

JAPANESE REPULSE GEN. KUROPATKIN'S ATTACK. BEAT BACK ADVANCE AND TAKE THE OFFENSIVE

AMES CASE IS NOW ON IN FULL BLAST

THAT MISSING LIST HAS BOBBED UP

Bits of Damaging Evidence Have Been Recovered by the State.

LOSS HAMPERED STATE IN FORMER TRIAL

Now That They Are Found Judge Kerr Makes Prompt Use of Them.

- THE AMES JURY Nathan Carr, tailor, Camden place. William P. Nason, electrician, 3327 Portland avenue. Albert E. Jones, live stock, 4700 Blaisdell avenue. G. W. Howard, traveling agent, 1000 E Twenty-second street. E. G. Barnaby, furnishings, 2267 Park avenue. Alexander M. Sawert, Minneapolis Dry Goods, 1909 Second street N. Barney J. Enger, florist, 1318 Grand avenue. Richard H. Grinstead, wholesale lumber dealer, 504 W Thirty-second street. Louis E. Joy, insurance, 1059 Twelfth avenue S. E. William H. Kennedy, farmer, Maple Plain. Rene B. Adams, bicycle business, 2426 Fourth avenue S. Leon L. Williamson, jeweler, 1717 Franklin avenue.

If the defense in the Ames case expected to profit by the loss of certain documents which could not be found for the last trial, they were egregiously surprised this morning when Judge W. A. Kerr calmly produced the missing papers and succeeded in getting them before the jury.

These documents are a list of the women who paid "protection" money during the Ames regime and Gardner's commission to act as a special police officer, issued at the order of the then mayor.

At the first trial one of the most convincing bits of evidence was the list of these women of the town written in Dr. Ames' handwriting and found on Ames' desk by his secretary, Thomas R. Brown.

When this document was wanted at the last trial, it was not to be found anywhere. Its disappearance was mysterious. A futile effort was made to get the facts concerning it before the jury by secondary evidence and thru the loss of this and of the commission which was used by Gardner, as proof of his authority to cut Ames out of the state's case was materially weakened.

When Judge Kerr took charge of the case he began an investigation. And the result of this investigation this morning, was the bomb exploded in the camp of the defense when the state's representative produced both documents and asked Gardner to identify them, which he promptly did.

"How did you know where these places were?" asked Judge Kerr of Gardner. "I had a list of them." "Who gave you that list?" "Dr. Ames." "In whose handwriting was it?" "In the doctor's handwriting." "Now, I will ask you if this is the list you refer to?" said counsel, handing him a well-worn paper. "Yes, sir, that is the list." "What was it given to you for?" "To copy." "Thomas R. Brown will likewise identify this list and testify to having found it in Dr. Ames' desk." The commission was also introduced as evidence and made a strong point against the defense. The disappearance of these documents is surrounded with mystery. Judge Kerr will not say where they were found. He simply smiles, and it is intimated that if the facts were known, some one connected with the case would not feel complimented.

BRYAN SPEAKS 52 TIMES IN INDIANA

Nebraskan Starts on Eight-Day Speaking Tour of the State.

Terre Haute, Ind., Oct. 12.—William J. Bryan, chairman of the democratic state committee, party leaders of the fifth district and many newspaper men, left here today on a special train for an eight days' speaking tour of Indiana, during which he is scheduled to make fifty-two speeches.

Onkland, Md., Oct. 12.—Twelve Virginia towns are to receive visits from the Davis special today, candidate Henry G. Davis, the democratic choice for vice president; David B. Hill, Senator Daniel and ex-Governor Whyte of Maryland, constituting the campaign force of the train.

New York, Oct. 12.—Judge Parker had but few callers during the forenoon today, one of them being Delaney Nicoll, vice chairman of the democratic national committee. Mayor Carter H. Harrison of Chicago is expected tonight or tomorrow. Judge Parker will return to Esopus tomorrow evening. He will again be in New York on next Monday to remain two or three days.

CLARENCE DARROW BOLTS DEMOCRACY

Former Attorney for Mine Workers, in Strike Period, Quits His Party.

New York, Oct. 12.—Clarence S. Darrow has bolted the democratic national ticket, and probably will vote for Eugene V. Debs, the presidential candidate of the socialist party, as a protest against Parker. Mr. Darrow declared last night that he would vote for either Debs, the socialist, or Watson, the populist, with the chances in favor of Debs. As a delegate to the democratic national convention Mr. Darrow seconded the nomination of Hoar for president, and it is recalled now, that on that occasion, he used the words: "The men who scuttled the ship four years ago control the convention; now let them elect their king."

BABCOCK AND MINOR IN DANGER

National Committee Calls Upon Governor La Follette to Save Them.

Special to The Journal. Milwaukee, Wis., Oct. 12.—The national committee of the republican party is trying to save the scalps of Congressmen Babcock and Minor, according to the most recent developments in the factional fight in the party in Wisconsin. It developed today that in return for the recognition of the La Follette ticket, the national committee, made vacant by the death of Henry C. Payne, the governor has been asked to help elect these two men who are in danger of defeat.

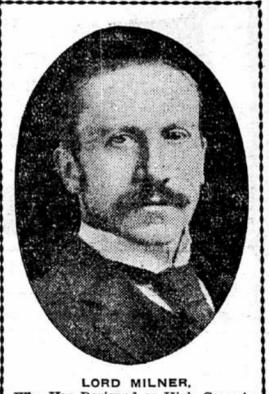
Both in Jeopardy. Babcock and Minor are the only candidates for congress from this state who have been avowedly stalwarts and both have been bitter political opponents of La Follette. Until recent developments gave the governor added strength, it looked as if they were strong enough in their respective districts to win in spite of La Follette, but unless he can now be induced to withdraw his opposition, the halfbred candidates will probably be elected.

Information as to this compromise can only be confirmed directly by the Chairman, Connors of the La Follette state central committee was questioned he replied that he did not know whether these men were regular republicans or not, but if they were they were entitled to a place on the ticket. Lieutenant Governor Davidson made a similar reply when questioned on the subject.

La Follette for Senator. A sensational story has been sent from Madison which indicates that La Follette wants to succeed Senator Quarles in the upper house. The report is in effect that La Follette is getting written promises from all candidates for the state legislature that they will support him for the senate. It is a well-known fact that La Follette's ambition has been to reach the upper house and now that he appears to have complete control of the party in the state it is considered altogether likely that he will use it to further this ambition. Senator Quarles' term expires in January and it is altogether likely that he will be succeeded by La Follette.

CONFESSED PLOT TO KILL SPAIN'S KING

Barcelona, Spain, Oct. 12.—The police have arrested three anarchists, Magin, Alfonso Gari and Pablo Gari, at Villa Nueva, Gaitza. It is alleged that they have confessed to plotting in April last the assassination of King Alfonso, who was in Barcelona in the early part of the year.



LORD MILNER. Who Has Resigned as High Commissioner in South Africa.

MILNER GIVES UP POST IN AFRICA

Several Titled Britons Mentioned for Place as High Commissioner.

London, Oct. 12.—The names of Lord Balfour of Burleigh, who resigned from the present government on the fiscal issue, Sir Arthur Lawley, the present governor of Transvaal, and Sir Edward Ward, permanent under secretary for war, are mentioned for the post of high commissioner of South Africa resigned by Lord Milner. The firms financially affected are Bulman Brothers, engravers and fine art printers; J. H. Ashdown Hardware Company; J. L. Meikle & Co.; Bryce & Co.; J. & T. Cleghorn, manufacturing agents; and the American Republics Duffin Company; Hingston Smith Arms Company.

KAISER'S SON IS SAFE LIPPE RULING EXPLAINED

Detmold, Oct. 12.—The crisis over the regency of Lippe has passed. Chancellor von Bülow has explained in a letter that the kaiser had no intention or desire to place the least obstacle in the way of Count Leopold's exercise of the regency. The question of Leopold's ultimate right to the regency would be settled by the courts. What is extraordinary in the whole incident is that fifteen days elapsed between the sending of the kaiser's telegram and the publication of the chancellor's explanation. The tardy explanation given by the imperial chancellor is thereby made to look like a retreat from an untenable position under the pressure of public opinion.

WINNIPEG'S FIRE IS UNDER CONTROL

Two Business Blocks in the Heart of the Manitoban Capital Wiped Out.

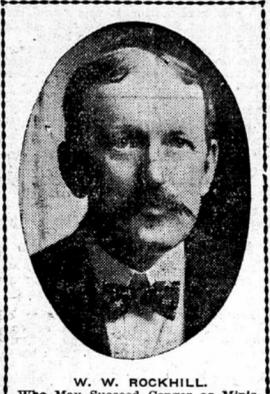
Special to The Journal. Winnipeg, Man., Oct. 12.—Never in the history of Winnipeg has the city been visited with a more appalling fire than that which last night totally destroyed two of the most important business blocks and in the short space of about two hours did damage estimated at nearly a million dollars. The fire was remarkable for the marvelous rapidity with which it spread, the extraordinary spectacular features it presented, the terrific fury of the flames and, above all, the splendid work done by the fire brigade in getting it under control.

The new Bulman block, with stock valued at \$300,000, was totally destroyed. The Ashdown block, valued at \$500,000, was totally destroyed. The Davis block and the Rialto block were badly damaged by water, smoke and heat.

At 10 o'clock last night some passer-by noticed flames in the basement of the Bulman block, which had only just been completed. One of the operators from Central fire hall was passing and saw the flames. He called out a bucket of water would have put it out. The alarm was given exactly at 9:55 and a minute later the alarm was sounded, but the fire went up with a single flash, and in a few minutes sheets of flames were pouring from the top of the Bulman block, which even at that stage presented a most terrifying spectacle. Probably owing to the chemicals in the building, it blazed up like a gigantic oil barrel and immediately threatened other buildings.

Sweep of the Flames. As far as the Bulman block was concerned, the task of saving anything was hopeless from the first. Heat from it in a few minutes after 10, inside the closed windows of the Telegram office, showed the fire had got into the building. At a quarter past 10, in spite of the efforts of the brigade, the fire had spread to the roof, the devouring element leapt Bannantyne avenue as if there was no gap there. The window frames of Ashdown block were scorched and the roof fire made its way thru the Ashdown block and threatened Banfield's, the Leland hotel, the Rialto block, the Davis block and the Woodbine hotel. The walls of the Bulman block and Ashdown block have all fallen in and the fire had the blaze under control early this morning, it will burn for some time yet.

The losses are now estimated at \$700,000, with insurance of \$300,000.



W. W. ROCKHILL. Who May Succeed Conger as Minister to China.

ROCKHILL MAY SUCCEED CONGER

Change to Be Made in Chinese Mission, Present Minister to Retire.

Washington, Oct. 12.—Immediately after election if Mr. Roosevelt is successful, a change will be made in the Chinese mission. Minister Conger will retire, and William W. Rockhill, director of the Bureau of American Republics, will start for the east.

TOWNE SAYS DEFEAT COST HANNA \$250,000

Special to The Journal. New York, Oct. 12.—Addressing a meeting in the fourteenth congressional district last evening, Charles A. Towne said: "Mark Hanna told Foraker, and he, Foraker, told me that Hanna had spent \$250,000 to defeat me for congress in Minnesota in 1899, and another day, I would have spent \$250,000 to defeat Hanna had it not been for the republican party." Towne said he was a member of the notorious A. P. A. The only connection I ever had with the American Protective association was to throw into the corridor an organizer of the organization for Minnesota when he came and told me that if I wanted to be elected I must join the order.

Mr. Towne said he was accused of being a carthaginian. "That," he said, "is wrong, for I am seeking a house in this district and intend to make my home with you."

HARPER PLANS ALL-NIGHT CAFE

Chicago, Oct. 12.—President Harper of the University of Chicago is going into the all-night cafe business, believing it will keep many of his young men away from questionable resorts on Lake avenue.

ARTILLERY CONFLICT RAGES THREE DAYS

HAY PROMISES A SHARP INQUIRY

He Will Ask the Czar for Explanation as to the Mail's Seizure.

Washington, Oct. 12.—The seizure of American mail on the British steamship Calchas by the Vladivostok squadron was discussed at the cabinet meeting and Secretary Hay's decision immediately to address a sharp inquiry to Russia and follow it up with emphatic representations if there is not a satisfactory explanation was approved.

The inquiry will be made thru Ambassador McCormick at St. Petersburg. It is admitted that Russia probably had a right to confiscate official mail addressed to Japan by agents of that government, which is regarded as a band of war, but the interference with American mail is a very different matter, and constitutes a violation of the article of the international postal treaty.

It is not only a violation of international law, but of the treaty between this country and Russia.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 12.—No representations have yet reached the foreign office here from the United States relative to the American mail seizure. The British steamer Calchas, captured by the Vladivostok squadron.

RIIS' BOOK CAST OUT OF LIBRARY

Life of Roosevelt Rejected at Council Bluffs as Being a Political Work.

Special to The Journal. Council Bluffs, Iowa, Oct. 12.—Jacob Riis' "Life of Roosevelt" was today rejected from the shelves of the new Carnegie library building. Trustees were engaged in the revision of a list of books recommended by the librarian, Dr. Claver, a republican member of the board, read the titles and when he reached the work, he asked: "Well, what do you democratic members think about this book?" "Well, since you put it on the list," was the reply of Trustee Binder. "I say throw it out of the window. We cannot afford to buy political works for this library." Notwithstanding the statement of the librarian that there had been many calls for the book, it was rejected, four democrats and a republican voting to reject it, while one republican favored its retention.

FIGHT COMING ON 'FROSTED WHEAT'

The Government Begins Action to Have Appraisers' Decision Set Aside.

The decision of the general board of appraisers of the customs department of New York in the Devereaux & Co. "frosted wheat" case, is to be attacked by the United States government. Papers were filed today in the United States district court requiring the board of appraisers to forward a review of all the questions of law and of fact made in the application of their ruling. The government further states that it is dissatisfied with the ruling. The United States collector, C. R. Cooley, appraised the wheat imported by the Devereaux company from Canada at the regular rate of 25 cents a bushel. They appealed, alleging that the wheat was frosted and therefore should be admitted as unmanufactured article.

COAL FOUND NEAR OUTSKIRTS OF CITY

Hard Form of Lignite in Vein a Foot Thick at Depth of Thirty Feet.

Coal has been found on the farm of Webster Brothers & Kieron, near Savage station, some six miles south of the M. W. Savage stock farm. The firm has offices in the Minneapolis Loan and Trust building on Nicollet avenue. This morning the firm received samples of coal struck thirty feet down by the well drillers. It is evidently a hard form of lignite. Samples have been tested in a heating stove with satisfactory results. The vein where pierced was about a foot thick.

EUROPEANS MAROONED WITH MOB OF COOLIES

Singapore, Oct. 12.—Marooned on a small island in the China sea, with provisions for only ten days, are 2,260 coolies and four Europeans. The steamship Swanley arrived here yesterday, badly damaged, and reported that she was bound from Hongkong for South Africa with the coolies and four European passengers aboard, and that on Oct. 3 she grounded on Seraya island, about seventy miles south of the Natuna islands. When the steamer floated three days later, holes were found in her bottom, and she was obliged to land all her passengers with provisions for ten days.

OYAMA REPORTS RUSSIAN REPULSE

Kuropatkin Admits that Foe Held His Own and Made Gains.

ATTEMPTED TURNING MOVEMENT CHECKED. It is Reported that Nodzu May Be Given Oyama's Place.

SUMMARY OF WAR BY ASSOCIATED PRESS

The armies of Kuropatkin and Oyama are again in battle on ground which, as far as can be determined from today's advices from the front, lies generally to the north and east of the zone of the battle of Liao-yang. Beginning with the Russian blow at Bentzia-pu-tze on the ninth, the engagement spread until today both Tokio and St. Petersburg report that it is raging along the entire front. So far the results have not been decisive.

It is evident that Kuropatkin is transferring the weight of his attack to the Japanese right, which rests on the Tai-tse river, east of the Yen-tai mines. North of Yen-tai the fighting is reported to be of the most desperate character, the positions constantly changing hands and the loss on both sides being heavy. Tokio reports that the battle raged uninterruptedly all day and into the night and that it is believed there that the Russian turning movement was checked. Oyama reports that he is gaining ground and that the Russian attack on Sien-chuang in the effort to cut the Japanese communications with the Yalu river, was repulsed. At the close of yesterday's fighting Kuropatkin reported to the war office that the Japanese were offering a stubborn resistance and had even advanced their positions.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 12.—The battle of the Schi-li river was still in progress this morning. The fighting there is of much larger proportions than was supposed yesterday. The battle now raged uninterruptedly for three days and nights and the Russians have been unable to make further headway since the check they sustained Oct. 10, owing to the determined resistance of the Japanese.

The fighting is of a most desperate character. Positions are constantly changing hands, the Russians inflicting and sustaining losses. A mention of the Tomsk regiment as being the worst sufferer indicates that the Second Siberian division, General Gavnoff's corps is engaged. An official report from General Danielloff, commanding the Sixth Siberian rifle division, who is wounded, shows that General Stakelberg's corps is also in the fight. The full two corps are involved, about 50,000 Russians are engaged. Late dispatches also confirm the Associated Press report that Kuropatkin is transferring the weight of his blow to the Japanese right. The extreme Russian left extends to the Tai-tse river, where it bends northward to forty miles above Liao-yang. The line includes the villages of Hsi-tzy and Tan-tsia-pu-tzy, three miles south of Bentzia-pu-tze, and then bends northward to Sien-liu-ho-zy, on the upper Schi-li, a few miles north of the Yen-tai mines. There is no evidence yet of operations west of the railway.

JAPANESE GAIN GROUND

Oyama So Reports—Russians Repulsed at Sien-chuang.

Tokio, Oct. 12.—Field Marshal Oyama reports that there was fighting along the entire front Oct. 10, that the Japanese are gaining ground and that the Russian attack on Sien-chuang, (Sien-chuan) was repulsed. A brigade of Russian infantry with 2,000 cavalry and two guns, having the object of striking General Kuraki's thirty miles northeast of San-ma-tze (southeast of Liao-yang and almost due north of Peng-wang-cheng), was evidently with the object of cutting off Japanese communications with the Yalu river.

JAPS' GAIN IS ADMITTED

Kuropatkin Reports that They Advance Their Position.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 12.—The battle below Mukden began Monday, and is now to rage along the entire front, and according to General Kuropatkin's latest advices, sent last night, after the fighting of the day had ended, the Japanese were stubbornly holding their own, offering a desperate resistance and have even advanced their position. After an all-day fight above Yen-tai, where the Russians sustained their first check, the Japanese still held that position. The infantry practically was not engaged, the artillery bearing the brunt of the fighting. The Japanese stuck to their guns and the Russian batteries were unable to dislodge them. Oyama's Men Entrenched. According to the advices received by the war office the Japanese hold entrenched lines extending in a semicircle. Continued on Second Page.



BACK IN THE POLITICAL GAME. The Democratic Faculty—Of course, Bryan will never make up his back studies, but he's too handy with the ball to lose from the team.