there had been received up to 11 o'clock to-day.

At Creston ten dwellings were blown off their foundations and Mrs. S. E. Troop and daughter were injured in the wreck. Ten miles north of Gray in Audubon county two children are reported killed in the wreckage of a farmhouse and five others injured seriously. All were occupants of one house.

St. Elmo, Mo., May 27.—The casualties resulting from yesterday's tornado here are to-day placed at eighteen, with two men missing. Daniel C. Barker, a retired farmer, died during the night of apoplexy caused by fright; Edward Wiseman, a farmer, is missing, and C. Daniels and Mrs. John McMahon are seriously injured.

LOUIS RICHTER IS EXPELLED

The Presbyterian General Assembly Confirms the Action of Minnesota Synod.

Minneapolis Minister Expelled and Excommunicated Because of Liquor Traffic Connections.

He Justified His Course on Scriptural Grounds, but His Appeal Fails.

The Presbyterian general assembly in session at Los Angeles, Cal., to-day sustained the verdict of the Minnesota synod and the Minneapolis presbytery in expelling Rev. Louis Richter, of this city, from the ministry and excommunicating him from the Presbyterian church. The case thus closed, has been one of the most sensational fights ever waged by a Presbyterian minister to remain in the church after openly advocating views so at variance with those generally enter-

tain in the church as immediately to send the great body of the church, clergy and laymen, against him. It was a year and a half ago that the state synod expelled Mr. Richter from the church and excommunicated him for taking issue with the church on its stand against the use of alcoholic liquors. Mr. Richter declares that various publications and a free use of pamphlets that prohibition was a mistaken cause, and that the use of liquor temperately was permissible, according to the scriptures. He cited numerous texts to prove that the church was opposing itself to the word of God in making war on the use of liquor, maintaining that the moderate use of wine was especially authorized and recommended by the Bible.

Instead of trying to stamp out drinking, he insisted, the church should countenance its temperate use. It was suspected, and evidence was not wanting to bear out the accusation, that Mr. Richter was in the pay of certain Minneapolis breweries for laboring in their behalf. He freely admitted that he had accepted money from the breweries to carry on his agitation, when finally brought to book for leasing himself with such interests, and said that he had taken such support with a clear conscience.

Discussion of the report of the board of foreign missions occupied nearly the full time of this morning's session. The main address on the subject of foreign evangelization being made by the Rev. Dr. A. W. Halsey, secretary of the foreign missions board. The program for this afternoon provides for the hearing of reports from a number of special committees which have not yet had an opportunity to come before the assembly on account of press of other business.

REDUCED LAKE RATES

Steel Trust Cuts the Tariff on Lake Superior Ore to Eighty Cents.

New York Sun Special Service. Cleveland, Ohio, May 27.—The steel trust has cut the rate on ore from ports at the head of Lake Superior to 80 cents and has secured a half-dozen ships at that figure. Offerings of tonnage are liberal, but other shippers have made no effort to pound down rates.

Local owners say they will send their boats to the dock rather than place them for ore at reduced rates, as they claim they cannot do much better than break even at the present rates with the poor dispatch their boats have been getting.

Considerable tonnage has been placed this week at 85 cents from the head of Lake Superior and sixty-five from Eschscholtz.

La Crosse, Wis., May 27.—Ten miles of farming country south of here are under water and the loss is heavy. Several claim diggers' houses have been swept away. Landslides and washouts are reported on all railroads, and traffic is practically blocked.

The weather bureau predicts a rise of two feet in the river, which will mean a heavy loss to the farmers.

ARDSLEY MAN IS IMPLICATED

John Hefferman, Shot Saturday Night, Named His Assailant Before He Died.

The Accused Is a Prominent Club Man and His Fellow Members Are Skeptical.

New York, May 27.—When it became known that John Hefferman, who was shot on the lawn of the Ardsley club near Irvington last Sunday night, had made a statement before he died, naming a prominent member of the club as the man who had shot him, the greatest doubt was expressed by the people of Tarrytown and vicinity.

It could not be possible they all said, that a man of such social position as the one named, was the slayer and it was tacitly agreed among club members and the owners of villas around Ardsley on the Hudson to guard the name with great secrecy.

But the fact was brought out last night, here Coroner Russell at the inquest that such a statement was made by Hefferman.

Dr. Denison had told of his asking the wounded man how he was shot and of sending him to Dobbs Ferry hospital and he added the statement just given as if with reluctance. Coroner Russell did not ask him to reveal the name.

Meanwhile the colony around Ardsley is greatly excited. The police who have been working on the murder mystery believe that if the man named by Hefferman did the shooting he was mistaken in his man—that he really meant to kill someone else and seeing Hefferman dimly in the dark with a woman on the club grounds took him for the man he may have meant to kill.

Maxmillan E. Sand, by whom Hefferman was employed as a coachman is quoted as saying: "The coachman could not have been himself when he made the accusation. He was dying and could not be expected to speak calmly or even correctly."

"Besides the man named by Hefferman was in the crowd that gathered after the shots were heard in the clubhouse and was one of those who carried Hefferman from the spot where he fell, to the railroad station to be treated by the physician."

Dr. Denniston to-day denied that he had said to the coroner that Hefferman had told him that he recognized the man who shot him as a member of the Ardsley club. What Hefferman did say, according to Dr. Denniston, was that he thought his assailant mistook him for one of the club members and tackled him for the purpose of robbery.

COUNTRY ONE VAST LAKE

Ten Miles of Farms South of La Crosse Submerged—Traffic Practically Blocked.

La Crosse, Wis., May 27.—Ten miles of farming country south of here are under water and the loss is heavy. Several claim diggers' houses have been swept away. Landslides and washouts are reported on all railroads, and traffic is practically blocked.

The weather bureau predicts a rise of two feet in the river, which will mean a heavy loss to the farmers.

SENATOR HANNA NOW BACKS DOWN

He Announces He Will Oppose No Longer Roosevelt's Indorsement by Ohio.

Postmaster General Payne Says This Is Indeed "Good News."

Action Probably Means That the President Will Have No Opposition for Nomination.

Cleveland, Ohio, May 27.—"I am in receipt of a telegram from President Roosevelt which indicates to me his desire to have the indorsement of the Ohio republican state convention of his administration as a candidacy. In view of this I shall not oppose such action by the convention, and I have telegraphed the president to that effect."

Senator Hanna gave out the foregoing statement late yesterday afternoon. It puts an end to the controversy that has been in progress during the last two weeks. There is now no doubt as to what the action of the state convention will be. President Roosevelt's administration will be commended and he will be endorsed for the republican presidential nomination to be made next year.

Not only does Mr. Hanna's statement close that controversy so far as the indorsement of President Roosevelt is concerned, but it emphasizes and confirms the senator's repeated declarations during the last year or more that he is not and will not be a candidate for the presidential nomination himself in 1904. He has said time and again and has told the same thing to President Roosevelt that the only man who can beat Mr. Roosevelt for the presidential nomination next year is Mr. Roosevelt himself.

No Change of Front. In deciding to withdraw his opposition to the indorsement of Mr. Roosevelt by the Ohio state republican convention this year Senator Hanna has not changed his position toward the president. Since the question of such an indorsement was first raised by Senator Foraker, Senator Hanna outlining his position in the matter repeatedly stated that his "conclusions were in no way influenced by personal desires or on account of his position as chairman of the republican national committee."

During the controversy Senator Hanna has endeavored to have it clearly understood that his opposition to a resolution of indorsement this year in no manner indicated that he was now opposed or would be opposed next year to the nomination of President Roosevelt. Interview given out by Senator Foraker, however, were designed to place him in that position.

In the opinion of Senator Hanna it was not in any sense a question of whether or not Mr. Roosevelt should be nominated for the presidential nomination. It was merely a question of the propriety of the republican national state convention taking action this year on the subject.

PAYNE TALKS

He Declares Hanna's Action to Be "Good News."

New York Sun Special Service. Chicago, May 28.—Wallpaper Wellman, in a Washington special to the Record-Herald, commenting on Senator Hanna's agreement to abide by President Roosevelt's wish for an indorsement by the Ohio republican state convention, sends the following: "This is good news," said Postmaster General Payne. Mr. Payne is regarded as the political manager of President Roosevelt. "It is good news," he continued, "because it clears up most satisfactorily all concerned an exceedingly unpleasant affair. It removes the last lingering doubt of the nomination of President Roosevelt. There will be no opposition to him in the convention, and probably this news from Ohio will put an end even to the talk of opposition."

"I know Senator Hanna's sentiments. He is friendly to President Roosevelt and has never been opposed to the president's nomination. He did wish to wait a year before committing himself to a position for reasons which he himself announced. My belief is that the exigencies and, perhaps, the bitterness of Ohio politics led the senator to assume, and his state a position which he afterward found untenable. It would have been too bad to permit local differences in Ohio to force a contest over a big national matter. For Senator Hanna there was nothing in the contest except trouble and disappointment, no matter whether he had his way or did not. Besides, it would have hurt the republican party. It might have stirred up very bad as well as very unnecessary feeling. All is well that ends well, and all republicans will congratulate both the president and Senator Hanna upon this happy solution of the Ohio problem."

Every one in Washington is praising the senator's action. The whole President Roosevelt played his hand. Confronted with the news from Ohio, that Senator Hanna had declared he was opposed to the indorsement of the president by the republican party. It might have been said that Mr. Roosevelt did not wish such indorsement, the president promptly took the bull by the horns and issued at Walla Walla his bugle blast of defiance.

Foraker Is Pleased. Washington, May 27.—Senator Foraker said last night that he regarded the president's remark made at Walla Walla, as timely, dignified, appropriate and very effective, considered in connection with its effect on the president's political fortunes. Altho Senator Foraker did not say so, it was plain from his manner that he is pleased at the turn of the political wheel.

Washington, May 27.—The sealing schooner City of San Diego, which has just returned from a cruise, reports having lost two boats containing six men off the Copper Islands on April 27.

SIX MEN LOST

Incident of the Cruise of the Sealer City of San Diego.

Victoria, B. C., May 27.—The sealing schooner City of San Diego, which has just returned from a cruise, reports having lost two boats containing six men off the Copper Islands on April 27.

Washington, May 27.—Postmasters were appointed to-day as follows: Minnesota—Flak, New York—Hunt, N. Y.—Montana—Althaus, Jefferson county, C. H. Boyles, North Dakota—Bellefleur, Grand Forks county, C. T. Agness, Blanchard, Traill county, E. B. Bruns, Drake, McHenry county, John W. Miller.

STRIKES NOW AND TO COME

Thousands of Men Are Idle in Chicago—Others Planning to Go Out.

Kansas City Arms Its Police Force With Krag-Jorgensen Rifles.

Big Strike Pending in the Textile Trades—Shooting in West Virginia.

Chicago, May 27.—The labor situation continues critical. There is every prospect that the freight handlers will strike shortly; and additional strikes in other branches of trade appear inevitable. Referring to troubles of the freight handlers, President Curran of the local union said: "If the railroads want to fight they'll get more than they're looking for. Seven thousand men are waiting to strike if they don't get higher wages—and I couldn't stop them now myself."

The railroad managers held another meeting yesterday, but no offer of a compromise came to the freight handlers from the meeting. The union stands ready, so Curran says, to accept a reasonable advance or to arbitrate, but to this the roads will not agree.

Waiters Will Strike. No concessions will be made by the 12,000 cooks, waiters, waitresses, kitchen helpers and porters, according to a statement issued by their union to-day. If the wage scale demanded is not accepted by Monday, the waiters will strike. The workers are asking for a ten-hour day and about the same wages that are paid for twelve and fourteen hours now in the better class of establishments. The restaurant workers' association, on the other hand, announces that a strike in one restaurant will be the signal for a general lockout.

The restaurant employees, when they receive tips, are among the best paid workers in the city. Some of them make as high as \$50 a week. The months of unrest struck the union three months ago, but its officers then decided not to bring the matter to a crisis until June 1, when the summer gardens and lake resorts open. They figured that the week would create a dearth of good waiters in the city.

This Strike Settled. The strike of the teamsters of the Anheuser-Busch Brewing company was settled last evening. Representatives of the union and August Busch, son of the president of the company, drew up the agreement, signed by all. The agreement agrees to pay the union scale and the union withdrew its other demands.

Chicago Shy of Police. In the entire stock yards district only three policemen are on duty at night in the day time. This is the extremely low drain of policemen for special duty, owing to labor troubles, has reduced that section of Chicago. Captain Bevers of the stock yards station made the frank statement of conditions in a report to Chief O'Neill, and reports from commanding officers in the city show that the situation practically is the same in every division. Out of a police force of 2,400 patrolmen, only 1,180 are available now to police a city of 2,200,000 people.

TROUBLE IS EXPECTED

Kansas City Police Armed With Krag-Jorgensen Rifles.

Kansas City, Mo., May 27.—The police department of Kansas City, acting under special instructions from Governor Dockery and the police commissioners, has made ready to cope with any emergency in the event of a strike of freight handlers, teamsters or others. Probably the most suggestive features are the new Krag-Jorgensen rifles supplied to the department and the bundles of bandages and lint piled in the surgeons' rooms. A large reserve force of police is being organized for the night day and the entire force is being drilled.

The freight handlers are awaiting word from Chicago, and it is expected that the order will be to strike. The freight houses of the Union Pacific and Great Western railroads are not interested in the strike. At these two houses freight is all handled by negroes and they are satisfied with their work and pay, and have made no demands. The other railroads have observed this plan and the plan, if it is carried out, will mean that the streets will be filled with negroes.

Shooting in West Virginia. Thurmond, W. Va., May 27.—The first serious outbreak since the late strike order was issued occurred in the night mines on Laurel creek, not far from here. Last evening the strikers began marching in a body toward the mines to induce non-union men to join them. The company on duty opened fire. The strikers returned the fire at long range. Marshall Brown, a guard, was killed in the battle. Several non-union men were injured.

More than 100 shots were fired before the strikers retreated. More trouble is anticipated.

Street Car Men Beaten

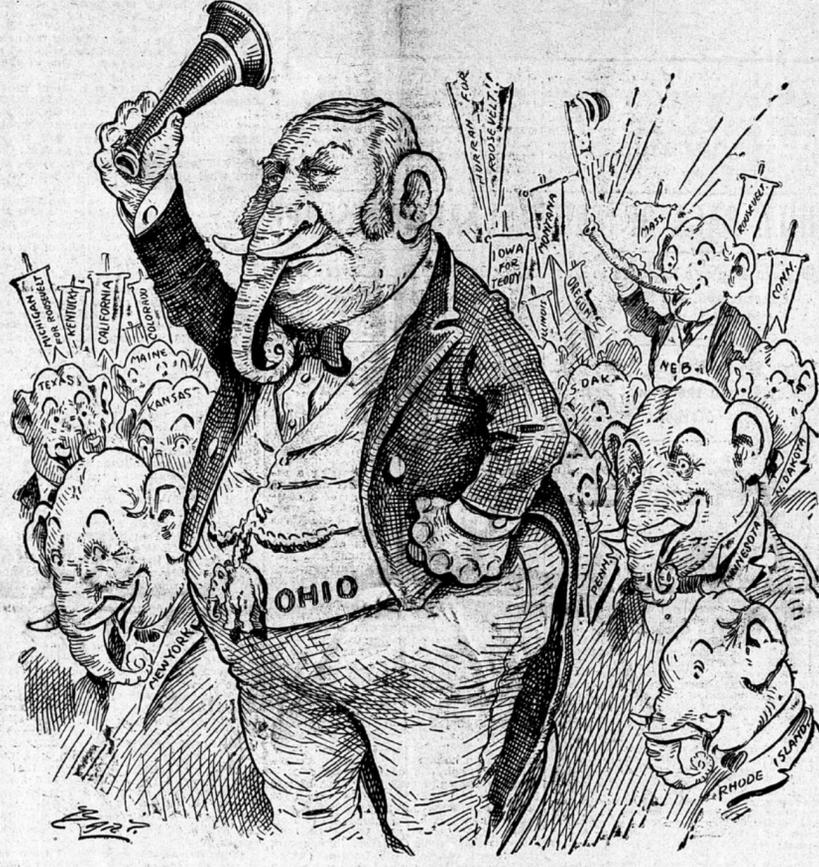
Montreal, May 27.—The street railway men here beaten. The leading event of yesterday's proceedings was the sentence of six months' imprisonment with hard labor upon Joseph J. Gagnier, a union conductor, for his part in the trouble on St. Denis street on Sunday evening. Timogues attacked a policeman. Twenty other cases were before the court. The cases were principally on charges of intimidation. A large number of warrants have been issued.

Quite a number of men have returned to work. The car service showed a great improvement to-day and another advance is promised with a complete service by Saturday.

Men to Flight Glass Trust

Hartford City, Ind., May 27.—Union workmen who were recently discharged by the Window Glass trust are planning to open co-operative factories to pit hand labor against machines. A union committee appointed to investigate the natural gas fields of Kansas, Indian Territory and West Virginia, has returned and reports that a contract would be accepted from Fairmont, W. Va., where a free site for a plant and fuel for five years will be furnished at 5 cents per 1,000 cubic feet. The plant will consist of the fan-pot, cones and one-thirty boiler tank. It will cost nearly \$100,000 and take fully 600 workers from the gas belt. It will be a co-operative plant and the stockholders say that they will make window glass for \$1.60 a day if necessary to compete with the trust's machines.

Textile Trades Strike. Philadelphia, May 27.—In all local textile mills notices have been posted by the manufacturers, announcing their refusal to grant the demand of the workers for a fifty-five hour week. Employees faced June 1 as the time limit for the concessions, and it is almost certain that a strike



MR. HANNA RISES TO MAKE IT UNANIMOUS