

TAMMANY WILL SUPPORT PARKER TO CARRY STATE

Agreement Between Hill and Murphy Is Announced in New York.



CHARLES F. MURPHY, Tammany Leader, Who May Be for Parker After Hill.

Washington, June 13.—The New York Tribune to-day prints a story on its first page, which, if true, will have an important bearing on Judge Parker's candidacy for president. It says in part: "It was announced last night that an understanding had been reached between ex-Senator David B. Hill, leader of the Parker forces in this state, and Charles F. Murphy, leader of Tammany Hall, whereby Murphy will abandon his fight against the candidacy of Judge Parker. In return it was said Hill would withdraw all support from Senator P. H. McCarran, who is fighting to retort the leadership in Kings county, and would take steps to minimize the importance of August Belmont in the campaign. This report, which was substantiated from an authoritative source, but it was generally believed. "According to statements made last night, negotiations looking toward harmony between the state organization and Tammany Hall have been under way for a week. The Tribune last Monday morning announced that the fight between Murphy and Hill was more a financial than a political fight. It is said to be a war of rival traction interests. August Belmont, the strongest Parker leader, is president of the interborough company, which owns subway and elevated roads. In his traction plans, he has clashed with Thomas A. Ryan, who is the controlling power in the Metropolitan. Ryan is a close friend and adviser of Charles F. Murphy. "The traction feuds according to the general belief, have been carried into the field of politics. As announced in the Tribune last week, Murphy offered to abandon his war on Parker, if Hill would agree to drop McCarran and Belmont. At that time the offer was refused. According to reports last night Hill had reconsidered his attitude, and McCarran is to be left to fight himself. Belmont is to be sidetracked and Murphy and Hill will hook up together to promote Parker's fortunes.

Parker's First Ballot.

The democratic politicians of New York are beginning to make tables showing what they think Judge Parker's strength will be in the first ballot cast at the St. Louis convention. These tables are imperfect, yet they show concrete crystallization of democratic thought in the east concerning his strength. The table which perhaps is most nearly correct, because prepared in a spirit of fairness to all candidates, estimates Parker's strength in the opening ballot at about 435 votes, or 194 short of the necessary two-thirds. The same table allows Hearst not more than 200, Bryan for 100, and the other candidates for 100, of whom there are four, Cockrell, Olney, Gray and Wall, 100, and uncommitted 200. These figures show a total slight in excess of the 844 votes in the convention, but for present purposes are accurate enough. After the opening ballot, Parker will have two important courses of strength, the favorite sons and the uncommitted groups. Cockrell, Gray, Wall, Gorman and Olney, in Missouri, Delaware, Wisconsin and Massachusetts, respectively, represent more of a protest against Hearst and the radicals than they do a hope that any favorite son can be nominated. For example, Missouri and Massachusetts have absolutely no hope of landing either Cockrell or Olney, the latter, in fact, is known to be a stalking horse for Parker.

The uncommitted delegations will come, in the main, from Ohio, forty-six votes; Michigan, twenty-eight; Minnesota, twenty-two, and Pennsylvania, sixty-eight. It is assumed for the purpose of this article that Minnesota on the 12d will not instruct her delegation, under such circumstances, however, will be much more likely to go to Parker than to any other candidate. The failure to instruct will be directly in the interest of Parker and against Hearst. This situation obtains also in other states uncommitted. So, it would seem that Parker has a good prospect for increasing his vote after the first ballot from the two sources named. This prospect is being increased by reports from southern states, which are either instructing for Parker or failing to instruct after electing Parker, as was the case in Virginia the other day. Parker's name was the only one mentioned at the Richmond convention, and yet no instructions were given.

Towne Nursing His Boom.

The uncommitted delegates may, of course, support Towne, and it is on this theory that C. A. Towne is quietly nursing his boom. Yet with Parker controlling considerably more than a third of the convention to start with, it would require an exceedingly felicitous selection of a candidate to unite two-thirds against him. Thus the leading candidate continues to be the New York justice, against whom the field, led by Tammany, is still scheming. The breaking up of the uncommitted delegations is a thing to be closely watched. Under the impetus that has been given the Parker movement by the southern states, it is barely possible that Parker's nomination may be practically conceded before the convention meets. The convention may possibly be a Continued on Second Page.

HEARST FAILS TO CARRY STATE

Antis Are in the Lead, With Less Than Twenty Counties to Report.

The Hearst men are behind on the latest returns from the Minnesota county conventions. Although the strong delegations from Hennepin and St. Louis counties were captured by the Hearst forces, few other delegations were instructed, and the majority are reported as opposed to the presidential aspirations of the New York editor. The indications now are that Minnesota's twenty-two delegates to the national convention will go free to vote as they please.

In four counties heard from no conventions were held Saturday, and the outlook is that there will be several empty delegation seats at Duluth. The full delegate strength is 1,009, making 505 necessary to carry the choice, but with a reduced attendance the anti-Hearst counties already heard from will be strong enough to control the situation. They may not be able to put thru an anti-Hearst slate of delegates, but they are pretty sure to head off instructions.

The Hearst men have not given up the state by any means. At the local headquarters reports have been received from fifty-five counties, with 787 delegates, of which it is claimed 453 are for Hearst and 334 are against, including the contested delegation of twenty from Polk. There are thirty-six delegates marked unknown, including eleven from Kandiyohi, eight from Murray, six from Pope, and fourteen from Scott. These were all uninstructed, and The Journal's reports show that the Scott and Kandiyohi county delegations are against Hearst.

The delegates claimed for Hearst are as follows: Anoka, 7; Beltrami, 6; Big Stone, 7; Blue Earth, 6; Brown, 4; Carver, 11; Chippewa, 8; Crow Wing, 8; Douglas, 11; Fillmore, 8; Freeborn, 9; Hennepin, 102; Isanti, 6; Kanabec, 4; Le Sueur, 15; Lyon, 9; McLeod, 12; Martin, 4; Meeker, 12; Mower, 10; Otter Tail, 8; Rice, 11; St. Louis, 38; Sherburne, 5; Sibley, 11; Steele, 3; Stevens, 8; Swift, 10; Todd, 18; Traverse, 8; Wabasha, 6; Waseca, 11; Winona, 26; Wright, 6.

The Hearst managers say they will pick up enough delegates from the counties not heard from to give the contest a close finish. However, the reports from Journal correspondents indicate that the Hearst claims are not well founded in several instances, including Crow Wing, Fillmore, Le Sueur, Meeker, Stevens, Winona and Wright.

According to the information at hand to-day, the delegates chosen are lined up as follows:

Table with 3 columns: County, Hearst, Anti-Hearst. Lists counties like Anoka, Beltrami, Big Stone, etc., with corresponding delegate counts.

County Reports.

Red Lake—Against Hearst. Instructions for Robert Morgan, at delegate to the national convention. John Morgan was recommended for delegate to the national convention. Freeborn—Uninstructed but against Hearst. F. Holmes for committeeman. Big Stone—Uninstructed but against Hearst. H. Evans of Tracy and O. Hair of Wheaton instructed for delegates. Scott—No instructions. Stevens—No instructions. Wright—No instructions. Douglas—Instructions for Hearst against Hearst. C. L. Kane for district delegate. Le Sueur—Instructions for Hearst. Douglas—Instructions for Hearst. Isanti—Instructions for a candidate who will support the Kansas City platform. Traverse—A Hearst convention. Evans and O'Hair instructed for delegates to St. Louis. Sherburne—No instructions. Freeborn—Virtual instructions for Hearst. Wabasha—The delegates are probably about one-half for Parker and will support Dr. W. F. Pillsbury—Uninstructed. Chippewa—Instructions for Hearst. Otter Tail—Instructions for Hearst. Aitkin—Uninstructed but strongly anti-Hearst. Goodhue—No instructions. Beltrami—Delegation pledged, but sent meek strong for Hearst. Douglas—Instructions for Parker for president and Werner Hemstead for committeeman. Traverse—No instructions. Murray—No instructions. Fillmore—Uninstructed, but strongly anti-Hearst. Itkonon—Anti-Hearst. Todd—Instructions for Hearst. Houston—No instructions. W. H. Harries for committeeman. Otter Tail—Probably for Parker, but uninstructed. Rice—Hearst's name not mentioned. H. V. Gress of Northfield for delegate to national convention. Sauer—Uninstructed; Hearst resolution voted down, 11 to 23. Meeker—Anti-Hearst. Brown—No instructions. W. R. Hodges was instructed for member of the state central committee. Washington—Anti-Hearst; Instructions for J. G. Armon as delegate at large and member of the state central committee. Olmsted—Hearst favored. Dr. W. W. Mayo at head of delegation. Pine—The delegates were instructed to vote for Charles Reinholdson for delegate to the national convention.

Continued on Second Page.



DAME RUMOR ON THE LINE.

LAND RUSH FELT AT CASS LAKE

Thirty Are Already in Line for the Opening Scheduled on Wednesday.

Cass Lake, Minn., June 13.—The advance rush for lands to be opened Wednesday has commenced, and thirty men are lined in front of the land office ready to file. The line was formed at 6 o'clock Sunday night, twenty men falling in to close order formation.

There have since been regular augmentations, and many more are here for information relative to the character of the lands. The land in the Cass Lake district to be opened comprises 63,000 acres. Every precaution has been taken that no unfair advantage be gained in the filings. Many are out on the land looking it over, and it is expected they will all be in before to-morrow noon, when the line will number several hundred. The sale will be a grand affair, and among the land-seekers. A large part of the land is valuable for agriculture.

COURT HAS NEGRO PUBLICLY WHIPPED

Lexington, Ky., June 13.—Police Judge John J. Riley to-day restored public whipping posts as a means of punishment here. He sentenced Simon Scarce, a 15-year-old negro lad, to be whipped in the public square. Scarce had struck a small white boy. The court decreed that the boy's mother take the negro to the public square and give him twenty lashes with a buggy whip. The mother, in the presence of a large crowd, administered the punishment as directed. This is the first time such an incident has been witnessed in Kentucky since the civil war.

TAKEN FROM BUGGY AND ROBBED OF \$1,000

Fergus Falls, Minn., June 13.—A hold-up occurred on the Elizabeth road, six miles north of the city, Saturday night, Arne Arneson being taken from his buggy and robbed of \$1,000 and a gold watch and chain. Arneson was formerly employed on the Great Northern as a section man and his hand car was struck by a train. He sustained a broken leg, for which the company gave him \$5,000. He consequently had plenty of money, and, being lame, was an easy victim.

MOTHER OF GOVERNOR'S WIFE FOUND DEAD

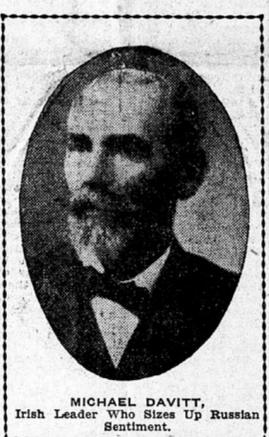
Chicago, June 13.—Friends and relatives who assembled at the Northwestern railway station to welcome Mrs. Helen M. Wood home from California, encountered her lifeless body as the train rolled in. She was found dead in her berth. Mrs. Wood, who was 74, had been in ill health for some time, and was reconciled to death, but hoped to reach her home here before the end came. She was the wife of Alonzo M. Wood, and one of her daughters is the wife of Governor Frank White of North Dakota.

PILGRIMAGE TO MRS. EDDY

Thousands of Christian Scientists Go to Concord, N. H. Boston, June 13.—Several thousand Christian Scientists left here to-day by special trains for Concord, N. H., on the annual pilgrimage to the home of Mrs. Mary Baker Eddy, the founder of Christian Science. In connection with the pilgrimage and in response to a special invitation from Mrs. Eddy, the visitors were to view the elaborate new Christian Science edifice at Concord, the gift of Mrs. Eddy.

RUSSIAN MASSES EXPECT VICTORY

Michael Davitt, Now in St. Petersburg, Feels Pulse of the Populace.



MICHAEL DAVITT, Irish Leader Who Sizes Up Russian Sentiment.

St. Petersburg, June 13.—Michael Davitt, who is now in St. Petersburg, investigating the labor and industrial conditions of Russia, in an interview with the correspondent of the Associated Press said he has interviewed workers outside of the factories, in the churches, parks and places of public entertainment, but have failed to find anything except confidence that Russia is bound to win in the end. The government is decidedly frank in its dissemination of news. Official bulletins are posted everywhere. The news is discussed among the bystanders, but always quietly. There is no trace of excitement. Certainly the war is not affecting the general current of life. Business everywhere is progressing as usual and the people are following their ordinary routine. The only sentiment is full faith that Russia ultimately will win. The stories published abroad that 600 persons were executed at Moscow recently, that wholesale sentences have been imposed at Moscow and that sanguinary conflicts have occurred at Odessa, are all, so far as my inquiries show, pure inventions, deliberately set afloat for the purpose of injuring the Russian loan abroad.

SPooner, Wis., Ravaged BY A DESTRUCTIVE FIRE

Canton, Ohio, June 13.—Clifford Boylan, the victim of Sunday's race riot, is still alive, but death is momentarily expected. The night passed without disorder. Railroad men, who were in a threatening mood for several hours after the shooting, did not go near the county jail or city prison, where the negroes were held. Officers of the railroad went among them at the roundhouse and other places where they congregated, counseling them to commit no violence and urging them to go home, and this had a salutary effect.

BREAKFAST FOOD INVENTOR DEAD

New York, June 13.—Rodolphus Bingham, inventor of a wheat food upon which he claimed life could be maintained at the cost of 64 cents a day, is dead at Cambridge, N. J. He was 80 years old and had spent a fortune in advancing various scientific ideas, among them a system of phonetic spelling which he tried for many years to have introduced in schools.

RECIPROCIITY AS IMPERATIVE NEED

Blackwell Sees Opening for Tenfold More American Products in Canada.

Boston, June 13.—Discussing the question of reciprocity with Canada and Newfoundland before the Massachusetts club Saturday night, Henry B. Blackwell said it was one of the most important questions ever brought before the American people and of vital interest to New England. Settlement of the boundary dispute had removed the chief obstacle to securing it. Mr. Blackwell further said: "Reciprocity with Canada and Newfoundland is imperatively needed by this city. To escape decadence and decay, New England must have free access to raw materials, food and fuel, and we can escape from our present enslavement in industrial trusts only by availing ourselves of Canadian commerce. "As a matter of fact, Canada buys of us twice as much agricultural products as we buy of her. Suppose by reciprocity we increase this traffic tenfold. Evidently we shall increase our sale of agricultural products tenfold. Suppose she increases her sales to us equally. That also will be for our advantage, since we shall thereby supply ourselves at lower prices than now, with food and fuel that our people need. "The prosperity of our manufacturers is due primarily not to protection, but to the superior quality and intelligence of our people. These qualities have been developed by our magnificent system of domestic free trade from the ocean and from Canada to the gulf. "Congressman Gardner thought the United States should not seek to acquire foreign markets at the risk of losing home markets. He also asserted there is no chance that Canada would grant reciprocity in manufactures. "Eugene N. Foss strongly advocated close trade relations between the United States and Canada and Newfoundland.

APPOINTMENT OF KNOX AS MENACE TO FREEDOM

Philadelphia, June 13.—In his baccalaureate sermon to the graduating class of the University of Pennsylvania, the Rev. William C. Richardson of St. James Protestant Episcopal church, one of the wealthiest and most fashionable in the city, has denounced the nomination of Senator Quay's seat by appointment as an encroachment on freedom. "It is within the power of you, young men," he said, "to reform these conditions. Go into politics and become leaders. When the professors and students of our great universities assume control we shall have justice in our government."

RACE RIOT'S VICTIM IS EXPECTED TO DIE

Canton, Ohio, June 13.—Clifford Boylan, the victim of Sunday's race riot, is still alive, but death is momentarily expected. The night passed without disorder. Railroad men, who were in a threatening mood for several hours after the shooting, did not go near the county jail or city prison, where the negroes were held. Officers of the railroad went among them at the roundhouse and other places where they congregated, counseling them to commit no violence and urging them to go home, and this had a salutary effect.

RODGERS AT HEAD

New U. C. T. Officers Elected by the Grand Council at Winnipeg. Special to The Journal. Winnipeg, Minn., June 13.—The eleventh annual session of the grand council of United Commercial Travelers of America, jurisdiction of Minnesota, the Dakotas and Manitoba, elected the following officers: Past grand councillor, Ernest Grant of Minneapolis; grand councillor, George W. Rodgers of St. Paul; grand junior councillor, Walter Jacobs of Aberdeen; grand conductor, Henry J. McGarvey of Huron; grand page, J. A. McPherson of Grand Forks; grand sentinel, Charles P. Vandermer of Minneapolis; grand secretary, J. M. Dresser of St. Paul; grand treasurer, F. M. Noble of St. Paul; grand executive committee, W. D. Austin of Fargo, F. J. C. Cox of Winnipeg, H. M. Westfall of Sioux Falls and J. M. Schuch of Winona. A resolution was adopted reducing the entertainment tax on subordinate council members. Heretofore it has been 50 cents a member, and a cut of one-half was made.

WASHINGTON NOTES

Washington, June 13.—Rural free delivery service is to be established July 15 as follows: South Dakota—Winifred, Lake county, route 1, population 412, houses 162. Montana—Missoula, Missoula county, route 1, population 850, houses 158. James A. Larson has been appointed postmaster at Walnut Grove, Redwood county, Minn., vice Viola Long, resigned.

TURKS MASSACRE 2,000 ARMENIANS

Two Days Given Up to Butchery as Result of Sultan's Trade.

Special to The Journal. Constantinople, June 13.—Armenian patriarchs have received information that an irade has been issued by the sultan which has resulted in wholesale massacres and destruction of Armenian property. The irade prohibits the seizure of Armenians in the villages destroyed.

According to the information, two days were devoted to massacres—July 12 and 13—and on these two days thirty-seven villages were destroyed, and of a population of 5,000, 2,000 persons were massacred. The women of the villages who disappeared during the massacres have been received by their husbands, but most of the girls have not been seen since.

The villages destroyed were in the districts of Chetas and Hian. Massacres are feared in other places. Shops have been closed for three days at Bitlis, Diarbekir and Samsat. Russian reserves have been sent for by the authorities to suppress disorders.

CASH FOR MERGER DIVIDEND READY

James J. Hill Says He Expects Early Decision in Stock Distribution Suit.

New York, June 13.—James J. Hill, president of the Northern Securities company, has issued a circular to stockholders saying the cash to pay the dividend declared on May 2 has been deposited in bank by the Northern Pacific and Great Northern and payment will immediately follow the distribution and formal transfer of the railway shares. He adds that an early decision in the pending litigation is expected.

NAN PATTERSON MUST FACE MURDER CHARGE

New York, June 13.—Mrs. Nan Patterson, the actress who was with Caesar Young, the bookmaker, in a cab on June 1, when he was shot and killed, was to-day indicted for murder in the first degree. Young, who had been a close friend of Mrs. Patterson for several years, met her by appointment about two hours before the time set for the sailing of the steamship which he was to sail on with his wife for Europe. They had spent most of the previous evening in conference over the pending separation and it is understood that this farewell meeting had been arranged for the transfer to Young of certain letters in the possession of Mrs. Patterson. Conflicting stories have been told of the happenings in the cab and Mrs. Patterson has refused to give the details of the shooting except to say that Young shot himself and that after shooting she had picked up the revolver and placed it in Young's right pocket. One eye-witness has presented himself to the grand jury with the effect that Young had shot himself.

FINDS FORMER CONVICTS IN FASHIONABLE CHURCH

New York, June 13.—In an address at the Madison Avenue Reform church, Mrs. Ballington Booth has caused much consternation among the members of the fashionable congregation. She was speaking of work in the state prisons of the country and success in the reformation of so-called "habitual" criminals. "If I see before me many examples of what the love of Jesus Christ can do for habitual criminals," she said, "I see here former convicts, with their wives and even some with children." Many of the listeners looked at one another as if each felt that a neighbor might be one of those to whom Mrs. Booth was referring. Eugene N. Foss strongly advocated close trade relations between the United States and Canada and Newfoundland.

LAST IROQUOIS VICTIM IN GRAVE OF UNKNOWN

New York Sun Special Service. Chicago, June 13.—Altho no relative or friend stood beside the grave, 500 strangers surrounded a lot in Mount Hope cemetery yesterday afternoon and bowed their heads in reverence as the one unclaimed victim of the Iroquois theater horror was lowered into a nameless grave at the foot of a monument. The simple inscription on the coffin told the story: "The unknown. Dec. 30, 1862." The body was prepared for burial by Undertaker Keercher, who donated his services and the casket. The grave in which the last of the 576 victims of the fire was laid to rest was a gift from the cemetery association.

RUMOR SINKS SIX SHIPS

Reports of Fights on Land and Sea Received in London. New York Sun Special Service. London, June 13.—A dispatch to the Express from Nagasaki via Shanghai says that information from a high source is to the effect that Japanese engineers are sapping their way toward the fortifications of Port Arthur. Under cover of artillery new earthworks are being thrown up nightly. The trenches are gradually nearing the Russians. The garrison is using shells sparingly, and is evidently reserving its ammunition. Over 200 Japanese field guns cover the operations of the trench makers. Siege guns have not been used yet. They are being mounted on anti-aircraft platforms in commanding positions. A rumor which cannot be confirmed is circulating in Port Arthur that a battle has been fought on the coast of Port Arthur in which two Russian and four Japanese battleships were sunk. The dispatch from Chi-fu states that Chinese arriving there from Port Arthur say a battle was fought within seven miles of the inner fort there last Wednesday. The Japanese fleet lying off the east coast of the Liaoning peninsula supported the army in the account of the battle. The Chinese say the conditions in Port Arthur are unchanged. Heavy Cannonading. The correspondent of the Chronicle at Peking telegraphs that heavy cannonading was heard yesterday in the neighborhood of Si-ung-yao, the second station to the south of Kail-ping. The Japanese appear to have been again bombarding the coast. Furious rifle firing was also heard in the vicinity of Niu-chuang, Chinese troops being engaged there with Chung-chusa. Rumors have reached here of a Russian victory, but they are not confirmed. The correspondent of the Daily Mail at St. Petersburg says news has reached Moscow that the Japanese are building a railway from Yalu to Feng-huang-cheng. The country is hilly but presents no serious engineering difficulty. It would be hard to exaggerate the advantage given the Japanese by the easy and swift means of transportation they will thus be able to use during the season of heavy rains. Skydroff on the Sea. The Standard's correspondent at St. Petersburg telegraphs that dispatches have been received from Admiral Skydroff stating that on Tuesday last he moved with the Vladivostok squadron toward Port Arthur and arrived within thirty miles of that place. There he ran into a fog and found several Japanese torpedo boats and two battleships confronting him. The Japanese attacked fiercely and inflicted some damage. The Russians returned the Japanese fire, but as none of the Port Arthur ships appeared as Skydroff expected, they returned to the bay. Continued on Second Page.

800 RUSSIANS DIE IN A JAP AMBUSH

Led Into Trap by Japanese Retreat, Czar's Soldiers Are Slaughtered.



LEWIS ETZEL, American Killed by Chinese Soldiers Off Lung-tung Coast.

Niu-chung, Sunday, June 12, (Midnight).—Information was received here at 10 o'clock to-night through heretofore reliable channels that part of the Japanese force left at Pu-lin-tien to checkmate the Russian southward movement to relieve Port Arthur was attacked southeast of Shungnamo yesterday. After slight fighting the Japanese made a flank movement, catching the Russians in a trap. The Russian losses are placed at 800 men. They then fell back on Kail-chou and began to retreat along the Balmatgutsaichou road. About 2,000 Russian infantry from Kail-chou passed thru Niu-chung this morning accompanied by a large supply and hospital train. Several troops appeared to be fagged out and showed every indication of a long, forced march. A noncommissioned officer told a correspondent of the Standard Press that all the troops were retreating from Tsai-chau. Before he could say anything further he was reprimanded by a captain. Stragglers are closely watched by noncommissioned officers to prevent them from talking. The Russians have abandoned the ground near the coast. A native messenger just in from the Russian camp east of here reports that there are many wounded men there.

WORRIED BY ETZEL'S DEATH

Chinese Government Sends Tao-tai to Probe the Killing. Niu-chuang, June 13.—The Chinese government is apparently greatly worried over the death of Lewis Etzel, the correspondent of the London Daily Telegraph, who was shot and killed recently by Chinese soldiers on the Lung-tung coast. The affair is being energetically investigated by United States Consul General Miller and the viceroy at Shan-hai-kuang sent the tao-tai Liu here to act in the matter on the behalf of the Chinese government. Tao-tai Liu served at one time as secretary to the Chinese legation at Washington, and was also Chinese consul at New York. He is now tao-tai of Tientsin.

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