

INSISTS ON A DEPARTMENT

Mining Congress Formally Asks for a Representative in the President's Cabinet.

Shaw Throws Cold Water Upon It—Morgan's Letter on Gold and Silver.

Lead, S. D., Sept. 12.—The adoption of a constitution and by-laws, the adoption of a resolution asking the United States congress to pass a law for the establishment of a department of mines and mining with a representative in the president's cabinet, and the reading of a letter from Senator Morgan of Alabama, in response to an invitation from Secretary Mahon to attend and address the congress, were among the things done at yesterday's meeting of the American Mining congress.

It developed yesterday that the Oregon delegation is not a unit on the matter of holding next year's session of the mining congress at Portland. This became apparent when Colonel Frank V. Benow of Portland asked the congress to adopt a resolution to the effect that it is the sense of the American congress that, in recognition of the enormous benefits that have accrued to the mining industry of the country from the consummation of the Lewis and Clark expedition in 1805, these states should contribute in every way possible to the success of the centennial celebration of the Lewis and Clark expedition to be held in Portland for its annual session in 1905.

The resolution was referred to a committee which reported it favorably, the clause referring to 1905 being stricken out, and it was adopted.

Immediately following the presentation of Colonel Drake's resolution, Thomas King of Portland rose and read a telegram from the secretary of the Oregon State Miners' association, asking that Portland be selected as the meeting place for 1904.

Other Resolutions.

Among the resolutions favorably reported and adopted, in addition to the one concerning a department of mines and mining, were:

Relating to the collection of mineral statistics and asking that the work remain in the hands of the United States geological survey; asking for the aid of the government in the establishment of good roads; condemning the subversion of the timber and stone act; approving the purchase by the government of silver in the open market and co-operation with the committee appointed by the Mexican and other governments with relation to fixing the ratio in silver and gold; protesting against any legislation tending further to restrict the use of silver as real money or depress its value on the market.

A resolution was submitted asking congress to petition Andrew Carnegie to build and endow a suitable and permanent building at Washington, or any other city in the country for the collection and benefit of the mining interests of America.

Among the papers read yesterday afternoon were: Dr. Stephen de Homberg of St. Louis on "Metallic Minerals as a Commercial Means of Transportation"; C. O. Bartlett of Cleveland on "The Mechanical Drying of Clay, Peat, Coal, etc."

Shaw Opposes It.

When Secretary Shaw led Deadwood he expressed himself as opposed to a bureau of mining.

"I do not want the mining men to think," he said, "that the government is not interested in mining or will not do everything possible for it except in a paternal way, but I do not think a special department is at all necessary."

Letter from Senator Morgan.

A letter from United States Senator John T. Morgan of Alabama was read, being in part as follows:

No nation has openly attempted to destroy the precious quality of silver as gold, and those who will ever do so effectively. They will cut off all opposition and destroy it, while they will secure the market of silver to deprive either gold or silver of its precious quality as a money metal.

It is equally depriving to the law or equal personal rights and privileges accorded to all men—the right to exist, and the right to the pursuit of happiness—that we should so legislate and so discriminate as to make silver the property of a few, and deprive the money of those who live on the labor of others, instead of living by the labor of their own hands.

This is done when the coinage laws and the legal tender laws discriminate against silver as a money metal.

Our laws make these discriminations by refusing to give silver the same legal tender power of money, and by limiting the legal tender power of silver coins.

Whatever privilege of coinage is given to one metal should be given to the other; and the rule should be the same and not different as to the legal tender power of gold and silver coins.

It is the constitutional right of congress to provide for the coinage of money and regulate its value as between these metals; but it is not within the constitutional authority to destroy the value of either by legislation.

Congress can fix the relative value of the coins of either metal according to weight and fineness, but when the value is fixed, it cannot change the value of a gold dollar or a silver dollar by discriminating between them as to their purchasing power, under the influence of legal tender laws that lessen their coin below the value stamped on its face.

We make these discriminations against silver.

both in our coinage regulations and in our legal tender laws, and we thereby discriminate against silver and destroy its precious quality as a money metal.

We do by indirect means what no nation dares to do by open and repressive legislation at the peril of the safety of its government.

The laws should be changed, and the peace and friendship between gold and silver should be restored to the condition that existed during the first half century of our national life.

Change of System Necessary.

We cannot change by our laws the money systems of foreign countries, and, while we could do much in that direction to give strength to silver—the American metal—we have no higher duties than to take care of our people in their home work by securing the best all the benefits of the silver and gold that are so richly stored in our mines.

To do this we must change the basis of our present system of finance and national banking so that our capital shall consist of gold and silver, actually accumulated, instead of resting it solely upon our national credit, based on the power of taxation, with pledges of national faith to provide the gold, or the gold and silver, to redeem our obligations on demand or when they shall be due.

We must change our currency system from a credit basis to a specie basis of national banking if we would make it just to all classes and independent of the power of monopolistic combinations.

Our system of banking is constitutional, and it is convenient and secure in that it provides for money or bullion, but credit, whereas it is greatly defective. This credit depends upon our power to redeem our promises in coin to be hereafter borrowed or collected, under laws of taxation. This system is false and unjust to the living, and it is still more unjust to our posterity.

Our laws discredit both gold and silver as the basis of all banking by prohibiting issues of paper money by private and state banks, and by refusing charters to national banks on any basis except that of national bonds.

This is a new departure in finance that no other nation has ventured upon. No other great nation has seemed willing to inflict almost universal bankruptcy on their people if the exigencies to which they are exposed cause their credit to sink below par.

Gold and Silver Foundation.

If we place gold and silver, as the foundation of our currency, in national banks controlled by our government, and pledge the faith of the government to the redemption of the issues of the banks in gold and silver coins at the option of the holder, these depositories, instead of being raided and depleted by speculators in coin and closed by panics created for the purpose, will be filled with the gold and silver of our country, and will put capital at work for the benefit of the people.

Such a system, with balances of foreign trade in our favor, will cause a steady and immeasurable increase in wealth in which every citizen should have a full share that is due to honest industry.

The battles of "the standards" will cease, and the strife between private and state banks will cease to trouble and the purchasing power and the debt-paying power of the metals will all be restored by the issue of the currency they represent and support, and in all these functions they will work together for the good of the country.

credit basis, to a cash basis, using the precious metals as a foundation and the credit of the government to insure its integrity, we will forever close the door upon the bickerings that cause distrust, antagonism and panics in our financial affairs.

THEY DOUBT IT

Foreign Steel Men Are Not Yet Near an Agreement.

London, Sept. 12.—Inquiry made at the European offices of the United States Steel corporation to-day revealed the fact that no serious importance is attached to the statement made by the Brussels correspondent of the London Daily Telegraph that negotiations are in progress between representatives of the large steel works in Germany, Belgium and France for the formation of a European steel corporation.

The Associated Press is informed that so far as known the continental manufacturers are no nearer a combination than when the idea was first mooted about a year ago. It is pointed out, however, that the prices of steel on the continent are kept extraordinarily low, which will facilitate the efforts to effect a combination, though it is doubted whether the vastly differing interests and methods of the various countries concerned could ever be united under one organization.

IGAR WAR ENDS

Big New York Combine Sells Out to Its Rival.

New York, Sept. 12.—Twenty-eight tobacco shops in this city, owned by the Independent Cigar Stores company, are being sold to the United Cigar Stores company, thus bringing to an end the two combinations to which more than half a million dollars was paid.

For nearly two years the retail cigar dealers have been waging bitter warfare against the United Cigar Stores company. About a year ago the Independent Cigar Stores company was reorganized and twenty-eight stores were opened in New York. A fierce price cutting war has been waged, but the sale of the entire chain to the United company will end the conflict.

FOREIGN FLASHES

Berlin—Two workhouse directors and a policeman have been sentenced to prison for cruelty to prisoners.

Berlin—A child, believed to have existed 400 years, has been discovered in a chest near Cassel.

Vienna—Reports from Serbia seem to indicate that the army will be sent to the army if the regulations are not published or expelled.

St. Petersburg—Count Tolstoy spent his seventieth birthday in strict privacy among his children at Tula. He was in the best of health.

Dayton's Daylight Store Rarest Bargains READY AT 9 O'CLOCK

First Monday Sale of Silks

A Memorable Monday—7,450 yards of the choicest, swellest and most seasonable silks will be spread before you; the entire length of our commodious Silk Place will be a shimmering sea; Monday will be the first of the every Monday silk sales that we have been planning and searching the markets for during the past three months:

—Silks at less than cost of weaving
—Silks at less than the cost of the raw silk
—Silks at

39c 59c 69c 89c a Yard. Worth 75c to \$3.00 a yard.

And These Unusual Bargains, Also 5,000 Manufacturers' Silk Samples

Black and Colored Taffeta—125 pieces in every new and staple shade, also ivory, cream, and black; a color card with nearly three hundred different shades; the 75c quality, recommended to wear; 59c Monday only, at...

THE CHINKS GOT AWAY ANNULS THEIR CHARTER ISLANDS ARE PROSPEROUS

Were to Be Deported, but They Succeeded in Making Their Escape.

San Francisco, Sept. 12.—A bold attempt has just been discovered to defraud the government by shipping back to China on the steamer Gaelic six impostors in place of six Chinese who were ordered deported by United States District Judge De Haven. One arrest has been made in the case, and others will follow shortly.

Sam Parks' Union Is Expelled by President of the National Organization.

New York, Sept. 12.—Frank Buchanan and John W. Johnston, respectively president and secretary of the International Association of Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, had a personal encounter yesterday afternoon. Johnston is also a member of Local No. 2 of the House-smiths' and Bridgemen's union and is a follower of Sam Parks. Buchanan has been trying to bring about peace and has called off certain out-of-town strikes ordered by Johnston.

Customs Receipts in the Philippines Have Increased Steadily Since American Occupation.

Washington, Sept. 12.—The bureau of insular affairs of the war department has prepared for publication a comparative statement showing the customs revenues in the Philippine archipelago for the first five months of 1903, as compared with the same period in previous years. For the five months ended May 31, 1903, the customs revenues were \$3,759,833; for the same period in 1902, \$2,539,866.

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Home-seekers' Excursions

Via Chicago Great Western railway to points south, southwest, west, at one fare plus \$2 for the round trip, on Sept. 1 and 15. Free reclining chair cars, dining and cafe cars on which you pay only for what you order, on all trains.

Tregendet Cleans Your Silverware.

No abrasion, no polishing. No work. New discovery. Write us. Will demonstrate free. Tregendet Chemical company, Box 44, Minneapolis.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

Low Rates to New York and Boston.

The North-Western line will sell round trip tickets to New York and Boston, Sept. 15 and 19 inclusive at following rates:

Clothes don't make the man, and yet what man is at his best when poorly dressed?

For exclusive patterns and stylish work, see Nicholson Bros., 708 Nicollet Ave.

32.90 TO CALIFORNIA OR ARIZONA

If you contemplate a trip to California or Arizona, why not take advantage of the low rates, \$15.00 less than usual, at which we will sell tickets on September 15th to November 30th, inclusive. We offer unequalled service to the Missouri River and choice of the best transcontinental lines west thereof.

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MOSQUITO BITES

Do They Poison You? Zema-Cura Brings Instant Relief and Kills the Disease Germs.

Scientists have demonstrated that mosquitoes are a menace to health, in that they carry and spread disease. Yellow fever, typhoid fever, and other deadly illnesses are transmitted by the summer pest.

The irritation and pain of mosquito bites is instantly relieved, and the disease germs are killed by an application of ZEMA-CURA.

Keep a bottle of ZEMA-CURA in the house and during mosquito time use it freely.

ZEMA-CURA is invaluable in summer time. It instantly allays the itching caused by poison ivy or insect bites of any kind, and cures heat rash and other torturing skin diseases prevalent in hot weather.

ZEMA-CURA LIQUID APPLIED EXTERNALLY, has none of the disagreeable features of a salve or ointment. It is the only CURE of skin diseases yet discovered. ZEMA-CURA will positively cure Eczema, Acne, Itch, Herpes, Dry scaples, Urticaria (Nettle Rash), Barber's Itch, Mosquito Bites, Blackheads, Pimples and Blisters on the face, Hives, Burns, Cuts, or any itching condition of the skin or scalp.

ZEMA-CURA is sold under a positive guaranty to cure or money refunded. Buy a bottle, and if it is not satisfactory, return the empty bottle to the druggist and he will promptly give you your money back.

The genuine ZEMA-CURA remedies are sold by DR. H. H. NELSON, Washington, D. C., and First Avenue S.; A. B. Hermann, corner Second Avenue and Fourth Street S.; Gamble & Ludwig, Third Street and Hennepin Avenue, where a 32-page booklet on the treatment of SKIN DISEASES may be had free.

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