

PRICE TWO CENTS.

SATURDAY EVENING, JULY 16, 1904.

JAPS BEGIN A BIG FLANK MOVEMENT

RUSSIANS SEIZE BRITISH VESSEL

Act of Ozar's Ships in Red Sea May Lead to Complications.

Mails of North German Lloyd Steamer for Japan Also Taken.

IS TOGO DEAD? Chi-fu, July 16.—The Chicago Daily News correspondent, with Kuroki's army, in a dispatch sent by a Chinese junk from An-tung, says: "There is a persistent rumor here that Admiral Togo is dead. Many of the Japanese profess to believe it. A severe outbreak of cholera is devastating this section. The bodies of soldiers who died of the disease are being cremated."



ADMIRAL TOGO, Japanese Naval Commander, Whom Rumor Says Is Dead.

PRESIDENT READY TO HEAR THE NEWS

Roosevelt and Loeb Have Plans All Made for Notification Day.

Oyster Bay, L. I., July 16.—President Roosevelt and Secretary Loeb are perfecting arrangements for the ceremonies incidental to the president's formal notification of his nomination, which will occur at Sagamore Hill on July 27. All of the details have not yet been worked out but the preparations practically have been completed.

JAPS DENY BIG LOSS

War Office Says There Was No Fighting July 10.

Tokio, July 16, 4 p.m.—The imperial headquarters officially deny the reports from St. Petersburg that the Japanese lost 30,000 men in a battle near Port Arthur, July 10 or 11. Not a shot was fired on either date.

St. Petersburg, July 16, 1:35 p.m.—Since the receipt from Tokio of an official denial of the report of a Japanese repulse at Port Arthur with the loss of about 30,000 men, scepticism as to the accuracy of the report from Viceroy Alexieff's headquarters has pervaded all circles. But members of the general staff do not accept the denial unreservedly, and are insisting on the accuracy of the figures, they say there is good reason to believe that a severe check was inflicted on the Japanese in the front of Port Arthur, and it is considered possible that General Stoessel may have made a report of the subject direct to the emperor which will not return here until tonight.

ROCKEFELLER, ANTIROOSEVELT

Nine Union Leaguers Revolt from Campaign Committee.

New York Sun Special Service. New York, July 16.—Theodore Roosevelt's candidacy for election to the presidency has provoked a revolt among members of the Union League club, the foremost republican organization in this city. This is in evidence on the bulletin board of the clubhouse where the names of nine or more members appointed on the campaign committee of the club are pasted over with little slips of paper, indicating that they have declined to serve.

William G. Rockefeller is one of those who have signified that they will not serve. Mr. Rockefeller's objection to Mr. Roosevelt, if this has caused his action, may possibly be attributed to the attitude of the administration toward the trust question. Mr. Rockefeller is said to have been most emphatic in his announcement that he would not support the president for re-election.

ADVANCE ON TA-CHE-KIAO

Japanese Entrench as They Go—Expect Resistance.

St. Petersburg, July 16, 1:30 p.m.—The Japanese are continuing to advance on Ta-che-kiao, following a scientific plan and entrenching their positions as they move forward. They appear to be taking extra precautions in the case of Ta-che-kiao on account of their knowledge that General Kuropatkin is the commander of the forces.

According to a dispatch from Lieutenant General Sakharoff, dated July 15, and given out today, the wings of General Oku's army, which are reported to have reached the village of Tsachake, forty miles east of Liao-yang, on the Feng-huang-chang high-road.

JAP SHIPS IN RED SEA

Fleet of Six Said to Be Cruising for Russian Game.

Odesa, Russia, July 16.—The Russian steamer Trouvor, which has arrived here from the Persian gulf, says the English are persistently spreading rumors to the effect that six armed Japanese merchantmen are lying in wait for Russian ships in the Red sea and the Persian gulf.

AMATEUR BANDITS

DYNAMITE A TRAIN

Houston, Texas, July 16.—Train No. 5 of the International & Great Northern has been held up at Keechi, a small station about twenty miles west of Palestine, by a band of all young men and apparently amateurs, shattered the express car with dynamite and blew in the end of the second-class coach, but without injuring any of the passengers. One of the robbers was apparently badly hurt, as the explosion appeared to be premature and he was observed to be covered with blood. The robbers secured nothing. None of the passengers were molested.

ON KUROPATKIN'S FLANK

Oku Swings Around Left—Transports Headed for Niu-chuang.

Ta-che-kiao, July 15, Night.—(Delayed in transmission).—The main body of General Oku's forces seems to be swinging around the Russian left, after having combined with General Nodzu's army. The Japanese are also moving up the coast on the Russian right. An artillery reconnaissance has

THE WAR FOR THE WEEK

Consternation was caused among the friends of the Japanese by the announcement Wednesday that in an assault upon Port Arthur Sunday night, Nogi's army had been repulsed with a loss of 30,000 men. The news caused joy in St. Petersburg, being received from Viceroy Alexieff, who said he had received it from "Japanese sources."

But St. Petersburg's joy was turned to "mortification and disgust" yesterday when dispatches came saying that the report of the awful loss was a Japanese hoax, perpetrated to mislead Kuropatkin. Tokio says the report of the disaster is unfounded, as not a gun was fired at Port Arthur July 10.

There is little doubt that there has been severe fighting around Port Arthur, where Field Marshal Oyama has taken command of the investing forces. Monday the Japanese were reported to have taken Ciung-tao, a "key" to the port. Ta-ku-shan, a hill giving the Japanese a commanding position for the bombardment of the port, was also reported taken, but later was recaptured. Last Saturday Russian vessels tried to get out of the harbor, but were met by Japanese torpedo-boats and driven back.

The center of interest, aside from Port Arthur, has been Ta-che-kiao, Kuropatkin's front, where a decisive battle is expected at any time. The Japanese, however, are apparently keeping the Russian general guessing by their rapid movements. Three Japanese armies threaten him in front. They are entrenching as they close in on his left flank and in the rear. Yin-kow, the port of Niu-chuang, has also been taken by the Japs, giving them control of the Liao river, which means easy transportation for an army on the Russian right flank, if the Japs care to use it. The position of Kuropatkin, therefore, is regarded as anything but enviable. Reports say that the rains are not heavy. If, therefore, the Japanese are able to get their forces into the positions desired, a great battle is likely to be fought very soon.

THURSTON SAYS BRYAN IS DOWN

Former Senator Declares Fears of Nebraska in Senate Groundless.

Washington, July 16.—Ex-Senator Thurston of Nebraska, who is at the treasury today, regards as groundless the fear that Bryan, by supporting the regular ticket, may get himself elected to the senate from Nebraska as a result of the factional troubles among republicans there.

"Such a candidacy," Mr. Thurston says, "will bring the republicans together. Bryan has shown less strength in Nebraska with each successive test, whereas Roosevelt is today stronger than his party in that and every other state west of the Mississippi river.

I cannot speak for the middle west, but I do know that west of the Mississippi the Parker message has proved very damaging to his cause. I believe Parker and Davis will fall to carry even Nevada. It is not a Newlands fight this year, as he is already in the senate. Clark of Montana, I think, will make no very strenuous fight for that state. He is not likely to want another term in the senate and will incline to let the state take its own course."

—H. C. Stevens.

HIGHWAYMEN IN FULL DRESS

New York, July 16.—Two highwaymen in silk hats, white kid gloves and evening dress snatched a diamond and a gold watch from a wealthy contractor, and robbed him of \$140 in cash, a diamond pin and a gold watch when he was driving in a limousine to a hotel in a stylish carriage by coachman in livery, and there met Gaffney.

WARM IN LA CROSSE

La Crosse, Wis., July 16.—This is the hottest day of the year, the thermometer registering 95 at noon. Two prostrations were reported up to that hour.

OCEAN GIVES UP BODY OF LOOMIS

Mystery of American's Disappearance From Liner Partly Solved.

London, July 16.—A body, supposed to be that of F. Kent Loomis, was washed ashore this morning at Bigbury bay, Devonshire.

The body was that of a well-dressed man, five feet six inches in height, attired in a gray overcoat and dark-blue suit. In the pocket were found a card with the name "F. Kent Loomis," American and English coins, American notes, a gold watch, etc.

The body, which was discovered by a laborer, was in a state of considerable decomposition. It was removed to a neighboring farm building to await the inquest.

Bigbury bay is ten miles southeast of Plymouth, where the North German Lloyd steamer Kaiser Wilhelm II arrived June 20 from New York, having on board F. Kent Loomis, brother of Assistant Secretary of State Loomis. Mr. Loomis was missed at 1 o'clock that morning and has not been heard from since. He was charged by the authorities at Washington to convey to Abyssinia the treaty of commerce concluded between the United States and Emperor Menelik.

Mr. Loomis traveled with William H. Ellis of New York, who, in view of the disappearance of the former, took the treaty, which was found in Mr. Loomis' baggage, to Adis Abeba, the Abyssinian capital.

PIERCE BACK FROM ORIENT

San Francisco, July 16.—Herbert H. D. Pierce, third assistant secretary of state, has just arrived here from an inspection tour of the American consulates in the orient on his way back to Washington.

NORGE SURVIVORS IN CHICAGO

Chicago, July 16.—Twenty-five survivors of the steamer Norge arrived in Chicago today. They were among the steerage passengers of the steamer Saxonia, which brought the Norge survivors to America.

SCORE CANADA AS IMMIGRANT AGENT

Washington May Call Great Britain's Attention to the Dominion's Movement.

Washington, July 16.—It is probable that the attention of the British government will be directed to a movement conducted officially by the Canadian government to induce immigration from the United States to the northwest territory. There can be no objection to such efforts on the part of private immigration agencies, but when, as in this case, the government itself seeks to attract citizens of other countries, the matter is one which calls for official remonstrance.

It appears that the Dominion department of the interior, thru one of its assistant secretaries, has been sending broadcast thruout the northwestern states, circular letters, principally addressed to clergymen, professional men and persons of influence, describing in glowing terms the splendid resources of the Canadian northwest and inviting emigrants by the offer of 160 acres of land for each, free schools and sound laws. Attention is especially invited to the excellent church facilities.

PARKER IS DAUNTLESS

Democratic Candidate Dives in Hudson Despite Elements.

Esopus, N. Y., July 16.—A breathless, blistering July day dawned upon Esopus after a night of thunder and lightning unrequaled before this summer; but neither the boisterous storm of the night nor the stifling heat of the morning interfered with the routine at Rosemount. A little after 6 o'clock Judge Parker took one of his long dives in the Hudson and remained in the water some thirty minutes.

What the mail here will be by the time the campaign is in full swing, is a question now causing solicitude in the little postoffice, where most of the work is done by a boy of 18. No such mail as that which came in on the early train was ever seen in Esopus before, and it is doubtful if any single citizen of Ulster county ever before received the like.

The expected visit here today of John A. Kern, who was one of the Indiana delegates-at-large at St. Louis, was the only event of political interest on the program. Mr. Kern is coming to press the claims of Thomas Taggart for the national chairmanship.

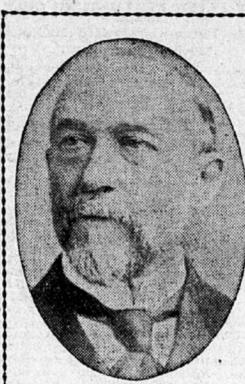
BOERS MOURN FOR KRUGER

Pretoria, July 16.—General Louis Botha, former commander-in-chief of the Boer forces, has publicly requested all officers, officials and burghers of the late South African republic to observe July 17 as a day of mourning for the late former President Kruger. He also expressed the hope that all the old inhabitants would be in mourning for a month.

ALGER OFF FOR EUROPE

New York, July 16.—United States Senator Alger of Michigan and Mrs. Alger sailed for Europe today on the steamship Minneapolis.

THE CLASH COMES AT SOUTH ST. PAUL



SENATOR T. C. PLATT, New York Republican Leader, 71 Years Old Yesterday.

PLATT, 71 YEARS OLD, STILL LEADS

Senator Sees President About a Gubernatorial Candidate for New York.

New York Sun Special Service. Oyster Bay, N. Y., July 15.—Senator Thomas C. Platt spent the greater part of his seventy-first birthday yesterday out on the firing line at Sagamore Hill with President Roosevelt, trying to spy out a republican warrior to arise and lead the New York state gubernatorial ticket this fall.

After a three-hour conference the senator took a late train back to the city, wrapped in a mantle of inscrutable silence.

The senior senator came by special invitation of the president. He looked hale and hearty. As the New York state fight is somewhat closely connected with the national campaign, the president and the senator devote the larger part of their time to it. It was given out that after talking over the matter with Governor Odell and other leaders, Mr. Roosevelt naturally desired to get Senator Platt's views as to the candidate who would have the best chance of sweeping the state for the republican party.

Notwithstanding this, the senator solemnly declared that not a gubernatorial candidate was mentioned during the talk.

When asked what in his opinion were the political probabilities in New York state, he brightened up. "I haven't the slightest doubt in the world that President Roosevelt will carry the state by an overwhelming majority," he said.

SHEEHAN TO BE PARKER MANAGER

August Belmont Will Not Be Chairman, but Committee Will Select Its Own.

New York Sun Special Service. New York, July 16.—August Belmont is out of the race for chairman of the democratic national committee. His visit to Esopus has settled the matter. He was to inform Judge Parker that he was to be chairman, but the judge did not take kindly to the suggestion. On the contrary, Judge Parker intimated very broadly that the committee would enjoy the novel experience of selecting its own chairman.

The judge further caused it to be understood that the matter who was named chairman of the committee would be managed by William F. Sheehan.

David B. Hill appears to have dropped out of all consideration in arranging for the campaign. No word comes from Wolfert's Roost and no inquiries seem to have been made. So far as the actual national chairmanship is concerned, Thomas Taggart of Indiana is regarded as a probability, with Senator Gorman as a possibility.

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CROWD RESENTS SHERIFF'S ACTION

He Arrests Strikers and South St. Paul Police Promptly Furnish Bail.

Alfred Tuffley, a Swift Agency Manager, Is Knocked down and Beaten.

SOUTH ST. PAUL DEVELOPMENTS

First violence in South St. Paul resulted from trying to gain seven strike breakers thru picket lines. Alfred L. Tuffley, agent of Swift plant in Minneapolis, knocked down and assaulted.

Hy Banks, striker, arrested and released on bail furnished by two South St. Paul policemen. He was arrested for lack of a "navy," which the Swift officials have in form of numerous launches. Agent of Manufacturers' International Protective Association appeal to governor to have him removed from office. Officials claim plant will be in operation Monday.

Strikers at the Packing Plant

Strikers at the packing plant in South St. Paul attacked a company of men whom Sheriff Grism attempted to take into the plant shortly before noon today. The pickets leaped upon them, struck them with their fists, tore their clothes and brandished clubs.

Alfred L. Tuffley, manager of the Swift & Co.'s Minneapolis branch, was knocked down and roughly handled. He was rescued by the sheriff and later succeeded in making his way into the plant.

Henry Banks, one of the pickets, was arrested for assault committed immediately after the sheriff had shouted in a loud tone that the first man who laid hands on the men he was escorting would be locked up. Ball was furnished by two special policemen, sworn in after the strike began, and Banks resumed his place in the picket line.

Trying the Line

This morning the manager of the Swift Packing company decided to experiment with taking men in thru the picket lines of the strikers, with a view to securing a break in the line. He attempted to do this by sending a dozen deputies, and several of the packing company's officials, the attempt was made.

The strikers, who were surrounding the plant when the party approached, immediately took on a threatening air. Some of them carried clubs, others picked up stones, and their exclamations of anger broke from their lips.

I have strict orders from the governor to disperse any mob and to preserve order," called out Sheriff Grism to the strikers, "and I intend to do it." He then demanded that the strikers leave the highway leading to the plant. Now a few more would not do their manner become any less threatening.

Sheriff Grism then had his party reinforced by more men, and Sheriff Grism & Co. office force and private police of the plant, and advanced into the midst of the pickets and strikers.

Vanguard Is Rushed Back

The mob immediately began to crowd around the party. General Manager J. F. Bangs of the local plant, and Superintendent Burns pushed ahead in an effort to lead the way thru the lines of the strikers. They were handled pretty roughly and forced back into their own party. Alfred L. Tuffley then became separated from his friends and surrounded by the mob.

He was jostled, thrown to the ground and then assaulted. Sheriff Grism came to the rescue with his deputies, and soon as possible the sheriff seized one striker among the strikers, but he broke away. He seized a second and, with the aid of his deputies, managed to hold him. The "strikebreakers," surrounded by the officers, then managed to make their way thru the strikers for two blocks to the packing plant. And there they are likely to have to stay for some time.

The man arrested gave his name as Hy Banks, a butcher. He was at once taken before a justice of the peace at South St. Paul, where he eventually secured release on \$25 bail and again took his place as one of the pickets for the strikers.

Policemen Furnish Bail

Ball was furnished by two of the special police recently sworn in by Mayor Lytle since the strike. One of these policemen was George Luty, and the other, Elmer Sprague. Sprague is the proprietor of a boardinghouse and Banks is one of his boarders.

Among the prominent men with the packers today, is Secretary Beak of the Manufacturers' International Protective association, one of those who has been in conference with the governor.

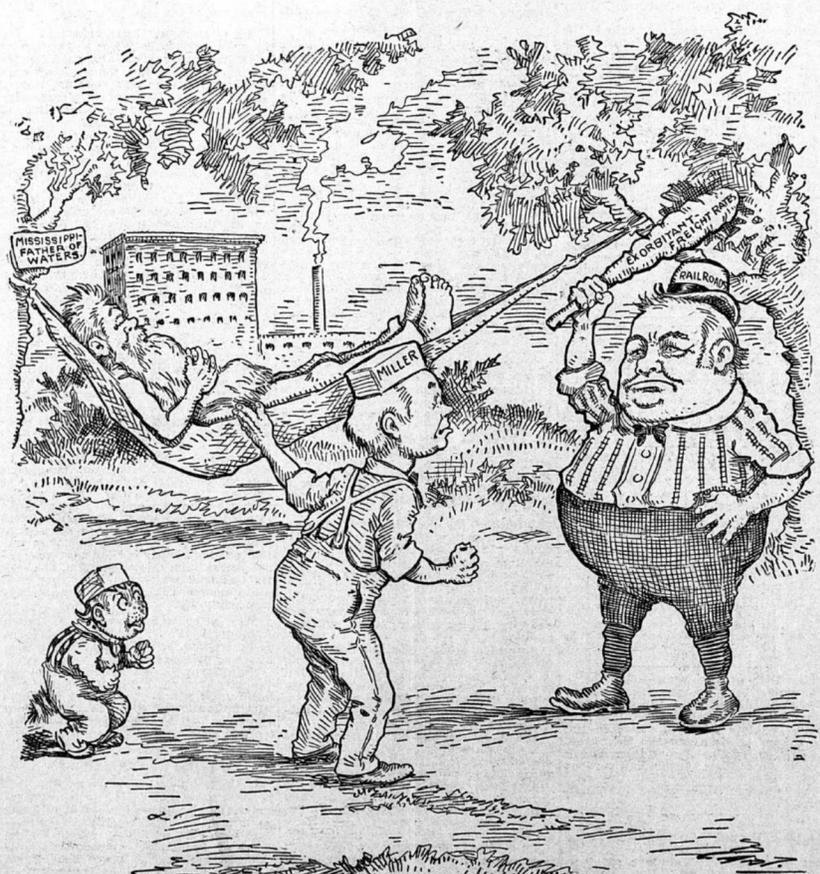
Beck Watches Sheriff

"I am here to see that the sheriff does his duty," said Secretary Beck. "He must carry out his orders from the governor to disperse the mob, and unless he does so, all appeal to the governor for his appeal from office."

President Willis of the Packers' union and Manager Bangs of the Swift plant, stood at the entrance of the plant most of today, and as a rule men applying for admission were admitted without opposition if Mr. Bangs asserted that they had a right to enter. Only for awhile did Manager Bangs leave his post, and that was when Business Agent Steep of the Packers' union said he desired to confer with the strike leaders.

The absolute blockade maintained at the Swift plant is to be made the source of official and legal inquiry. To a certain extent picketing is legal, but it is claimed that when such pickets dictate absolutely who shall and who shall not pass, they exceed their legal privileges.

As a result of this morning's experience, it is not likely that any more



A FRIEND IN NEED. The Miller—Put down that stick or I'll wake up my big brother, and he can lick yer whole family.

So, me boy, th' dimmyratic convention was strongly to me taste. Trouble an' merrymint fr'm th' drop in th' hat. Bands playin', women screamin', fists flyin', lots of eardrums, thousands of platforms.—From the Dooley description of the St. Louis convention. See page 11.

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