

also been laid off. It is uncertain when they will come down for the reason that the district has been quarantined on account of a smallpox epidemic. The first news of this was brought down on the Minnie M. by the fact of the Hudson Bay post at the harbor. No deaths have yet resulted. The residents of the infected locality will be well cared for.

Plenty of Work.
A bunch of men expected in on the Algona Central train last evening, but there were not to exceed a dozen passengers on the train. There were no lumbermen. The only employes still at the camp. They have from six weeks to two months' wages due. If they do come in and the company is unable to pay them, the men will probably camp near the Soo. Notices are posted for woodmen and railway construction workmen, and 1,500 can secure transportation and immediate work. Nobody who wants to work will suffer hardship.

Just waiting, that's all. is what the Canadian business men say regarding the situation. Most of them express confidence that the big works will be running again this fall. Nearly all are prepared for a different situation.

Fear the Steel Trust.
It is reported that a representative of the steel trust has been here looking over the plants of the Consolidated company, but it has been impossible to find out who he is. The rumor causes some alarm, it being feared that if the plants fall into the hands of the trusts they will be closed for all time.

J. M. Schimer of Pittsburgh is here in the interests of the minority stockholders, and has given the plants a thorough examination, especially the steel plant, in which he is particularly interested.

He says the plant is the most perfectly equipped in the country and that there is no reason why it should not be run at a profit.

Gold, But None for the Miners.
Among those arriving from Michipicoten last evening was Captain Bricker, superintendent of the Gracie gold mine. He brought with him gold bricks valued at several thousand dollars, which were turned over to the Consolidated Lake Superior company, the owner of the property.

Patterson endeavored to make arrangements whereby the assignment of gold could be converted to the benefit of the miners, but without avail. He then made a proposition to operate the property thirty days, agreeing to pay the indebtedness of the mine together with all wages due the employees without any cost to the company. This was refused, as no permission could be granted by the company.

RECEIVER APPOINTED
He is expected to arrange for paying the employees.

Philadelphia, Sept. 25.—Announcement was made here to-day that at the instance of Speyer & Co. of New York, the Canadian court had appointed B. F. Frackenthal, Jr., president of the Thomson Iron company of Easton, Pa., receiver of the Canadian subsidiary plant of the Consolidated company.

FIRE IS RAGING
"The Island" at Toronto Covered With Flame, Many Buildings Must Go.

Toronto, Sept. 25.—Fire is raging on the island. The docks, ticket office and Hotel Iltan are in flames with every appearance of being destroyed.

A SHAME
To Poison Children.

"I have made coffee during the seventeen years I have kept house on an average of at least once a day until we gave it up altogether. My husband was often forced to leave off drinking it for several weeks at a time owing to severe pains in his heart which he declared were caused by coffee."

"I had a bad stomach trouble, my appetite was poor, and what food I ate did not digest and I had no strength. I also had bad nervous trouble and suffered much from headaches and a feeling of suffocation and faintness. We have four children and all were very fond of coffee and drank it every morning, seldom eating much breakfast. They were pale and often complained of feeling faint and dizzy and one daughter had indigestion badly. My husband's father, who lives with us, was badly bloated and sometimes said, 'I believe coffee hurts me.' But after trying for several days to get along without it the habit of a lifetime proved too strong and he would call for a cup of coffee."

JAIL STORMED AND NEGRO SHOT

Sheriff Fired Into the Mob, Wounding an Unknown Man—Others Arrested Later.

The Rioters Persist, However, and Go to Negro's Cell, Shooting Him to Death.

Lynchburg, Tenn., Sept. 25.—Sheriff R. Davidson, in attempting to save the life of a negro, early this morning, fired into a mob storming the jail, wounding a man whose name is unknown. The sheriff summoned assistance, but he and his aides were overpowered, the jail was entered and the much-wanted negro, Allen Small, shot to death in the corridor.

The mob was composed of about twenty-five persons. Sheriff Davidson was alone. He refused to give up the keys and opened fire from a window.

The sheriff then called for the police. Two officers and several citizens rushed to the jail, but in the presence of the mob battered down the wooden door at the foot of the stairs leading to the corridor. The sheriff and posse made a determined resistance, but were unable to prevent the mob from breaking in the iron door at the head of the stairs and entering the cell occupied by the negro, about whose neck they placed a rope. As soon as the men emerged from the cell it became apparent that the negro could not be taken from the jail without danger, and he was shot to death.

The mob then made an effort to escape, but the sheriff and his guard captured three, who are in jail. One of the negro had waived examination and was awaiting the action of the grand jury.

Berlin—Queen Wilhelmina of Holland and her husband have arrived at Castle Babelsberg, near Schwerin, for a vacation.

MILLERS HIRE MEN "FOR STEADY WORK"

ers and packers choose to go back to work.

"We have everything to lose and nothing to gain," said a member of the millers' and packers' union at the sixth avenue hotel this morning. "We were perfectly satisfied with our treatment at the mills, but we think that the loaders, who do so much hard manual labor, should get off with eight hours, at \$2 a day."

"Now that we are in this thing, we must see it through to the end," said the speaker. "If I were a single man I would have jumped the town within twelve hours after the strike was declared, but I'm married and I've got to stick. I've never started a winter yet."

The strikers are taking considerable comfort in the fact that there has been for a long time a scarcity of millers and packers, that it is a trade which cannot be readily learned and that there are no apprentices to take the places of the strikers.

Paying Men on the Street.
Instead of going down to the mills to get their checks, the employees now on strike have received ample evidence that the mill actually runs on the street. When they posted notices that no striker need apply for his job after the strike is over, cashiers and foremen have been meeting the employees on the street crossing all day and paying them as soon as they could by means of a check.

In spite of this President John M. Finley of the International Union of Flour and Cereal Mill Employees is optimistic. "They are just trying us out," he said this morning. "The millers have no idea how well we are organized and are just trying to find out. When they learn how solid we are they will change their tune and their attitude."

JETT TO HANG DECEMBER 18

Court Fixes a Day for Execution of the Notorious Kentucky Fendist.

Cynthiana, Ky., Sept. 25.—Curtis Jett was brought to court today, where Judge Osborne decreed that he be hanged "between sunrise and sunset, Dec. 18, for killing James Cockrell at Jackson, Ky., June 22, 1902. Judge Stanton, prosecutor for Jett, replied: "Well, judge, there will be many sunrises and sunsets before he has been hanged."

GRAIN GOES THRU CANADA

Ships Are Rotting at Buffalo and Shipping Shows a Steady Decline.

Special to The Journal.
Buffalo, Sept. 25.—The Times says: Buffalo's grain traffic is slipping away from her and going to Canada. For many years one of the chief industries at this port has been the trans-shipment of grain. The grain business built up Buffalo and was responsible for the construction of half a hundred elevators. The grain business gave employment to thousands of men on the docks.

For the last five or six years all this has been decreasing. Five or six years ago there were 240,000,000 bushels of grain unloaded here, but since that year the receipts have been gradually getting smaller and when the returns for the present season are all in, they will show a record far worse than 1902. Hundreds of boats are rotting in the Erie canal and many have been allowed to sink.

SAYS U. S. SENATE HAS BEEN BRIBED

(Continued from First Page.)
In the ratification of the proposed treaty with Colombia, the president should use discretion and not be carried out by words, the gray wolves in sheep's clothing, who had nothing to sell but a few pots and pans, and a lawbreaker's license, who are conspiring to get the power of the transcontinental railroads, equally opposed to every and any canal project.

Colombia Wants Share.
Who could foresee that the thieves in Bogota, getting a whiff of the stealing from Washington, would contrive that before the delivery of the goods, twenty million dollars should be paid to them? But, so it came to pass. The president, in the power of Colombia, has been obliged to pay the Colombian government twenty million dollars to secure their rear and to save their bacon among the people in case the Bogota thieves should get away. And what do we see?

Why, we see appeals for delay, urgings for a new treaty, plans for a Colombian revolution and learned how to do anything, everything, to make good the twenty millions to the thieves in France and the twenty millions to the thieves in America. This is the policy of the Spooner act. Of course, if these also, the twenty additional millions for the Bogota thieves must be made good also, and will be inserted in the next treaty.

If the president harkens to the clamor and wailing of the thieves, the president is personally corrupt, but if he goes to the stealing coming to him, but it will mean that the power behind the scenes is like the power of the transcontinental railroads in Delaware, too great for him, his nomination and election—to resist it.

Nicaragua's Advantages.
Panama has some engineering advantages over Nicaragua, but all other advantages, and there are overwhelming, are with Nicaragua. Nearly the whole of the Nicaragua route thru the San Juan river and the lake system is a friendly, safe, and quick route to the Gulf of Mexico and the Caribbean sea from the cotton states of the south—Florida, Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana and Texas. The route is a friendly, healthy, fruitful region, destined to be Americanized and to become, as Texas has become, a state or territory of the American union, not a small of a job anywhere.

UP TO THE PRESIDENT
Central American Republics Are Ready to Grant Treaty.
Washington, Sept. 25.—If President Roosevelt gives the word the state department can conclude the Nicaragua canal treaty within a week. Diplomatic representatives of Nicaragua and Costa Rica are ready to grant to the United States a skeleton of the Nicaragua treaty has already been drawn. Only a day or two will be required to grant to them a treaty for signature. Senator Cullum, minister for Costa Rica, called upon Acting Secretary Adee of the state department yesterday and learned that no proposition had been refused from Colombia which was sufficiently definite to enable anyone to say what concessions the United States would be prepared to grant to them in construction of the Panama canal. Senator Cullum made no proposition.

VIEWED IT CALMLY
Colombians Almost Gloomed Over Death Struggles of Treaty.
Bogota, Colombia, Sept. 25.—Indifference was manifest in congress today over the death of the Hay-Herran canal treaty. Although the period for the ratification of the treaty was to expire at midnight of the 23d, the speeches delivered on the subject were mild and referred more to the possibility of a new treaty than to the fate of the present one.

The commission appointed by the senate to prepare the Nicaragua canal treaty, which work, but it is not known when its report will be presented.

IRON WORKERS HAVE MERRYROW

President Buchanan Finally Adjourns the Convention to Prevent a Free Fight.

Rumpus Occurred Over Charge of Forgery Made Against a Buchanan Delegate.

Kansas City, Mo., Sept. 25.—President Buchanan shortly before noon to-day adjourned the annual convention of the International Association of Bridge and Structural Iron Workers in order to prevent a serious fight and probably a split over the seating of Daniel Brophy, a Buchanan supporter from a Scranton, Pa., local. The session was behind closed doors.

A fight had been made on Brophy yesterday by the large crowd and although he was seated, President Buchanan ruled to prevent endless debate, that any one wishing to make a protest against any of the delegates might do so in writing. Such a protest against Brophy, declaring him to be a "scab," was presented just before adjournment last evening and became the first business of the convention to-day.

Felt for His Revolver.
A threatening move was made at the doors of the hall by a man who carried out a revolver. He moved as if to draw his revolver, it is said, and declared he would shoot the first man to interfere. Soon after the doors had been closed the protest against the seating of Brophy had been brought up, a member of the Parks delegation made the sensational declaration that the secretary had declared Brophy had been forged, that it had originally been the name of J. Reed, which had been changed to Brophy.

Instantly there was an uproar and charges and countercharges of fraud being made on all sides. When the scene broke up the delegates adjourned to the hall. President Buchanan summarily declared the gathering adjourned without delay.

After the delegates had left the hall Parks and his followers held a conference on the sidewalk. "Our men," declared Parks with emphasis, "will not attend the convention with Brophy, and if the convention insists upon seating him we will return to New York."

Delegate Brophy's home is in Montreal.

ISSUES AN ULTIMATUM

Bulgaria Said to Have Demanded Withdrawal of Turkish Troops From Frontier.

The Porte Asks the United States to Withdraw Its Warships From Beirut.

Constantinople, Sept. 25.—The porte has expressed a wish for the withdrawal of the American warships now on Beirut, so that the settlement of questions pending between the United States and Turkey can be proceeded with.

It is thought here that the United States will not consent to withdraw her ships. Minister Leshman has arranged for a conference with the foreign minister, Tewfik Pasha, to-day. Official circles to-day take a calmer view of the Balkan situation and advise from Bulgaria point to a relaxation of the tension.

Preparations Going On.
Regardless of the efforts of the powers to hold Bulgaria and Turkey in check and the nullification of reforms in Macedonia, unceasing preparations for war continue here.

All hope of good results from the Turkish promises of reform has long since disappeared and the feeling is growing that war is the sole solution to the Macedonian problem. The only question being whether it will come this autumn or be postponed until spring.

Preparations for the mobilization of the Bulgarian army have been carried out with singular completeness as to detail and a declaration of war will find the Bulgarians sufficiently prepared. The equipment for the army is ready, large quantities of ammunition are on hand and the stocks of general supplies are remarkably comprehensive. The appearance of the troops has attracted the details and their soldierly qualities are a revelation to foreigners. The officers are fully equipped for their profession and the men willingly undergo hard drill daily.

TO HELP AUSTRIA
Germany Said to Be Pledged in Event of Revolution.
New York Sun Special Service.
London, Sept. 25.—A dispatch from Berlin to the Daily Mail says that as a result of the recent visit of Emperor William and Chancellor von Bulow to Vienna, Germany has undertaken to assist Austria with troops should the latter country be compelled to intervene with armed troops in Macedonia at the same time that she will be called on to suppress a revolution in Hungary.

**GOOD FIGHTING
IN HAWKEYEDOM**
(Continued from First Page.)
trolling these. Should he get the four, they would make the delegation fourteen to twelve in Cummins' favor. But here comes in Allison again.

Making No Pledges.
The senior senator will give no pledges to either side in his choices. He will be put on without any such exactions. If, then, he should side with the "stand-patters," the delegation would be a tie—sixteen to sixteen. Should he go with the Cummins element it would give that side control. What will he do? Every student of politics in the state is asking that question.

The congressional districts claimed for Cummins are the second, fourth, seventh, eighth, eleventh and twelfth. The first, third, fifth, sixth and ninth.

The Cummins men are practically certain of the five "credited to them"; in addition they have a fighting show in either the third, sixth or ninth. But in all the fights of the last five years the Cummins following has never yet landed one vote in the hands of the "stand-patters."

LONG FIGHT ENDED
Light Company Comes to the Terms of Mankato Citizens.
Special to The Journal.
Mankato, Minn., Sept. 25.—The city council last evening brought the lighting discussion, that for years has been a bone of contention among citizens to a close by awarding the street lighting contract to the Mankato Electric Light company for a term of ten years.

The prices are considered to be very low, being \$46 a year for one hundred or more lights of 2,000 candle power, moonlight shade, and \$19 for fifty or more 32-candle power incandescents. The price of the company also agreed to reduce the price of the street lighting from seven to nine cents a thousand watts and gas to \$1.25 and \$1.35. It also agrees that the city shall have the right to purchase the plant, it will surrender its lighting contract, and whenever a street railway is built it will turn over its contract to the street car company. Thus every objection of the opponents of the long-time contract was met.

BOILER BLEW UP
One Thresher Killed and Five Others Injured in South Dakota.
Special to The Journal.
Webster, S. D., Sept. 25.—Word has been received that a threshing engine, working just outside of the town of Bradley, yesterday, killing Martin Peterson, who was operating the rig, and seriously injuring



Our clothing is the most perfectly constructed of all ready-to-wear clothing. It is made by the best skilled tailors in our own great building—Cooper Square, New York City, and under the personal supervision of one of the most expert fashion designers in America.

All the points of excellence that mark the productions of the best custom tailors are to be found in the clothing we make.

The same style, service and satisfaction, and at a saving of from one-third to one-half.

Men's New Fall Suits \$12 to \$30

Browning-King & Co.

C. J. GUTGESSELL
Manager.

415 to 419 Nicollet Ave.

\$8 TO CHICAGO AND RETURN

Tickets on sale September 25, 26, 27, 28. Return Limit October 5th.

This date is good on the "Great Western Limited," the New 12½-hour Train, also on the two other fast trains.

L. C. RAINS,
General Agent,
Corner Nicollet Av. and Fifth St.,
MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

THE OPENING DAY
CONTRACTOR AT WORK AGAIN

About Two Hundred Delegates Attending the State W. C. T. U. Convention at Winona.

Annual Address of President and Reports of Officers the Features To-day.

From a Staff Correspondent.
Winona, Minn., Sept. 25.—This annual convention of the Minnesota W. C. T. U. opened this morning in the Central Methodist church. At the executive committee meetings last night and this morning was voted to continue the state paper, the White Ribbon, under the present editorship of Mrs. Julia B. Nelson.

All superintendents of districts were re-elected and vacancies were filled by the choice of Mrs. Lola McCluer of Stillwater for penal and reformatory work and Mrs. Josephine Prinnell for the department of legislative work and enforcement of law.

The convention was opened with a consecration service led by Mrs. Scovell, the president, who was in the chair. The roll call showed all the officers present and a large number of delegates.

Mrs. Belle M. Weaver, recording secretary, made her report, outlining the activities of the year. Reports were also made by Mrs. Kate Kercher, German work; purity in literature and art; Mrs. E. A. Russell; purity and mothers' meetings; Mrs. Margaret Dinsmore; literature and Union Signal; Mrs. Ella F. Hendrix; the evangelist; service was led by Mrs. Abbie B. Church.

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NATURE'S OWN CURE.
Hymel Cures Catarrh Without Dangerous Drugging of the Stomach.

Not until Hymel was discovered has it been possible to truthfully say that a remedy for catarrh was known.

This remedy is breathed through the Hymel inhaler or a few minutes four times a day, and during that time every particle of air taken into the air passages and lungs is impregnated with the germ killing and healing giving Hymel. It is the only treatment that cures catarrh.

Stomach drugging often causes disordered digestion or brings on some other disease and never makes a permanent cure of catarrh. Hymel not only kills the germs in the throat and nose, but penetrates to the minutest cells in the throat killing and healing giving Hymel, it frees the mucous membrane from poisonous microbes and gives perfect health.

A complete outfit costs but \$1, and includes an inhaler, dropper and sufficient Hymel for several weeks' treatment.

Yoselig Bros., corner Hennepin and Washington aves., have so much faith in the merit of Hymel that they agree to return the money to any purchaser who may be dissatisfied.

A Shoe Bargain

For every member of the family at the Home Trade Store.

They are taken from our regular stock and reduced in price for this one day, merely to gain a few new customers as well as to please our regular patrons. Come and trade with us tomorrow.

For the Ladies	For the Girls
We offer tomorrow a \$2.50 Goodyear welt lace shoe, with patent tips and military heels, in regular sizes, at pair..... \$1.85	We offer tomorrow our line of Box Calf \$1.25 school shoes, in all sizes, at pair..... 98c
For the Men	For Little Gents
We will offer a \$3.00 Velour Calf Goodyear welt lace shoe, in a popular shape and sizes 6 to 10, at pair..... \$1.98	We offer tomorrow our line of \$1.25 Box Calf \$1.25 school shoes, with low heels, sizes 9 to 12½, at pair..... 98c
For the Young Ladies	For the Boys
Who wear ladies' sizes, 2½ to 6, we offer this fine Box Calf shoe, in all sizes, at pair..... \$1.25	We will give you choice of our \$1.48 Kangaroo Calf school shoes, or our \$2.00 Calf Enamel dress shoes, in all sizes, at pair..... \$1.10
For the Babies	For Children
We will offer a 50c line of fancy velvet soft sole shoes with buckles, in all sizes, at pair..... 25c	Wearing sizes 5 to 8, we offer our 76c line of Kid lace, with patent tips, at pair..... 55c

Home Trade Shoe Store
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Defective Page