

Improved attitude of Koreans toward the Japanese. Everywhere the mikado's soldiers are made welcome by the people, who show themselves ready and willing to render any service or assistance in their power.

SUPPLIES FOR VLADIVOSTOK

Japs Permit Vessels to Carry Contraband Goods Into Port. New York Sun Special Service. Tokyo, March 5.—Several vessels laden with coal provisions and other contraband articles, have recently succeeded in reaching Vladivostok. Their exact number and names are unknown, but they include British, Norwegian and German vessels. Japan calmly permitted the delivery of the contraband goods, calculating that they would prove useful to herself at a later stage of the campaign. The Vladivostok squadron has evidently been instructed to remain close to the Vladivostok batteries in preference to risking a fight in the open sea. It is only a question of time before this squadron will receive the attention of the Japanese navy. There is a blockade of Vladivostok by seven vessels of the Japanese fleet. It is believed here that several torpedo boat destroyers, now at sea, Admiral Hasegawa, and the blockading fleet will enter the harbor when there is less ice. The blockade of Port Arthur will effect the same result in the Yellow sea and when field operations have fairly begun the Russians will have to obtain all their food supplies from the west by the Siberian railway. The Japanese are confident that this method of obtaining supplies will not last very long, and with all seaports closed the Russian navy will be in a shape to cover a territory nearly 600 miles wide and 700 miles long among an unfriendly and impoverished people. All merchant ships are permitted to enter and leave the harbors of Japan since last Tuesday.

CZAR'S MIND WEAKENS

Russian Ruler Prays Continually and Insanity Is Feared. New York Sun Special Service. St. Petersburg, March 5.—The czar and zarina are reduced to a deplorable state of mind by the war. The czar is constantly praying with Father John of Cronstadt, the miracle worker, and the most influential personage, from a religious standpoint, in the Greek church, and is sending propitiatory offerings in all directions to all of the famous shrines. The czar's condition is causing grave anxiety. It is feared that his mind may give way. He upbraids the ministers unceasingly, although the present state of affairs is really due to his listening to evil counsels. His secretary, Bezobrazoff, is the tool of the grand duke in war party, and, with the other high functionaries, hopes to reap a golden harvest out of the war. The zarina practically remains in her own apartment, going from one paroxysm of grief into another. She has become oppressed with the conviction that all of Russia's calamities are due to her abandonment of the Protestant faith, and that she might be married to the czar.

CHINA TAKES PRECAUTION

Peking Convinced That Russia or Japan Will Seize Territory. New York Sun Special Service. Berlin, March 5.—In an interview today the Chinese minister said China was convinced that one of the belligerents in the present war would endeavor to take the grand duke in exchange for compensation for the expense of the war. For this reason, China was sending troops to the Manchurian frontier.

AMERICA AND THE JAPS

Members of Government Amused at Attitude of Russian Press. Chicago, March 5.—Walter Wellman in a Washington special to the Record-Herald says: Members of the Washington government are much amused at the comments of the St. Petersburg newspapers cabled over by the Associated Press. The St. Petersburg editors wholly misunderstand the situation in Washington. This government has had no other policy than that of strict neutrality from the beginning. As a government, officially, the United States is no more in favor of Japan than Russia, and this attitude it will not depart from. The only thing our government has done is to stand upon the suggestion of Germany in securing an agreement which saves China, Manchuria excepted, from being made the theater of war, and which looks to the preservation of Chinese territory intact after the war is over. If Russia had no designs upon China, then the movement should be as welcome at St. Petersburg as at Tokio.

CONSPIRACY IN SEOUL

Koreans Pledged to Slay Officials Who Favor Japanese Alliance. Seoul, March 5.—Twenty members of the Peddlars' band are reported to have taken an oath to kill all officials who favor the alliance with Japan. The Japanese minister, on being notified of this, promptly informed the Korean government that if it does not arrest the conspirators the Japanese officials would do so. As a result, the leaders of the Peddlars have just been arrested.

PRINCESS BECOMES NURSE

Alice of Bourbon Starts for Russian Camps in the Far East. Berlin, March 5.—Princess Alice of Bourbon, the divorced wife of Prince Frederick of Schonberg-Waldenburg, has joined the Russian Red Cross and started for the camps in the far east. American Nurses for Japan. Philadelphia, March 5.—Ten nurses left this city yesterday for Japan, where they will render volunteer service on the battlefield. The party is under the guidance of Dr. Anita Newton McGee of this city, who tendered her services, together with those of her companions, without hope of remuneration.

FIRE IN A WINONA CHURCH

Winona, Minn., March 5.—Fire broke out today in the basement of the First Presbyterian church, and but for the prompt discovery would have caused a loss. The organ just escaped damage.

Let the Children HAVE ALL THE POSTUM They want and watch them grow.

SETTLING DAY A DISAPPOINTMENT

Banks Found It One of the Lightest Known in Canada in Years.

Country Payments Are Unsatisfactory—Theories for Depression Discussed.

Special to The Journal. Winnipeg, Man., March 5.—March 4 is generally regarded in the banks as one of the lightest settling days of the year and March 5 is generally considered as the keynote of the financial conditions prevailing. From inquiries at the various banks it would appear that payments met have been better. Accountants say that more notes will be unpaid than for several years. All, however, agree that the country payments are unsatisfactory.

From the condition of payments during the past few months there is fear that the smaller notes against country merchants and farmers will have to be renewed until next fall. For the financial depression various causes are given. The shortage in the crop last autumn and the damage by the storm undoubtedly had some effect. The slowness of wheat deliveries, there being practically no crop at present, has also had a tendency to tie up money, while the scarcity of funds in the banks has helped.

Some of the banking houses here frankly admit that they have no money to lend. So many branches have been opened at small points and therefore must draw on the bank in the east. The payments in Winnipeg were apparently satisfactory, but the consensus of opinion is that in the country there would be much paper that would have to be returned. The general situation will not be known until returns are made from all the branches.

A dispatch from Montreal says: "The leading banks agreed that to-day was one of the lightest settling days they had seen in years. So far as the managers were able to judge there would be but few cases in which very large notes would be met. Accompanying many requests for the renewal of notes were letters explaining the difficulties that all the wholesale houses had experienced during the entire winter in having their orders delivered by railroads."

ONE IS KILLED IN PERU EARTHQUAKE

Shock also Causes Damage in New Mexico—River Breaks Banks. Lima, Peru, March 5.—From all parts of Peru come reports of damage by recent earthquakes. One person was killed and much damage was done here. Scarcely a house in the city escaped damage. The cathedral tower was cracked and much damage was done to statues and works of art. Roofs were dislodged and balconies tumbled to the ground. In Chorillos, the earthquake was even more destructive. In Callao walls of numerous houses fell, while the iron bridge suffered seriously. Traffic on the Central Railway was stopped by rocks falling on the track.

FELT IN NEW MEXICO

Seismic Shock Causes River to Overflow and Damage Property. Socor, N. M., March 5.—A severe earthquake caused the lower part of the great cathedral to fall. The river broke its banks and considerable damage was done to property.

SHOOK APPALACHIAN MOUNTAINS

Knoxville, Tenn., March 5.—A report from Sevierville, twenty-seven miles south, is that a distinct earthquake was felt there last night. It lasted about eight seconds and was general along the Appalachian mountain range. The movement traveled northeastward and reports of it in a mild form are also reported from Ducktown and Newport. Nothing was felt in Knoxville.

DULLNESS REIGNS IN STOCK MARKET

National Officers Advise Taking of 5 1/2 Per Cent Reduction.

New York, March 5.—Stock market dealings have fallen to a level of dullness unequalled since the summer of 1900. Contributing to this were the suspending Northern Securities deal, the Paris settlement, a heavy decline in January net earnings of railroads, a war of freight rates and fears of a coming soft coal strike. Doubt has also hung over the money outlook on account of possible foreign requirements growing out of the war, the great corporation borrowings at home and the drought in the southwestern wheat belt. These things have not, however, prevented a slow hardening of prices almost imperceptible in extent and to an insignificant volume of dealing.

MINERS TO ACCEPT OPERATORS' SCALE

National Officers Advise Taking of 5 1/2 Per Cent Reduction.

Indianapolis, March 5.—All the national officers of the soft coal miners have advised them to accept the offer of the operators of a compromise wage scale equivalent to 5 1/2 per cent reduction in wages. A Pittsburg operator says: "We have finally come to the point where, in the interests of this movement, our country people and our agreement, we make a proposition that, when we first met did not appear to be a reasonable condition, but a much larger reduction. This proposition is wholly inadequate and it is only made because of a two-year agreement, the country's welfare and our long relations."

PRIZE PULLET SELECTED STRANGER'S HAT FOR NEST

How Holden's Pride of the Henry Laid an Egg and Furnished an Up-to-Date Traveler With a Shampoo, All in Transit—A Story From Real Life.

Special to The Journal. Owatonna, Minn., March 5.—Everybody knows that George D. Holden of this city is an expert on the subject of chickens, but only a chosen few, thus far, know about how a blooded pullet recently scared him almost to death. Mr. Holden had been visiting a convention of fancy chickens at Rochester and had made the purchase of the aforesaid pullet, which took his fancy. In order to insure the bird's safe arrival in Owatonna, he incarcerated the fowl in a sack.

He boarded the train at the Rochester station and settled himself and his prize bird in one of the deep, red plush-upholstered seats provided by the North-Western company. Being tired, he dropped off to sleep, perchance to dream dreams of dandy chickens which captivated show prizes with proud, and, at the same time kept on laying eggs which brought fancy prices.

The Awakening. Suddenly he awoke from his delightful slumbers with an instinctive feeling that all was not right. What met his gaze confirmed his instinct's warning that something had, indeed, gone wrong while he was asleep at the wheel.

SUN ATTACKS ROSEBUD BILL

CHARACTERIZES IT AS "DIS-HONEST LEGISLATION."

Covenant With the Reds Would Not Be Lightly Broken Had They Navies and an Abundance of Fighting Men—President Still Holding Out for Higher Prices for the Indians.

From The Journal Bureau, Colorado Building, Washington. Washington, March 5.—The New York Sun this morning has an editorial attack on the Rosebud Indian bill which is now before congress and regarding which so much has been said recently. This bill seeks, under the precedent established by the Lone Wolf decision, to dispose of the Rosebud lands without the consent of the Indian owners.

The Sun agrees with the Indian Rights association that the legislation is dishonest and seeks by fraud to deprive the Indians of their property without any sufficient guarantee that they will ever be paid the money derived from the land sales. It says: "If the government had covenanted in solemn treaty with certain British subjects who relinquished their claims to land in one section of the country for a grant of territory in another, would congress thus lightly break the nation's faith and rob them? If it did, a high price would be paid in the end for the unrighteous act. But the Rosebud Sioux have no navy and their war parties are no match for the regulars."

President Is Firm. Representative Sherman, chairman of the house Indian affairs committee, to-day had a conference with the president regarding the bill. The president reiterated his opposition to the bill and it is clear that if the senate does not amend it, so as to provide for a public auction, or raise the maximum price from \$3 an acre to something like \$5 or even \$6, the president will interpose a veto when the bill reaches him.

ODELL SPURNS OFFICE

Governor Declares He Would Not Accept Republican Chairmanship. New York, March 5.—Stating that he was suffering from a severe cold and sore throat, Governor B. E. Odell to-day abandoned his proposed trip to Washington to consult with President Roosevelt and returned to Albany, at the same time putting himself out of line for the chairmanship of the national republican committee by declaring that the place had no attraction for him and that he would not accept it if it were tendered him "on a silver platter." Nothing has been settled yet, the governor said, as to his acceptance of the state chairmanship, and this matter is still under consideration.

JUMPS FROM FIFTH FLOOR

MINNESOTA RECEIVES FATAL INJURIES BY LEAP FROM CHICAGO HOTEL. Chicago, March 5.—Albert Lane, a salesman for T. D. Needlans, 254 Monroe street, to-day leaped from a widow on the fifth floor of McCoy's hotel in the pavement below, receiving injuries which will probably prove fatal. It is thought Lane was suffering from hallucinations. His parents reside in Houston, Minn., and have been notified of the accident.

A GUARANTEED CURE FOR PILES.

Itching, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. Your druggist will refund money if Pazo Ointment does not cure you in 10 days.

OLIVE KERR

Portrait of Olive Kerr with text: With Utolian Company at the Dewey Theatre Next Week.

ICE GORGES RISE FORTY FEET HIGH

ONLY PREVENTIVE OF MOST SERIOUS FLOOD.

Susquehanna River in Pennsylvania Menaces Many Points—South Harrisburg Is Submerged and 100 Residents Have to Leave Homes—Dynamite Must Be Used to Clear the Course.

Harrisburg, Pa., March 5.—The only hope of escaping the most serious flood ever known in this region is that a break may occur in the gorges in the Susquehanna river below Harrisburg, said Weather Observer Demain at noon to-day. The Juniata and West branches have fallen 3 1/2 feet in the last twenty-four hours. At Williamsport the river is 16 1/2 feet above low water mark, a fall of 2 1/2 feet. The North branch is becoming threatening at different points above Wilkesbarre. The great gorge above Sunbury is still intact.

At Towanda, Pa., the river is six inches lower than yesterday. At the headquarters the river has begun to rise and at Binghamton, N. Y., it has gone up 2.2 feet the last twenty-four hours.

Ice at Chickies is piled forty feet high and the water is backing over the lowlands in that region. There are several gorges below Columbia and it is necessary to use dynamite to break them.

WANT SURVEY OF LAKE MINNETONKA

REPRESENTATIVES ASK APPROPRIATIONS FOR MINN. RIVERS.

Rivers and Harbors Committee Receives Suggestions from Minnesota Members Regarding Improvements in Water Courses—No General Bill for This Session.

From The Journal Bureau, Colorado Building, Washington. Washington, March 5.—Representatives Stevens and Lind appeared before the rivers and harbors committee to-day. Governor Lind laid before the committee a request for a survey of Lake Minnetonka by engineer officers at St. Paul, to show the depths of all parts and contours of the islands.

He stated to the committee that this claim is needed by yachtsmen and owners of land on the lake shore and that no appropriation would be asked for the improvement of any part of the lake. The committee is favorable to the proposition. Stevens and Lind invited the committee to come to the twin cities next summer and inspect the lakes, dams and reservoirs at the headwaters of the Mississippi, and then take the government steamer on a trip to St. Louis. Lind argued for an appropriation of \$300,000 in addition to the present limit cost, for the completion of the locks and dams at Mucker island, and for \$25,000 to reconstruct reservoirs at the headwaters of the Mississippi. Stevens asked for \$3,000 to improve the Minnesota river up to Shakopee, and \$7,500 for the St. Croix.

Representative Bede, who is a member of the committee, will look after these items and one for the Duluth and Superior harbor.

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FRIDAY AFTERNOON

President Smith Declares He Would Obey Law Before Church.

When the afternoon session of the committee opened yesterday, Mr. Taylor read from the book "Doctrine and Covenants" the first revelation to "Joseph the Seer" at Kirtland, Ohio, in 1830, in which it is stated that both the chosen to receive revelations and that no other should be chosen "until he is taken," and then to be chosen thru him only. Many other extracts from subsequent revelations were read, including that relating to polygamous marriages and the authority to "seal for eternity" or to perform celestial marriages.

"I expect to show," said Mr. Taylor, "that many plural marriages have been solemnized in Utah since 1890 among the officers of the church, and that Senate Smoot as a member of that hierarchy must have had knowledge of the fact."

A pamphlet on the Thatcher episode by Edwin G. Woolley was read, in which was said "If Thatcher persisted in his candidacy for the senate on a platform of harmony with the wishes of the church the logical outcome would be to cut him off from the church." It was stated also by Mr. Woolley, "it would be the same if any other person in the church should persist in running for office in contradiction of the wishes of the church."

DEFENSE CROSS QUESTIONS.

At 3:15, Mr. Smith was taken in hand by the defense and questioned by Mr. Worthington. Mr. Worthington called attention to "an apparent inconsistency" in regard to the authority of more than one person to receive revelations. Mr. Smith said that only the president could receive revelations "for the entire church, the every member of the church could receive revelations for his personal guidance, provided they lived worthy to receive inspiration from God. The last revelation received, according to Mr. Smith, was in 1882, and it came to President John Taylor, calling two men to the apostolate. "That is the only one in twenty-two years, then," said Mr. Worthington. "The only one except the manifesto," said Mr. Smith. "Why is it that the manifesto does not appear in the doctrine and covenants with the other revelations?" "It is an oversight, I should judge. I believe now from what I have heard it should be in, and I certainly will use my influence to have it inserted in the next edition published," answered Mr. Smith. "Do you amend the Bible by pointing out that certain points should not be taken literally?" asked Mr. Worthington.

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857 MORMONS STILL PRACTICE POLYGAMY

Continued from First Page.

Mr. Smith in answer to a question as to why he had not agreed to the Woodruff manifesto.

Senator Bailey said it appeared that polygamous cohabitation is forbidden by both the law of the land and the law of the church as laid down in the Woodruff manifesto, and addressing the witness, he asked: "Do you believe you are violating the laws of the land and the ordinances of your church as well?" "Not the ordinances," said Mr. Smith. "Well, the law then?" "No, the rule," said the witness. "The rule after all is the law for conduct," said Senator Bailey.

"I was only trying to emphasize what the revelations are. I don't know as much about the nice distinctions in religion as I hope I do about the law, but it appears that both the rule of the church and the law of the land forbade polygamous cohabitation and you as the head of the church violated both."

"I do not quarrel with the senator about that," the witness replied. Later he said that Senator Bailey's assumption was cordial.

In reply to Senator Overman, Mr. Smith said that the revelation of the manifesto of 1890 had been published in the latest edition of doctrine and covenants, but that this was an oversight and would be corrected.

"I am not practicing polygamy. I am practicing polygamous cohabitation, which is not polygamy. Polygamy is plural marriage and I have taken no plural wives since the manifesto of 1890."

A few minutes before the time of adjournment a photographer appeared in the room with a huge camera and was about to focus it upon the committee and its distinguished members, when Senator Dillingham made a strenuous objection. Chairman Burrows stated that no photograph of the committee or of the room would be taken without the consent of the committee.

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Red Riding Hood Hood's Sarsaparilla which expels every humor, inherited or acquired, strengthens all the organs and builds up the whole system. It is The Spring Medicine par excellence—used in thousands of homes. "I have been a nurse for nineteen years, and I know of no better blood renovator than Hood's Sarsaparilla. It makes pure, rich blood, tones the liver and kidneys and invigorates the whole system. It has relieved one of my friends of catarrh and cured many others of blood diseases." A. C. PALMER, Rochester, N. H. Accept no Substitutes for Hood's Sarsaparilla and Pills.

Miracles of Science RUSSELL, The Manual Therapist and Bone Setter. Whose wonderful cures of seemingly hopeless cases, that had defied all other methods, and whose public demonstrations in the cure of disease have been witnessed by thousands, and received the highest indorsement and commendation from many of our most prominent people. Will begin, Sunday afternoon, March 6, at Richmond Hall, corner Nicollet avenue and Eighth street, and every afternoon during the week, a series of sittings and public demonstrations in curing the sick. Doors open at 2:30; commence at 3.

FREE TO EVERYBODY. Every one who may be sick or suffering is invited to come and be healed without money or price. The public is also cordially invited to attend, and is at liberty to bring people of their own choice for treatment. Let them be the most difficult they can select. The lame, the crippled, the rheumatic, the deaf, those suffering with achilles, pains, stiff and painful joints, etc. All pain will be relieved, and the full use of their limbs restored to them. The deaf will be made to hear and the sick and debilitated healed. A Vocal and Instrumental Concert. Will precede the demonstrations, in which the mocking bird duet, with whistling accompaniment, and the celebrated song, "We Are Passing but Once This Way," are the featured selections will be given by the ladies of the family. Admission to the hall, treatment and seats free to everybody. Russell's private office is 1013 First avenue S., where all forms of nervous and chronic diseases are treated with wonderful success, 10 a. m. to 8 p. m.

TURKS PLAYING REFORM COMEDY. Macedonians Quiet for the Nonce, Fearing Threatened Anglo-French Intervention.

Special to The Journal. London, March 5.—Advices from Constantinople and Sofia indicate a temporary improvement in the Balkan situation. No one believes that the sultan or the Macedonian committee has experienced a change of heart, but it is reported that Anglo-French pressure has been brought to bear upon Abdul Hamid, Prince Ferdinand and Boris Saraffoff simultaneously, and that all three have been induced to accept the terms of the present arrangement. The sultan's present embarrassment should improve sufficiently to hamper her work of reform in the Balkans, other powers interested in preserving order in southeastern Europe are ready to act for her.

CELEBRATION FOR 800

Senator Alger Seeks Appropriation for Semi-Centennial. Washington, March 5.—Senator Alger has introduced a bill appropriating \$20,000 to bear the cost of a celebration to commemorate the semi-centennial of the opening of the Soo canal. Wisconsin, Minnesota and Michigan are expected to participate in this event.

A DR.'S FOOD Found a Food That Lifted Him Out of Trouble. The food experience of a doctor experimenting with himself is worth knowing. He says: "I have had acid dyspepsia since I was a young man, and from eight years old I know. It worked down from stomach to intestines locating at the umbilicus. I entered into six years ago the agony every few days was something terrible. I have walked the floor for hours unable to eat or digest if I should eat. Medicine would not relieve me at all. Four years ago I began the use of Grape-Nuts and since the first dish I have never had any other food trouble. I take four table-spoons once a day with my supper which is composed only of whole wheat bread and the Grape-Nuts. The wonderful part of my case is that I have never had an attack or even any of the dreadful symptoms since I have used this food. There's a reason for it. Most of my patients know how suddenly and promptly Grape-Nuts cured me and I have prescribed the food with good results in many cases." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Grape-Nuts is regularly prescribed in place of medicine by many physicians for stomach or intestinal trouble, lack of nourishment, brain-fag and nervous prostration. The result usually shows immediate improvement and a speedy complete cure. Ten days' trial of Grape-Nuts in place of starch food works wonders. "There's a reason for it." Look in each pkg. for the famous little book, "The Road to Wellville."

HAS BILL FOR CUTTER Representative Bede Wants Congress to Recognize Shippers' Demands. Washington, March 5.—Representative Bede has introduced a bill appropriating \$250,000 for a revenue cutter for service on Lake Superior. There is no expectation of passing the measure at this session. The shipping interests on Superior have been clamoring for a cutter for some time. Mr. Bede introduced the bill in order to get a report from the department and thus direct the attention of the house to the matter.

LOST A RACE WITH DEATH.

Special to The Journal. Minneapolis, Minn., March 5.—The 3-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. P. Lord, died last night of spinal meningitis at Northfield, where he had been taken for medical treatment. The father chartered a special train here for Northfield, but did not reach their destination until their child was dead.

CO-OPERATING FARMERS.

Special to The Journal. Mason City, Iowa, March 5.—The Rockwell Farmer's Co-operative association held its sixteenth annual meeting to-day, and, as usual, surprised its members in the report furnished by its manager, Frank Campbell. In an almost total crop failure in a part of that section, the manager reported a total business of \$450,000 for the year, or \$150,000 less than last year.