

THE MINNEAPOLIS JOURNAL

PRICE TWO CENTS.

SATURDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 13, 1904.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

32 PAGES—FIVE O'CLOCK.

SENATOR HANNA A LITTLE BETTER

Had a Hard Day but Latest Bulletins Are More Favorable.

At 2 O'Clock the Doctors Again Decided to Administer Oxygen.

Subsequently His Condition Improved—Has Fighting Chance for Life.

Washington, Feb. 13.—Senator Hanna's temperature at noon had fallen 8-10 of a degree from that taken shortly before and contained in the noon bulletin. This drop took place before the bath, which was given shortly afterwards and which brought the temperature down to 100.3. The report is regarded as very satisfactory.

At 1:30 p. m., after a bath, it was 100.8; pulse 112; respiration 32. He continues to take and retain nourishment well.

At 2 o'clock the physicians decided to resort to more oxygen.

At 2:30 p. m. Senator Hanna's brother, upon leaving the sick chamber, said:

"My brother's temperature has been reduced to 11.8. All conditions are favorable."

At 2:30 p. m. the senator was sleeping quietly.

Washington, Feb. 13.—The following bulletin was issued at 9:30 this morning by Senator Hanna's physicians:

Senator Hanna had a comfortable night. His temperature, however, was higher at 105. This morning at 9 o'clock his pulse was 120; respiration, 32; temperature, 104.9-10. He is taking nourishment well.

—Rixey.

Senator Hanna's temperature continues high. At 3 a. m. it reached 105 and the same point at 6 a. m. This, and the fact that the temperature has not yielded readily to sponge baths, gives those about the senator great concern.

While the general conditions are more satisfactory than they were at 8 o'clock last night, yet they are not so good as they were yesterday morning. Throughout the night oxygen was given at intervals of about one hour.

He Does Not Talk.

While the senator responds to requests made by the doctors in his wakeful moments, he does not talk, but continues drowsy. It is not believed that the senator can withstand for long a fever at so high a point as that shown throughout the latter part of the night and this morning.

The senator was awake at times last night, but on the whole the doctors say he passed a comfortable night. His stomach is in good condition and he has been able to take nourishment well thus far.

A sponge bath given after the temperature was read at 105 only slightly reduced the fever, which, however, again crept up to the 105 point. This fact was a discouraging feature in the patient's struggle for recovery.

The senator has shown wonderful vitality. One of the nurses remarked that his rally from the sinking spell yesterday was remarkable.

At 11 o'clock word comes from the sick room that Senator Hanna is resting quietly. His physicians are inclined to regard his condition now as just as good, if not better, than at this time yesterday.

Daniel Hanna, the senator's son, has just been admitted to see his father.

The senator's brother, H. M. Hanna,

continues firm in his belief of ultimate recovery.

Mr. Dover found a large stack of telegrams on his desk this morning. They came from personal friends of the senator from all parts of the United States and from numerous organizations throughout the country. All expressed hope for speedy recovery.

Callers began arriving early. Senator Kittredge was the first to call. Senator Fairbanks was the next to inquire.

General Dick, who remained at the hotel until 3 a. m. was back by 8 o'clock to see the senator's condition. Mr. Webb, secretary to the president, also came early to learn how the patient had passed the night.

The senator's brother said at 10:15 this morning:

The chill of yesterday was severe and prolonged, but the reaction has been very satisfactory. This morning all the conditions, except higher temperature, are more favorable than they were last night, but not better than they were yesterday morning. The organs are in normal typhoid fever condition. I think the temperature will be lowered by the means now being employed.

The senator's son, Daniel R. Hanna, who came from Cleveland in response to a long distance telephone message, arrived this morning, accompanied by his wife.

DRAMATIC SCENE IN OHIO

Announcement of Hanna's Condition Terminates Bitter Political Fight.

Cleveland, Ohio, Feb. 13.—A dramatic scene occurred at the convention of the Ohio League of Republican Clubs yesterday afternoon, connecting as it did, the presidential endorsement of Senator Hanna.

A spirited fight had been precipitated by the report of the committee on resolutions endorsing the candidacy of President Roosevelt for renomination.

The Roosevelt spirit was plainly predominant and amid much confusion, the Roosevelt resolution was finally adopted, only Montgomery county dissenting.

At this psychological moment, Gov. Herrick arose on the platform and in a voice choking with emotion, read a telegram from Washington, announcing that oxygen was being used to sustain Senator Hanna and that it was feared that his condition was hopeless.

A deathlike stillness followed when the governor concluded. The transition from the rampant scene preceding the announcement to the subdued aspect of the assemblage afterwards was so sudden as to almost shock.

In a speech Senator Foraker declared no one could feel more keenly than he did the senator's condition, and added that his death would be a serious loss to the state and country.

The banquet, which was to have been held last night was abandoned because of the serious illness of Senator Hanna.

At this psychological moment, Gov. Herrick arose on the platform and in a voice choking with emotion, read a telegram from Washington, announcing that oxygen was being used to sustain Senator Hanna and that it was feared that his condition was hopeless.

A deathlike stillness followed when the governor concluded. The transition from the rampant scene preceding the announcement to the subdued aspect of the assemblage afterwards was so sudden as to almost shock.

In a speech Senator Foraker declared no one could feel more keenly than he did the senator's condition, and added that his death would be a serious loss to the state and country.

The banquet, which was to have been held last night was abandoned because of the serious illness of Senator Hanna.

At this psychological moment, Gov. Herrick arose on the platform and in a voice choking with emotion, read a telegram from Washington, announcing that oxygen was being used to sustain Senator Hanna and that it was feared that his condition was hopeless.

A deathlike stillness followed when the governor concluded. The transition from the rampant scene preceding the announcement to the subdued aspect of the assemblage afterwards was so sudden as to almost shock.

In a speech Senator Foraker declared no one could feel more keenly than he did the senator's condition, and added that his death would be a serious loss to the state and country.

The banquet, which was to have been held last night was abandoned because of the serious illness of Senator Hanna.

ARGUMENTS IN BURTON CASE

Kansas Senator Demurs to Indictment Returned Against Him by Grand Jury.

St. Louis, Feb. 13.—Argument on the demurrer of United States Senator Joseph R. Burton of Kansas to the indictment charging him with using his influence to prevent the issuance of a postoffice fraud order against the Rialto Grain and Securities company, and receiving for such services \$2,500, was begun before Judge Adams in the United States district court to-day.

Senator Burton was in court. In his demurrer he admits that he accepted the money from the Rialto company, but says he did so merely as an attorney and that he did not agree to use his influence as a senator in preventing the issuance of a fraud order.

MENACE OF REVOLUTION HANGS OVER RUSSIA

Peasantry and Workingmen Aroused to Angry Discontent—Nihilists Issue Secret Manifesto Against the War.

New York Sun Special Service.

London, Feb. 13.—That Russia is threatened with a duplication of the French revolution is a growing conviction among those in the best position to judge of internal conditions in the czar's empire.

Dispatches from continental capitals call attention to the increasingly dangerous internal conditions. The peasantry is represented as being in a condition of angry discontent fast passing beyond police control.

Urban workers are declared to be equally dangerous.

It is stated in Vienna that the revolutionary party in Russia is circulating a secret manifesto against the war, declaring the task of the Russian people does not lie either in Manchuria or Korea, but in Russia, where domestic reforms are pressing. The manifesto concludes:

"Japan is a free nation. Russia's Asiatic despotism and war will prove the gravity of the autocratic regime."

It is admitted in St. Petersburg that the financial situation, though improved, is still critical. Some banks are regarded as being in a perilous position. The imperial bank of Russia has raised its discount rate 1 per cent.

The Times prints a dispatch that was mailed from Warsaw saying the revolutionary propaganda never has been pushed more extensively or more audaciously than now. Several local agricultural boards are already defying the bureaucratic government. Socialists are not losing the opportunity of carrying on their propaganda in the towns, and a number of the provincial governors have been summoned to St. Petersburg to confer with heads of departments.

BRITISH STEAMER UNDER RUSSIAN FIRE

U. S. Merchant Steamer Detained in Port Arthur—Russians Apologize to British Commander—Protest Filed.

Chifu, Feb. 12.—When leaving Port Arthur the British steamer Fu Ping was fired upon by Russians. Three Chinese members of the crew were wounded. The Russians afterward apologized for firing on the vessel. The Fu Ping, upon its arrival at Wei-hai-wei, filed a protest with the British commissioner.

The American consul has reported to United States Minister Conger that the Russian authorities have refused to allow the American steamer Pleiades to leave Port Arthur. The Pleiades sailed from Seattle Feb. 2, with a cargo of flour.

BRITAIN PREPARES FOR COMPLICATIONS

Canadian Militia Officers Asked to Prepare Accommodations for Seven Regiments, Cavalry and Engineers.

Winnipeg, Feb. 13.—The British war office has asked the Canadian militia authorities at various points to arrange for the accommodation of British troops. Seven line regiments, several batteries of artillery and a corresponding number of royal engineers will be sent to Canada immediately. These steps are taken in anticipation of Anglo-Russian complications.

It is proposed to send two regiments to Halifax, N. S., two to Esquimaut, B. C., and one each to Quebec, Montreal and Toronto.

While the government has forces in India it is said that it would not move them because of the danger that soldiers will be sent to fight in Tibet, which quickly crosses the Indian frontier and become a serious menace.

FIGHTING IN LIAO-TUNG GULF

Noise of Battle East of Chin-Wang-Tao Heard at Shan-Hai-Kwan—In Direction of Port Arthur.

Peking, Feb. 13.—It is reported from Shan-hai-kwan, on the line of the Peking-Niu-chuang railroad, that heavy firing has been heard east of Chin-wang-tao, in Liao-tung gulf, coming from the direction of Port Arthur.

Chin-wang-tao is the port of Shan-hai-kwan. The distance from Chin-wang-tao to Port Arthur is about 100 miles. It is believed that either the Japanese fleet is bombarding Port Arthur from the western side of the peninsula or that the Russian fleet has chased the Japs into the gulf of Liao-tung, where the battle is going on.

CHINESE NEUTRALITY DECLARED.

Tokio, Feb. 13.—The Chinese government yesterday proclaimed the neutrality of China during the war between Russia and Japan.

TWO HUNDRED SHOTS FIRED

Pitched Battle in Little Nebraska Town Between Robbers and Citizens.

Bank Safe Blown Ten Times Before It Was Wrecked—Loss Small.

Special to The Journal.

Sioux City, Iowa, Feb. 13.—A pitched battle was waged for hours in the little town of Martinsburg, Neb., three miles west, last night, between citizens of the town and five bank robbers.

An explosion of dynamite occurred in the Martinsburg State bank at 2 a. m. Nick Wellington, Ben McClary, Walter McClary and Ben Smith were aroused. Arming themselves with a Winchester and shotguns, they reconnoitered and found that the robbers had built a barricade of barrels and farm machinery all around the bank. Two of the robbers were working inside and three were posted behind the barricade outside.

The four men opened a fire which was promptly returned. The population of the town is but ninety and all were aroused and brought all available weapons to help. About 200 shots were fired altogether.

Sheriff Maskell said to-day that the bank building is filled with lead. A duel took place between Wellington, shooting with a Winchester from a mill nearby, and a robber who exposed his person and returned the fire with a 44-Cal. Wellington is certain that the robbers were wounded.

The robbers blew the safe ten times before it was completely wrecked. Even then they could not get the \$1,800 in cash, took \$70 and departed. They retreated firing, stole a team from a farmer named Bumbard, and made good their escape.

RUSSIANS SEIZE BRITISH BOAT

She Was Laden with Coal and Bound for Port Arthur—Several Neutral Vessels Also Detained.

London, Feb. 13.—The owners of the British steamer Foxton Hall (from Barry, Dec. 11, via Port Said, for Port Arthur), coal laden, have been advised that the vessel has been detained by the Russian authorities at Port Arthur. Russian soldiers have been placed on board the vessel and the British captain and crew have been sent to Chifu, whence it is reported that several other neutral vessels are detained at Port Arthur.

THE JAP TOO WILY FOR THE SLOW RUSS

Had Every Movement of the Present War Planned in Advance—Now Executing Them Beautifully.

Manchuria and Korea Has Been Swarmed With Clever Jap Spies for Over a Year.

Russia Now Wakes Up and Will Summarily Put to Death Any Spies Caught.

BALTIMORE'S LOSS UNDERESTIMATED

Insurance Men Say It Will Reach \$100,000,000 or \$125,000,000.

Citizens' Relief Committee Receives Surprisingly Few Requests for Aid.

Baltimore, Feb. 13.—Representatives of more than half of the big outside insurance companies who made a tour of the burned district this morning said afterward that the estimate of the total losses had been placed entirely too low. They declared that the total would not be less than \$100,000,000 and probably would reach \$125,000,000. The board of underwriters still places the loss at \$50,000,000 with an insurance loss of \$58,000,000.

In response to a request from the various trades bodies it was decided at a meeting to-day of the clearing house association to extend the municipal holiday until Feb. 23. The banks have arranged to clear thru the clearing house on Monday and will meet all demands next week, but the holiday will prevent any notes from going to protest.

The work of clearing the streets was resumed early to-day and rapid progress is being made. Several dangerous spots were cleared thru the pumping out of the cellars was continued. Excepting the vaults of the banks and the trust companies, the destruction was complete.

Tho within the last two days there has been a slight increase in the applications for aid, the list is surprisingly short. Mayor McLaughlin's relief committee met to-day. It is the view of the committee that Baltimore and Maryland are amply able to provide for all exigencies and that there will be no appeal for outside aid.

MILLERS WORRIED

Sound Country Will Lose Heavily if Flour Becomes Contraband.

Special to The Journal.

Tacoma, Wash., Feb. 13.—Northwestern flour makers are worried over the possibility of flour being declared contraband. While it is generally believed there is little probability of such a result, in the absence of specific declarations from Japan and Russia the flour manufacturers are ill at ease.

Should flour become contraband it would practically ruin the present very heavy flour trade of Puget sound with Japan and Russia. For a year this trade has been enormous. Every steamship leaving Puget sound or British Columbia ports for months has taken from 50,000 to 300,000 sacks of flour. The largest mills have big contracts on which they are still working.

COOPER WILL SAIL ON MONDAY

Manila, Feb. 13.—Rear Admiral Cooper in command of a squadron composed of the New Orleans, Raleigh, Frolic and Annapolis is under orders to sail for Shanghai. The ships will probably sail on Monday next.

FACTS ABOUT KOREA

Area (square miles)—	
About that of Kansas.....	82,000
Population (estimated)—	
Koreans	12,000,000
Japanese	30,000
Chinese	5,000
Americans	300
Europeans	400
Foreign commerce, yearly.....	\$15,000,000
Americans' share (est.).....	\$50,000
Cotton imports, yearly.....	3,500,000
Exports, yearly—	
Rice	\$2,125,000
Beans	1,000,000
Hides	325,000
Ginseng	263,000
Currency in circulation.....	2,000,000

Special to The Journal.

London, Feb. 13.—Information received here to-day indicates that Japan, aided by its secret service men, had the movement of the present war planned in advance, and is now executing these movements with almost mechanical regularity.

While Russia waited, trusting entirely to the success of peace efforts, Japanese spies have been busy operating in Manchuria and Korea gathering all information necessary to tell where and how to strike.

In fact, Japan had won the war, theoretically, before a gun was fired, and if the plans are executed thruout as accurately as they have been so far, Russia is destined to meet disaster at every turn.

Every movement of Russia is anticipated, and she cannot possibly take any step that Japan has not already figured out and prepared to meet.

The depth of Japanese strategy is not realized by the outside world. For a year Korea and Manchuria have swarmed with Japanese spies. They were engineers disguised as Chinese coolies, electricians, professional strategists and men high in the secret service, who dissembled in various ways to conceal their identity. Their operations have been most active and thoro.

Japan has relied on them in this war more than on her spies and soldiers. They were architects that drew the plans that sh soldiers and navy must follow.

The attack on Port Arthur had been mapped out months in advance, and this, it is believed, was but a mask to conceal a still more important coup the Japanese now have in view.

It will be well for Russia to watch the movements of Japanese troops, for they are sure to give an accounting of themselves soon in a manner that Russia will not relish.

WHAT THE LONDON TIMES SAYS.

In an editorial article the London Times says:

The Japanese plan of campaign develops in an orderly and logical manner, which makes it clear that we shall not have long to wait for the joining of issues on land as well as on sea.

The naval and military operations are intended to proceed pari passu and in mutual co-ordination as parts of a general plan. Everything tends to show that within a short time the world will be able to judge by actual experience whether the Japanese military organization is worthy of their naval efficiency.

Japanese strategy will proceed on accurate knowledge, both of the Russian forces in Manchuria and the means by which they will all be fed, maintained and re-enforced. At a distance of 5,000 miles from the base it will be no easy matter to keep the Russian army up to its existing strength, when war and disease begin their inevitable work.

Japan may not have such an enormous population to draw upon, but she is at hand, and her fleet, while rendering her secure at home, supplies her with a choice of bases from which her troops may operate.

JAPANESE SPIES TO BE PUT TO DEATH

Manchuria to Be Cleared of the Men Who Learned Russia's Plans and Conditions.

Special to The Journal.

St. Petersburg, Feb. 13.—Information has reached the czar that Japanese spies are visiting every strategic point in Manchuria, and by their cunning, have gathered many valuable war secrets. They conduct their work disguised as Chinese.

The spies are believed to have been operating in the territory for months and to have fully informed the Japanese government as to the location of troops, the Russian plans and other conditions before the war was begun. The spies are said to have pursued most stealthy tactics, hesitating at nothing to gain their information.

An imperial order will be issued here at once to rid the country of all these spies and all that are captured will be summarily put to death. All suspicious persons operating in Manchuria are to be arrested and made to give an account of themselves. The spies are said to have furnished the Japanese navy with information about Port Arthur that led to the unexpected attack by the Japanese ships.

RUSSIAN MINISTER LEAVES SEOUL

Special to The Journal.

London, Feb. 13.—M. Pavloff, the Russian minister at Seoul, has left the Korean capital. No reason for his departure has been given. Japanese occu-



BEWARE THE GENIE!
Should Russia and Japan Once Uncork the Bottle It Might Be Difficult to Get Him Back Within Bounds.