

PRICE TWO CENTS.

DALNY OCCUPIED BY THE JAPANESE

RUSSIANS FLEE IN GREAT HASTE

They Leave Valuable Property to the Enemy—Railway and Docks Uninjured.

Japanese Gunboats Fired On From Port Arthur—Three Vessels Reported Sunk

Washington, May 31.—The Japanese legation today gave out the following dispatch from the home government at Tokio, embodying a report from General Oku, as follows: "General Oku, commanding the army operations in Manchuria, reports that our troops occupied Dalny on May 30. Over one hundred warehouses and barracks, besides telegraph office and railway station were found uninjured. "Over two hundred railway cars are usable, but all small railway bridges in the neighborhood are destroyed. All dock piers, except the great pier which was sunk, remain uninjured. Some steam launches were also found at the mouth of the dock."

BANDITS BURN AND PILLAGE

Russian Officer Killed in Depredations at Dalny.

Chifu, May 31, 7:30 p. m.—Five hundred Chinese refugees from Port Dalny and Tallen-wan arrived today. After sitting through conflicting stories it appears that the Russians left Tallen-wan May 26 for Port Arthur. Bandits later took possession of the town and were pillaging when the Japanese cavalry appeared May 27. On May 28 the Russians left Port Dalny, previously burning the offices and residences, destroying the railroad and scuttling three large merchantmen, the Zeld, Borela and Nagadan, and all the dredges and launches. Some of the refugees also say the Russians destroyed the gunboat Bohr, which is believed to have taken part in the battle of Thursday last at Kinchau and three torpedo boats. Others say these vessels returned to Port Arthur. The docks and piers at Dalny were not destroyed. Bandits occupied the city after the Russians left and levied tribute on the inhabitants. A Chinese contractor who had built most of Dalny for the Russians was held for ransom and his clerks were killed. The town was still burning May 28, when the refugees started for Chifu. The Japanese had not appeared at Dalny up to that time. One junk, which was leaving Dalny, was sunk by bandits and fifty were drowned. The Chinese refugees did not leave for fear of the Russians or Japanese, but of the bandits. They say one Russian officer was killed by the bandits.

GUNBOATS FIRED UPON

Japanese Say They Effected a Careful Reconnaissance.

Tokio, May 31 (noon).—Four gunboats, two destroyers and two torpedo boats, sent to Port Arthur early Monday morning by Admiral Togo, effected a careful reconnaissance, facing a heavy fire from the land batteries. They discovered a new Russian searchlight station and one or two new forts on the Liao-tien-shan promontory. No. 3 gunboat was struck by a shell which killed one petty officer, injured two men and destroyed the searchlight guns. The other boats escaped without damage.

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GENERAL OKU, Who commands the Jap forces investing Port Arthur.

LAKE DEADLOCK HEARING IS ON

Special Committee of Cleveland Civic Federation Would Settle the Strike.

Cleveland, Ohio, May 31.—The meeting of representatives of the Lake Carriers' association and the Masters and Pilots' association before the special committee appointed by the civic federation with a view to bringing about a settlement of the existing strike, was held today. The committee, which was composed of members of the firm or corporation was taken as surety on the bond. Forty-five cases of cash sales of timber in excess of 100,000 feet. All of these irregularities are in violation of the provisions of the law

MANAGER GONE; OLD FIRM FAILS

S. Munn & Co., Cotton Exchange Brokers, forced to Suspend by Defalcation of Employee.

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LOGGING LAWS NULLIFIED

The Public Examiner's Latest Report Shows Hundreds of Cases Where Apparently Nothing Was Done to Protect State Interests—Bark Marks Disregarded, Permits Not Recorded and Bond Provisions Not Enforced.

Out of 318 stumpage permits issued by the auditor's office in the eight years of R. C. Dunn's administration, 286 failed to meet important requirements of law, and timber cut under them was illegal. This is one of the startling statements made in the third installment of Public Examiner Johnson's report on the state auditor's office, filed with Governor Van Sant to-day. This report deals entirely with stumpage accounts and records, which the last week directed the public examiner to inquire into. It shows an astonishing laxity in the enforcement of the law of 1896, so carefully drawn to safeguard the interests of the state.

Some of the flagrant irregularities noted in the report are as follows: Two hundred and eighty-six stumpage permits not recorded with surveyor general till after one logging season. Eighty stumpage permits never so recorded. One hundred and forty-three permits containing no "log mark" for the first year. One hundred and seventy-five containing no such mark for second year. One hundred and twenty-nine containing no such mark for either year. Sixty permits where some member of the firm or corporation was taken as surety on the bond. Forty-five cases of cash sales of timber in excess of 100,000 feet. All of these irregularities are in violation of the provisions of the law

which are framed to protect the state, and in the public examiner's report it is shown how it was possible for the state to lose by such negligence. Failure to record the permits gives the loggers a chance to get their logs away before the surveyor general is aware of the sale. Failure to record the log marks makes it possible to float away state logs and mix them with private ones, leaving the state no means of tracing them. These offenses are provided with heavy penalties by the law, and it is necessary to enforce their collection. The report is accompanied with voluminous exhibits taken from the records to prove its statements. The text of the report filed is as follows: Text of the Report. Again referring to the report of the sub-committee of the general committee of public accounts and expenditures of the house of representatives for the year 1903, which report was adopted by the general committee reported to and adopted by the house of representatives, and to that particular part of said report which reads as follows: Also stumpage and individual stumpage and miners' land accounts, some of which have been long past due. Stumpage accounts \$3,562.14 Individual stumpage 27,162.45 We would recommend that the public examiner investigate the stumpage accounts of the state of Minnesota, that he be requested to take such steps as are necessary to enforce their collection. I beg to say that, in the examination of the stumpage account, which the legislature directed should be "investigated

thoroughly" I found "trespass" as a subdivision of the stumpage account, representing the items of theft and unlawful taking of portions of the state's stumpage property, and reported to you in more or less detail concerning it, some time ago. Until the first of March last, when I found that it would be impossible to obtain from Mr. Barry a complete report of the condition of the accounts in the state auditor's office, and his recommendations for changes, corrections and systematization, together with such legislation as, in his opinion, would be necessary, had expected and intended to be able to give you, in one paper, the full and complete report with all such recommendations contained therein. The impossibility, however, of securing, from his work, the basis of such a report and the universal public demand to know what was being done, caused me to make you a partial one some time ago, and to now make you another partial report, these to be followed by still others, from time to time during the ensuing months, as fast as the work can be accomplished.

Total Past Collections. The total amount of money collected, on account of trespass settlements, made by the state auditor, for the eight years, 1896 to Jan. 1, 1903, inclusive, was \$146,633.20, as shown by this subdivision of the stumpage account. The state treasurer, because of settlements made by the state auditors, on account of trespass (timber stealing), prior to Jan. 1, 1896, \$62,862.94, and, because of settlement on the same

Continued on Third Page.

MAY HUNT DOWN MOROCCO BANDIT

U. S. WILL PROTECT RAISULI'S CAPTIVE

If Perdicaris Is Harmed the Outcome Will Be Hunted to His Death.

Consul Gummere and Admiral Chadwick Deliver Ultimatum Thru the Sultan.



IAN PERDICARIS Held by Moorish bandits for ransom.

HOW PERDICARIS WAS KIDNAPPED

Citizen and His Son-in-law by the Bandits.

The first detailed account of the sensational kidnaping of Ian Perdicaris and his son-in-law, Cromwell Farley, has just been received in this country. On the evening of May 18 they, with their wives, were sitting in the drawing room of Mr. Perdicaris' beautiful villa, "Adouin," some distance back in the mountains from Tangier, when servants' cries were heard in the hall. The men rushed out first, and when the women followed a few moments later, they saw their husbands in the hands of a number of armed Moors, who after a struggle, bound them. Mrs. Perdicaris and Mrs. Farley tried to aid their husbands, but were knocked down and guns were placed at their heads. The Raisuli, the now notorious bandit who was standing in the background, blew a whistle and the Moors lifted their prisoners and ran with them to horses waiting outside and rode rapidly up into the mountains. They were accompanied by a troop of Moors all armed. It was the struggle was on the housekeeper, an English woman, had sufficient presence of mind to telephone to the exchange operator and beg him to inform Consul General Gummere and Admiral Chadwick that they had been attacked by robbers. Mr. Gummere was dining at the Austrian legation, but, receiving the intelligence, he telephoned immediately to Basha and asked that the garrison pursue the bandits. Then, at the head of his own guard, he started into the mountains, but was pitched dark and as there was grave danger of losing their way or being shot from ambush, they put back to the city. Since the capture the prisoners have been permitted to communicate with their families. It has been reported that they have been roughly treated by their captors. Perdicaris is an American citizen. He was born in Athens when his father was United States consul there. Many years he has lived in Tangier, and his two beautiful homes in the city and up in the mountains have been open hospitably to distinguished visitors. Only a short time before the capture the Perdicaris and Farleys entertained at luncheon the Princess Louise of Schleswig-Holstein, who was a guest of the British legation. Sir Arthur Nicholson, the British ambassador, Lady Nicholson, and Consul General Gummere were among the guests. A dispatch from Paris to-day quotes Jean Hess, an explorer who has just returned from Morocco, as follows: "The Raisuli, chief of the Moroccan government, has forgotten to pay. He hopes by obtaining ransom for his prisoners to get finally square with his former master. There need be no fear in the United States that the cost of the expedition will not be paid by Morocco, inasmuch as a Paris institution is now preparing a loan to the sultan of \$10,000,000.

WARSHIPS ASSEMBLING

They May Be Used to Force Morocco Authorities to Act.

New York Sun Special Service. Tangier, Morocco, May 31.—A formidable American squadron is assembling here, under the command of Rear Admiral Chadwick, of the United States, and his stepson, Cromwell Farley, kidnaped by the notorious brigand, Raisuli. Rear Admiral Chadwick, on his flagship, the armored cruiser Brooklyn, arrived here first this morning. The United States admiral, who came a little later in the day. Despite the presence of these iron-fisted war vessels, and the fact that other expert gunboats, especially the Moor authorities disgustedly declare that the captives' position is now more dangerous than before the ships arrived. Admiral Chadwick, accompanied by an aide, United States Consul General Gummere and two Marines, promptly visited Hadje Mohammed Ben El Arbi and Torres, the United States consul general at Tangier for foreign affairs. The interview lasted ten minutes, after which Torres returned the visit to the United States consul. Admiral Chadwick is expected to confer with the British minister in regard to the kidnaping of Perdicaris and Farley. The United States flagship Brooklyn saluted the Surprise.

NO TRIAL BY JURY IN THE PHILIPPINES

Washington, May 31.—In the United States supreme court to-day, an opinion was handed down in the case of Dorr & O'Brien, editors of a newspaper published in Manila, who were prosecuted for criminal libel. The question was raised of the right of a defendant in a criminal case to demand trial by jury in the Philippines in the absence of congressional enactment granting such right. The court held that the constitution does not carry the right without legislative enactment. The chief justice and Justices Brewer and Peckham united in this opinion, but on different grounds. Justice Harlan vigorously dissented, saying that the opinion is contrary to the established system of the United States, and declaring it to be in effect an amendment to the constitution.

SHERIFF WAGES WAR ON WYOMING OUTLAWS

Buffalo, Wyo., May 31.—Sheriff Webb of Natrona county and posse have fought a battle with outlaws near the Putney ranch in the Big Horn mountains. One of the outlaws was wounded and fell from his horse. A companion lifted him from the ground and escaped with his human burden into the Bad Lands. The posse followed and news of another battle is looked for momentarily. A number of horses have been stolen from the Teasdale ranch recently and Sheriff Webb and his posse started in pursuit of the guilty parties about a week ago.

BEAR SETTLES WITH LION

St. Petersburg, May 31.—The long-standing difficulty between Great Britain and Russia arising from the seizure by the latter of the Canadian sealers in the Bering sea in 1892, has been settled, Russia agreeing to pay \$44,701 indemnity to the Carmelite and the Vancouver Bells, two out of the six vessels seized. The claim amounted to \$92,007.

OHIO METHODISTS HELD BY FLOODS

Returning Delegates to Los Angeles in Distress—Consumptive Dies.

Quenemo, Kan., May 31.—Stranded here for two days, a party of Ohio Methodists returning from the general conference at Los Angeles, has been in distress. Three trains with over 400 passengers have not been able to move to Santa Fe because they are flood-bound. Heavy rains have been falling steadily for the last two days in all parts of Kansas and many wash-outs are reported. The people of Quenemo have been taking care of the sufferers, providing food by means of boats, and in many cases articles of clothing to those with thin apparel. Many who boarded the flood-bound trains at Denver and El Paso have been made ill by the dampness and heavy atmosphere. A great many of them were returning from Denver and El Paso after having been treated for lung trouble. Some were on the road to health and the bad effects of the dampness on their condition are serious. Among them was Ralph B. Stevens of Cohoes, N. Y., who died thru exposure on the train after it left Emporia.

WHITE GIRL KEPT IN A NEGRO HOVEL

Strange Case of Concealed Identity Disclosed by Fire in Brooklyn.

New York, May 31.—A small fire which destroyed a negro hovel in Brooklyn has disclosed to the police a strange case of hidden identity. In the fire which destroyed the building a beautiful white child 8 years of age lost her life. Her presence in the hut which had been occupied by an old negro for some years caused an investigation. It was learned that the child had been reared by the negro and had, also evidently of refined parentage, been compelled to grow up without education and playmates among the colored children of the neighborhood. In some manner the girl had been slightly crippled. Fragments of admissions by the negro led to the belief that the child's mother was a young woman well known in Brooklyn society. Her foster mother said she received at a time \$500 every twelve months to care for the little girl, but that payments had stopped five years ago and, owing to her attachment for the little one, she went to work in order to provide for it. She was absent when the house was burned. The child was locked in and perished. Thus far all efforts to unseal the woman's lips and disclose the secret of the child's identity have failed.

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