MAY RUN AGAIN FOR CONGRESS

REPUBLICANS READY TO MAKE HENDERSON THEIR LEADER.

Old Feeling Is Dying Out and He Will Return to Dubuque to Reside—Rumors Also Connect Him with a Seat in the Senate When Allison Retires.

Special to The Journal.

Dubuque, Iowa, Dec. 16.—It is understood that an effort will be made by the republican leaders of the third district to have Colonel Henderson, who is spending the holidays in this city, run for congress two years hence. The colonel says it is his purpose to come to Dubuque to reside permanently in the near future, and his intimate friends here interpret this to mean that he can be induced to represent the district in congress again.

He denies the gossip relative to his United States senatorial aspirations, to succeed William B. Allison when the latter steps out, altho the fact that he intends to take up his residence in Dubuque again lends color to these rumors.

There is not the least doubt of the nomination and election of Colonel Henderson should he again aspire to congressional honors, as the feeling that was engendered against him has subsided.

MUST PAY FOR OUTRAGES

LOUISIANA SUPREME COURT INFLICTS HEAVY PENALTY ON WHITECAPS—SUFFERERS GET DAMAGES.

New Orleans, Dec. 16.—A number of business houses were recently burned in Dodson, and there were threats that the entire town would be destroyed. Peter Warner, Rube Brown and Ed Warner were suspected of being implicated in the fires. A committee decided to punish the suspected men. It was divided into three branches, each of which was authorized to punish one of the three suspects. They were taken to a lonely place in the woods, beaten, abused, maltreated and hanged until unconscious. Confessions were extorted from them, and they were ordered to leave the town.

The jury in the district court awarded a verdict of $500 damages to each of the victims and the Louisiana supreme court yesterday increased the amount to $5,000 each.

What particularly incensed the supreme court was the fact that the grand jury of Winn parish was investigating the fire when the outrages were committed. The whitecappers not only refused to wait its action, but actually prevented witnesses who were summoned by the grand jury from going before the body, taking the law entirely into their own hands.

MATINEE GIRLS ROB SCHOOLS

Had a List of Places to Be Looted in Their Possession.

Washington, Dec. 16.—Celia Gilson and Fannie Lewis, mere school girls, 16 and 18 years old, were arrested here last night on the charge of systematic robbery of schoolhouses.

Both girls are from New York, the Gilson girl giving her address as 14 East One Hundred and Fourteenth street and the Lewis girl as 180 East One Hundred and First street. The girls were arrested as they came from the matinee at a local theater.

On the girls when arrested was found a list of all the schools in the city, with a schedule as to when they were to be visited. The money lost so far reported here amounts to about $50, but the girls confessed to a similar procedure in New York, in which they robbed no less than 100 schools.

CRUELTY IN THE ARMY

German Emperor Issues Orders Designed to Stamp It Out.

New York Sun Special Service.

Berlin, Dec. 16.—It is stated that the constantly increasing instances of cruelty in the army have induced Emperor William to order that the officers of the guard corps shall periodically make a thoro inspection of the men naked to find wounds or bruises. If injuries are found the officers must ascertain how they were caused, and must report cases of ill-treatment. Eventually the order will be extended to the whole army.

A corporal has been sentenced to five years' imprisonment at Rendsburg, he having been charged with having committed 1,600 incredible brutalities upon men inferior to him in rank. An officer at Metz is being tried by a court-martial on similar charges, there being 1,000 complaints against him.

BOSTON DEMOCRATS WIN

Republican Vote in Municipal Contest Falls Off One-third.

Boston, Dec. 16.—Mayor Patrick Collins, democrat, was yesterday re-elected by 27,000 plurality, the largest ever given a mayoralty candidate in the history of the city. The board of aldermen next year will be solidly democratic and that party will have a large majority in the common council. The city, as usual, favored licensed liquor selling by a large majority.

The election to-day was notable for the republican apathy, the vote for the candidate for mayor, George H. Swallow, falling off more than 33 per cent from that given the party candidate two years ago, while it ran nearly 20 per cent behind the vote of Governor Bates at the state election last month.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

No Appetite

Means loss of vitality, vigor or tone, and is often a precursor of prostrating sickness. This is why it is serious. The best thing you can do is to take the great alterative and tonic

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Which has cured thousands.

WARRANTED RAZORS, KNIVES, SCISSORS, and CARVING KNIVES

All Warranted Cutlery at less prices than others ask for common goods. Silverware, Skates, Chafing Dishes, Steel Ranges, Sewing machines, all kinds of Furniture, Easy Chairs, Couches, Writing Desks, etc. IN FACT WE SELL everything suitable for holiday presents.

Don't fail to see us before buying your Xmas presents. OUR FREE CATALOG "C" shows RANGES and an endless variety of HEATING STOVES which we make in the largest foundry in the world and sell at about one-half the price charged by others. OUR FREE CUTLERY CATALOG for cut prices on cutlery. OUR FREE HOLIDAY and MUSICAL CATALOG gives lowest prices on everything in the toy and musical goods line. Either one or all three of the above catalogs will be sent postpaid to out-of-town customers on receipt of your name and address.

THE T. M. ROBERTS SUPPLY CO., 717-719-721 Nicollet Ave. **Minneapolis, Minn.**

MABEL PARKER, ON TRIAL FOR FORGERY, AND THE TOPS OF HER JURORS' HEADS, SKETCHED BY HERSELF IN COURT.

DETECTIVE A DECEIVER

MABEL PARKER DECLARES SHE SAW THRU PEABODY'S DISGUISE AND TRIED TO DECEIVE HIM.

New York, Dec. 16.—Mabel Parker talked for three hours yesterday to the jury which is trying her for forgery before Judge Cowing in the court of general sessions. Some of the color has gone from her cheeks since her case was begun, but she still keeps her good humor. She gave her name as Mabel Singley and said she was 21 years old. Her maiden name was Mabel Worthington. She never knew her father. When she was 18 months old she was adopted by F. J. Preece of Minneapolis, and his wife.

Mabel said that she married James Parker in 1898. She lived with him until he was arrested and always believed that he made his living as a gambler. When shown the check which she is charged with forging, she swore she did not write the name upon it.

Then she told how Detective Peabody had come to her and had told her that he was a thief who had been locked in the same cell with her husband, Jim Parker, at police headquarters, and that he wanted morphine. She said that she believed the detective, who described himself as "Billy, the Crook," and consented to go with him to police headquarters. She gave the doorman at headquarters $10 when she handed him the morphine package, she said.

She said Peabody told her that if it could be proved Jim did not forge the checks he would be turned loose. Peabody said, according to Mabel:

"I don't believe that Jim forged that check."

"Neither do I," answered Mabel.

"Well," said Peabody, according to Mrs. Parker's testimony, "who did?"

"I did," she replied.

"Why did you say that?" asked Mr. Le Barbier.

"Because I thought it would let Jim out," she replied, "and I knew I could prove I did not do it, and I knew he was a detective."

"Poor Little Dove."

In summing up for the prosecution Assistant District Attorney Train took up the appellation which Le Barbier had given Mrs. Parker as "poor little wounded dove." At such reference, Mrs. Parker blushed deeply and tears came into her eyes as she turned away her head.

LeBarbier has called this girl "poor little wounded dove," said Train. There is no more reason to believe her stories that she did not forge the checks than there is to believe her admissions to Peabody. Her husband, she knew, was a convicted felon, who had served twenty-three months in a place of detention. She knew he was a professional gambler.

CONFIDENT OF ACQUITTAL

Mabel Parker Expresses Belief in Her Acquittal—Worrying About "Jim."

Special to The Journal.

New York, Dec. 16.—Mabel Parker was happy when she awoke in the Tombs cell to-day and is confident that when she again goes to court she will be made a free woman by the jury which has listened to the charges of forgery made against her.

"I'm sure it will be all right to-day," she said, with a smile, as she ate breakfast. "Mr. Le Barbier, my lawyer, has told me the jury will not convict me, and I have perfect trust in him. It's poor Jim who worries me. He must stay here in a cell for a long time, I'm afraid. He is a good husband and I hope Mr. Le Barbier can do as much for him as he has done for me."

TO HUNT FOR THE POLE

CAPTAIN BERNIER, WHO WILL HAVE CANADIAN GOVERNMENTAL BACKING, OUTLINES HIS PLANS.

New York Sun Special Service.

New York, Dec. 16.—"I have been trying to buy the Fram for my expedition to the north pole," said the Arctic explorer, Captain Bernier, to a reporter last night. "The Norwegian government, however, declined to sell the vessel. I am now negotiating for the purchase of the Gauss, in which the Germans have just returned from the Antarctic. I hope to get her, but if I fail, I shall build a vessel that will combine the best points of both ships.

"I have now secured $47,000 and need to raise only $13,000 more to claim the grant with which the Canadian government will help my enterprise. Parliament authorized the government to give me $60,000 as soon as I had raised a similar amount. With the financial feature so nearly assured I think I shall have little difficulty in raising the $13,000 I still need. Then I shall have $120,000, which is all I require.

"You know my purpose is to enter the Arctic ocean thru Bering strait, to get into the ice drift poleward. By entering the ice hundreds of miles east of the point where Nansen entered it, I have every reason to expect, from all the experience that has been gained in that region, that my vessel will drift much further to the north than the Fram carried him. If the drift does not take me across the north pole, I believe my sledge journey to the pole will not be over 100 miles."

"JACKIES" NOT INVITED

Social War Between Marines and Blue Jackets.

New York Sun Special Service.

Philadelphia, Dec. 16.—A social war is raging at League island between the blue jackets and marines stationed there and the matter may eventually reach Admiral Sigsbee. It has been the custom of the marine guard to give a hop to friends at the barracks on Monday afternoons and heretofore the blue jackets and their best girls have participated. Yesterday, however, the marines shut down on this privilege, and the sailor boys were not admitted to the barracks.

The sailors believe the action was due to the manifest preference of the girls to dance with them, and point to the fact that as soon as the decision was made known fifteen of the thirty girls present left the building.

The marines declare it was done because there were only girls for about two-thirds of the men present.

BUTLER NEEDS MONEY

FEVER SCOURGE WILL PROBABLY LAST THRU WINTER—PRACTICALLY WITHOUT FUNDS.

Butler, Pa., Dec. 16.—Typhoid fever claimed three more victims here yesterday, making a total of sixty. There were five new cases reported. The relief committee has issued the following statement:

The number of typhoid fever cases in November was 1,123. The number of deaths from typhoid fever was 20. New cases up to Dec. 13, 114. Number of deaths to Dec. 13, 26. Total number of cases to Dec. 13, 1,254. Total number of deaths to Dec. 13, 51.

For the past week the average of new cases has been 12 per day. The population of Butler and Lyndora, adjoining, is 18,000. A conservative estimate of those dependent upon daily wages is 14,000. Typhoid experts and eminent physicians, who have had large experience in epidemics of this character, insist that we are confronted with a siege that in all human probability will continue to a greater or less degree for a period of from two to three months from this date, and that it will involve an expenditure of from $75,000 to $100,000 before the scourge will be completely eradicated and the normal condition of our community restored.

The present contributions aggregate $25,000; our records show that up to date there has been expended for general relief purposes $18,000, in a period of fourteen days, leaving a balance of $7,000, which will be exhausted within a period of one week.

The extensive sanitary work made necessary by the existence of our epidemic has been assumed by the state board of health of Pennsylvania.

Our municipality at present has a bonded indebtedness practically up to the limit allowed by law, hence we cannot bond the town to meet the emergency.

In view of this condition of affairs, the citizens of Butler appeal to the generosity of the people of the United States for contributions of cash to aid them in fighting the epidemic. All contributions should be made to Thomas J. Shufflin, treasurer of the relief committee.

WORST EPIDEMIC ON RECORD

Due to Unfiltered Water Obtained From Surface Sources.

New York, Dec. 16.—Dr. George A. Soper, a sanitary expert, engaged by Engineering News to investigate the typhoid epidemic at Butler, Pa., reports that the epidemic has by no means attained its culmination, about 50 per cent of the cases not having reached the critical stage. The epidemic, which he regards as the most severe one of typhoid of recent record, he attributes to the suspension of the mechanical filtration of the city water supply.

The report says that the water for the town is obtained from surface sources and is usually treated by mechanical filtration, but that during changes in the waterworks plant unfiltered water from Conoquenessing creek was supplied from Oct. 20 to Nov. 2, the epidemic starting on Nov. 5. Investigation of the drainage area showed numerous sources of pollution, particularly the cases of typhoid on the banks of the Conoquenessing creek since July.

SYMPATHY WITH LABOR

Speaker Cannon Meets the Executive of the American Federation.

Washington, Dec. 16.—Speaker Cannon, the president pro tem. of the senate and Chairman Gardner of the house committee on labor had an interview with President Gompers and the executive committee of the American Federation of Labor yesterday.

The speaker expressed his sympathy with organized labor, but pointed out that justice to the whole people imposed upon congress the necessity of legislating not for one particular class nor against one particular class, but in the interest of all classes. Therefore, while he was sure that organized labor would be given full and free hearing when it came to legislating, the rights of unorganized labor and the rights of the employers of labor would be considered as well as the demands of organized labor.

SEVEN LIVING HUSBANDS

O'Shaughnessy, the Last, Applies for Police Protection.

Special to The Journal.

Omaha, Neb., Dec. 16.—"Chief, my wife is a witch and is slowly killing me by magic. I want a divorce," said M. J. O'Shaughnessy, who says he is a cousin of the president of the Canadian Pacific railroad, to the chief of police this morning.

Mrs. O'Shaughnessy is a clairvoyant and according to her dissatisfied spouse has seven husbands living, from none of whom has she received a divorce.

Excursion Rates East

Dec. 12 to 22 there will be low round trip rates in effect from Minneapolis to eastern points. Tickets good on the Pioneer Limited, the train of trains, and three other daily trains via the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway. Albany, $40; Boston, $40; Montreal, $35; Portland, Me., $40; Quebec, $40; Syracuse, $40; Toronto, $30; St. John, N. B., $50. To other points in proportion. Tickets 328 Nicollet avenue, W. B. Dixon, N. W. P. A., St. Paul.

Low Round Trip Rates.

$30 to Buffalo or Montreal.
$40 to Boston or Springfield, Mass.
$40 to Syracuse or Albany, N. Y.

From St. Paul or Minneapolis via Chicago Great Western railway. Proportionately low rates to many other points in eastern Canada and New England. Tickets on sale Dec. 12 to 22, inclusive; good to return until Jan. 12, 1904. For further particulars apply to L. C. Rains, general agent, corner Nicollet av and 5th st, Minneapolis.

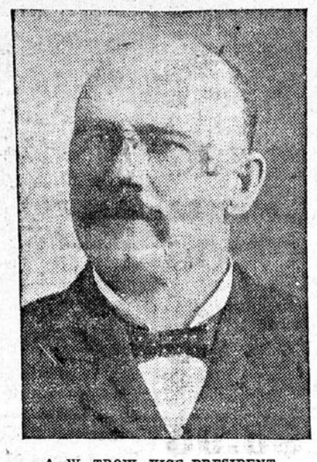
STATE DAIRYMEN MEET

FAIRMONT CONVENTION IS WELL ATTENDED — MANY EXHIBITS OF BUTTER AND CHEESE.

Special to The Journal.

Fairmont, Minn., Dec. 16.—The twenty-sixth annual convention of the State Dairymen's association opened at the opera-house yesterday afternoon at the three-day session. The attendance is good and there is a prospect for many more arrivals before the close. Over a hundred exhibits of butter and cheese are displayed.

F. A. Matchwig delivered the address of welcome in the absence of Mayor Vieselman. The women's auxiliary held an interesting session last night, the various numbers on the program being enthusiastically received.



A. W. TROW, VICE PRESIDENT.

Among the distinguished dairymen present to take part in the exercises are Professor G. L. McKay of Ames, Iowa; Colonel R. A. Wilkenson of St. Paul, Professor Snyder of the state university, Sam Haugdahl of St. Peter, Dr. Reynolds of the state university, Professor Shaw of St. Paul, W. W. P. McConnell, dairy and food commissioner; Professor Haecker of the university, A. J. McGuire, A. W. Trow and J. L. Gibbs. The members of the association will be given a banquet by the citizens of Fairmont this evening.

THE WIND-SHIELD ISSUE

PROTESTS OF BONNER'S SONS TO LOU DILLON'S 2:05 MILE WILL BRING ABOUT A DECISION.

Special to The Journal.

Chicago, Dec. 16.—The sons of the late Robert Bonner, who was noted as an admirer of fast trotters, and who owned Maud S when she beat all the then existing trotting records by compassing a mile at Cleveland in 2:08¾, have protested the high sulky record of 2:05, made over the same course last summer by Lou Dillon, the present champion trotter.

The protest has been lodged with the American Trotting Register association. The points on which they base their claim that the sulky pulled by Lou Dillon, that the sulkey pulled by Lou Dillon, while of the regulation high wheel type, was provided with ball bearing hubs, thereby making the vehicle much less difficult to draw at a high rate of speed than a sulky not thus equipped. Also that a wind shield was used on the sulky of the running horse which preceded Lou Dillon during her 2:05 mile.

This protest on the points named will bring about a decision of the wind shield question, something that has been anxiously awaited by horsemen.

THEY'RE COMING HOME

Most of the Northwestern Congressmen Will Spend Christmas Here.

From the Journal Bureau, Colorado Building, Washington.

Washington, Dec. 16.—Nearly all the northwestern senators and representatives will spend the Christmas recess at home. Senator Nelson, whose family is here, will remain during the recess, but Senator Clapp will start for St. Paul Friday or Saturday. Representatives McCleary, Tawney, Stevens, Buckman and Steenerson also will leave in a day or two. Representatives Volstead and Bede, and possibly Lind, being the only ones to spend Christmas here.

Senators Hansbrough and McCumber will stay in Washington, while Representatives Marshall and Spaulding will leave this week. Both the senators from South Dakota are now here and will stay until after the recess. Representative Burke will go to Pierre, while Mr. Martin, who has rented a house for the winter, will look after a lot of department work next week and the week following.

—W. W. Jermane.

THEY WIN PROMOTIONS

Northwesterners Are Advanced in the Pension Bureau.

From the Journal Bureau, Colorado Building, Washington.

Washington, Dec. 16.—A number of promotions have recently been made in the pension office, to take effect from last July 1, and the gratifying feature about them is that they have all been made on merit, in accordance with a new ruling put into effect by Commissioner Ware. In the list are several northwestern names.

Ashland B. Swiggert of Iowa is advanced from $1,800 to be a principal examiner at $2,000; Arthur L. Evans of Minnesota is advanced from $1,400 to $1,600, and Miss Marcia T. Staples, also of Minnesota, has a similar promotion; Rasmus K. Doe of Minnesota is advanced from $1,000 to $1,200; Miss Kittie Herring and Beverly F. Rogers, both of Iowa, are advanced from copyists, at $900, to the $1,000 class.

TOO MANY SHINGLES

Company to Act as Selling Agent Organized on the Coast.

Special to The Journal.

Tacoma, Wash., Dec. 16.—Co-operation is the keynote of the new plan of operations for the Pacific northwest's lumber and shingle industries, employing 20,000 men.

Overproduction of shingles has caused the owners of over 400 shingle mills to take stock in the Interstate Red Cedar Shingle company, which will be a selling agent for all mills, taking 75 per cent of their capacity.

The mills will be paid 15 cents a thousand more than the prices that now prevail. The selling company will sell to dealers at an advance of 5 cents a thousand.

Norfolk, Va.—The commander of the cruiser Olympia last night sent to the police department descriptive lists of nineteen members of the crew who are posted as deserters. Five of them were found early last evening and the officers are searching the city for the others.

One Fare Plus $2, Round Trip Rate Via Chicago Great Western Railway.

To points in Old Mexico, New Mexico, Minnesota, Texas, Oklahoma, Missouri, Kansas and Nebraska. Ample return limits. Tickets on sale Dec. 15, 1903, and Jan. 5 and 19, 1904. For further information apply to L. C. Rains, general agent, corner Nicollet avenue and Fifth street, Minneapolis.

LAW MUST STOP MERGER'S HOLD

Continued from First Page.

by the securities company acquire the stock and pay for it with its own obligations secured by a pledge of the stock acquired. All the roads west of the Missouri river which were brought into temporary harmony under the Trans-Missouri arrangement could easily be brought into permanent harmony, without physical consideration under the arrangement I have described.

A Rope of Sand.

I cannot think that a combination held together by a rope of sand comes within the prohibition of the law, and that one which is bound by links of steel may defy its wisdom and its power.

To prevent such a dangerous concentration of power, dangerous to commerce and a menace to our freedom, the people have done all that it is possible for them to do under our system of government. They have legislated against it. If this law can be construed so as not to cover the situation, or if the court says yea to the proposition affirmed in the last paragraph of Mr. Morgan's answer, namely, congress has no power to prevent such combinations, then indeed, the government's grave concern as to this litigation may be easily understood.

Judge Young in Defense.

Mr. Knox was followed by George B. Young on behalf of the securities company. He began by saying that his clients do not seek in any way to limit the authority of congress over interstate commerce, nor was the securities company seeking in any way to evade the law. But it was not, he said, necessary to stretch a law covering interstate commerce to make it cover something that is not interstate commerce.

"We are not dealing here with commerce or the operations of railroads at all," he said, "but we are dealing with the question of property.

He referred to previous cases in the supreme court under the anti-trust law and said that congress had not defined the restraint of trade and that it had been necessary for the court to make its own definitions. In the joint traffic case the roads dealt with were competing in character, but suppose they had not been competitors and they had agreed to reduce rates? That would be a contract in the restraint of trade, for the gist of a contract is found in the obligation that it lays upon the parties to it.

Was Power Exercised.

All contracts in restraint of trade are, Mr. Young said, largely executory and he contended that the true view of the law must be in the same line as that of conspiracies. There might be power to effect commerce, but to come within the conviction of the law, the power must be exercised.

Mr. Young also discussed the sugar trust case which, he said, was often misunderstood. In that case a number of sugar concerns had been consolidated. The companies were as much engaged in commerce as were the purchasers of these railroad shares. Indeed, he contended that the transfer of shares of stock was not commerce at all and by way of illustration he said that the holder of railroad shares was no more engaged in commerce than is the holder of stock in a baseball company engaged in playing baseball.

Mr. Young said that no matter how a unity of ownership might arise, whether by inheritance, sale or otherwise, the same suppression of competition arose as incident to the ownership of the property and not as the result of the contract to sell or even of the sale itself.

Continuing, he said he would not argue the constitutional question as between the state and the federal government, but he referred to the attorney general's discussion of that subject. In cases of consolidation the subject matter must be found in the act of consolidation itself and it did not matter whether they were competing or connected. He contended that if congress had power to regulate, its regulation must be uniform. It could not be held that the law was effective in one state and inoperative in another.

General Practice of Railroads.

Turning his attention to the intent of congress in enacting the anti-trust law, Mr. Young said:

Did congress intend to interfere with the powers of the states to regulate stock-holding in railroads? I think it will be generally conceded that there is no better guide to the meaning of congress than the general practice which has been pursued from the beginning of railroads down to the time of the antitrust law.

We have pointed out this practice in the leading states of the union, of state legislation authorized the consolidation of competing roads, either by consolidation and union of the two companies, or by allowing one company to take a perpetual lease of the other or by acquiring all of the stock of the other.

With reference to monopoly he said that it was very difficult to determine under the decisions of the courts what a monopoly is; yet the government, he said, is very definite in telling what it is. As for himself, he thought Judge Jackson's definition correct. The essential thing in monopoly is the exclusion of others. The supreme court, he said, had failed to define the word.

Coming to the matters of fact in the case, he contended that the law had not been violated. The inception of the Northern Securities company was reviewed and Mr. Young complained that Mr. Knox, in his argument, had gone back to 1895 and to the Pearsall case. He also spoke of the attorney general's reference to Mr. Hill, saying that that gentleman seemed to be the bete noir in the case. But instead of the early reorganization being due to Mr. Hill, it was, Mr. Young declared, due to the European shareholders of the Great Northern. It was not fair to say that the purchase at that time had been made at the expense of the Northern Pacific.

No Evidence of Conspiracy.

"The petition charges that we conspired," continued Mr. Young, "to do two things. One was to form the Northern Securities company. The other was to furnish it with a controlling interest of the stock of the two companies; that we agreed at that time to use our influence and persuasion with the other shareholders of the Great Northern to get them to transfer their shares to the Securities company. It also states that the Securities company having got $33,000,000 of stock from us, got $60,000,000 from other shareholders.

"Now, upon that point there is not only no evidence to the effect that they used their influence with the other shareholders but the evidence is that each shareholder acted for himself. A simple written offer was made. A circular was sent out by the Northern Securities offering to buy the stock of the shareholders at $180 paying for it with its own stock at par, and it was left for the stockholders to decide for themselves."

He also contended that the combination was in no sense a trust. The transaction was nothing more than a transfer of property, he said.

"We are proceeding upon the theory that an out and out sale was made and," he went on, "unless the court is prepared to hold that congress should exercise exclusive control of all transfers of transportation agencies engaged in interstate commerce, we fail to see how this transaction can be held to be a combination in restraint of trade, or a violation of the antitrust law."

Mr. Young closed with a discussion of the charge that the parties to this combination had been guilty of conspiracy. He said:

"There are 1,800 shareholders of the Great Northern road holding $125,000,000 of its stock, besides these ten or eleven gentlemen charged with conspiracy who own $27,000,000 of that stock. Of the other 1,200 persons owning the other $98,000,000 of stock 600 owning $60,000,000 of the stock have come into the Northern Securities and there are outstanding 600 other shareholders owning $30,000,000 of the stock of that company.

"Taking the Northern Pacific stock, together the so-called conspirators own not over one-third of the outstanding stock of the Northern Securities. The rest of that stock is owned by 1,300 other persons who never came into the conspiracy."

MOSQUITOES ARE GUILTY

Transmit Infection of Malarious Disease by Their Bites.

Boston, Dec. 16.—Dr. F. B. Mallory, at a meeting of the Boston Society of Medical Science yesterday, said:

"While many of the common infectious diseases are due to bacteria, the lowest form of vegetable life, a certain number are due to protozoa, the lowest form of animal life. Of the latter diseases the best known and the most studied are the malarial fevers, of which three distinct varieties are recognized. In these malarial diseases the protozoa, or hemosporidias, live and develop in the blood. Here they pass thru, however, only an azeual development. If thru micro-organisms in the human blood are sucked up by a certain group of mosquitoes when they pass thru, in the stomach of the mosquito, their azeual development and are ready after a certain length of time to infect other people when transferred to their blood by the bite of the infected mosquito."

EMPEROR'S SPEECH

In It Francis Joseph Announces the Renewal of the Dreibund.

Vienna, Dec. 16.—Emperor Francis Joseph to-day received the Austrian-Hungarian delegations. The speech from the throne was chiefly notable for its stronger affirmation of the emperor's determination to maintain the dreibund. "By a renewal of the triple alliance," he said, "this well-proved basis of our policy, which we have determined to maintain henceforth, has been consolidated for the future."

The speech referred to the death of Pope Leo, to the close harmony between Austria and Russia in regard to the Balkans with the object of "maintaining peace and the status quo in those regions in which we are receiving the energetic support of the other great powers."

The emperor also said Austria and Russia had no selfish aims in the Balkans, and only have in view the establishment of peace, in the interest of the whole of Europe.

LIGHTNING CHANGE IN NAMES.

Toledo, Ohio, Dec. 16.—Mrs. Lydia Crow-Woolcott-Garn appeared yesterday as an applicant for a divorce from William J. Crow, to whom she was married in Monroe, Mich. The divorce was granted, as was the petition for the restoration of her maiden name, and Mrs. Crow became Miss Woolcott. She then met Firm H. Garn in the corridor of the courthouse and they were married immediately.

"PE-RU-NA RESTORES HEALTH and VIGOR"

Writes Mrs. Dr. Edwards, of Iowa

An Interesting Letter From a Thankful Woman.

Most of the Ailments Peculiar to the Female Sex Are Due to Catarrh of Pelvic Organs.

Mrs. Harriet R. Edwards, 1015 Brady St., Davenport, Iowa, writes concerning Peruna:

"Every physician knows that while the proper remedy will restore health, the wrong medicine will act as a poison. Any physician knows that if he does not administer the proper medicine for a certain case, it acts as a poison to the system, and it is therefore very important that one should have the right medicine.

"I have found that Peruna is a wonderful medicine to use in diseases peculiar to women. It quickly and permanently restores health and vigor and acts as a tonic to a worn out system. I have so far never observed a case which was not greatly aided by its use."—Rev. Harriet R. Edwards.

Peruna has cured thousands of cases of female weakness. As a rule, however, before Peruna is resorted to, several other remedies have been tried in vain. A great many of the patients have taken local treatment, submitted themselves to surgical operations, and taken all sorts of doctor's stuff, without any result.

The reason of so many failures is the fact that diseases peculiar to the female sex are not commonly recognized as being caused by catarrh. These organs are lined by mucous membranes. Any mucous membrane is subject to catarrh.

FEMALE TROUBLE NOT RECOGNIZED AS CATARRH.

Catarrh of one organ is exactly the same as catarrh of any other organ. What will cure catarrh of the head will also cure catarrh of the pelvic organs. Peruna cures these cases simply because it cures the catarrh.

Most of the women afflicted with pelvic diseases have no idea that their trouble is due to catarrh. The majority of the people think that catarrh is a disease confined to the head alone.

This is not true. Catarrh is liable to attack any organ of the body, throat, bronchial tubes, lungs, stomach, kidneys and especially the pelvic organs.

Many a woman has made this discovery after a long siege of useless treatment. She has made the discovery that her disease is catarrh, and that Peruna can be relied upon to cure catarrh wherever located.

Mrs. Judge McAllister writes from 1217 West Twenty-third street, Minneapolis, Minn., as follows:

"I suffered for years with a pain in the small of my back and right side. It interfered often with my domestic and social duties and I never supposed that I would be cured, as the doctor's medicine did not seem to help me any.

"I took Peruna faithfully for seven weeks and am happy indeed to be able to say that I am entirely cured. Perfect health once more is the best thing I could wish for, and, thanks to Peruna, I enjoy that now."—Minnie E. McAllister.

If you do not receive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

Ask Your Druggist for a free Peruna Almanac for 1904.

LADY MANAGERS CAUCUSING

Mrs. Daniel Manning Leading Candidate for Head of World's Fair Board.

St. Louis, Dec. 16.—It is the concensus of opinion that Mrs. Daniel Manning of Albany, N. Y., will be elected president of the board of lady managers of the Louisiana Purchase Exposition to succeed Mrs. James L. Blair, altho the movement in behalf of Mrs. John T. Davis of St. Louis, has not been abandoned. Mrs. Frederick Hanger of Little Rock, Ark., secretary of the board, cannot continue in that work and it is probable that a successor will also be elected to that position. The board convened to-day at the Southern hotel where the national commission is also in session with President Carter in the chair. Mrs. Edward Buchwalter, first vice president, presided, in the absence of Mrs. Blair.

ONE HUNDRED HOMELESS.

Pittsburg, Dec. 16.—Between seventy-five and one hundred people were rendered homeless early to-day and driven out into the cold with nothing but their night clothes, by a fire which destroyed the planing mill and lumber yard of the Bennett Lumber and Manufacturing company at Millvale, Pa., and partially destroyed a dozen houses adjoining the burned mill property.

Gloves

"If it comes from **BARNABY'S** It must be good."

For Thursday

We offer the following Special Bargains

Boys' heavy lumbermen's rubbers, with heels, to wear over sox, without shoes. Some boys prefer these to shoe-packs or moccasins; Thursday, all sizes, pair **39c**

Men's Boston Rubber Shoe Company's first quality Jersey cloth, fleece lined low overshoes, medium or wide toes and all sizes up to 11. These are regular 85c value—for one day, Thursday, per pair. **29c**

Home Trade Shoe Store
219-223 Nicollet

MUFFLERS

"If it comes from **BARNABY'S** It Must Be Good."

Defective Page