COMPROMISE ON DIVORCE ISSUE

Episcopalian Deputies Join Bishops in Canon on Remarriage.

Boston, Oct, 20.—The house of deputies at the Episcopal general convention today adopted by a large majority the compromised resolution on the divorce question by which the innocent party in a divorce for adultery may remarry after one year on the presentation of satisfactory evidence of the fact.

The forced favoring a rigid divorce canon in the Episcopal church and those who oppose them were present in full strength at the forenoon session of the house of deputies today, an agreement having been reached yesterday to consider the issue and settle it if possible for the present.

The contest came before the deputies again on the question of concurring with a resolution adopted by the house of bishops forbidding the remarriage of "the innocent party" in divorce for infidelity.

The action of the bishops was met yesterday by the committee on canons in the house of deputies, which proposed as a compromise an amendment forbidding remarriage within one year after the granting of a decree by the civil court and compelling clergymen to examine the court records before performing the ceremony.

WOULD TURN JEWS FROM NEW WORLD

Israel Zangwill Says Colonization of His Race Is Now Needed.

New York Sun Special Service.

New York, Oct. 20.—Israel Zangwill, with his bride, who was Miss Airton, daughter of Professor Airton of London, has arrived in New York from Liverpool to interest representative Jews of America in the possibility of establishing a Jewish colony in British East Africa on a tract of land 400 miles square, at present the lair of wild animals only.

"I am not here," Mr. Zangwill said, "to advocate the establishment of the colony, but only to stir up interest in the project. Some colonization scheme is necessary for the welfare of the Jews. England has got all the Jews she wants, and America is apparently approaching the same way of thinking. Representative American Jews have said: 'Don't send any more Jews to America. It is true the Jews have done well here, but America has reached the point of saturation.'

"What are we going to do with the thousands who insist upon coming? The Jews have lost the art of self-government. They have been 1900 years without a government and they have to begin all over again. They belong no longer to any country. Palestine is closed to them. Colonization, therefore, may be necessary. The scheme does not concern the Jews of the United States, but 6,000,000 Jews in Russia.

"When the Jews increased beyond a certain point in any country there always developed anti-Semitic feeling."

DANES PLAN REFORMS

Ministry Would Extend the System of Parliamentary Government.

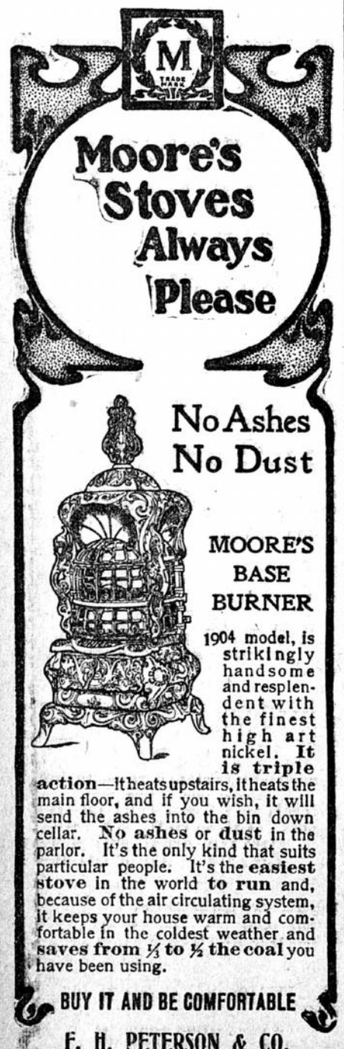
Copenhagen, Oct. 20.—At the opening of the debate on the budget in the lower house of the Danish parliament today Premier Deuntzer announced that a very appreciable advance has been made in the negotiations for an international guarantee of the permanent neutrality of Denmark.

The ministry, the premier added, desired to extend the system of parliamentary government, which was the only means of assuring to the people a share in the direction of their country's affairs.

EARL GREY SAILS DEC. 1.

London, Oct. 20.—Earl Grey, the new governor general of Canada, will sail for Montreal, Dec. 1, on the Allan line steamer Parisian to assume the governorship.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.



TAFT IS TO STOP ISTHMIAN FRICTION

Announcement of His Mission Supports Stories of Crisis in Canal Affairs.

New York Sun Special Service.

Washington, Oct. 20.—There was abundant proof of the reports of the serious friction of the Isthmus of Panama when the president ordered Secretary Taft to go there as soon as possible to straighten things out and restore harmony.

Matters have reached the point where a strong hand is required to prevent not only an open rupture with Panama, but a scandal in connection with the canal commission. During their short stay on the isthmus the members of the commission developed a feud among themselves while they were involving the administration in trouble with Panama, and the result will be that two or more of the commissioners will be asked to resign.

One of the two chief reasons for sending Secretary Taft to the isthmus, clothed with plenary powers, is that he may fully investigate the conduct of all of the commissioners and decide which one shall be removed. The second impelling reason for his trip is to restore friendly relations with Panama.

Isthmians Murmuring.

The matter of putting an end to the friction between the heads of the canal commission and Minister Barrett is a minor condition, tho equally positive action will be taken in that connection, with the result that Mr. Barrett will be made supreme in all negotiations with Panama. It was not until Mr. Barrett submitted his verbal report on isthmian affairs that there was any suspicion that some of the commissioners had been violating the president's orders. At the same time it was revealed by Mr. Barrett that the isthmians are on the verge of an open revolt, with a resort to arms, against what they regard as the high-handed and unwarranted actions of the canal commission in direct violation of the canal treaty in letter and spirit.

The ill feeling of the isthmians had been minimized in the reports of the commission and the president was astounded at the startling news brought by Mr. Barrett.

Rumblings of Trouble.

The conflicting statements made to the president by Minister Barrett, Admiral Walker, General Davis and others proved confusing and furnished no true insight regarding the situation. Beneath the surface he heard rumblings of serious trouble. He sent for William Nelson Cromwell, counsel for the republic of Panama, and who is familiar with all the conditions existing there.

When Mr. Cromwell reached the White House Monday evening, the president urged him to tell him just exactly the truth concerning the isthmian troubles. Mr. Cromwell did so, and the sending Mr. Taft to the scene was decided upon.

50,000,000 MONEY ORDERS ISSUED

Mail Transmission of Money Reaches High Mark for Year.

Washington, Oct. 20.—The total number of money orders issued by this government during the last fiscal year passed the 50,000,000 mark for the first time in history, as shown by the annual report of the superintendent of the money order system. The net revenue of the money order business was $2,528,403, an increase of $288,498, as compared with the previous fiscal year. The gross revenue was $3,626,676, an increase of $376,282.

The number of domestic orders issued was 50,392,554, aggregating $378,778,488, and the international money orders issued numbered 2,208,344, aggregating $42,550,150. Domestic money orders paid and repaid numbered 50,550,368, aggregating $378,511,407, international paid and repaid, $915,836; fees received from issue of domestic orders were $3,039,440; from international, $444,980.

There are 36,031 domestic and 6,913 international money order offices in operation against 34,547 domestic and 6,322 international in operation June 30, 1903. The issue of domestic orders increased 4,450,878 in number and $25,150,840 in amount, while international orders issued increased 294,195 and $7,312,215 respectively.

LONG LIST OF SPEAKERS

Annual Convention of Y. W. C. A. to Begin at Winona Tomorrow.

Special to The Journal.

Winona, Minn., Oct. 20.—The twentieth annual convention of the Young Women's Christian associations of Minnesota will open in this city tomorrow afternoon and close with a farewell service on Sunday evening. It is expected more than a hundred delegates will be present.

A fine list of speakers has been secured, including the following: Rev. A. B. Marshall, D.D., of Minneapolis; Ralph C. Norton, Minneapolis, secretary Y. M. C. A.; Professor Guy E. Maxwell, Winona; Miss Margaret Kyle, national student secretary Y. W. C. A.; Miss Estelle Paddock, secretary student volunteer movement; Miss Anna Swanson, Minneapolis, chairman state committee; Miss M. Belle Jeffrey, Minneapolis, city secretary Y. W. C. A.; Miss Esther Erickson, Minneapolis, extension secretary Y. W. C. A.; Miss Mary Sanford, Minneapolis, general secretary state university; Miss Carrie Saunders, Winona, instructor normal school; Miss Elizabeth C. Taylor, Minneapolis, state secretary Y. W. C. A.

PATRICK E. BURKE EXPIRES

Head of One of Stillwater's Best Known Families.

Special to The Journal.

Stillwater, Minn., Oct. 20.—Patrick E. Burke, a well known resident, died last night at the home of his son. Born in Ireland, he came to Stillwater in 1879. His surviving children are J. F. Burke of Stillwater, Thomas Burke of Solway, Minn.; Patrick E. Burke, Jr., of New Orleans; Mrs. M. J. Cowey of Eau Claire, Wis., and Mrs. J. H. Ward of Stillwater. The funeral will probably be held Saturday forenoon.

A telegram from Spring Brook, Col., says that Carl Johnson, formerly of this city, is on his death bed. He went west to engage in mining.

The funeral of rs. David Robinson will be held tomorrow at St. Michael's church, with burial at South Stillwater.

CROWD IN BURNING THEATER.

Syracuse, N. Y., Oct. 20.—Ignorant that a stubborn fire was raging two floors above, a large audience sat thru the play in the Bastable theater last night, while 150 policemen and firemen were hidden in the playhouse, ready to quell a panic if it should develop. There was no suspicion until the water began to drip from the ceiling and then it was announced that a pipe had burst.

IS PARKER CHOICE OF STANDARD OIL?

Continued from First Page.

president and of its selection of Parker as the democratic nominee; also a hint as to the source of Parker's famous gold telegram. This, which is sure to create something of a tempest in political circles, runs in part as follows:

Theodore Roosevelt, while president of the United States, refused to allow "Standard Oil" to run him, and "Standard Oil" got hotter and hotter; but, not daring to rage openly, how they did spit fire "on the quiet"! If I have listened once, I have twenty times while Mr. Rogers raved at "that——"—well, I won't use his exact language, it wouldn't be respectful to our president. At last, as in all such cases, there came an absolutely-not-to-be-borne trampling on "Standard Oil" dignity, and Theodore Roosevelt was on the "System's" blacklist until eternity. Mr. Rogers called me to New York in connection with some other business. I found him in a terribly excited mood. "What do you think that fellow Roosevelt has done now? Young John Rockefeller telegraphed him to give an audience to Archibald on the trust matter. Roosevelt saw he had us and played some of his dirty politics. He sent for the manager of the Western Associated Press and had him agree to publish the telegram in the west, keeping it out of the east, and to publish it as having been sent by Mr. Rockefeller instead of that unthinking boy, and, of course, you have seen it in the papers; it's everywhere how he kicked 'Standard Oil' out of the White House. That is his last insult to us, and we will defeat him at any cost."

Decision for Parker.

From that time on Mr. Rogers' able brain was working day and night, first to get John Hay to run against Roosevelt, next Root, then Uncle Mark Hanna; but owing to one of those complicated entanglements that old Dame Fate now and then reels out of her crochet-basket to the bewilderment of slick mortals, his efforts went for naught, and he was compelled to fall back on a more dangerous and expensive plan. He laid out on his campaign table the "most available" (what worlds of eelskin political piety those two words cover!) democrats, and it didn't take him long to make his selection of a man who would, if president of the United States, allow those who put him there to "run the shop."

When his selection was made he called in his faithful hired man, Senator "Pat" McCarren of Brooklyn, N. Y., and gave his orders, the same kind of orders as he gives for the purchase of an oil well, or the knocking in the head of a business rival, or the setting up of on amalgamated knock-down-and-drag-out, "Go here!" "Go there!" "Buy this!" "Sell that!" "Billy Sheehan to captain that company and Dave Hill to dig that mine!" In short order the venture was all covered to its finality, and there has never been a slip of a cog or the ungearing of a wheel that was not foreseen and provided for. To try to balk a part of his game I posted Bryan in advance of the St. Louis convention, and we all know how he upset their plans in the committee, but we also know it took but the pressure of one finger on one button at 26 Broadway and the gold telegram episode to put things back into the smooth-running groove.

Mr. Lawson's current installment of his great story clears up some confusion to the reader of former installments, and makes plain the reason for telling so much about Addicks in October. The October story is followed by facts about Mr. Lawson's captaincy of a fight against Standard Oil for control of the gas business of Boston. This leads up to his association with H. H. Rogers in subsequent business enterprises, details of which are to come in subsequent numbers of Everybody's, exposing the "System."

Standard Oil Would "Settle."

It is apparent that Standard Oil has seen clearly the drift of Mr. Lawson's articles, if the average reader has not been so ready to note the necessity of so much preliminary explanation. First, says Mr. Lawson, they pooh-poohed at the idea that any man would dare to attack the "System." Later they said he wanted to be bought off. "Third," says Mr. Lawson now, "after my opening chapter in August, when it became evident to all that I intended to deal with the actual dealings of the 'System' and its votaries, they said to me: 'Well, well, you really do mean it! We didn't think you'd dare, but as you have, we'll settle.' And then, for the first time, in a stunned, benumbed kind of a way, the truth worked its way into the great crime-calloused brains of the 'System' that at last they were 'up against' something that their last resort, their millions, could not overcome."

Mr. Lawson reiterates this month that it is his purpose to destroy the "System," and, judging from his story this month, he is one of those men who do things. Plainly, he is fond of a fight, and he certainly has the biggest one in his experience on his hands now.

AMERICAN OFFICERS GUESTS OF ROYALTY

London, Oct. 20.—King Edward today entertained at luncheon at Buckingham palace the officers of the American warships now at Gravesend, the guests including Rear Admiral Jewell, commanding the European squadron of the North Atlantic fleet; Captain Colby of the cruiser Olympia, Lieutenants William C. Watts and Charles T. Jewell, aides on the staff of Admiral Jewell; Ambassador Choate, Secretary White and Captain Charles H. Stockton, the naval attache of the American embassy.

Admiral Lord Walter Kerr, first sea lord of the admiralty; Captain Prince Louis of Battenberg, director of naval intelligence, and Sir Thomas Lipton were included in the luncheon party.

RICH MAN, LAST OF HIS RACE, ENRICHES FRIENDS

New York Sun Special Service.

Pittsfield, Mass., Oct. 20.—By the will of the late Henry Taft, president of the Third National bank of this city, $61,400 have been distributed among fifty friends and distant relatives. The bulk of the estate, after the bequests have been paid, will fall to Mrs. Frances I. Nichol, wife of Albert M. Nichol of Granville, Ohio, of whom up to a year ago Mr. Taft had no acquaintance or knowledge. The banker had no children, and, when his wife died about a year ago, he believed that he was the last of his race.

Mrs. Nichol established herself as a second cousin. Mrs. Nichol will receive $75,000, beside a gift of $3,000 to her son, Alfred M. Nichol of St. Louis.

E. D. FULFORD DEAD

Well-Known Trap Shot of Utica a Victim of Pneumonia.

Utica, N. Y., Oct. 20.—E. D. Fulford, champion trap shot, who has for several years appeared in all the important shooting contests in the country, died at his home in this city after a brief illness of pneumonia. Mr. Fulford was an inventor of some note and had patents upon many improvements in guns.

RUSSIANS WEAR RAGS FOR SHOES

Continued from First Page.

pleted immense warehouses between Port Dalny and Port Arthur and have therein supplies sufficient to last them until spring. Similar preparations have been made at Niu-chuang. The Japanese expect the release of sixty transports next month.

Russians Lose Position.

The Japanese recently captured further minor positions near Rih-lung mountain. Severe damage has been done a Japanese torpedoboat destroyer by a floating mine.

According to Chinese advices, which reached here today, and which are confirmed in essential points by Japanese letters from Port Dalny, the Japanese made assaults on the remaining outer works of Rih-lung mountain at dawn, Oct. 8, and were repulsed. The following day the Russians made an attack on the Japanese trenches and they in turn were repulsed. The Japanese immediately followed with another assault resulting in the capture of an iron railroad bridge and the heights south of the bridge which is 500 yards from the main fortress.

The importance of these captures lies in the fact that they curtail the Russian fire in harassing Japanese who may attempt to advance on the trenches located on the slope of Rihlung mountain. This attack has been a surprise for the Russians, the Japanese claiming that they lost only fifty men. Since the capture of the points mentioned the Japanese assert that they have successfully resisted numerous attempts to recapture them.

Vessel Strikes Mine.

The morning of Oct. 12 nine Russian torpedoboat destroyers emerged from the harbor at Port Arthur and proceeded to Shao-ping-tau and bombarded the Japanese left flank. Four Japanese torpedoboat destroyers hurried to the scene and the Russians retired to the harbor, followed by the Japanese. The pursuit ceased upon entering the mine area. One Japanese destroyer, while returning, hit a mechanical mine and was severely damaged but she managed to reach Port Dalny and is now being repaired.

Meanwhile the Japanese siege guns continued to drop big shells into the harbor. The Japanese say that they damaged the Russian gunboat Galiak, hitting her three times. It is also believed that the funnel of another Russian warship was pierced, as a dense cloud of smoke followed the landing of a shell on board of her.

A junk which left Liao-ti promontory yesterday was driven by a gale and arrived here tonight. It reports that Oct. 13 there was fierce fighting on the slopes of Rih-lung mountain, in which the Japanese lost 300 killed or wounded.

Eager for News from Mukden.

It is said that the Port Arthur garrison is frantic for news of the operations of General Kuropatkin, from whom the defenders expect relief.

The news that the Baltic fleet has sailed greatly encouraged the Russians.

WHOSE NEXT MOVE?

Armies Rest, Waiting for Roads to Dry.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 20.—The suspension of operations below Mukden continues. It is hinted in military circles that the next developments should be looked for eastward, but whether on the part of the Japanese or Russians is not revealed.

No news has reached the war office of the reported annihilation of a Russian battalion while recrossing the Taitse river.

A dispatch from General Sakharoff, dated last night, reported that all was quiet along the front yesterday and that, in spite of the soggy condition of the country roads, which are described as seas of mud, the Russian scouts continued to show great enterprise in examining the Japanese positions. A detachment of 200 Cossacks Tuesday night reconnoitered the Japanese left southwestward along a line extending westward from the railroad where it crosses the Schi-li river thru the villages of Hai-tsan-tai, Ta-dousam-pu and San-de-pu, the latter fifteen miles west of the railroad. The Japanese sentinels fired and retired as the Cossacks rode rapidly along the line. But near San-de-pu the Cossacks unexpectedly ran into a good-sized Japanese force with machine guns. The latter opened a murderous fire on the Russians, killing many horses and mortally wounding Captain Turgenieff, but all the Cossacks succeeded in getting away. Not one was killed on the field.

No statement is made as to what is happening on the Russian left.

The war office is now disposed to believe that the Tokio report of the drubbing given to General Yamagada's troops is the Japanese version of the Lone Tree Hill nicely turned to minimize its importance. The reports that Generals Rennenkampff and Meyendorff were wounded is denied. The former's chief of staff, Colonel Rossisky, was wounded.

10,000 RUSSIANS BURIED

Japs Give Burial to Foes Found on Battlefield.

London, Oct. 20.—The Standard correspondent with the Japanese armies telegraphing Monday says:

"The Japanese right army has buried 5,300 Russians in the recent fighting, while other armies buried 5,000. Fifty Russian guns have been taken. The Japanese casualties have been small in comparison. According to papers found on the field the czar ordered Kuropatkin to take the offensive with the object of relieving Port Arthur.

"Kuropakin has given orders to his men that on no account shall they fall back on Mukden, but to hold out to the last. It is possible that he may again attack Oyama in spite of the severe lesson he has received."

Tokio, Oct. 20.—Reliable reports received from private sources estimate the losses of the Japanese left army during the recent battle at about 5,000. The number of Russian dead is largely increased by the further discovery of bodies notwithstanding the nightly removals by lantern light.

USE CHINESE COSTUMES

Russian Soldiers Fool Japanese by Wearing Disguises.

Tokio, Oct. 20.—The Japanese government has decided to draw the attention of the Russian government to the unlawful action of Russian troops in using Chinese costumes. The notice will be served thru the American state department, which will transmit it thru the American embassy at St. Petersburg.

A memorandum issued by the foreign office says that on Oct. 4 a body of infantry, belonging to the Russian Third regiment of sharpshooters, wearing Chinese costumes, attacked the Japanese forces on the Mukden road. Different reports received indicate that the Russians are purchasing enormous quantities of Chinese costumes.

The memorandum points out that combatants not properly uniformed are liable to punishment as offenders against the laws of war and as violators of international usage.

It is pointed out that this action of Russian troops will prove a source of great calamity to innocent Chinese, who will be thereby exposed to danger, owing to their inability from distances to distinguish the Russian soldiers from real Chinese.

Washington, Oct. 20.—As indicated in the Tokio dispatches the Japanese government thru Minister Takahira here has entered a formal protest against the use by certain bodies of Russian troops of Chinese clothing, the offending troops being specified in the complaint. It is believed here that the wearing of this Chinese clothing constitutes a technical violation of the rules of war.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 20.—The Japanese protest, thru the American state department, charging the Russian troops with using Chinese clothing has not yet reached the foreign office. The Russian scouts in the mountains, the war office explains, may have provided themselves with Chinese overcoats as a protection against the cold, but the idea that there has been anything in the nature of a substitution such as to constitute any infraction of The Hague convention is pronounced absurd.

JAPS LIKE NIGHT FIGHTING

Keep Rusisans Guessing as to Source of Attacks.

Mukden, Oct. 20.—The Japanese are fond of night attacks, which they organize cleverly. They light a series of enormous campfires at false bivouacks and then steal upon the Russian sentinels, who, peering into the darkness, and blinded by the glare, cannot see the Japanese approaching. Or, they take advantage of a rain storm and try to surprise the Russians.

Tuesday night they adopted both ruses, but ran into a hornets' nest. Rain was falling and a cold wind was blowing. It was so dark that a person could scarcely see his hand before his face. The Russians heard arms rattle and passed along caution under no circumstances to fire but to meet the Japanese with the bayonet. The Japanese came on, straining their eyes in the darkness, evidently believing that the Russians were not so close. When the Russians were right under the Japs' feet, the Russians rose up as if out of the ground and with a hurrah wildly fell upon the advancing foe with the bayonet. The front ranks of the Japanese broke, turned and smashed into the second line, throwing the whole force into disorder. Few of the Japanese lived to carry back the tale.

RUSSIANS REINFORCED

Six Full Divisions Face Japanese Left Army.

Tokio, Oct. 20.—The Russian forces have been reinforced by about 30,000 men of the Seventeenth corps, a large portion of the Tenth corps and portions of the Fifth and Sixth Siberian corps, which recently arrived. In all six divisions of the Russian army now confront the Japanese left army.

Baltic Fleet at Skagen.

Skagen, Denmark, Oct. 20.—The vessels of the Russian Baltic sea fleet arrived here this morning and anchored in the bay.

Berlin, Oct. 20.—The Tageblatt's correspondent at Kiel says he learns from the Rusisan fleet that they will proceed separately to the island of Madeira, where they will coal. The battleships and large cruisers will then start for the far east by way of the Cape of Good Hope and the smaller vessels will go by way of the Suez canal. The first fleet will reassemble at the Sunda islands (Malay archipelago), and thence the fleet will go to Vladivostok, where it is expected to arrive in eighty-five days. As the fleet will reach Vladivostok in midwinter, when the harbor is frozen, the icebreaker Ermak will accompany the vessels.

Valuable Take of Japanese.

Tokio, Oct. 20.—It is announced at headquarters here that the left Japanese army captured near Lang-touchieh six ammunition carts, 5,354 rifles, 4,920 rounds of field gun ammunition, 78,000 rounds of rifle ammunition and tents, clothing, sabers and implements.

Additional casualties of the center army just reported are twelve officers killed and thirty wounded.

DARK THREATS OF MR. SPOONER

Continued from First Page.

favor of the stalwarts. In accordance with this determination, he has tried to withdraw the stalwart ticket, but without success. He did not expect, however, in the event of a decision by the court in favor of LaFollette that the national committee would promptly recognize the LaFollette faction and turn down the stalwarts. It is to this that he objects. But how he expected the national committee could do anything else, is difficult to understand.

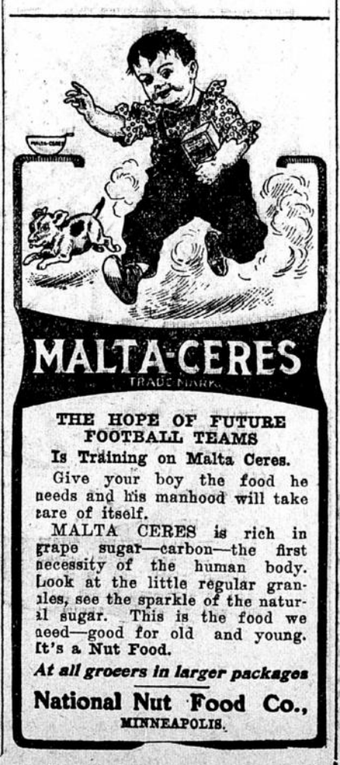
GOLF LINKS UNDER COVER

Vanderbilt Will Provide Indoor Green and Tennis Court.

New York Sun Special Service.

New York, Oct. 20.—Winter tennis on a court heated by steam and covered with glass is to be one of the amusements William K. Vanderbilt will provide for his guests at Idle Hour. Under the glass will also be constructed putting greens so that golfing enthusiasts may practice while the real links are covered with snow. Two carloads of glass will be used in constructing the canopy and work will be pushed forward at once.

There are 10,920,000 Germans in the United States.



THREE GENERATIONS PRAISE PE-RU-NA

Pe-ru-na Cures Catarrh in All Its Phases Whether in Adults or Infants.

Pe-ru-na the Only Medicine They Use.

MRS. THRESA ROOKE, 258 N Ashland av, Chicago, Ill., Treasurer Ladies of the Maccabees, writes:

"In our home Peruna is the only medicine we have. Grandmother, mother, father and child all have used Peruna. It is our great remedy for catarrh of the stomach and head, colds, or female complaints, of which it has cured me. We find it of great value when my husband becomes worn out or catches cold. A couple of doses cure him. If the baby has colic or any stomach disorders, a dose or two will cure her. I consider Peruna finer than any doctor's medicine I have ever tried, and I know that as long as we have it in the house we will all be able to keep in good health."—Thresa Rooke.

Mrs. Fredrich of Central Prak, L. I., Thinks Highly of Pe-ru-na.

Mrs. M. Fredrich, Central Park, L. I., N. Y., writes:

"I thank you for your kindness in answering my letters. I know your treatment has done me wonderful good. When I first commenced to take it I had catarrh of the throat and stomach. I think highly of Peruna, and would not be without a bottle of it in the house. It is also good for breaking up colds, if taken in time. Even my little boy will ask for it when he has a cold. Wherever I can praise Peruna I will do so."—Mrs. M. Fredrich.

Pe-ru-na Cured After Doctors Failed.

Mrs. Martha Moss, R. F. D. 5, Chippewa Falls, Wis., writes:

"Our little 8-year-old girl is well now and you do not know how grateful we are. Some of our best doctors had given her up. This spring she took a bad cold and cough. When her cough was relieved, she began to have pains in her legs. She also complained of pains in her stomach, and her kidneys were in bad condition. One doctor called it a general run-down condition and another said it was appendicitis. They changed her medicine several times, but it did not help her. In July I got a bottle of Peruna and commenced giving it to her, and the treatment proved to be just what she needed. When I wrote to you she had to be carried—now she is around playing all the time. You have done a great deal for her. She is the only girl we have, and it meant lots to us to have her cured."—Mrs. Martha Moss.

We have on file many thousand testimonials like the ones given above. We can only give our readers a slight glimpse of the vast array of unsolicited indorsements we are receiving every month. No other physician in the world has received such a volume of enthusiastic and grateful letters of thanks as Dr. Hartman for Peruna. All correspondence is held strictly confidential.

WEST WHEAT TRADE HIT BY CAR SHORTAGE

Portland, Ore., Oct. 20.—The business of buying Oregon and Washington wheat for shipment to Chicago and other eastern markets has ceased. The railroad companies cannot supply enough cars to handle the traffic, and consequently business is practically stopped. It is estimated that from 12,500,000 to 15,000,000 bushels have already been sold on eastern account, and of this amount not over one-third has been forwarded.

PRIMARIES HELD IN DETROIT.

Detroit, Mich., Oct. 20.—Altho the returns from the primaries held in this city and Wayne county Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, in which was made the first general application of a direct voting primary law in the city and county, are still far from complete, it is conceded that Alderman George P. Codd has been nominated by the republicans for mayor. William C. Maybury, the present mayor, had no opposition for the democratic nomination.

Bargain Friday.

Tomorrow we will offer as a Friday bargain 236 pairs of ladies' red velvet home slippers with high "Adonis" front aid strap over instep. They are trimmed with red and black satin ribbons. We have them in sizes 3 to 7; they are regular 98c values. Bargain Friday, your choice

39c

Home Trade Shoe Store
219-223 Nicollet

BUYING A PIANO

IS THE PURCHASE OF A LIFETIME!

IT IS A PURCHASE that should be made seriously and with deliberation. The reputation of the particular piano, and the standing of the firm that offers it to you, should be carefully considered. You must take the dealer's word for many things about the instrument; hence, select a dealer who has an established reputation and who has the right kind of pianos.

No matter what price you want to pay, we are prepared to offer you the best possible values for your investment. We buy in large quantities and sell all over the Northwest. Our line is. "Every piano the highest in its grade," and prices are at the lowest possible mark for such goods. Easy terms if you wish.

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