

OVER HALF MILLION

Property Losses in Two Big Fires in the City of Milwaukee Last Night.

St. Paul Baseball Men Lost Their Baggage—Boston Store's Heavy Loss.

Milwaukee, June 27.—Fire broke out at 9:30 o'clock last night gutted the building at 313-317 Grand avenue, occupied by McCarthy, a tailor, and which extended in an "L" shape and Third street. The third street section being occupied by Work Brothers, a Chicago clothing company. The fire afterwards extended to the Davidson hotel on Third street and to the Boston store on Grand avenue.

The total loss is estimated at about \$250,000, partially covered by insurance. The building occupied by Work Brothers and McCarthy was owned by the Tolman estate and was valued at about \$30,000. From this building the fire leaped to the Davidson hotel and burned over seven rooms and damaged thirty-five others. Several members of the Milwaukee and St. Paul baseball teams and other guests were here. At 11:45 the fire was under control.

The Boston store will be a heavy loss thru water and smoke. The upper floors will suffer from the water and the loss will not fall much short of \$200,000. At one time it was thought the whole block of buildings would be destroyed.

The estimated losses are: Boston store, \$100,000; Tolman estate, building, \$25,000; Work Brothers store, \$10,000; McCarthy's retail establishment, \$2,000; Davidson hotel, \$15,000. The Plankinton estate, which owns the Boston store building, \$15,000.

Players Were in Danger. Nine members of the St. Paul and Milwaukee baseball teams had narrow escapes from death in the fire last night. Catcher Bob Wood of the Milwaukee team, who turned in the alarm, ran thru the hotel and aroused them and they fled from the building in their night clothing just as the flames burst in.

A panic in the Alhambra theater was narrowly averted. The entire audience was alarmed by an announcement from the stage that the theater was in no danger. All the hotel guests escaped.

Fire early to-day destroyed four big elevators owned by the American Maltine Company, located at the foot of South Water street, entailing a loss estimated at \$800,000, fully insured.

The fire in connection with the elevators was caused by an explosion of dust in one of the elevators. The buildings destroyed are: Malt house C, brick, yearly output, 800,000 bushels malt; engine house and boiler room, brick, three stories, elevator, capacity, 250,000 bushels; malt house A, brick, output 700,000 bushels. Elevator E was badly damaged by the fire. The entire plant and contents will be about \$300,000. Of this, about \$200,000 is on the grain in the elevators and a little over \$100,000 on buildings.

Application Granted. The application of the Chicago open board of trade to be listed with the Milwaukee chamber of commerce to secure the benefits of minimum rates of commission was granted by a unanimous vote at a special meeting of the board of directors. The objections that have been offered against the open board of trade because of its relations to bucket shops have been removed by the recent action of that board in declining a new element of the membership in control of the board of directors and opinion now favors co-operating with the Chicago board of trade in its efforts to suppress bucket shops.

FIRE IN THE PRISON. Keeper Had It Out Before the Department Could Arrive. Stillwater, Minn., June 27.—A fire alarm was turned in from the cell house of the prison last night and caused some excitement. Wires were cut and the keeper thought it best to summon assistance. However, he succeeded in putting out the fire before the department arrived.

Repairs to the steamer Clyde have been completed and she will leave to-day with logs for Guttenberg. Labor union men met last night and agreed to take part in the Fourth of July parade.

The Sunday school of Ascension Episcopal church is planning to-day at Wildwood. Miss Minnie L. Johnson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. M. N. Johnson, will be married on July 3 to Mark W. Pennington, of North Yakima, Wash., formerly of Stillwater.

ANOTHER WAR CLOUD. Turkey Is Massing Troops Along the Bulgarian Frontier. Constantinople, June 27.—The Bulgarian agent here has asked the grand vizier for an explanation of the concentration of Turkish troops at Sultaniye. The grand vizier has professed entire ignorance of the matter and has promised to make an investigation.

It was announced in a Sofia dispatch to the Lokal Anzeiger, of Berlin, June 21, that the Turks, without cause, had seized the village of Sultaniye, which commands the road to Sofia, with four battalions and thirty guns. Advice from Sofia says the Bulgarian government intends to protest to the powers against the alarming concentration of Turkish troops on the frontier.

CINCH FOR RAILROAD. Russian Line Granted Valuable Concessions in Manchuria. London, June 27.—The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Daily Chronicle says the Manchurian railway authorities have completed arrangements for thru railway communication between Moscow and Port Arthur. The Russians, he added, evidently intend to exploit the mineral resources of Manchuria to their own advantage.

WIVES REPLY

Former Postmaster General Explains the Tuloch Charges Affecting His Administration.

The Explanation Is Made in a Letter Addressed to Postmaster General Payne.

Washington, June 27.—To the charges made by S. W. Tuloch of irregularities in the postal department during Charles Emory Smith's term as postmaster general, the latter replies at length in a letter which has been received by Postmaster General Payne.

While willing, as he declares, to accept the fullest measure of responsibility for the charges, he is equally ready to state his opinion that, in fairness to himself, some explanation should be given of the circumstances referred to in the Tuloch charges. The letter, accompanied by a large number of exhibits and excerpts from the records, is in part as follows:

The Tuloch statement was probed when presented and it is accurate as the report made to me has never been impeached. These main points may be thus summed up: First—Names of military postal clerks were put on the general roll till the military appropriations became available, then they were transferred to the military roll.

Second—The bond premiums of military postal clerks were paid for good reasons, which I plainly set forth and which had the approval of the controller.

Third—The purchases of Porto Rico supplies were made from the regular department contractors named under competition and at regular contract prices.

Fourth—The vouchers for expenses of department officials traveling on official business were made and audited in the usual manner.

Fifth—The lease of the Washington postoffice was shown to be entirely justified.

Sixth—The approval of the payment of these employed in examining letter carriers' claims is fully explained.

Narrow Down. These points embrace all that are specified in the charges except those items relating to the appointments which, all told, involve thirteen clerks and seven cleaners. Several of these appointments were perfectly right and beyond any question.

More than one-half of the inspector's report taken up with a statement of the entire career of Lerner and Smith. Of the latter I had no knowledge and say nothing. Lerner had been appointed military clerk for Porto Rico by the first assistant's bureau. He was not under a promise from that bureau of compensation at that time. I had no knowledge of his appointment. I fixed the general compensation of clerks in Porto Rico at \$1,200 a year. When Lerner returned he stated that he had been promised \$1,400, and I found on inquiry that this was true. I ordered that he should be paid what he had been promised.

Herman's Bid O. K. Assistant Attorney General Robb of the postoffice department has submitted to First Assistant Postmaster General Wynne a decision in the money order contract case, which holds that the bid of Paul Herman, of New York, who submitted a bid of \$45,000 below the present contractors, meets the requirements of law, and that he is therefore entitled to receive the contract.

This decision is in accordance with the recent dismissal of Superintendent Metcalf of the money order bureau. The present decision has a considerable bearing on Mr. Metcalf's case for rearing, now pending before the president.

The grand jury held a brief session yesterday, examined several unimportant witnesses and adjourned until Monday. What is known as the Tyler case, involving the abstraction of papers by Mrs. Tyler from the safe in the office of the assistant attorney general for the postoffice, is probably to be placed before the grand jury early next week.

HERB DOCTOR MUST HANG. "Voodoo" Man Carried On a Business in Mineral Poisons in Connection With His "Yarbs."

Philadelphia, June 27.—George P. Bossey, a negro herb doctor, who has been sentenced to the electric chair for the murder of a woman, was charged with selling mineral poisons in connection with his "yarbs."

STOOD TO WIN A NICE DOT

Henry Budget of Duluth Thrown Into Jail for Passing a Worthless Check.

Special to The Journal.

Chicago, June 27.—Henry Budget of Duluth, Minn., "stood to win a nice dot" on Judge Himes if that horse had won the derby, was arrested last night in the Great Northern hotel on complaint of John Barry, a handbook maker. Barry says that he had been promised less checks for \$2,850 and also swindled him out of \$1,500 in a recent horse race in San Francisco.

According to the story told the police by Barry, Budget has been batting in his handbook for some time. Barry says he did not suspect him until recently when Budget gave him a check for \$10,000, asking him to keep it until it was called for. Barry says he investigated and found the check was drawn on the Minnesota bank which had been out of business for ten years.

Budget could not secure a bondsman last night.

GRAND TRUNK BILL O. K. It Is Pressed by the House of Commons at Ottawa—C. P. R. and G. T. R. Quarrel.

Ottawa, June 27.—The house of commons has passed the Grand Trunk Pacific railway bill without making any important changes. Premier Laurier is expected to announce to the government to follow the usual practice of endorsing the action taken by the railway committee and treat this as it would any other character.

R. S. Logan, assistant to the vice president and general manager of the Grand Trunk, states that work on the Pacific project will be pushed forward as expeditiously as possible. Preliminary surveys are nearly all completed and construction work will be started at once.

RAILROADS QUARREL. Canadian Pacific and Grand Trunk Get Into a Row.

Montreal, June 27.—As a result of the refusal of the Grand Trunk railway to grant the bill of the Canadian Pacific Railway company, the Canadian Pacific has decided that it will no longer abide by the terms of the agreement existing between the two companies, a compact which was entered into by both companies for a number of years.

It was that the Canadian Pacific should invade the territory of the Grand Trunk in Ontario in that the Grand Trunk should not encroach upon Canadian Pacific territory in Manitoba and other western provinces. On announcement of the Grand Trunk Pacific project the Canadian Pacific, in its own interests, stated it would build an independent line from Toronto to the west coast, and would longer use its running right over the Grand Trunk between those two points.

In addition to this extension the Canadian Pacific will also build branches to Owen Sound and Grimsby in order to take a portion of the freight traffic from the country from which large shipments are made to Europe. With these three new lines, the Canadian Pacific would be entirely independent of the Grand Trunk shipments that would form part of cargoes of the Atlantic steamers of the company.

Grant for Canadian Central. Toronto, June 27.—A bill was introduced in the legislature yesterday granting land grant to the Canadian Central railway and the railway building from Sudbury to Scotia Junction, including the line of Clergue and his company. It gives Sault Ste. Marie direct connection thru the Grand Trunk and Canadian Atlantic at Scotia Junction, and a branch to Ontario points and opens up for settlement a stretch of 125 miles of territory. The proposed grant is 7,400 acres, made in consideration of bringing in of 300 settlers per year for ten years. There will be little or no opposition.

AN UNCANNY PLANT. Takes Away the Senses of Those Who Smell It.

The Institute Mexico of Mexico City says the Mexican Herbarium will send to the world's fair an exhibit of about fifty medicinal plants of the country and the products derived therefrom. Accompanying the exhibit will be complete explanation as to the place where the plants are found, the procedure for converting them into medicinal products and the ailments which they are destined to cure. Included in the exhibit will be several marvelous qualities. It grows wild and abundantly in the state of Michoacan.

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QUIET AT WILMINGTON. Wilmington, Del., June 27.—This to-day is in its normal condition, the excitement over the burning building and the events following the closing of the saloons last night had a good effect on the public mind. The morning was quiet and uneventful. By order of the police the saloons will be closed at 6 p. m. to-morrow.

FREE PRESS AND ITS EDITOR

Treasurer of Manitoba Sues the Free Press and Its Editor for Libel.

Special to The Journal.

Winnipeg, Man., June 27.—The following statement regarding the libel charges published against Dr. McFadden, provincial treasurer by the Winnipeg Free Press, was made by the doctor last evening: "During my absence on work connected with my election campaign I received a telegraphic message that a charge had been made against me in the Free Press. I took the first train to Winnipeg and immediately gave out a statement on the points raised, declaring that in view of the facts stated and of the public record I must believe the Free Press would withdraw its unwarranted charges.

"When the evening edition of the Free Press appeared and I discovered that not only had the charge against me been published, but the charge against me was published, I at once instructed my solicitor to commence legal action for criminal libel against the Free Press, and to bring another action for criminal libel against the editor who wrote and published these despicable slanders.

"It now remains for the courts to say whether a scurrilous paper in pursuance of its contemptible tactics shall be allowed to publish scandals affecting a man's public honor."

WHAT DALRYMPLE SAID. Big Grain-Grower Corrects a Statement Attributed to Him.

Duluth, Minn., June 27.—Oliver Dalrymple, the Cassette, N. D., farmer, has corrected a statement which he would not get a quarter of a crop this year. Wired to him from here to-day, Mr. Dalrymple answered: "What I did say was that not more than one-eighth, possibly a quarter, of my acreage was at a standstill because of the dryness."

MORMON RITES. Devotee for Sending Unbaptized Dead to Heaven.

Salt Lake Letter in Philadelphia Ledger. Unique celebrations were recently held here, where the family of Brigham Young was gathered for the observance of his birthday, as well as to hear reports of the work done by an association that has been formed for the purpose of sending the Mormon prophet and his brothers. This celebration has become to be one of the events of the year in Utah.

It is estimated that at the party given here on June 27, more than 300 of the descendants of the second Mormon prophet were gathered. His sons and daughters, who numbered fifty-six, were generally present. The party was held in a hall where were gathered from far and near to meet and take up the work that the family is to do according to the Mormon creed. Some came from the Mormon settlements in Canada, others from Mexico, and still others from the region between. Several of the widows of the prophet were also present, as were the women survivors also becoming feeble with age.

The interesting feature of the annual meeting, however, lies in the purpose of the family organization, which is to do baptismal work for the ancestors of Brigham Young. It is a cardinal doctrine of the Mormon church that no person can abide the highest of the kingdoms in the after life but he must be baptized. In order to provide for the time existing between the withdrawal of the true gospel from the earth—according to the Mormon theology, in about 400 A. D.—and the return thru Joseph Smith in the early part of the last century, it was "revealed" to Smith that a descendant of any person who was the ancestor of the prophet, or his name and so make the record complete.

It is the Mormon belief that the spirits of unbaptized persons are held in the "terrestrial" kingdoms—the lower kingdoms of the spirit world—awaiting the action of their descendants to permit them to ascend into the "celestial" kingdom, which is reserved for the elect. Consequently the fathers of the Young family several years ago undertook to trace back their ancestry as far as they could and provide for all those whose relationship could be shown an entry into the highest of the other worlds.

They have gone to the early part of the eighteenth century already, learning that the first ancestor of Brigham Young, who came to America, was a resident of the Providence Plantations, being one of the earlier settlers. Other ancestors served in the war of 1812 and one fought with distinction in the war of 1812. Efforts are now being made to trace the relationship across the Atlantic and carry the family records as far as possible into the past. It is estimated that four or five of the members of the family, who are engaged in what is known as the "temple work," goes to the big temple in this city and conduct their peculiar ceremonies in connection with the "endowment," so called, by which a notice is initiated into the mysteries of the church. This work is done by the various temples of the world.

UNITED STATES SENATOR FROM PENNSYLVANIA

RECOMMENDS PERUNA --- OTHER PROMINENT MEN TESTIFY.

Commodore Nicholson of the U. S. Navy.

Commodore Somerville Nicholson, of the United States Navy, in a letter from 1837 R Street, Northwest, Washington, D. C., says: "Your Peruna has been and is now used by fully a score of my friends and acquaintances as a sure cure for catarrh that I am convinced of its curative qualities and I unhesitatingly recommend it to all persons suffering from that complaint."—S. Nicholson.

U. S. Minister to Guatemala.

Dr. W. Godfrey Hunter, U. S. Minister to Guatemala, and ex-member of Congress from Kentucky, in a letter from Washington, D. C., writes: "I am fully satisfied that your Peruna is an efficacious remedy for catarrh, as and many of my friends have been benefited by its use."—W. G. Hunter, M. D.

Congressman Brown From Virginia.

Hon. G. R. Brown, Martinville, Va., ex-member of Congress, Fifth District, 50th Congress, writes: "I cheerfully give my endorsement of your Peruna as a cure for catarrh. Its beneficial results have been fully demonstrated that the use is essential to persons suffering from that disease."—Hon. G. R. Brown.

Son of Ex-Attorney General of United States.

Hon. Louis E. Johnson is the son of the late Reverend Johnson who was United States Senator from Maryland, Attorney General of the United States under President Johnson, and United States Minister to England, and was regarded as the greatest constitutional lawyer that ever lived.

Hon. Louis E. Johnson, who at present resides at 37-8 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, Pa., in a letter to Dr. Hartman, writes: "As quite a number of my friends have and are using Peruna as a catarrh cure with beneficial results, I feel that I can safely recommend it to those suffering from that disorder."

A Well Known Journalist Writes.

Hon. George Baber, 1122 Sixteenth street, N. W., Washington, D. C., has been for a number of years well known in Kentucky as a journalist, having been the editor of the Bowling Green Democrat, and afterwards the proprietor and editor of the Louisville Evening News, and of the Kentucky Law Journal. He writes the following: "I have given Peruna a sufficient test to justify me in freely recommending it as an invigorating tonic. It is a prompt



"As quite a number of my friends have and are using Peruna as a catarrh cure with beneficial results, I feel that I can safely recommend it to those suffering from that disorder."

appetizer, and has also proved in my own experience to be conducive to sound and restful sleep. A member of my family found it efficacious in the treatment of catarrh of the bladder, and as an effective remedy for an annoying cough. Every household should be provided with it."—George Baber.

The day was when men of prominence hesitated to give their testimonials to proprietary medicines for publication. This remains true to-day of most proprietary medicines. But Peruna has become so justly famous, its merits are known to so many people of high and low station, that no one hesitates to see his name in print recommending Peruna.

The highest men in our nation have given Peruna a strong endorsement. Men of all classes and stations are equally represented. If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

AUTHOR OF 'CYRANO'

Story of the Reception of Edmond Rostand Into the Academy.

The Poet Made a Distinct Hit in His Address Before the Immortals.

Paris Letter in New York Tribune. The reception into the Society of the Immortals of a new member of the French Academy is always a most impressive event. In the opinion of veteran academicians, more brilliant than that of Victor Hugo, Alfred de Musset, Victorien Sardou, Dumas fils, or Paul Bourget, the author of "Cyrano" and "L'Aiglon," who attained his thirty-fifth year on April 1, is a very lucky man. He is not only the youngest member of the academy, but one of the great poets of modern letters of the last century entered the illustrious society at so early an age. Never before

Maurice and Jean. The wife of the poet wore an exquisite dress of pearl white gauze, with old lace insertions and panels of hand painted flowers. The hat was of rice colored straw, trimmed with pink ribbons and white feathers. Her hair was her blond hair and delicate resolute complexion.

At a quarter to 2 Edmond Rostand entered the room, preceded by a huissier in a new Albert de Mun or Viscount Melchior coat of arms. He was dressed in his two sponsors, Jules Claretie and Paul Hervieu. M. Rostand is the best dressed and most distinguished of the new members of the academy. His green embroidered coat fitted his lithe figure like a glove. His white waistcoat would have been envied by Brummel. His green trousers fell neatly about his dainty little feet. He carried a sword, and his first empty sword-gilt of Paul Bourget was a model of the goldsmith's art. The young academicien was greeted with murmurs of approval. All the women leaned forward to scan his features. He walked slowly with Castilian dignity. He was very pale. His hand trembled as it rested on the golden hilt of his sword. His stately entrance was suggestive of a coronation. There was the solemnity of a cathedral in the room, and one seemed to feel the presence of the great emperor of the imperial crown. Rostand sank into his seat very much as if it were a throne.

"La parole est a M. Edmond Rostand," said Edmond Rostand has the floor," exclaimed M. Melchior de Vogue, president of the academy. The poet arose



M. ROSTAND PREPARING FOR HIS RECEPTION INTO THE ACADEMY. (From a caricature by Capelloni.)

They Laughed. Now They All Laugh.

"To think of scientific help me out of trouble seemed ridiculous," said a St. Louis woman.

"I used to read the published statements about Grape-Nuts in a cynical way, hardly believing they were true. One day a neighbor who was calling while I was lying down as usual (and feeling terribly) said, 'I believe you eat entirely too much rich food, and especially too much meat. I wish you would change your diet and use Grape-Nuts.' I laughed heartily and said, 'I see you have been reading the newspapers, too.' 'Yes,' she replied, 'and I have become a convert, for my husband, who you know, is busy in the office all day, and whose nervous system was completely run down, has got so well and hearty by giving up the heavy meat breakfast and living on a diet of cooked turkey, Grape-Nuts and cream and Postum Food Coffee for breakfast. He is a new man and not been near a physician for two months.'"

"I did not wonder that she was enthusiastic, so I began that evening to use Grape-Nuts, eating nothing else for my 7 o'clock supper. I felt entirely satisfied and rested better that night than I had for months.

"The family all laughed at me but the next morning I ate my Grape-Nuts and cream, some steamed fruit and a cup of Postum Food Coffee. That day I felt amiable with myself and the whole world at large, and my feelings were so good and comfortable that I concluded to keep on with my new food.