

PRESIDENT TROTTERS WOLF HUNT TODAY

Starts for Colorado, Where He Will Resume Hunting and Camping.

Frederick, Okla., April 13.—President Roosevelt will end his hunt this afternoon according to his original plans. He and the following members of his party will arrive here between 6 and 7 o'clock this evening. Dr. Lamont, General S. B. Young, Colonel Cecil A. Lyons, Sloan Simpson, Lieutenant G. R. Fortesque, Captain S. B. Burnett, W. T. Waggoner, Tom Burnett, C. B. McHugh, Captain Bill McDonald and J. R. Abernethy.

After meeting a number of citizens he will make a short speech. Dennis T. Flynn and Congressman John H. Stephens of Texas, old-time friends of the president, are here. The start for Colorado is scheduled for 8:25 o'clock tonight.

One of the diversions of the camp yesterday was a foot race, in which the president also participated. He failed to distinguish himself, however. In one of the runs a wolf was chased over the hills and thru creeks and timber for ten miles. Only the hardest and best riders could keep up such a terrific pace as this for any distance. When the wolf was finally captured there were but four of the party within sight of the animal. Bob Burnett, Guy Waggoner and John Abernethy, three old-time cowboys and President Roosevelt.

LADY CURZON AIDS INDIA'S AFFLICTED

She Has Earthquake Sufferers Taken to Hospitals at Her Expense.

Simla, India, April 13.—Lady Curzon, wife of the viceroy, has invited all the Europeans and Indians injured during the recent earthquake in the Punjab to be moved, to come to the Walker and Ripon hospitals at Simla as her guests. The invitation was sent thru the lieutenant governor of the Punjab with an intimation that the American vaccine will gladly defray the expenses.

New Reports of the Dead. Lahore, April 13.—Later reports from Mandi Mandi state that at least 400 persons were killed in the city by the earthquake. The palace, temples and residences were leveled. Estimates of the number of people killed at Sultanpur vary from 200 to 700.

CODE IS PASSED IN BOTH HOUSES

Continued from First Page.

read this amended code thru and is satisfied that it is the same as agreed upon," asked Mr. Washburn. Messrs. Anderson, Roberts, Bennett, Chamberlain, Wallace and Hickey said not a word, and Mr. Washburn explained that action should be delayed at least one day.

Would Invalidate Amendments. Burdette Thayer wanted to know what effect the passage of the code would have on amendments at the time of its passage. Mr. Washburn explained that such amendments would be invalid.

The feeling that there should be at least one day's more time given to the code was strong, but Messrs. Anderson and Roberts insisted that if the code was not acted upon today it would not be passed at all. Mr. Washburn said that the officers of the legislature could not append their signatures to any measures after next Tuesday, and it would take all of the intervening time to enroll the bill if it could be signed today.

They explained further that the house must accept the code in its present form or go without it. Both the senate and house committees had made concessions and received from some amendments from their respective houses. The house could not obtain any more favors from the senate, as the conference had insisted as strenuously as possible for the retention of all the amendments, but could get only a portion.

Long before the vote, a call of the house was made and the sergeant-at-arms finally landed 113 out of 119 members and then locked the door until the vote had been announced.

The roll call was not exciting. Several members thought the action was hasty, but swallowed their scruples and cast the die. Several other members declined to vote, and Speaker Lague refused to excuse them, and all joined the big column of "ayes." H. C. Block voted "no" but afterward changed.

When the final vote was announced as 111 to 2, it was found that W. D. Washburn, Jr., of Minneapolis and Henry McColl of St. Paul were the only nays.

Several members with communications wanted to reconsider, and five or six, including G. W. Armstrong, L. H. Johnson and Sherman Smith, of the Hennepin delegation, voted for such a motion.

W. D. Washburn, Jr., said to The Journal after adjournment: "I voted against the bill because I do not believe in rushing a matter of this importance thru without some consideration. The bill as returned from the senate had been amended to a considerable extent, and the house members were given no opportunity whatever to consider the nature of these amendments. In regard to the right of eminent domain of street railways in cities, no member of the judiciary committee knew whether it remained in the code, or had any exact knowledge upon the subject whatever. The final amendments had not even been read by the members of the judiciary committee to be sure that they were correctly copied before being passed by the house."

Senate Acts Quickly. The code passed the senate today for a second time, with the amendments as approved by the joint conference committee.

Senator Somerville explained that the original change from the original senate amendments was that the code would take effect March 1, 1906, instead of Dec. 1, 1905. He then moved that the bill be passed under suspension of the rules. There were 54 ayes and 3 nays.

These voting yea were Senators Alley, Barker, Katz, Benson, Brower, Buck, Calhoun, Campbell, Cole, Collier, Coleman, Conkock, Cooke, Cavan, Dale, Dunn, Du Toit, Durand, Eberhart, Everett, Gammeter, Gammeter, Harrington, Hawkins, Horton, Jessup, Johnson, Laugel, Lord, McGill, Mictowan, Morgan, Nesbit, Nichols, Schuch, S. E. Smith, W. A. Smith, Somerville, Stebbins, Sweeney, Thayer, Thompson, Thorpe, Torson, Ward, Wilson, Withrington, Wood.

These voting no were Senators Harry, Larsson and McNamee.

MRSKY MAY HEAD RESCRIPT BOARD

Russia's Former Interior Minister May Work Out Plan for National Parliament.

St. Petersburg, April 13.—The report that the former minister of the interior, Prince Sviatopolk-Mirsky, will return to public life as president of the national parliament, although not officially confirmed, creates much satisfaction, as his sympathy with the principle of popular representation is well known.

Numbers stories are being printed abroad giving details of the character, composition and date of convocation of the coming parliament. The Associated Press can state that they are premature.

Countless plans have been submitted, the favorite one being for a parliament composed from two sources, an upper house of 150 members, half of them to be nominated by the emperor and half to be elected by the nobility, and a lower house of 625 members, all elected by various classes in all parts of Russia, including the non-Russian provinces.

The commission, however, has not decided even in principle the nature or composition of the parliamentary body. It is the long delay which has destroyed popular confidence in the sincerity of the government and which led the attorneys to undertake to take an active, united propaganda by all the liberal professions in behalf of constitutionalism.

It is a very considerable victory in the decision of the press commission to remove the censorship from foreign press telegrams. The regulations, however, will not go into effect until the revision of the press laws is complete.

Language Restriction Removed. The special commission of sciences, which has been considering the subject, has pronounced in favor of the abrogation of the restrictions placed upon the use of the Little Russian language in schools, books and the press.

Trepoff's Nieces Seek Death. It is reported that two nieces of General Trepoff, the governor-general of Siberia, attempted to commit suicide after the arrest of their friend, Miss Leontieva, daughter of General Leontieva, former governor of Poland and Pottawa, on the charge of being an anarchist. She was arrested by General Trepoff's special police March 30.

MEYER MBETS OZAR America's New Ambassador to Russia Presents His Letters.

St. Petersburg, April 13.—Ambassador Meyer yesterday presented his letters to Emperor Nicholas at Tsarskoe Selo. In diplomatic circles the keenest interest is manifested at the first interview between the emperor and the new American ambassador, owing to the widespread belief that President Roosevelt has already allowed the information to be conveyed to both belligerents that he stands ready, upon their mutual request, to undertake the promotion of peace. It is supposed that Mr. Meyer delivered a confidential communication to his majesty from President Roosevelt, but so far as is ascertainable the emperor did not discuss the question of peace with the new ambassador.

Ambassador Meyer was first presented to the emperor's mother, to whom in turn he presented the embassy secretaries. Then, preceded by Count Hendrikoff, bearing his staff of office, and a solemn procession of court functionaries, the ambassador passed the salons to the emperor's private apartments. Here the imperial bodyguard saluted.

The library the procession halted at the door of the private reception room were thrown open by the emperor's pictures, turbaned Mamelukes, and, as the personal representative of the president, as well as of the government of the United States, Ambassador Meyer advanced alone to meet the emperor and empress. Their greetings and reception were cordial.

The occasion marked a notable departure from the custom of the past. St. Petersburg court since the days of Minister C. R. Breckenridge, Mr. Meyer wearing no uniform, but appearing in the simple evening dress of an American gentleman.

New Elevator to Women's Floor at the Plymouth Corner entrance. CARNEGIE FAVORS DANCE AND DRAMA Declares His Approval of Home Culture Club's Work for the Public.

New York Sun Special Service. Northampton, Mass., April 13.—Carnegie house was dedicated yesterday by Andrew Carnegie, who gave \$50,000 for its erection to the work of the Home Culture club, and to purposes which will give an added impetus to New England. Mr. Carnegie said:

I look forward to the time when a community like this will have no fundamental differences; that some day, instead of having different denominations, you will all come to see that the religion, many, religion in its essence is one united body, striving together for the general good.

This beautiful theater in which we now assemble is perhaps the only theater owned by a city and managed for the people by the city. I am glad to notice that it is not strictly reserved for theatrical purposes, but serves as the meeting place for everything that is good.

I notice another progressive feature which would cause some apprehension among the old-fashioned members of the Home Culture club you have a dance every Saturday night. Well done. Our aim should be to make this life as happy as we can. Very properly we teach our children how to dance, and much to their happiness and to their improvement in manners and in bearing. On with the dance, therefore, you of the Home Culture club.

Mr. Carnegie said that the consideration of birth and wealth are being displaced by judgment of a man by what he knows. And he added:

In the future, the question is neither to what a man was born, how great his wealth, nor even what he knows, but how he serves his fellowmen. Here is the true, the final aristocracy which never can be displaced.

Not even under what form he has worshipped God, which troubled the early puritans too much, but how he has served man, is to be the test in the days to come. Man will dwell less upon "Heaven our home" and more upon the duty of making home a heaven here on earth.

WOMAN SHOT DEAD BY WOMAN. Criminal charges were laid against Mrs. W. K. Vidler, wife of a newspaper man, shot and killed Mrs. H. C. Douglas Colorado Springs, by the National Police here today. Jealousy is supposed to be the motive.

PREMIER WILL EXPOUND POLICY

Masses Stirred by the Significance of Address to Be Made at Baldur.

Special to The Journal. Winnipeg, Man., April 13.—Much interest is attached to the convention tomorrow at Baldur, in the constituency of Mountain, former Premier Trethewey's old stamping ground, as Premier Roblin will categorically make certain statements and denials in connection with the extension of Manitoba's boundaries and the question of the school question. Much speculation is indulged in, as the premier positively refuses to make any announcement of his policy until the night of the nomination.

It is generally understood here that he will speak on five separate subjects—first, the nomination of a candidate and the principles upon which he enters the contest; second, the importance of an extension of the provincial boundary northward, especially for the purpose of running a provincial government railway to the bay for the purposes of tapping the rich northwestern states; third, the extension of the boundary westward into Assiniboia; fourth, the truth about the provincial government's dealings with Mr. Shartlett, and fifth, as to whether the proposed collusion between Sir Wilfrid and the Catholic church, and, if so, its consequences.

Pending the hoped-for return of Miss Allen to Washington, Mrs. Amanda Dutton and her two grown sons were arrested for alleged conspiracy to place in jail in the absence of \$10,000 bail each. Mrs. Dutton is an aunt of Miss Allen's and it was at the Dutton home that the young lady lived.

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RUSS ADMIRAL IS EAGER FOR BATTLE

Continued from First Page.

ship Wisconsin and the torpedoed Decatur, Dale and Bainbridge have left Hongkong for the Philippines, the cruiser Raleigh has left Suban on the north coast of British Borneo, where she was dispatched by Rear Admiral Train to observe the movements of the Japanese fleet. The troops of the Philippines, a point about 400 or 500 miles to the northeast, between Palawan and Panay. It is indicated that the Raleigh is to be sent to the Philippines to observe the movements of the Japanese fleet, and it is believed to be the contemplated course of the opposing war vessels, and has shaped his course accordingly. It is about a two days' sail to Cuyo.

LINEVITCH READY AGAIN Manchurian Army Said to Be Fit to Meet Japs Once More.

Paris, April 13.—Captain Rode telegraphs to the staff that he has been the guest of General Kaubars, commander of the second Manchurian army at the Russian front. The captain's observations show that the Russian army has been reinforced and is prepared to undertake the promotion of peace. It is supposed that Mr. Meyer delivered a confidential communication to his majesty from President Roosevelt, but so far as is ascertainable the emperor did not discuss the question of peace with the new ambassador.

DEWEY TALKS OF WAR Japan's Need Now, He Says, Is Battle-ships.

Washington, April 13.—The general belief here is that the ultimate outcome of the war depends upon the success of either Togo or Dewey. Dewey, commander of the United States fleet, is in opinion as to the prospects of victory on either side, says that if Togo loses the fight, all the rest is a matter of time. Dewey, however, is in opinion as to the prospects of victory on either side, says that if Togo loses the fight, all the rest is a matter of time. Dewey, however, is in opinion as to the prospects of victory on either side, says that if Togo loses the fight, all the rest is a matter of time.

After I had investigated, I filed information in the superior court of this county, charging Miss Desdie M. Allen with the crime of murder in the first degree and immediately requested the governor of this state to issue a requisition on the governor of Minnesota for the extradition of Miss Allen.

After the election, Gannon announced that he had information which would put certain Beltrami county officials, meaning it is presumed, County Attorney Loud and Sheriff Bailey, in the penitentiary, and he came to Bemidji and laid his information against them. Gannon has been a famous one in northern Minnesota and has been in the courts for a year. Spooner is upon land after the election, Gannon and the other members of the Spooner party are members. The land was also claimed as a homestead by Gannon. The feeling now is that Gannon and Spooner are bitter enemies, and Gannon is being bit by Spooner, was hated at Bemidji, as well as by the friends of the Spooner party.

LIESCH IN COURT FOR CONTEMPT

Disputes Charges of Attempt to Prejudice Jurors—Judge Refuses to Dismiss.

Special to The Journal. Mankato, Minn., April 13.—Contempt of court proceedings against Philip Liesch, editor of the Brown County Journal, published at New Ulm, occupied the whole day here.

An affidavit from Liesch and others was read to show that the extra copies of his paper of April 8 were sent to the Mankato citizens because of an article in the paper relating to the telephone controversy at Anoka. The Tri-State company had ordered 8,000 extra copies, all of which were sent to Minneapolis except 1,000 ordered sent to Mankato by Brown, Nicollet and Blue Earth counties.

Mr. Liesch denied that the paper was sent out because of the article relating to the Sable murder, or that he had any interest in the case, or that he had any interest in the case, or that he had any interest in the case.

CASTRO DEFIANCE PUZZLES YANKEES Continued from First Page.

nothing of the kind. That would be war, and he cannot make war without the sanction of congress. That he considers it necessary to do something is known, but how he can do it with his hands tied, no one has yet been wise enough to discover.

Nothing will be done, however, until the president returns to Washington toward the latter end of May, and in the meantime the situation may have cleared or the way out of the blind alley may have been discovered by the president or some of his advisors.

HAVRE HOTEL BURNS. Special to The Journal. Havre, Mont., April 13.—The Palace hotel was destroyed by fire early this morning, entailing a loss of \$10,000, fully \$100,000 in value of goods. The fire was caused by a defective connection in the kitchen.

GRAND TRUNK WILL BUILD. London, April 13.—The stockholders of the Grand Trunk railroad of Canada today decided that the construction of the Lake Superior branch will commence in June, and the building the Pacific branch in July.

SHOCKING MURDER CHARGED TO GIRL

INFANT KILLED AND LEFT IN A BADGER-HOLE.

Story of Crime With Which Name of Miss Desdie Allen of Forgas Falls Has Been Connected, as Told by Prosecuting Attorney of Waterville, Wash.

Special to The Journal. Waterville, Wash., April 13.—Prosecuting Attorney W. J. Canton and Sheriff A. Lytle of Douglas county are much disappointed because of the refusal of Minnesota's governor to recognize the requisition of Governor Mead of Washington for the extradition of Miss Desdie Allen for the murder of her newly born babe near St. Andrews, Douglas county, Wash., about one year ago.

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DRIVING STATEMENT READ TO JURORS

Continued from First Page.

ist on. When matters became too hot, Gannon would reach for his gun and keep his antagonist at bay. Other witnesses gave testimony, but not a single good clue was established nor does suspicion point against any particular one except that several witnesses in their testimony said many strangers from Rainy River, Ont., were with the crowd all day and more came over at night.

The case remains as dark as the night the murder occurred, and no one knows what the next step will be. The jury was out fifteen minutes and declared Gannon guilty of the death at the hands of a person unknown.

"GOT WHAT I'VE DESERVED" R. M. Henderson of Beaudette Tells of the Killing.

Winnipeg, Man., April 13.—I've got at last what I've deserved. I've been looking for it for years.

These were the last words of Matt Gannon of Beaudette, who was murdered by a mob last Saturday, according to R. M. Henderson, a lumber dealer of Beaudette, who arrived in Winnipeg yesterday afternoon and gave a new version of the affair. He said:

I have lived in Beaudette for five years, and know of incidents leading up to the fatal climax. The feeling against Gannon was occasioned by a political election, almost Kentucky like in its tenacity. Matt Gannon and Bert Clark were contestants for president of the town board (mayor) in Beaudette, our little hamlet of 300 population, the canvassing was heated and then came the day of election. There were two polling booths. At one booth predominated the Gannon faction; at the other booth, formerly a saloon, the Clark party was in the majority. When the polls were counted, it was found that Clark had polled 100 votes to Gannon's paltry eight votes in the booth of the Clark faction, thus giving the election to Clark.

Gannon appealed to the powers that be, maintaining that Clark's election was void inasmuch as liquor had been sold in Clark's booth on the morning of the election. Thus on a technicality, Gannon was placed in the first chair of the town board.

Gannon was unpopular, because the people asserted that he held office not by their voice. Then, again, it was openly asserted that he was a gambler, a reputation rather unpopular for a hamlet chief magistrate. Other rumors there were, even more dark.

He came to Beaudette a year ago and ran a gambling table. Then he went to St. Paul and secured a license for a hamlet chief magistrate. He secured a license for a hamlet chief magistrate. He secured a license for a hamlet chief magistrate.

The blame for the murder has been placed on some isolated hotheads of the Spooner mob. The mob came fully prepared to tar and feather Gannon, and to report him to town on a rail. No evidence whatever was produced to show that Gannon's life was endangered. The Spooner men had come from Sweden, whom they heard were fined and imprisoned for having erected a house on the Spooner townsite without the authority of the town council.

After their arrival at Beaudette they found that the prisoners had been released, but had been secured by Gannon