TERRORISTS USING POISONED BULLETS

Recent Attacks on Russian Police Show Determined Methods of Revolutionists.

St. Petersburg, April 22.—In all recent attacks on the police and administrative officers in Poland, assailants have used poisoned bullets and daggers.

At the popular theaters and music halls, performers are arousing great demonstrations by singing and reciting revolutionary verses. These are introduced as encores.

Recently performers have not hesitated to lampoon the imperial family under a thin disguise.

On the tricks being discovered, all encores not previously approved by the censors were forbidden.

To insure prompt action in case of demonstrations the governors and other officials of all the provinces have been directed to remain at their offices during the Easter holidays and be prepared for any emergency.

PRESS PLANS FOR MAY DAY

Russian Liberal Journalists Arrange for a Big Demonstration.

St. Petersburg, April 22.—May Day demonstrations on a grand scale thruout the empire is the program of the socialist wing of the reform party, as announced at the pan-Russian congress of journalists which closed yesterday after a protracted and stormy session. The congress illustrated the lack of unity in reform circles, the program as finally adopted failing to touch many burning questions of the hour on account of the impossibility of harmonizing the views of divergent elements. At the close neither side was satisfied with the program.

The chief accomplishment of the congress was its determination to organize an association which will participate in the general work of the reform league of all the professional classes, in which the lawyers took the first steps at their recent congress here.

The program adopted comprises vague resolutions in favor of the nationalization of land, some form of liberation of the laboring classes from the industrial yoke, and the right of various nationalists to self-government as far as consistent with the existence of the empire.

Would Arm the People.

A long discussion of tactics resulted in a declaration that the present system left no room for legal methods of agitation, and the delegates pledged themselves to the greatest possible agitation in favor of a legislative assembly by both legal and extra-legal publications. In view of alleged attempts of the authorities to incite the proletariat against the educated classes, the congress demanded the right of the people to arm themselves and form local militia for self-defense.

Among the planks excised from the platform was a declaration for an eight-hour workday.

Coffin Picture Widely Circulated.

The picture which appeared in the Neva, the most widely circulated illustrated weekly newspaper in Russia, on April 15, of the imperial family, including the emperor, empress, the czarevitch, grand dukes and dowager empress lying dead in their coffins, has been reproduced on cards bearing on the reverse side the Russian national anthem. These cards are being scattered by thousands thruout St. Petersburg and in other parts of Russia. The cards were printed abroad. The police apparently are puzzled as to the line of action to pursue.

Soldier "Shoots Up" Warsaw.

Warsaw, April 22.—A drunken soldier yesterday fired his revolver in the crowded streets of this city, killing one and wounding six persons, one of them probably fatally. A workman captured the miscreant.

Bullet Misses Burgomaster.

Bialystok, Russian Poland, April 22.—An unknown man yesterday fired at the burgomaster in the street. The man missed his aim, but the bullet killed a passing Cossack. At another place in this city Police Inspector Sawitizki was attacked by two men, who fired several shots at him, all taking effect. The assailants escaped.

New Elevator to Women's Floor
At the Plymouth Corner entrance.

ADVANCE FOR NELSON IN SENATE COMMITTEES

From The Journal Bureau, Colorado Building, Washington.

Washington, April 22.—The death of Senator Platt of Connecticut will make changes in committee assignments of advantage to Senator Nelson. The vacancy in the chairmanship of the committee on judiciary will be filled by Senator Clark of Wyoming, and Senator Nelson will be ranking member. The transfer of Clark leaves vacant the chairmanship of the committee on railroads, to which Nelson is eligible and can have if he wants it. It is not much better as a working committee than the one of which the Minnesota senator is now at the head—the committee on improvement of the Mississippi river—but it will give him an assistant clerk, which the present committee does not carry.

—H. C. Stevens.

JEFFERSON'S PHYSICIAN SEES LOST STRENGTH

West Palm Beach, Fla., April 22.—Joseph Jefferson was uneasy from 3 to 5 this morning, and the chances again are a little against him. However, there are no critical symptoms. At 11 o'clock there was no perceptible change. The physicians and nurses are not so hopeful as yesterday.

At noon Dr. Potter reported a slight improvement. The fever is lower and the patient appears a little stronger.

Hood's

Sarsaparilla enjoys the distinction of being the greatest curative and preventive medicine the world has ever known. It is an all-round medicine, producing its unequalled effects by purifying, vitalizing and enriching the blood on which the health and strength of every organ, bone and tissue depend. Accept no substitute for Hood's, but insist on having Hood's AND ONLY HOOD'S.

ENDS LIFE WHILE THOUSANDS PRAY

Austrian Noblewoman and Famous Beauty Shoots Herself at Good Friday Service.

Milan, April 22.—n the midst of a great throng attending Good Friday services in the famous cathedral here, the Marchioness Maria Pallivicini, viscountess of Trent, Austria, committed suicide by shooting.

The circumstances were unprecedentedly dramatic. At the moment of the most intense religious concentration in the great cathedral, when 15,000 Catholic worshipers were kneeling, a shot rang out.

An Austrian priest hurried to the side of the countess and found her dying, with a wound in her forehead. Her death occurred a few moments later, while she was on the way to a hospital.

The marchioness was renowned thruout Italy for her great beauty. She was not yet 30.

Domestic unhappiness, following separation from her husband, is supposed to have been the cause of her suicide.

HITCHCOCK OUSTS 8 AS GRAFTERS

Financial Clerk of Indian Warehouse Accused of Carrying Drones on Payroll.

New York Sun Special Service.

Washington, April 22.—Secretary Hitchcock today dismissed Financial Clerk Fred H. Wilson and seven employees of the Indian warehouse at New York for the manipulation of government funds and for the appointment of political henchmen, who drew pay and performed no work.

It is charged that gross irregularities were found in the accounts of the financial clerk. Other charges were to the effect that Wilson had devoted too much time to playing politics; that he spent much time at Albany and too little in the discharge of his duties in New York. In addition it was charged that Wilson had provided berths for his political friends by placing their names on the warehouse payroll and handing over salaries they never earned.

Wilson, it is declared, was responsible for the names of several persons on the payroll who never entered the warehouse except on payday. A Tammany bartender received monthly payments with unfailing regularity. The force at the warehouse is twice as large as it should be.

RULES AGAINST LOWRY'S COMPANY

Trolley Franchise Extension at Superior Held to Be Void by District Court.

Special to The Journal.

Superior, Wis., April 22.—A twelve-year extension to the street railway franchise in this city was declared today by Judge Vinje of the circuit court to be null and void. The franchise is held by the Duluth Street Railway company, which is controlled by Thomas Lowry, the twin city street railway king.

The decision that the extension is not good comes after a long fight. The court holds it is not valid because at the time the company accepted it there had not been filed in the office of the secretary of state the articles of incorporation of the company, which is a foreign corporation.

The original franchise was held by the Superior Rapid Transit company, which failed. The Duluth Street Railway company purchased it at a forced sale, and in 1901, with eighteen years still to run, the Lowry interests asked for an extension and, after a bitter fight, the council granted it. Suit was brought by the succeeding administration, the state taking the matter up on petition.

Judge Vinje holds, however, that the company has the right to the old franchise, which has fourteen years yet to run. The case will be appealed to the supreme court.

BULGARIA TALKS OF FORMING A KINGDOM

Vienna, April 22.—Dispatches from Sofia say it is declared in political circles there that if Crete should be annexed to Greece, the kingdom of Bulgaria will immediately be declared. If Crete should be freed from Turkish sovereignty, which is no more than a formality, it is argued that Prince Ferdinand would at once declare the kingdom of Bulgaria without assent from the powers, which his recent visit to Berlin, London, Paris and Rome failed to secure. The porte's sovereignty over Bulgaria is no stronger than over Crete, and Bulgaria would dare just as much as Crete.

A sensation has been created in Crete by the publication in Greek papers of a story of a plot of the revolutionary opposition to kidnap Prince George. The story is discredited, but some precautionary movements of international troops have been made in consequence.

CANNED GOODS MEN UNITE; NOT AS TRUST

Buffalo, April 22.—The first meeting of the board of trustees of the National Association of Packers of Pure Canned Goods has convened here. The association was formed March 14 in Pittsburg and the meeting here is to complete the organization. The association's objects are stated to be the promotion of the consumption of canned goods, perfection of the proper adjustment of freight, express and telegraph rates; management of a mutual insurance; gathering and weekly distribution of reports on crops, packs and stocks; proper federal legislation and standard uniform clauses in all contracts.

The packers say their association is not to regulate prices.

STANDARD OIL PRICE DOWN.

Cleveland, April 22.—The Standard Oil company today announced a reduction of ½c a gallon on all grades of refined oil. No change is made in quotations of naphtha or gasolene.

NOTED GERMAN ACTRESS DEAD.

Berlin, April 22.—Hedwig Neimann Raibe, noted actress, died yesterday in an institute for mental diseases. She was taken ill Dec. 3, 1904, during the celebration of her sixtieth birthday.

MINNESOTAN IN A WRECK.

Special to The Journal.

Lincoln, Neb., April 22.—Lee Rudolph of South Haven, Minn., was slightly injured in a wreck.

MORTON TO STAY IN THE CABINET

Secretary of the Navy Will Not Resign Under Fire—Santa Fe Cases Deferred.

New York Sun Special Service.

Washington, April 22.—Secretary of the Navy Paul Morton is determined to stay in the cabinet. The report that he had decided to resign is emphatically denied.

When the president left for his trip, the understanding was that Secretary Morton was to remain until next February, when both he and Secretary Shaw are to retire.

The secretary's friends insist that the best way to keep him in the cabinet is to attack him. They state that he will not get out under such conditions, nor will the president consent to his retiring under fire.

The prosecution of the Santa Fe case will be held over until the president returns.

DANCER BRIDE OF HEIR OF MILLIONS

Mountain Girl and Pittsburg Society Man Wedded—Wanamaker's Romance.

New York Sun Special Service.

Pittsburg, April 22.—Closely following the Carnegie-Hever marriage sensation came an announcement today which seemed to paralyze the social end of Pittsburg.

The bridegroom is Samuel S. Reymer, one of two heirs to Jacob S. Reymer, of Reymer Brothers, candy manufacturers, worth millions, and the bride, Nellie H. Paris, a mountaineer carnival dancer and former kitchen girl of the Fayette county coke regions and daughter of a poor carpenter, William Paris.

The couple were married March 6, and left at once for the west. They are now thought to be in Denver.

The meeting, courtship and finally the marriage of Mr. Reymer and Miss Paris was romantic in the extreme. Four years ago, when 19 years of age, Nellie left the smoky mining town of Oliver and came to Pittsburg. Her parents, in their home at Oliver, say that she was employed for a time as a kitchen girl in Pittsburg. Afterwards the glamor of the stage attracted her. It was during the season of carnivals when the Elks had a big street show in Allegheny three years ago. The young woman, who is pretty and graceful, attracted Mr. Reymer's attention. She was dancing on the stage when the young business man first saw her.

The parents of young Reymer refuse to discuss the wedding. While the aristocratic family of Reymer may hesitate to receive the dancing daughter of the coke region carpenter, there seems little doubt but that the Paris family are pleased with the new son-in-law. They live in a little coke village some miles from Connellsville, in one of the cheap company houses.

WANAMAKER IN ROMANCE

Will Wed Tutor of His Children, Daughter of Woolsorter.

New York Sun Special Service.

North Adams, Mass., April 22.—Altho not yet ready to make the formal announcement, Mr. and Mrs. John Walton today confirmed the report of the engagement of their daughter, Miss Mabel L. Walton, to William H. Wanamaker of Philadelphia.

Mr. Wanamaker is a brother of John Wanamaker, and a man of wealth and prominence. Miss Walton, who resides in Philadelphia, is teacher of German in the Hill Lyman school on Spruce street, that city. Mr. Walton performs the humble task of wool sorting in the North Adams Manufacturing company's woolen mill.

Miss Walton is a devoted worker in the Congregational church, and it was thru her church work that Mr. Wanamaker met her. His children came under her care as tutor, and thru the acquaintance made by way of church and school an engagement followed. Mr. Wanamaker's first wife died in January, 1904, in Philadelphia.

G. A. R. REUNION TO ATTRACT THOUSANDS

Denver, Col., April 22.—The committee having the arrangements for the encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic in charge, say that the cent-a-mile rate will insure at least 125,000 visitors. Nearly all the departments and many individual posts have already secured quarters at the leading hotels.

Commander-in-Chief Blackman is booked to attend the Wisconsin encampment at La Crosse, June 13 and 14, and from there he goes thru Iowa, Minnesota, South Dakota, Montana, Idaho, Oregon, Washington and Alaska, the latter being included in one department with headquarters at Seattle. His visit to the twin cities will be made about June 20.

MOROS IN ATTACK ON WALLED CITY

Manila, April 22.—The walled city of Jolo was attacked by Moros on April 9. They fired into the officers' club and dispersed a ball in progress. On April 10 the secretary of Governor Scott was ambushed and killed within range of the sentries.

A refugee datto from Borneo has organized the Moros, who are defying the Americans.

General Leonard Wood has arrived at Jolo from Zamboanga and given the Moros ten days within which to surrender the refugee datto. If this is not done, he will concentrate a sufficient force to secure a compliance with his demands.

RAIN AND HEAT

Grain and All Vegetation in Need of Seasonable Weather.

Special to The Journal.

LeRoy, Minn., April 22.—Seeding of small grains in this vicinity is practically completed. There has been an increased acreage on account of so much fall plowing having been done. Many farmers are putting in a larger amount of speltz. There will be more flax. It is not thought the freezing temperatures have done any damage as yet, but warmer weather with good rains is needed.

Wahpeton, N. D., April 22.—Small grain seeding is all done in this vicinity and already the grain is beginning to show above the ground. A larger acreage of corn will be planted this year than ever before.

Chatfield, Minn., April 22.—Seeding is about completed in this vicinity. The acreage of wheat will be very small.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

RUSS FLEET MUST QUIT FRENCH PORT

Continued from First Page.

Vladivostok by special train last night. A big crowd saw them depart, and great enthusiasm was manifested.

The council of the empire today promulgated the first law providing for an increase in taxation for war purposes. It includes an increase in the tax on matches, petroleum, etc., and a graduated tax on the salaries of officials. The total product is estimated at $11,000,000. The law goes into force May 1.

BRITISH EASTERN FLEET BIG

Added to Togo's Fleet, It Would Greatly Outmatch Russians.

London, April 22.—A special dispatch from Hongkong says all shore leave of the crews of the British warships has been stopped and the dockyard employees on their Easter leave of absence have been recalled so that the ships can be made ready for sea at the earliest possible moment.

New York Sun Special Service.

Hongkong, British China, April 22.—There is noticeable activity among all the vessels of the British fleet on the China station.

These facts are significant when taken in connection with the knowledge that Japan has energetically protested to France against allowing Rojestvensky's fleet to remain in Indo-Chinese waters.

The British fleet on the China station, under command of Vice Admiral Sir Gerard Noel, could easily turn the scale of the naval war in favor of Japan.

Togo and Rojestvensky are nearly matched in numbers of ships and guns. Noel has five battleships (four first class) and eight cruisers, carrying in the aggregate 190 guns, ranging in caliber from 4.7-inch to 12-inch, and 338 guns in their secondary batteries.

Besides these heavy fighting vessels he has five torpedoboat destroyers, nine river gunboats and a lot of less formidable craft.

The battleship squadron consists of the 13,000-ton Glory (flagship), Albion, Ocean and Vengeance, and the 10,500-ton Centurion. The squadron is equipped with sixteen 12-inch guns, four 10-inch and twenty-two 6-inch guns.

The cruiser squadron is composed of the 12,000-ton armored vessels Hogue and Sutley, the protected cruisers Andromeda (11,000), Amphitrite (11,000), Astrasa, Bonaventure, Iphigenia and Sirius.

JAPS COUNT RUSS SHIPS

Gather Evidence as to Czar's Force at Kamranh.

Tokio, April 22.—The navy department has issued the following statement of indisputable witnesses who personally observed, and report as follows about the Russian second Pacific squadron in Kamranh bay:

"Two cruisers, one with three masts and two funnels, of the Dmitri Donskoi class; the other with two masts and three funnels, were seen cruising outside of the harbor. Two four-masted merchantmen, and a one-funnel steamer were anchored outside the northern entrance of the harbor.

"Five vessels resembling battleships were anchored inside the harbor.

"Two battleships with two masts and three funnels, flying admiral flags, were anchored inside the harbor.

"Six warships, anchored in single formation, lay outside the harbor, off its southern entrance.

"Heavy smoke was seen rising inside the harbor."

Altho the report does not say so, it is believed that Rear Admiral Rojestvensky is using the harbor to clean his ships, to coal, adjust his torpedoes, clean his guns, prepare ammunition, and receive fresh stores.

Popular Feeling Bitter.

The Japanese newspapers continue their unfriendly comment of the French government over the Kamranh bay incident, despite the efforts of the conservatives toward repression, pending the result of negotiations.

Popular feeling is growing more intense.

The government continues to withhold the correspondence with France regarding the affair.

One report received here says that a portion of Rojestvensky's squadron is at Hainan, an island southeast of Tonquin bay.

Interned Ships Rearmed.

Newspapers here assert that four Russian warships interned at Shanghai and Chi-fu, have completed preparations to join the Russian fleet.

RUSSIAN FLEET TO DIVIDE

One Part Will Meet Togo—The Other Will Run for Vladivostok.

New York, April 22.—A dispatch from Saigon to a newspaper of this city asserts that another Russian squadron, consisting of seven battleships and cruisers (Vice Admiral Nebogatoff's) is expected hourly to join Rojestvensky. It says also that it is believed in Saigon that one portion of the Russian fleet will then go to meet the Japanese, while the other will make a wide detour and endeavor to reach Vladivostok.

The Russian second Pacific squadron was still in Kamranh bay yesterday. The correspondent says the Russian vessels, which number about fifty, are short of stores and that French and German steamers, including the Eva and Dagmar, are carrying immense quantities of supplies from Saigon. The steamer Gridam has been sold for $60,000, to be used for conveying stores and another steamer has been chartered for the same purpose. The British steamer Hindu is unloading coal at Saigon, adding to a store of 45,000 tons already accumulated by Russian agents. Five colliers will convey this fuel to the squadron.

TOGO EXPECTED TO STRIKE

Washington Diplomats Look for Some Bold Move.

New York Sun Special Service.

Washington, April 22.—The diplomatic corps here, remembering Japan's sudden way of beginning the war without the usual formal notice, is prepared to hear at any time that Togo has sailed to Kamranh bay and engaged the Russian fleet, or done something equally bold.

"Something equally as bold" would, to the minds of the diplomats, be a move on the part of Togo to intercept the squadron of Admiral Nebogatoff by sailing to the south and west of Rojestvensky, thus leaving the way clear for him to sail for Vladivostok with no more of opposition than the mines supposed to have been laid in the channels leading to that port.

Reports to the state department indicate that Nebogatoff is near Singapore and is following the route taken by Rojestvensky.

The members of the corps are not prepared to accept the reports of a junction between the main body of the Russian fleet and the third squadron.

Manila, April 22.—The Japanese consul, Narita Goro, has, it is reported, received a cablegram addressed to Vice Admiral Kamimura. It is inferred from this that Vice Admiral Kamimura is about to make a call at this port.

KOCH CASE SHY THREE JURORS

Continued from First Page.

of the building have failed to improve it much. The stenographer, the judge and triers have had great difficulty in hearing the answers of jurors to the questions of counsel and frequent repetitions have been necessary.

This forenoon the judge asked the triers if they could hear what Juror Daniel Baker was saying. Trier Funk said:

"We can hear the nods, that's all," and the whole courtroom laughed.

Dr. Gebhard's Brother There.

In the second row of spectator's seats and directly behind Dr. Koch this morning, sat Henry Gebhar, brother of the man of whose murder Dr. Koch is accused. Henry Gebhard came over from his cranberry farm near Black River Falls, Wis., when the trial began, and thruout the week has sat hidden in the crowd of spectators. He is quite unnoticed and is never consulted by the attorneys.

Jurors May Go to Church.

Just before the noon recess was ordered, Judge Cray rapped to quiet the crowd, which had already begun to leave, and said to the jury:

"Gentlemen of the jury, if you choose you may attend church tomorrow. Consult among yourselves as to your preferences; if you decide that you wish to go, determine upon a place which will be satisfactory to you all and let the deputy sheriff know. He will see to it that you may do as your pleasure directs."

Then the judge ordered a recess until 2 o'clock.

A Conspiracy of Kindness.

Dr. Koch has been the victim of a conspiracy of kindness since he came to Mankato to attend his second trial. Thus far his stay here has been made very pleasant. At the home of the Bangerters, where he is stopping, there have been several little quiet affairs at which the young women who sat by the doctor's side in the courtroom yesterday and today were hostesses. These young women are Dr. Koch's cousins, and with them yesterday and today has been the young man's sister, Ida, who has been a constant source of encouragement since her brother was accused of the homicide.

To a degree Dr. Koch has enjoyed these considerate and kindly attentions of his relatives and of his and their friends, who have not turned from the young man because he is accused of a crime. With the company of young women surrounding him yesterday in the courtroom he appeared more cheerful than he has since he came from New Ulm, and when he walked down town with the five young women after court adjourned, he laughed and talked with them in a manner which indicated that they had compelled him to forget, for the time at least, the terrible charge which hangs over him. It is evident that these respites are few and brief, but they are a cause for happiness to his friends, who force themselves to smile when the accused man does, however pathetic his sometimes obvious effort to be cheerful may appear.

Will Koch Be Imprisoned?

With the time for the beginning of the taking of testimony close at hand, the question arises as to what Judge Cray's attitude will be toward continuing Dr. Koch on bail. The state has not said whether or not it will request that bail be withdrawn and the prisoner taken into custody of the sheriff—or the coroner since Sheriff Williams has been disqualified from serving in the Koch case. One of the lawyers associated with the prosecution said today:

"We shall not ask for the imprisonment of Dr. Koch until the taking of evidence begins, if we do then."

Judge Cray was asked about the law with reference to this point. The judge said that the Minnesota statutes made no provision whatever covering it, and that it was a matter entirely within the discretion of the court. He cited section 7 of article 1 of the state constitution. This section is "relating to rights of accused," and reads as follows:

"All persons shall before conviction be bailable by sufficient sureties, except for capital offenses, when proof is evident or the presumption great."

This, Judge Cray said, plainly left it to the judge to decide upon the question suggested by the phrases "when proof is evident or the presumption great." The law and precedents on this matter were thoroly threshed over, when the original petition to admit to bail was made to and granted by Judge Webber, but as it is a matter of "discretion" and not precedent, there is no way of forecasting what Judge Cray's action will be if action is asked in the present trial.

Eighth Juror Quickly Chosen.

The securing of the eighth juror, J. H. Stewart, yesterday afternoon, was quickly and easily accomplished. Mr. Stewart is a member of the firm of Stewart & Holmes, dealers in books, Mankato. Few questions were asked him, and the defense did not challenge. Then the state challenged for actual bias and asked a single question. Had Mr. Stewart any conscientious scruples against capital punishment? He had none, and the state withdrew its challenge and Mr. Stewart was sworn.

Altogether thirty-three veniremen were examined yesterday, and from them four were accepted. When the court adjourned the state had exhausted four of its peremptory challenges and the defense nine. The state has ten and the defense twenty.

BURNETT'S EXTRACT OF VANILLA
is the best, perfectly pure, highly concentrated.

ASHLAND'S HARBOR OPEN

Tug Crosby of Duluth Encountered No Ice.

Special to The Journal.

Ashland, Wis., April 22.—Navigation was opened at Ashland today by the tug Crosby of Duluth. The Crosby encountered no ice.

Thomas Smart, an Odanah Indian, was brutally murdered on the Bad River reservation last night. His brother John and wife have been held for the murder.

The funeral of George H. Hopper was held today, being one of the largest ever held in the city. He was past eminent grand commander of the grand commandery of Wisconsin Knights Templar.

New Patents.

Washington, D. C., April 22.—(Special.)—The following patents were issued this week to Minnesota and Dakota inventors, as reported by Williamson & Merchant, Patent Attorneys, 925-933 Guaranty Loan Building, Minneapolis, Minn.: Jacob H. Drong, Browerville, Minn., vegetable cutter; Gustavus A. Duncan (2), Deadwood, S. D., ore reduction; Morris E. Fuller, Tagus, N. D., rotary engine; Paul Hansmann, Long Prairie, Minn., coupling; Elmer E. Higgins, St. Paul, Minn., invalid's chair; William H. Hundredmark, Caledonia, Minn., cultivator; Frederick H. Nash, Minneapolis, outing hat; Knudt G. Overland, Fertile, Minn., wrench; Anton J. Rokusek, Tabor, S. D., cornhusker; William H. Smith, St. Paul, Minn., can opener; William Sonnerberg, Winona, Minn., firearm; Halvor Torgerson, Kelvin, N. D., fishhook; Edwin C. Washburn, Minneapolis, draft rigging; Emil Westmann (2), Minneapolis, governor and reversible drive.

TRADE REPORTS ARE GOOD

ALTHO A FEW IRREGULARITIES ARE NOTED THIS WEEK—IRON TRADE GOOD.

New York, April 22.—Bradstreet's today says: Trade reports are irregular in character, distribution of seasonable goods at retail being retarded by cooler, rainy weather at the west, northwest and south, where truck, fruit products and young cotton are reported damaged by frosts. Industries, however, are active, jobbing trade at some centers is still good, and retail business toward the latter end of the week became more animated. Building is brisk, money is firmer, bank clearings having increased heavily, prices in general display a downward tendency, weakness in grain and securities being especial features. Railway earnings are still on the upgrade and western wheat crop prospects continue favorable, timely rains helping with the wheat, tho cold weather has delayed spring wheat and oats seeding and corn plowing.

Iron and steel still continue buoyant, demand for pig and old is less pronounced and the markets therefor present a quiet appearance. Inquiries for foreign billets are numerous, their scarcity here being the immediate feature in the market. American houses are said to be figuring on the construction of the iron and steel works in Japan and China. It is usually a quiet season for jobbers, but paints, oils, lumber, plumbers' supplies and building material are active, while agricultural implements are in good request. Here and there industrial disturbances have cropped up, but so far the situation in this respect is very satisfactory.

Coke prices have softened considerably during the week. Anthracite coal is active, but the soft coal situation is rather unsatisfactory, recent concessions in wages in the eastern districts having placed those sections at a disadvantage as compared with western regions.

Unseasonable weather at the east retarded dry goods trade at retail, but later on a good Easter business was done. Wholesale trade in dry goods has been naturally quiet. Export inquiry for cotton is good and many makers are sold ahead into 1906. The wool market is quiet but firm as regards old supply of American wool. Foreign grades are, however, in good demand.

On the Pacific coast the outlook seems without a flaw. A very heavy export trade with Asia is looked for on the coast this year.

Business failures in the United States for the week ending April 20 number 183, against 196 last week, 199 in the same week in 1904, 152 in 1903, 181 in 1902, and 214 in 1901.

In Canada failures for the week number 21, as against 21 last week and 11 in this week a year ago.

Wheat, including flour, exports for the week ending April 20 are 1,242,267 bushels, against 1,292,301 last week, 1,645,428 this week last year, 3,885,524 in 1903, and 3,750,589 in 1902. From July 1 to date, the exports are 51,047,914 bushels, against 120,712,997 last year, 133,672,093 in 1903, and 206,031,241 in 1902.

Corn exports for the week are 2,232,694 bushels, against 2,299,767 last week, 626,700 a year ago, 1,496,906 in 1903, and 376,186 in 1902. From July 1 to date the exports of corn are 65,377,345 bushels, against 48,745,306 in 1904, 53,104,708 in 1903, and 23,905,972 in 1902.

BANK CLEARINGS

New York, April 22.—The following table, compiled by Bradstreet, shows the bank clearings at the principal cities for the week ended April 20, with the percentage of increase and decrease as compared with the corresponding week last year:

		—Per Cent— Inc.	Dec.
*New York	$2,189,646,235	97.3	....
*Chicago	196,121,694	14.2	....
*Boston	145,565,412	27.6	....
*Philadelphia	142,832,498	28.8	....
*St. Louis	61,075,374	21.1	....
Pittsburg	48,739,134	23.7	....
*San Francisco	43,323,569	54.8	....
Cincinnati	26,507,400	17.7	....
*Baltimore	24,672,483	15.7	....
*Kansas City	23,521,968	19.2	....
*New Orleans	16,865,848	....	6.1
*Minneapolis	14,837,955	37.5	....
*Cleveland	16,821,325	30.5	....
*Louisville	11,970,253	5.0	....
*Milwaukee	7,993,758	12.4	....
Omaha	8,224,905	....	2.8
Detroit	11,757,271	17.3	....
*Providence	7,227,500	5.9	....
*Los Angeles	9,486,546	36.7	....
*Buffalo	6,329,221	9.8	....
Indianapolis	5,621,706	....	8.2
*St. Paul	7,235,001	7.7	....
Memphis	5,133,315	6.6	....
*St. Joseph	4,888,337	....	5.4
Richmond	4,810,458	.7	....
Denver	6,923,758	50.6	....
Columbus	4,500,100	5.5	....
Seattle	5,235,960	45.4	....
Washington	5,181,074	23.5	....
*Portland, Ore	4,101,661	....	1.1
Salt Lake City	3,840,059	....	32.7
*Spokane, Wash	2,061,103	27.8	....
Des Moines	2,721,625	28.2	....
Tacoma	2,892,102	47.6	....
Sioux City	1,202,992	23.0	....
Davenport	1,202,992	23.0	....
Helena	692,927	....	11.8
Fargo, N. D.	468,919	....	15.9
Sioux Falls, S. D.	214,762	10.8	....
**Houston	11,246,641	3.5	....
**Galveston	10,953,000	55.1	....
Totals, U. S.	$3,154,391,220	65.0	....
Outside New York	964,994,985	21.1	....
CANADA.			
Montreal	$24,280,327	35.1	....
Toronto	19,528,820	36.1	....
Winnipeg	58,498,840	18.3	....
Ottawa	2,167,279	16.6	....
Halifax	1,785,081	53.8	....
Vancouver, B. C.	1,669,930	29.6	....
Quebec	1,501,071	19.0	....
Hamilton	1,257,573	9.8	....
St. John, N. B.	933,605	....	4.1
London, Ont	974,310	10.9	....
Victoria, B. C.	594,232	....	12.3
Totals, Canada	$60,042,127	....	29.1

*Balances paid in cash. **Not included in totals because containing other items than clearings.

LOCAL SECURITIES

MINNEAPOLIS.

	Bid.	Asked.	Last Sale.
German-American Bank	160	...	...
First National Bank	195	...	200
Germania Bank	100	105	105
Hennepin County Savings Bank	...	150	145
Minneapolis Trust Company	...	150	145
Minnesota Title Insurance & Trust Company, preferred	120	125	...
Minnesota Loan & Trust Company	120	125	120
National Bank of Commerce	150	160	154
Northwestern National Bank	225	...	225
St. Anthony Falls Bank	150	160	150
South Side State Bank	160	...	130
Security Bank of Minnesota	185	200	185
Swedish-American National Bank	150	...	150
Minneapolis Gas Light Company, con. 6s, 1910-1930	106	109	109
Minneapolis General Electric Company, con. 5s, 1929	103	104	104
Minneapolis Brewing, Company, common	...	160	145
Minneapolis Brewing Company, preferred	107	110	107
Minneapolis Brewing Company, bonds	110	113	110
Minneapolis Syndicate	...	102	100
Minneapolis Threshing Machine Company	175	200	...
Minneapolis Steel & Machinery Company, preferred	...	100	100
Minneapolis Steel & Machinery Company, common	108	110	108
North American Telegraph Company	80	...	80
Twin City Telephone Company, first mortgage 5s, 1912-1916	93½	98	...
Twin City Telephone Company, common	...	...	100
Twin City Telephone Company, preferred	...	...	120
Chamber of Commerce Memberships	3950	4100	4000

ST. PAUL.

	Bid.	Asked.	Last Sale.
American National Bank	...	101	103
Capital Bank	125	130	125
First National Bank	200	...	255
Merchants' National Bank	143	147½	145
National German-American Bank	148	151	146
St. Paul National Bank	107	115	110
Scandinavian-American Bank	140	...	130
Second National Bank	140	...	...
State Bank	...	100	...
Northwestern Trust Company	110	...	110
Minnesota Transfer Railway Co., 1st 5s, 1916	103	105	...
Minnesota Transfer Railway Co., 1st 4s, 1916	*95	100	...
Security Trust Company	...	100	100
St. Paul Union Depot Co., 1st 6s, 1930	*125	130	...
St. Paul Union Depot Co., con. 5s, 1944	*100	115	100
St. Paul Union Depot Co., con. 4s, 1944	*100	106	...
Interstate Investment Trust Company	...	136	145
American Light & Traction Co., preferred	102	104	100
American Light & Traction Co., common	95	97½	97
St. Paul Gas Light Co., 1st 6s, 1915	*116	...	*111
St. Paul Gas Light Co., 1st con. 6s, 1918	112	...	...
St. Paul Gas Light Co., gen. 5s, 1944	99	100	99
St. Croix Power Co., 1st 5s, 1929	*95	*100	*94
Pioneer Press Co., common (Par $50)	5	...	...
Pioneer Press Co., preferred (par $50)	35	50	37½
West Publishing Company, common	300	...	...
West Publishing Company, preferred	107	...	...
Tibbs, Hutchings & Co., common	...	100	...
Tibbs, Hutchings & Co., preferred	...	102	...
Superior Water, Light & Power Co.	10	...	10
Superior Water, Light & Power Co., 1st 4s, 1931	60	...	60
St. Paul Union Stock Yards, 1st 5s, 1916	85	*87½	*85
St. Paul Fire & Marine Insurance Company	195	...	195

*Interest added.

PETERMAN'S ROACH FOOD
A BOON TO HOUSEKEEPERS

The most improved method to free a house of large or small roaches is to use the contents of a box of "Peterman's Roach Food" at one time. Shake it on joints so some of it will penetrate and remain to keep the premises continuously free. Roaches eat it as a food; it is the most destructive remedy on this earth to them, and it will not scatter them to other places to live on and multiply.

BEDBUGS.—"Peterman's Discovery" (thick), a quicksilver cream, is invaluable to kill bedbugs. Apply lightly with brush on beds when apart, on backs of picture frames, moldings, etc. It will remain permanent and is the only remedy that they absorb and kills them that go over where it has been lightly brushed on. It will not rust iron, harm furniture or bedding.

"Peterman's Discovery" (liquid), in flexible cans, handy to force in joints for quick application, will kill bedbugs and their eggs instantly. The enormous sale of above remedies enables the price being made so that the rich and poor alike can afford to use them. Sold in every principal store in the United States and at the following Minneapolis stores: Dayton Dry Goods Co., Geo. A. Rose, Wm. Donaldson Co., Dillin Drug Co., R. M. Chapman, E. H. Weinhold, Voegeli Bros. Drug Co., Geo. W. Bush, Tupper & Chamberlin, A. D. Thompson Drug Co.

WM. PETERMAN, Mfg. Chemist, Nos. 54, 56 and 58 West 13th st, Established 1873. New York City.

LIEBIG Company's
Extract of Beef
LIGHTENS THE BILL. In fact, it lightens two bills—the kitchen