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MONDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 28, 1904.

16 PAGES—FIVE O'CLOCK.

JAPS ARE REPULSED; LOSSES ENORMOUS

RUSSIANS EXPECT BIG BATTLE SOON

Turning Point of the War Seen in Arrival of the Baltic Fleet.

MIKADO'S NAVY IS PREPARING FOR FIGHT

Tokio Admits Failure at Port Arthur, but Army Perseveres.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 28.—The war office has received information from Chi-fu that the Japanese assault on Port Arthur, Saturday, was repulsed with enormous losses.

JAPS ADMIT REPULSE

Fighting Is Still in Progress Before Port Arthur.

Tokio, Nov. 28.—Imperial headquarters has just issued the following announcement: "The works for our attack having been nearly completed against Sungshu mountain (Port Arthur) and the forts lying eastward therefrom, a general assault was made on the afternoon of Nov. 26, but owing to the enemy's stubborn resistance our object has not yet been accomplished. The fighting still continues."

GREAT BATTLE SOON

Russians Expect Japs to Attempt Signal Victory.

Berlin, Nov. 28.—A dispatch to the Lokal Anzeiger from Mukden under yesterday's date says: "It is believed about headquarters that the Japanese make extraordinary efforts to win a land victory before the arrival of the Russian second Pacific squadron."

The movements of the fleet are reported in their issue of the Army Gazette, the one hundredth number of which was printed Sunday. The paper is circulated throughout the army and the navy, and is read by the world. As soon as it appears, the privates gather in groups, while one who can do so reads the whole paper, the soldiers listening.

The soldiers are convinced that the arrival of the second Pacific squadron will end the war, as they believe the Japanese will be beaten on the sea and seek peace.

Severe measures have been taken against marauders. Twelve Cossacks of one regiment were sentenced to death. One was shot in front of the brigade while the sentences of the remaining eleven were commuted to penal servitude. Discipline generally is good. Patriarchal relations exist between the officers and men and the former are doing everything possible for the latter.

JAPS GET SHIPS READY

Repairs Being Rushed That Baltic Fleet May Be Met.

London, Nov. 28.—The Daily Telegraph's correspondent at Chi-fu hears that many of Admiral Togo's vessels are being docked and repaired in preparation for eventualities. The correspondent also gives a rumor that the Japanese assault on Port Arthur has been repulsed with heavy loss.

The progress of the Russian second Pacific squadron excites daily growing interest. A Japanese correspondent of the Morning Post, discussing possible preparations for the coming winter, says that Japan rely upon the older warships to maintain the blockade of Port Arthur (in fact, the correspondent asserts they are unable to release his more ardent vessels for overhauling at Sasebo preparatory to meeting Admiral Rojstvensky.

KUROPATKIN HAS AUTO

Russian Commander Says He Has Shatter Beat.

Chi-fu, Nov. 28.—General Kuropatkin is the possessor of a new 20-horse power automobile, which he is able to use at high speed from one part to another of the line, according to M. Ravoit, who reached here today from Mukden. M. Ravoit spent three weeks with Kuropatkin, who wished to secure twenty automobiles specially constructed to carry ammunition speedily over emergency routes. Every day in winter when the Manchurian roads are in excellent condition.

On his first trip in the new automobile, Kuropatkin's only competitor was General Shafter. "I have the advantage of General Shafter,"

The Chinese news regard Kuropatkin and his superior in the general's army, believing the latter to be an atrociously powerful specimen of the "foreign devil."

Lives in Railroad Car

General Kuropatkin is not talkative," says M. Ravoit. "His only reference to the war was: 'The war is progressing as I wish.' He still lives in his railroad car and the light in his office is burning night and day. It is commonly stated that the general never sleeps. His officers are not surprised at being called to a conference at any hour of the night. The general's only relaxation is at dinner time, when the officers who are his guests number scores. Wine is plentiful, but Kuropatkin drinks mineral water. Every Russian officer seems to have an unlimited supply of money, the government being lavish in its expenditure.

"It is my opinion that Kuropatkin will never retreat from Mukden unless defeated decisively, and I think the next battle will be a Russian victory.

Positions of the Armies.

"The two armies lie facing each other, each having three fortified lines. The soldiers of both armies live mostly in caves, behind their trenches, which when covered with snow have the appearance of a great host of polar bears waiting to spring at each other. The caves are warm, even without fires. The Russian troops are in the best of spirits and have unlimited confidence in their leaders. They expect Kuropatkin to attack during the winter.

"The Russian army forces now number 300,000 men, all cavalrymen from the Don district are superior to their Siberian comrades. The former are in

Continued on Second Page.

WOMAN IS SUED FOR HUGY LOANS

Massachusetts Man and Three Ohio Banks Get After Mrs. Chadwick.

New York, Nov. 28.—A sensation has been caused here by the bringing of suit by Herbert D. Newton of Brookline, Mass., against Mrs. Cassie Chadwick of Cleveland, Ohio, for \$190,800 for money loaned. Mrs. Chadwick is the wife of a Cleveland physician.

In addition to Mrs. Newton's suit, several banks have taken legal action to recover various amounts, which bring the total sum to \$267,800. Besides Mr. Newton, the plaintiffs in the suits against Mrs. Chadwick are the Euclid Avenue Savings & Trust company of Cleveland, for \$38,231; the Savings Deposit Bank & Trust company of Elyria, Ohio, for \$10,000, and the American Exchange National bank for \$28,808.

The magnitude of the suits and sensational stories growing out of the case attracted much attention here. Mrs. Chadwick came here last Thursday and went to a hotel. At this hotel it was said today that she had remained only one day, but it was believed that she was still in this city. Her husband is believed to be in Europe.

Oberlin Bank Closes.
Oberlin, Ohio, Nov. 28.—The Citizens' National bank of this place was closed this morning. The action was taken as a result of a meeting of the board of directors held yesterday. The following notice was posted on the bank door today:

"This bank will not open this morning or until further notice. The bank is in charge of the national bank examiner for examination and investigation."

C. G. Beckwith is president of the institution. The bank was founded in 1858. It is generally understood that the bank carried notes of Mrs. Cassie Chadwick of Cleveland to a large amount.

BLACKMAILERS WANT \$100,000

Demands Made Simultaneously on Canadian Roads by Men Who Now Wreck and Rob.

Special to The Journal.
Winnipeg, Man., Nov. 28.—Folled in a reckless daring attempt to levy \$100,000 by blackmailing the Canadian Pacific and Canadian Northern railways, an organized gang of desperadoes, it is believed, is fulfilling threats to blow up the various lines at different points in the Canadian northwest. What is more, the police authorities also attribute several holdups and similar outrages to the various lines at different points in the Canadian northwest. What is more, the police authorities also attribute several holdups and similar outrages to the various lines at different points in the Canadian northwest.

The police are baffled and, also a score of private detectives have been working hand in hand with the secret service men of the two railroads, which has come out of their investigations.

Blackmailing Attempted.
On Aug. 4, G. J. Bury, general superintendent of the Canadian Pacific railway, and A. A. James, general manager of the Canadian Northern railroad here, received the following letter written on Canadian Pacific railway telegraph blanks. The words were printed in ink and the postmark was Winnipeg. It read:

"We are in need of \$100,000, and have decided to hold up the Canadian Pacific and Canadian Northern to the tune of \$50,000 each. If you decide to treat with us you will place on your south train white markers instead of green."

This was at the time when the Dominion exhibition was in full swing. The town was swarming with crooks, and it is believed that the blackmailers were arrested as vagrants, but later released.

On receipt of the letter the executive agents of the two railroads held a meeting. After a short discussion it was decided not to take any notice of the demand. However, extra precautions were taken and special service men were placed on the train and a vigilant eye was kept on the train. Besides the fourteen thieves, under Assistant Superintendent F. W. Johannson of St. Paul, Warren,burg, but after twelve days, accomplishing nothing, returned home.

A Second and Third Demand.
On Aug. 17 both railway officials again received a similar communication. The words this time were:

"I have written you once before on this matter, but you ignored us. It seems that you are not aware of the fact that you are dealing with men who know their business, and we take you to be a business man. We will readily see our supremacy in this matter, and unless you agree to our terms trains will be interfered with."

Another conference between the officials of both railways resulted and it was again decided to ignore the men's requests and make an even more searching investigation. It was not for a moment dreamed that the desperadoes would fulfill their threats.

Again in the latter part of August a third letter was received, which read: "Seeing you to be a business man, we have decided to ignore the men's requests and make an even more searching investigation. It was not for a moment dreamed that the desperadoes would fulfill their threats."

Make Good Their Threats.
In compliance with their threat the men, it is believed, sent an anonymous letter to the editor of the Manitoba Free Press of this city. The letter was handed over to the railway authorities, who requested that it be not published. Then, and not till then, did the officials believe that the men were in dead earnest. Greater efforts than before were made to run down the gang, but, although these have been continued ever since, nothing has been effected, except wrecks and holdups—some involving loss of life, but others not so serious—have been committed under the very noses of the detectives.

The first of these took place on Sept. 1, when the train conveying Lord Minto, late governor general of Canada, and party was wrecked at Sintaluta by running into an open switch and colliding with a freight train that was standing on the siding waiting for it to go past. Five persons were killed outright and many others injured.

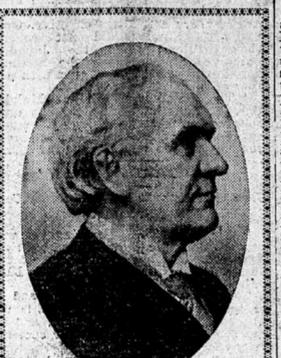
On Sept. 11 the Canadian Pacific transcontinental train was held up by two armed men at Mission Junction, B. C., and booty to the extent of several thousand dollars was taken. This was the first train holdup in the history of the Canadian railways.

Many attempts, all of which have been withheld by the railway authorities, have been made to wreck different trains, but the watchout has been so sharp that some of these have been frustrated. For weeks when the disasters were at their highest every bridge on the western lines was watched, the railway companies fearing that they would be blown up.

SHARES STRUCK FROM LIST.
New York, Nov. 28.—The Stock Exchange today struck from its list the preferred and common shares of the Denver & Southwestern Railway company. The securities were foreclosed under the terms of the company's recent reorganization.

"HOD" TAYLOR IS TO QUIT OFFICE

Wisconsin Man Plans Trips to Alaska and Europe When He Resigns.



HORACE TAYLOR, Wisconsin Man Who Is About to Quit Office Holding.

New York Sun Special Service.
Washington, Nov. 28.—"Hod" Taylor of Wisconsin, assistant secretary of the treasury, contemplates an extensive trip abroad as soon as he can lay down the burden of his official duties. He has for months been planning to retire to private life at the close of the present administration, and informally tendering his resignation to take effect March 4, Mr. Taylor will earnestly ask that it be accepted.

When he has assisted in the installation of his successor, Mr. Taylor will leave Washington, not to resume his residence here. In the early spring he will go to Alaska, where he has some business interests, and remain several months, and after a season in southern California and upon the Pacific coast, will return to take a steamer for Europe. It is his desire to spend next winter there, and he may extend his travels around the world.

In saying good-bye to official life, Mr. Taylor will commend to enjoy life and not get again undertake any arduous work.

GOODNOW IN SHANGHAI WORKING ON EVIDENCE

From The Journal Bureau, Colorado Building, Washington.

Washington, Nov. 28.—Officials of the state department say that the report printed in a Washington dispatch to a twin city paper, that John Goodnow is now on his way home from Shanghai, is incorrect. The Minneapolis man is expected to remain in Shanghai for some days, preparing evidence in his case, and when he leaves he will cable the state department to that effect. During Goodnow's absence the affairs of the consulate will be in charge of the vice consul general, Stephen W. Baretch, of Maryland. As to James W. Davidson's presence in Shanghai, it is said that he is there on special work for the department, and will leave as soon as that work is completed.

ARTIST BARRED FROM PRESIDENT

Woman Tried to Force Way Into Home Where Roosevelt Was a Guest.

St. Louis, Nov. 28.—After trying to force her way into the residence of William H. Thompson for the expressed purpose of painting the picture of President Roosevelt, Miss Maria Herndl, a glass painter from Munich, Germany, but claiming to occupy studio quarters at 51 Oneida street, Milwaukee, was arrested Sunday night by detectives. She appeared to be about 35 years old, was fairly well-dressed and showed refinement.

She walked up the steps, rang the bell and explained to the butler in broken English, after giving him her card, that she had written to the president a week ago that she intended to call upon him during his St. Louis visit and paint his picture on glass.

Detective Viehla, a secret-service man, seized and led her down the steps. They sought to persuade her to return to her stopping-place, but no amount of persuasion would pacify the woman and she was finally arrested and locked up.

FATALLY BURNED BY LAMP.

Special to The Journal.
Winnipeg, Man., Nov. 28.—While carrying a lamp downstairs Thomas Andrews, aged 75, a pioneer of Winnipeg, was fatally burned.

PRESIDENT SPEEDS TOWARD CAPITAL

Without an Unpleasant Note or a Menace.

Richmond, Ind., Nov. 28.—After a sojourn of two days in St. Louis which proved an experience thoroughly delightful and almost unique, President Roosevelt now is speeding toward Washington, where his train is scheduled to arrive at 7 o'clock tomorrow morning. The president, Mrs. Roosevelt and all the members of the party are congratulating themselves upon the success of the trip, which was regarded by many with serious apprehension.

President Roosevelt has expressed his perfect satisfaction with the arrangements made for his care, comfort and convenience, and just before his train pulled out of the exposition grounds last night the president congratulated the train crew. Mr. Francis and other exposition officials and the officers who were his personal attendants for the admirable work they had accomplished.

Secretary Loeb, on whom fell the great task of perfecting the arrangements for the trip and for the safety of the president, now that the strain of responsibility so far as the visit to the fair is concerned, has been removed, is feeling thoroughly satisfied.

Absence of Cranks.
Thruout the experience in St. Louis there was a notable absence of cranks who desired for various reasons to see the president. One woman was taken in charge by the secret service men at the Thompson residence last evening, but she made no trouble.

Just before the train pulled out of the exposition grounds last night, a woman leading a Texas steer, wearing a pair of horns with a spread of nearly four feet, approached the president's car. She was stopped.

"Try to lift me," she suggested to the officers.

She proved to be the magnetic woman who possesses the peculiar power of preventing anybody, however strong, from raising her from the ground when she so wills it. She had found the steers at the time reading and chatting with her friends. At Indianapolis, where the first stop was made after daylight today, only a small crowd had gathered on the steps on the president's train. It had not risen and the people, also disappointed at not seeing him, made no noisy demonstration. Few stops will now be made on the route to Washington, and it is likely the president will make no extended remarks at any of them.

SEARCH FOR OWNER OF RICHES GIVEN UP

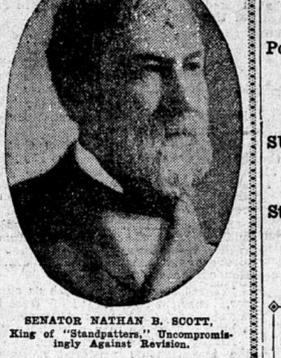
New York Sun Special Service.
Cincinnati, Ohio, Nov. 28.—For fifteen years Peter Dickman has been trying to find the owner of a roll of money that he found on the street and no claimant being able to prove the property, he announces his intention of retaining it as his own. For a year after finding it, he advertised the find weekly, and since then has inserted the ad twice a year. In these fifteen years eighty claimants have applied, but all clearly showed that it was not their money. No one has so far claimed a higher sum than \$80, but Mr. Dickman now for the first time lets it be known that the sum he found was up in the thousands.

W. C. T. U. TO MEET.

Philadelphia, Nov. 28.—A majority of the delegates to the annual convention of the National Women's Christian Temperance Union, which opens here tomorrow, are already in the city. Many of them came Saturday and yesterday. Mrs. L. M. Stevens, president, and Miss Anna M. Gordon of Evanston, Ill. vice president at large, were among the first to arrive.

POLICE DRAW NET AROUND SUSPECTS

ONE PRISONER SOON TO CONFESS



SENATOR NATHAN B. SCOTT, King of "Standpaters," Uncompromisingly Against Revision.

AMEND, BUT NOT REVISE TARIFF

The Program President Roosevelt Has Laid Out for the Next Congress.

By W. W. Jermaine.

Washington, Nov. 28.—It is to be an "amendment" of the tariff, not a "revision." Thus the pill will be sugar coated and made more palatable for the standpaters.

According to the view of the president, as well as of other party leaders who stand with him, the great mass of the Dingley law is economically sound and should not be touched. There are, however, a dozen or more separate schedules which need attention, and it is to these that he will call special attention in his tariff message for a special session of the fifty-ninth congress next spring.

At the head of this list of schedules is that relating to iron and steel. It is the idea of the president that when congress takes up the tariff for purposes of amendment, only the schedules which he will point out should be overhauled. This list of schedules will be selected after careful conferences with republicans representing all shades of revision opinion, from pronounced standpatism to sweeping revision of the entire Dingley law.

It is the president's purpose to write his revision message conservatively, holding it to a middle course. Such a revision by a republican administration, it is believed, would continue the republican party in power, barring accidents, for a number of years beyond 1908.

President's Plan Wins Favor.
I am discussing revision as if it had already been determined upon, but it seems entirely safe to do this, for the president has been able so far to bring over to his way of thinking practically every party leader with whom he has talked. The conferences which are yet to be held, regarding the convening of congress, bear similar fruit—as it is believed they will—the president will have clear sailing, and the special session will lay no obstacle in his way. It is for this harmonious condition that he is working.

I am permitted to say that the president will not call a tariff session without a substantial agreement on the part of the leaders in both houses. I am also permitted to say that the conferences held thus far indicate almost without exception that such an agreement will be reached. The revision situation is therefore entirely satisfactory to the president and his friends.

Among the prominent republicans who have thus far been conferred with by the president regarding revision are Senators Aldrich, Scott, Knox, Penrose, Lodge, Proctor, Dewey, Platt, Dryden, Foraker, Beveridge, Cullom, Burrows, Haasbrouck and McHenry, and the representatives Sherman, Payne, Overstreet, Hull and McCleary. This list represents every shade of republican tariff opinion, and yet the only man of them who has laid out the president's way, he was opposed to doing anything was Senator Scott of West Virginia. All the other standpaters, including Senator Aldrich and the conservative McCleary, said that while they were not favoring revision, they would not place their judgment in opposition to that of the president, who is now in a peculiar sense the leader of his party, but would acquiesce in any well-considered program which he might prepare.

Study of Tariff Programs.
The president has been busy all summer and fall making a special study of the tariff. He has on his desk at the White House several tabular statements which show the working of the present law and point out the places, comparatively few, where changes should be made. He is making it clear to all his tariff callers that he is not in favor of "running amuck," but simply wants to change those particular schedules which have laid the party open to criticism since 1900. His position is fair, and he is so clearly devoid of any prejudices or hobbies, that it is exceedingly difficult for the standpaters to hold out against him. I believe that he will be able to continue this state of feeling to the close of the conferences, and that he will secure the ready cooperation of the working of the present law, and the republican leaders for the revision scheme which he has in mind.

It seems entirely safe, therefore, to expect a special session of the fifty-ninth congress, next spring, unless the conferences yet to be held should show an entirely unlooked-for opposition on the part of those standpat leaders who are yet to be seen.

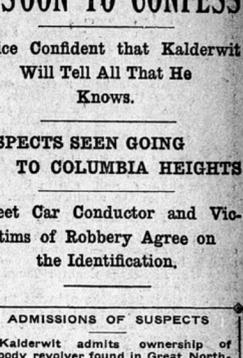
SETTLERS OPPOSED TO NEGRO COLONISTS

Duluth, Minn., Nov. 28.—Incensed by the reports that Booker T. Washington, president of the Tuskegee institute in Alabama, intends to establish a colony of southern negroes in Black Duck township, the farmers of that locality are organizing for the purpose of blocking such attempt.

It is stated that Mr. Washington has an agent in Black Duck township, who is securing options on land.

POLICE DRAW NET AROUND SUSPECTS

ONE PRISONER SOON TO CONFESS



Kaldewit admits ownership of bloody revolver found in Great Northern yard.

Police Confident that Kaldewit Will Tell All That He Knows.

SUSPECTS SEEN GOING TO COLUMBIA HEIGHTS

Street Car Conductor and Victims of Robbery Agree on the Identification.

Admissions of Suspects
Kaldewit admits ownership of bloody revolver found in Great Northern yard.

One of the Columbia Heights robbers wore patent leather shoes. Kolb admits he pawned a pair of patent leather shoes last Friday.

Kolb admits he sold a 38-caliber revolver on the same night. Ed Mingo was a shoe resolver of this caliber. Kolb further admits that he was in the Eleventh avenue district the night Neils Peterson was shot by highwaymen.

The three men admit that they all visited the East Side Wednesday night after the murder. The police claim that while on this visit they planned Kaldewit's revolver to divert suspicion.

Kolb admits that the three men carried revolvers the night they went to Keegan's lake, ostensibly to see a friend.

Orlin Kaldewit's bold front is giving way. By unwavering witnesses and damning circumstantial evidence, he has been forced to take another position, greatly at variance with the demeanor of a hero.

The man is now almost the personification of abject fear.

His transformation contrasts noticeably with the attitude in Kolb's man who was so stricken with terror at the time of his arrest for the Columbia Heights murder that the detectives had to carry him to the station. Now he is the man who looks his accusers in the eye unflinchingly, who answers their questions without a tremor and who defies the police to produce a witness.

It is almost as though the souls of the two men had changed places.

Little by little Kaldewit is giving in, and the police hope that by keeping him he will see that there is no hope save in a complete and unreserved confession.

Put Thru Hard Ordeal.
For more than four hours this morning he was subjected to a sweatbox examination, but he did not break down since the memorable Hayward case. He persistently denies his guilt, but with nearly every denial he unconsciously contradicts the evidence against him of his own or of his "pals," and in many ways gives proof that he is telling deliberate falsehood from beginning to end.

For the past twenty-four hours the "sweating" process has been practically confined to the leader, and the others have been molested only when confronting the evidence against them.

Confronted by so many reliable witnesses and so many incriminating circumstances, Kaldewit has abandoned all lines of defense. His only hope depends his only hope of freedom. He says that from 7 o'clock on the evening of the murder until early the following morning he was in his own room playing cards with a friend who lives at the hotel. He has given the name of this man to the police and they are now searching the city for him. If dependence can be placed on this man's testimony, it will go far in bringing the case to a climax.

Kolb and Hammon have also changed their alibis to some extent and now say that when they returned from their car the night of the murder, they found Kaldewit was playing cards in their room.

Kolb's Sister Seen.
Kolb, the youngest of the trio, in giving the police a source of information as to what he had done since the murder, little thought that he was placing in their hands a significant circumstance that will be used against him.

He referred them to his sister, Mrs. Westrich, 828 Eighth street, and she was immediately seen by the police and told her story cheerfully.

She says that neither she nor the members of her family knew anything of the boy's whereabouts, and that the picture in the papers. He had promised to visit them Saturday afternoon, but they waited in vain. He took dinner with them on Sunday morning and that was the Columbia Heights murder and hold-up was the chief topic of conversation. The sister asked Kolb what he thought of the case and he replied that the men who did the work were undoubtedly green at the business, as was shown by their promiscuous shooting. He thought the shooting of the little boy was "low business."

On Monday, the day before the murder, he was at the home of his sister in company with Hammon. He borrowed a dollar, saying that he had no money. He repaid the dollar when he visited them on Thanksgiving Day.

This bit of evidence is considered by the police of much importance, for it is known that Kolb did not work between Monday and Thursday of last week. He had money when arrested and when he paid his sister the loan. His credit was not good and the police say that this is a strong circumstance pointing to him as one of the thieves.

The Kolb's sister says that for seven years he has been at home but very little. He was always wild, but seemed to be a good-hearted boy. "He never was with me and I don't think today that he is a desperate boy," says his sister. "If he is guilty of this his downfall is the quick result of bad associations."

Conductor Identifies Them.
H. Manley, a conductor on the Eighth and Central street line, this morning positively identified the prisoners as the three men who had ridden to the end of the line with him Tuesday evening about 7 o'clock. The holdup at Mingo's saloon took place at 8:50 p.m. Kolb, who shows strong signs of weakness, is in the sweatbox again this morning, and is being subjected to a sharp examination by Detective Howard.

Continued on Second Page.



THE TROUBLE JUST NOW IS ON HIS LITTLE INSIDE.