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THE MINNEAPOLIS JOURNAL.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

Fair tonight and Thursday; warmer tonight.
Today, max. 44, min. 31 degrees; a year ago, max. 50, min. 39 degrees.

PRICE TWO CENTS. WEDNESDAY EVENING, APRIL 5, 1905. 18 PAGES—FIVE O'CLOCK.

KANSANS ROUTED OUT ROOSEVELT

President Got Up Before His Schedule, in Response to Crowd's Calls.

INDIAN TERRITORY AND CLAIM TO STATEHOOD

Roosevelt, in Address at Vinita, Commends the People as Eligible to Place.

Vinita, I. T., April 5.—President Roosevelt's train arrived here at 9:08 this morning, a few minutes late, and departed south at 9:10.

The president was routed out before breakfast today. The presidential special stopped at Parsons, Kan., at 7:30 o'clock to change engines and a crowd of 5,000 persons gathered around the private car "Rocket" and attracted the attention of the occupants by shouts of "Where is he?" Several negroes called, "We have been waiting since 4 o'clock to see you."

The president hurried his dressing and stepped to the rear platform, where he was cheered. The citizens of Parsons had sent to the car a huge bunch of American Beauty roses, which was placed on the breakfast table. The crowd was not satisfied with merely seeing the president and in response to a demand for a speech, he greeted the people briefly

President on Statehood.

Muscogee, I. T., April 5.—President Roosevelt paid tribute to the people of the Indian Territory and commended them as eligible for statehood, in a brief speech at Vinita. The president's reference to statehood was wildly applauded. He spoke as follows:

"I cannot say what pleasure it is to be to be today in the Indian Territory, which I earnestly hope will soon be part of a great state of our union. I have never had the good fortune to be in the territory before; but I had the great good fortune to have some of your sons in my regiment; and better and truer men never rode a horse nor handled a rifle. All I need say of them, speaking to you of the great war, is that we tried in the little war to show that we had some of the spirit that the men had who fought in the great civil war.

"You will soon be part of one of the great states of the union, for surely we will see Oklahoma and the Indian Territory admitted into statehood, and when that takes place you will be at the outset a great state. Then it will lie with you to see what kind of a state you make of it."

SPOTTED FEVER'S POWER INCREASES

Ordinary Animals Found Immune to Meningitis Germ—Flexner Seeks Serum.

New York Sun Special Service.

New York, April 5.—Two facts of great importance came to light today in connection with the inquiry of the New York meningitis commission into the present epidemic.

The commission has found by laboratory experiments, that there is a variation between the type of the so-called meningitis germs in this epidemic and the hitherto supposed normal type of meningitis germ.

It has been found that all the ordinary animals used in laboratory work are immune to the meningitis germs. Guinea pigs and rabbits, for instance, show no bad effects when they are inoculated. This is true of many other animals, and the commission is in a dilemma at the outset of its search for a meningitis antitoxin. So far, the only animals which have been successfully inoculated are mice, which are too small for practical use in supplying a serum.

Professor Simeon Flexner of the Rockefeller institute is in charge of the search for a serum.

Circulars to the number of 5,000 have been ordered by the health department to be served on all physicians and institutions in New York, ordering reports made of every case of cerebrospinal meningitis. This must be done by the doctors and hospital authorities under the penalty prescribed in the sanitary code and marks a drastic step by the health board in combatting the disease, which has caused 798 deaths in Greater New York since Jan. 1. Under the new policy each case will be disinfected and if need be isolated.

At the hospitals many new cases are being received and at every institution that takes this class of patients there are from one to twenty-one sufferers. As before the majority of those sick are children.

Altho little progress has been made by the commission of medical men, which has for some days been investigating the disease, many answers from prominent hospital physicians and specialist all over the world have been received in response to the list of questions sent out. As yet no one has been able to reveal the identity of the meningitis germ.

MINE CHIEF MURDERED BY INFERNAL MACHINE

Tucson, Ariz., April 5.—T. C. Lamb, superintendent of the Tres Amigos mine, was blown to pieces by an infernal machine while asleep in his house at the edge of town. Several sticks of dynamite were placed under a corner of the house and a five-foot fuse attached. When it was exploded the house and contents were scattered all over the hillside.

Lamb's wife and family were in the east on a visit.

At the coroner's inquest a verdict of murder by persons unknown was returned, but arrests are expected to follow. Lamb had been involved in several bitter disputes about mining property and it is presumed one of his enemies made in these quarrels committed the deed. A strict investigation is being made.

LOUBET TO MEET EDWARD.

London, April 5.—Definite arrangements have been completed for a brief meeting between King Edward and President Loubet, while the former passes thru France on his way to Marseilles tomorrow to join Queen Alexandra on board the royal yacht Victoria and Albert. The president will enter the royal train at Pierrefitte and will accompany the king to the Lyons railroad station.

NEW PRIMARY LAW IS FADING AWAY

Senate Puts Three Reform Measures to Sleep at One Session.

Little Show for Legislation Extending Primary System to State Offices.

(Legislative news on Page 10.)

The prospects for legislation extending the Minnesota primary election system so as to include the state officers and thus prevent the recurrence of such a contest as the Dunn-Collins affair of last summer, seem rather slim.

The Laybourn primary election bill was indefinitely postponed by the senate in committee of the whole today. This is the bill which provided for the nomination by convention of three candidates for each state office, one of each of these three to be nominated later at a primary election. Efforts to substitute for it other bills to extend the primary election system to state officers also failed.

Calhoun's Ditto Speech.

Senator Calhoun moved indefinite postponement. Senator Laybourn declared that this was probably the only primary election extension bill that would come before the senate. He believed the people demanded its enactment and that no senator would dare ask for re-election who opposed primary election extension.

Senator Calhoun thought the bill so lame it needed no speech against it.

"I have before this made two speeches against this bill," said he. "Today I simply wish to say 'ditto, ditto.'"

Senator Alley favored the primary election system, "but not this double-headed measure."

"This bill is not within 100 miles of the primary system; it's a fraud and humbug on the primary system," said Senator Wood.

Senator Barker took opportunity to say a word for his own primary bill providing for election of county convention delegates at primaries which he thought much better than the bill before the committee.

"It is hardly necessary to refer to the scandal all over the state in the county conventions of the last campaign," said Senator Barker, "to prove the necessity of a change in the county convention system."

A vote on the Calhoun motion to indefinitely postpone was then put and lost, 20 to 22.

Senator Barker then offered an amendment, which caused a general laugh, to strike out all after the enacting clause and substitute thereafter all subject matter of the Barker primary bill. He made a lengthy speech explaining his bill.

Barker and Dale Bills Beaten.

The Barker amendment was then put to vote and lost, 17 to 18.

Senator Dale then offered an amendment to strike out all after the enacting clause in the Laybourn bill and substitute the provisions of the Dale primary election bill. These provide for the election of delegates at a primary election direct to a state nominating convention. This amendment was also lost.

Senator Shell presented a facetious amendment to limit Hennepin county to only one delegate in the state convention.

Senator Laybourn moved that the original bill be recommended for passage. This motion was lost. Senator Hawkins then moved that the measure be indefinitely postponed and the motion overwhelmingly prevailed.

The Code Is Up.

The senate is meeting late this afternoon to consider the report of its judiciary committee on the new code. The amendments by the committee cover 200 printed pages. The plan is for Senator Somerville, chairman of the committee to move that the code be placed at the head of general orders, so that all will be considered in committee of the whole until disposed of.

CRACKSMEN BLOW REVILLO'S BANK

Wreck the Vault, but Are Frightened Away Before Finding a Cent.

Special to The Journal.

Madison, Wis., April 5.—The First State bank of Revillo, S. D., was broken into and the vault blown open this morning at 2 o'clock, but nothing was taken.

Ben Shulte, a barber, was across the street in his shop when he heard a noise in the bank and saw the shadow of a man on the curtain of the bank window. He took his shotgun and fired into the air, upon which the robbers disappeared.

Shulte says he is not sure of the number of robbers, but believes there were at least two. They jumped into a buggy belonging to Elmer Healy, a lumberman, which they had evidently taken before they broke into the bank, and drove off. Thomas Daylor, Sr., president of the bank, is in Iowa. The bank's books are badly damaged.

MADMAN CAPTURED ON WAY TO KILL HOCH

Topeka, Kan., April 5.—An insane man, who gives his name as J. Everest Worthington, whose former place of reidence the police have been unable to learn, was captured Monday within a block of the statehouse, where he said he was going to kill Governor E. W. Hoch.

The man was unarmed, but he is of a powerful build and undoubtedly would have handled the chief executive roughly had he not been intercepted. The news of the capture was withheld by the police for a day.

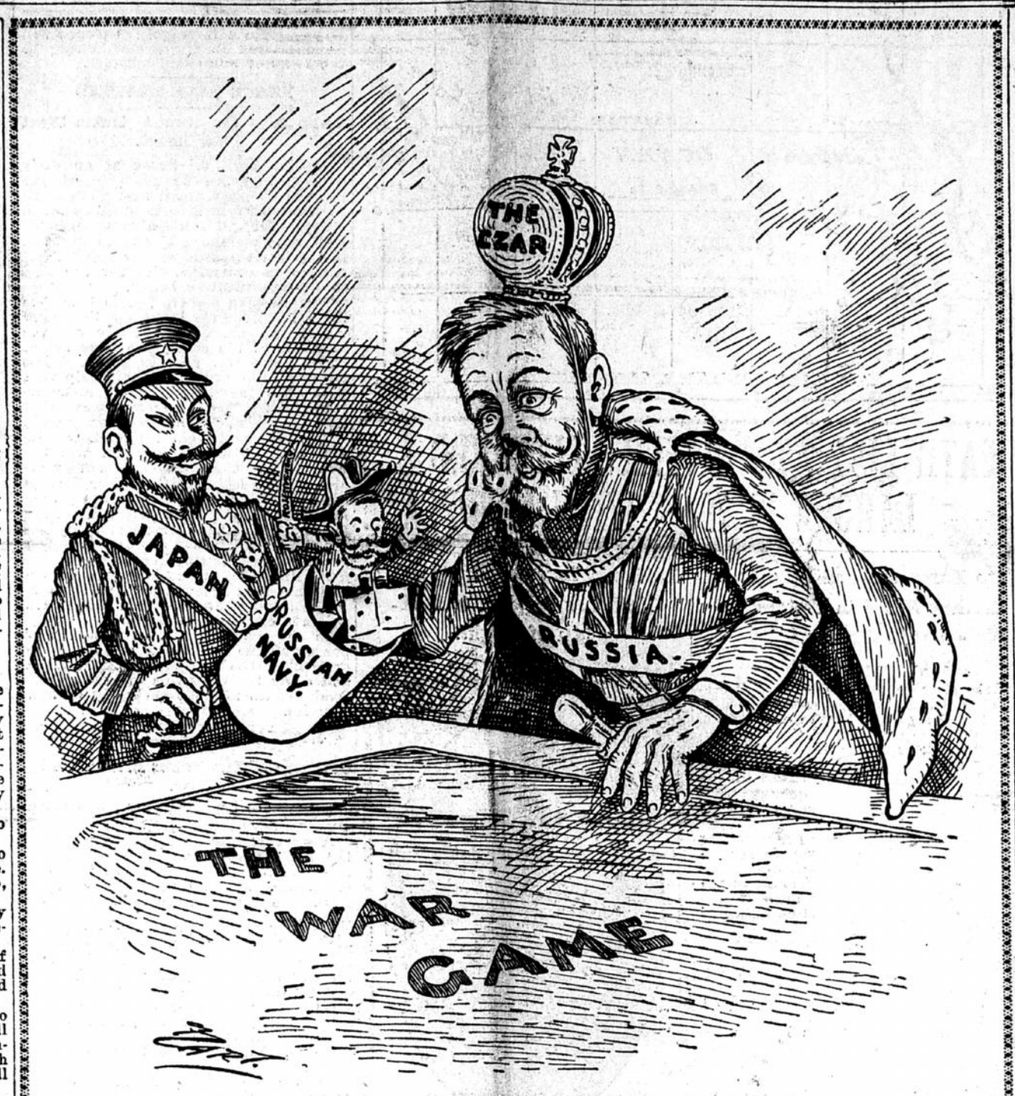
Worthington is now in the county jail and will be sent to an asylum. Communication with him is held by means of written questions and answers, as he pretends to be deaf and dumb.

OYSTER BAY DEMOCRATIC

President Roosevelt's Townsmen Are Mostly of "The Enemy."

New York Sun Special Service.

New York, April 5.—Every office, except that of town clerk, in Oyster Bay, President Roosevelt's home, was carried by the democrats yesterday.



THE LAST THROW.
The czar is staking all on Rojestvensky's fleet

DOWIE LANDSLIDE IN ZION ELECTION

Apostle John Alexander Lets None but His Ardent Followers Get Office.

New York Sun Special Service.

Chicago, April 5.—Apostle John Alexander Dowie proved yesterday that he had full control of the affairs at Zion City by having his ardent followers elected to the town offices. Heretofore it had been the custom to allow one or two of the offices of the township to go to farmers living in the vicinity.

For years C. E. Howe, an unbeliever, has been ardently supported by the Zionists for collector. At the election yesterday, however, Howe lost his office, being succeeded by Deacon Peckham, an ardent supporter of the doctrines of Zion.

It was announced today by a man high in the confidence of John Alexander that Zion City is to adopt a new municipal policy. According to this man, the principal changes to be made are the granting of factory sites to outside factories and the issuing of city bonds.

Heretofore Zion City has been free from municipal indebtedness, and the bonding of the city is looked upon as a radical departure. The money is to be used for municipal improvements.

MRS. CHADWICK SECURES A STAY

Cleveland Woman Will Not Go to Prison Till Appeal Is Passed upon.

Clveland, April 5.—Mrs. Cassie L. Chadwick was today granted a stay of execution by the United States circuit court of appeals, the decision being announced by Presiding Justice Lurton in Cincinnati. The stay of sentence is to hold until the further order of the court, it appearing that a writ of error had been sued out within the required sixty days and a copy of the same had been lodged in the clerk's office of the lower court. After the decision of the court had been announced Judge Francis J. Wing, counsel for Mrs. Chadwick, said that he expected to be able to present the appeal in May.

J. P. Dawley, senior counsel for Mrs. Chadwick, says:

It indicates that the circuit court believes that there is a legal proposition involved in the case which is worthy of its consideration or that the petition filed by us shows, at least, prima facie evidence of error in the lower court. Mrs. Chadwick wil now remain here until the case is finally decided. There is a strong possibility that bail may be obtained for her in the meantime.

Mrs. Chadwick, when shown the telegram announcing the stay of execution, was visibly pleased. She read the dispatch several times then exclaimed: "That is good. I thank you for bringing me this cheering news."

EMPEROR WILLIAM IS WELCOMED TO ITALY

Naples, Italyfi April 5.—Emperor William arrived here today on board the Hamburg-American line steamer Hamburg, amidst the booming of cannon and ringing hurrahs from thousands gathered about the harbor and in steamers, sailing craft and rowboats to greet him. Italian and German colors waved everywhere.

The Duke of Aosta, eldest cousin of King Victor Emanuel, went immediately on board the Hamburg, to welcome the emperor in the name of King Victor Emanuel, informing the emperor that the king would come to Naples tomorrow to see him. Emperor William replied that he never felt so much at home as when he was in Italy.

$65 A YEAR TO CLOTHE WOMAN

Edward Atkinson Frames a List Which Includes Enough, He Says.

FOUR YEARS' CLOTHING AT $65 COST YEARLY

Eight hats trimmed by the wearer.
Eight pairs of shoes (Oxfords.)
Eight pairs of high shoes.
Two outer garments for summer.
Two outer garments for winter.
Sixteen cotton shirtwaists.
Twenty-four pairs stockings.
Two kimonos.
Four cotton shirtwaist suits.
Ten underskirts.
Forty-eight handkerchiefs.
Eight corset covers.
Neckwear.
Eight nightgowns.
Two umbrellas.
Eight pairs cotton gloves.
Six winter undervests.
Four woollen shirtwaists.
Two silk shirtwaists.
Twelve corsets.
Six summer undervests.
Eight pairs of kid gloves.
Eight pairs of rubbers.
Sixteen pairs of cotton drawers.
One muff.
Belts, buckles, etc.

New York Sun Special Service.

Boston, Mass., April 5.—Sixty-five dollars a year can clothe a woman properly.

So says a report given out by Edward Atkinson, world-famous statistician. Mr. Atkinson's report was prepared by three women expert stenographers, whom he appointed as a commission of inquiry. He thus tells the story:

"I called upon three women of great intelligence, who are expert stenographers, to make a list of all the garments and accessories required for dress to cover a period of four years, so as to include the wear of outer garments for four years, others for a less term. These lists were prepared and averaged.

"I then sent a single copy of each, chosen at random, to the heads of four of the great department stores of Boston, who are well known for the care with which they regard the interests of their own employees, requesting that prices be attached to each item. These were returned, computed and averaged.

"Then a consultation with the three ladies followed and going over the lists, we made some reductions on the large cost of hats, which it is their habit to trim for themselves, they buying the materials, also some accessories, such as belts, buckles, gloves, etc., to a reasonable average.

"On then dividing the result of the four returns by four, to reduce it to one year, it proved that $65 per annum would pay the cost."

RIPON COLLEGE TO BE ENDOWED BY CARNEGIE

Ripon, Wis., April 5.—Ripon college is to be a beneficiary under the new policy of Andrew Carnegie to devote his wealth henceforth to endowing colleges, instead of founding libraries.

Dr. Richard C. Hughes, president of Ripon college, has announced that, thru Justice James A. Blanchard of the New York supreme court, a Ripon graduate, the college has secured a gift of $20,000 with conditions, which it is expected will be complied with in a few days.

THREE DEATHS ON A DOCK

Edward Sullivan of Esconaba the Latest Victim at Ashland.

Special to The Journal.

Ashland, Wis., April 5.—Edward Sullivan of Escanaba fell from the North-Western's ore dock today and was instantly killed. He is the third man killed in the rebuilding of the dock.

GIGANTIC MERGER IN STOCK ISSUE

Union Pacific Believed to Be Preparing Combine With the New York Central.

New York Sun Special Service.

New York, April 5.—The Union Pacific Railroad company announced last night that a special meeting of its stockholders will be held at Salt Lake, Utah, May 5, to amend the articles of incorporation of the company, increasing its preferential capital stock by $100,000,000, and to authorize the issue and use of the additional stock.

It is thought by persons having knowledge of the far-reaching plans of the Union Pacific interests, that the new stock issue is in furtherance of the plan for a great combination of the Union Pacific and New York Central systems.

Recently it has been stated with apparent authority that a holding company would be formed to take over control of the Union Pacific, the Chicago & North-Western, the New York Central, and the lines controlled by the latter.

It was said that a majority of the stock of these roads would be acquired thru an issue of 3½ per cent bonds. It is possible, however, that the Union Pacific, thru its stock issue may be planning to take over the properties named itself.

CARNEGIE MEDAL FOR IOWA GIRL

Miss Steele of Des Moines Honored by Steel King for Saving a Life.

Des Moines, Iowa, April 5.—For heroism in saving the life of a companion skater from drowning last winter, Miss Lavinia Steele, a former Coon Rapids girl, recently appointed assistant state librarian, is in receipt of a Carnegie medal.

George Hill, a Burlington young man with whom Miss Steele was skating, broke thru the ice, and was immersed in ten or twelve feet of freezing water. After a desperate struggle, in which her own life was in peril, she dragged him to safety.

Manager F. M. Wilmot of the Carnegie hero fund commission, recently learned of the incident and forwarded the medal which arrived today.

FACTORY WRECKED BY FATAL BLAST

Bridgeport, Conn., April 5.—In a terrific explosion that blew to pieces one of the brick buildings of the Union Metallic Cartridge company shortly before the close of the day's work, three men were instantly killed.

The only man in the building at the time, John Meary, was blown thru the roof, with a great mass of debris, and came down dead. Two helpers, Michael Hurley and William Bayliss, working near the building, were also killed.

The explosion occurred in the dry-house, where primer caps are dried on long steam pipes. One of the caps was discharged and the explosion followed. The foundations of every building were shaken as if by an earthquake, and the explosion was felt in houses within a radius of a mile.

CHRIS VON DER AHE IS ILL.

St. Louis, April 5.—Chris Von Der Ahe, for many years prominently connected with the St. Louis National league baseball team, and widely known as the president of the four-time champion "Browns," is in a critical condition from a stroke of apoplexy. He was stricken while voting and was removed to his home in a carriage.

A NICOLLET ANNEX OF EIGHT STORIES

Soon to Adjoin the Hotel on Site Facing Nicollet Avenue.

New Structure Can Be Used While the Old Hotel Is Rebuilding.

Good news for lower Nicollet avenue property holders is contained in the reported purpose of the United Cities Realty company, owning the Nicollet block, to begin work on a new hotel by replacing the five Nicollet avenue one-story store fronts, between the new Pabst building and the main part of the hotel, with an eight-story fireproof hotel annex. A. E. Zonne of the firm of Shattuck & Zonne, proprietors of the Nicollet hotel, has been in the east several days, and it is understood that the contemplated improvement has resulted from his representations to the owners of the property.

Much general speculation has existed as to the probable disposition of the Nicollet property by the new owners, who took hold a year ago. The company's representatives at the time of the purchase said that a new building would not be decided upon at once. Some time would be required to look over the field and determine just what was feasible and what was needed for the site. Meanwhile considerable improvements were made to the main building and the property was put in the best possible shape.

One problem suggested at that time was how to build a hotel without putting the hotel proprietors out of business entirely for a year, or at least cutting down revenues from the extensive business perceptibly. The plan for building on the site of the present one-story structures is evidently a solution, as, with the completion of the eight-story addition, the way will be provided for continuing the business while the main hotel building is being replaced with a new eight-story structure.

Besides strengthening values and faith in lower Nicollet and Hennepin avenue property, the determination of the United Cities company to begin building a new Nicollet will tend to settle the hotel question, which has been bothering business men a good deal lately, because of criticisms passed by transients on the inadequacy of Minneapolis hotel accommodations.

KOCH'S UNCLE WAS A MURDERER

State Has All the Facts and Will Emphasize the Law of Heredity.

Special to The Journal.

New Ulm, Minn., April 5.—By virtue of the fact that the attorneys for the defense in the celebrated Koch case stated upon numerous occasions that it was impossible for Dr. Koch, reared in the environment of the German home, but a short distance from this city, to be capable of committing the awful murder with which he has been charged, the state has delved deeply into the past.

In its tireless search for incriminating circumstances, the state has ascertained that in the early days of the state's history, a brother of Mrs. E. G. Koch, and the defendant's uncle, murdered a neighbor in cold blood, near the village of Bertha, in Todd county. The state has secured a transcript of the evidence in the Todd county case, and finds that the deed was of a more cruel and inhuman nature than the New Ulm murder, if that were possible.

The transcript of evidence secured by the state gives the information that Samuel Sahle, Mrs. Koch's brother, and David Steinbach's homesteads adjoined and in that early day no fences separated the two farms. The neighbors quarreled concerning the trespassing of cattle. Steinbach never feared Sahle's threats, altho several times the latter threatened his life.

On the morning of Oct. 24, 1883, as Steinbach was going to a neighbor's to assist in threshing and followed the bypath thru Sahle's land, he was struck down from behind by Sahle and his wife, who stabbed him in the head with a pitchfork.

The evidence brought out in the trial was to the effect that the murderer was so revengeful that he thrust the tines of he fork into his victim's head so far that it was necessary to place his foot on the body to extract them, and when Steinbach pleaded for mercy, he struck him over the hands with the butt end of the handle, until every bone was broken.

No eye witness, except Sahle's wife, his accomplice, saw the deed. A coroner's inquest was held, but the coroner fled the country and has never been located since, thus causing the relatives of the murdered man to use their efforts in exhuming the body and securing the necessary evidence. Sahle was convicted by the jury of manslaughter in the second degree, and sentenced by Lorin W. Collins, who was district judge at that time.

The attorneys employed by the state are confident that they have valuable information in these facts and the opinion of specialists has been invoked with regard to the science of heredity and progeny. They declare the fact that Dr. Koch's uncle committed a murder would show an influence that might impell him to do a deed as dastardly as the murder of Dr. Gebhard.

MOURNED 40 YEARS, HE RETURNS HOME, RICH

La Porte, Ind., April 5.—Julius Schurr, mourned as dead for forty years but now a wealthy ranchman in Texas, has arrived at Michigan City, and met his sister, Mrs. Augusta Leusch. The sister attributes the reunion to prayer, declaring that she had never ceased supplication for the finding of her lost brother.

AGAINST ILLINOIS LOAN SHARKS.

Springfield, Ill., April 5.—The anti-loan shark bill, prohibiting the assignment of wages unless the assignment is consented to in writing by the wage-earner's wife, was today passed unanimously by the upper house of the Illinois legislature. The bill now goes to the lower house.

ROOSEVELT CHILDREN ON YACHT.

Jacksonville, Fla., April 5.—The president's yacht arrived today from a trip up the St. Johns river. Mrs. Roosevelt left the boat at Green Cove Springs, and went to St. Augustine for a visit of a few days. All the children remained on the yacht and will await Mrs. Roosevelt's return here.

CAUCASUS ARMING AGAINST THE CZAR

Ten Thousand Armed Rebels Gather in Mountains—Numbers Growing Rapidly.

TERRORIST UPHEAVAL IS BELIEVED AT HAND

Radicals Only Waiting Signal to Begin Reign of Terror Thruout Russia.

Special to The Journal.

Berlin, April 5.—Dispatches from St. Petersburg indicate that, despite official denials of serious trouble, the internal difficulties of Russia are fast approaching a crisis.

Preparations for armed resistance are being made in the Caucasus, and an army of 25,000 is already organizing there to oppose the Russian troops.

Rebellion is spreading thruout the entire region.

It is reported that 10,000 armed rebels have gathered in the mountains and have elected a king. Eight thousand revolutionary workmen from Batoum, Baku and Poti are on their way to reinforce this army. Six other rebel contingents, aggregating 7,000 men, are operating in different parts of the Caucasus.

The plan is to bring all these revolutionary forces together in the mountains. If this can be accomplished, it will give the chosen king an army of over 25,000 men.

The present government cannot spare more than 5,000 men to oppose the revolutionists.

Military authorities express the opinion that, in view of the spread of the rebellion, it will take a decade fully to pacify the Caucasus again. The workmen at Batoum and Poti have exacted a six-hour work day and unprecedented rates of payment for their labor. They are complete masters of the situation.

RADICALS READY TO STRIKE

Russia Is on the Verge of a General Uprising.

St. Petersburg, April 5.—The prospects of a general upheaval of the city and country, with the advent of spring, increase daily.

Evidence accumulates that the radical forces are acting in unison and awaiting a signal, which it is generally believed will be given shortly after the Russian Easter.

The terrorists are showing great activity, and reports from all over the country prove that the workmen, who in many cases have been formulating petty demands which are no sooner granted than they are succeeded by others, are acting under instructions from the revolutionary leaders, who are only biding their time.

The employers frankly admit that it is impossible to try to continue their businesses and some of them have already shut down.

The people are plainly becoming panicky, and the authorities also cannot conceal their alarm.

Cholera Is Feared.

The guard regiments which usually go to camp in April will be retained in St. Petersburg, it is announced, until June, ostensibly in order to allow the camps to be cleared in view of the danger of cholera, which is regarded as being so serious, that the sanitary authorities have ordered the immediate cleaning of the streets, sewers, cesspools and canals of the capital, and have issued specific instructions to householders, especially in the poorer districts, where the people live in cellars.

Reform to Be Smothered.

The dilatory tactics of the government in elaborating the scheme for popular representation provided for in the imperial rescript of March 3 tends to intensify the acuteness of the coming crisis, as the liberals are firmly convinced that the real purpose of the bureaucracy, if the crisis is safely passed, is to smother the whole reform movement.

The state of public opinion is apparent from the fact that more than three hundred municipal councils and public institutions have already petitioned for participation in working out the project.

An intimation that it is proposed to send a commission abroad to study the machinery of foreign parliaments which would require months has raised another outcry.

Government Is Warned.

The Novoe Vreyma solemnly warns the government that the situation is too dangerous for such maneuvers, declaring that, unless the government forms an assembly and the date of the elections is immediately announced, it will be impossible to restore even a measure of public confidence and the government will lose all chance of securing the support and sympathy of the liberals who do not believe in violence when the disorders predicted for the immediate future break out.

Gross Corruption Exposed.

In the meantime what is now called the constitutional press adds fuel to the flames by entering on a campaign for exposing the corruption and venality in various branches of the administration.

Old scandals relative to the transportation of merchants' freights, especially on the Siberian railroad, have been revived and from documentary evidence the most rotten state of affairs is shown to exist.

As the military authorities control transportation on the Siberian railroad, the general staff is issuing permits for every car and merchants desiring to ship goods to Irkutsk or further east, are compelled to buy such certificates, a regular traffic in them having been exposed. Permits bring from $300 to $500. The authorities under these permits, ship goods as munitions of war, while the munitions are sidetracked. A case is cited where it cost a merchant $1,453 to get a single car to Irkutsk, and another where a car remained on a sidetrack from May to January because the consignee declined to pay any more money to the military authorities.

PALACE TO BE BARRACKS

Czar Taking Extreme Measures to Escape Terrorists.

New York Sun Special Service.

London, April 5.—A dispatch to the Times from St. Petersburg says that the officials residing in the Marie palace, where the council of the empire and the committee of ministers hold their sittings, have been notified to

Continued on 2d Page, 5th Column.

Defective Page