

PICKERING'S

714 NICOLLET AVE.

See the selection of Hats at Pickering's, Saturday, that will be sold at \$5.00. These are selected especially for this sale, and many of them are copies of much higher priced hats. This is just for a start—Come and see them.

CORONET—The Best Kid Glove on the street at the price, pair..... **\$1.00**

KABO CORSETS—Late models in these popular corsets, at **\$1 \$1.50 \$2**

VEILING—Chiffon Veiling, wide and best quality, with the new broad border, white and colors, yard..... **75c**

PILLOW TOPS—A quantity of very desirable designs in Pillow Tops that usually bring 50c to 75c, choice..... **19c**

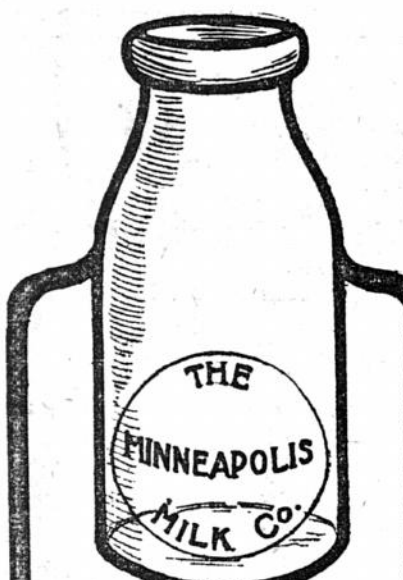
RIBBONS—Just the kind for a stylish hair bow, 5 inches wide, Grand Quality Taffeta, with Star Border; the right colors, too. This ribbon should be sold at **35c** 50c; yard..... **35c**

BLACK STOCKS—A new shipment of Black Venice Lace Stocks. These are the particular fad in New York. Splendid value for your money, at, each— **50c 75c \$1.00**

HANDKERCHIEFS—Another new Linen Handkerchief; the initial inside of drawn-work medallion gives a dainty effect; two for..... **25c**

NEW MUSLIN UNDERWEAR—Hosiery, Knit Underwear, Art Novelties, Shopping Bags, Dress Trimmings, Laces, Embroideries, White Goods, Hair Ornaments, Hose Supporters, Belts.

ADAM PICKERING & CO.



Pure Milk
At Your Home
Every Day

Buy the Bottled Kind.

It has everything in your favor. Originally it is purer than the local milk delivered by most dairymen, then we pasteurize and clarify it, making it far above ordinary standard, after which we bottle it in air-tight bottles which prevent all foreign substances coming in contact with it.

The price is practically the same as you are now paying and we will deliver every day to your home.

21 wagons at your disposal.

—THE—

Minneapolis Milk Co.,
Cor. 9th av S and 6th St.
Phone T.C. 1375. N.W. Main 2255.

Beach's
Glycerine
Hand Soap

All Grocers

MADE BY
JAMES BEACH & SONS, Duquesne, Ind.
Makers of the Famous "Peanut Soap"

Beach's Glycerine Hand Soap contains no free alkali—nothing to irritate the most delicate cuticle. At the same time it removes all traces of dirt, grease or grime, leaving the hands soft and white. A trial cake costing 6 cents will convince you of its merits. Get one today.

LABOR

DOMESTIC HELP IS BETTER PAID

SOCIOLOGICAL STUDENT MAKES A CAREFUL ANALYSIS.

Comparative Figures Lead to the Conclusion that Domestic Service Is More Desirable than Employment in Stores or Factories—A New System of Household Service Is Suggested.

Many employers of domestics have long concluded that the girl who receives \$3 or more a week for housework is better off in all respects than the factory or shop girl who toils a whole week for \$6 to \$8. Of late this phase of the female labor question has been receiving more attention at the hands of a former attaché of the state labor bureau, who has made an exhaustive investigation. As a result, she has become a convert to the idea that the shop or store girl isn't it with the domestic at the end of a year's service.

In working out her ideas, the lady has computed the average cost of keeping one servant in a family for one month of thirty days to be \$30.05, these figures having been averaged from twelve schedules submitted by housekeepers employing but one helper.

In order to illustrate just how the factory girl, for instance, could improve her condition, the author has compiled, in addition to a graded scale for housework, which will allow a girl to work in several different places in a week, doing cooking and baking at one house, waiting on table at another and washing dishes and sweeping at still another. This schedule is made up from the statistics furnished by a dozen housekeepers, and is intended to show how the system laid out would allow a girl to live at home, be as independent as a girl in a store or factory and still earn more money. Besides, it is intended as a solution of the servant-girl problem for those housewives who cannot afford to employ a domestic all the time. Under the proposed plan, a girl could work in several houses each day, being paid by the hour, according to the scale provided. It is said a number of factory girls are willing to give the scheme a test, providing housekeepers can be found who are willing to cooperate. Here is a table giving the cost per month for one servant, under the present system of continuous employment at one place:

Board (13½¢ a meal).....	\$12.15
Room, heat, light, supplies.....	\$12.15
Average wage.....	15.33
Total.....	\$39.63

Average number of hours of actual work per day, ten (eight on Sunday), or thirty-eight hours per week; price per hour, 10 cents.

Following is a table showing the proposed graded system of housework and its cost, the grading being done by housekeepers who submitted the table:

First—Cooking, baking and serving meals, 12c per hour.	
Second—Waiting on table and door, dusting, bed making, 10c per hour.	
Third—Washing dishes, sweeping and cleaning, 8c per hour.	

Below will be found figures showing what sixty-eight hours of this graded service would cost the housekeeper for one week and for one thirty-day month:

22-23 hours of service at 8c.....	\$1.76
22-23 hours of service at 10c.....	2.30
22-23 hours of service at 12c.....	2.72
Less 94c (13½¢ a meal) for seven meals a week.....	.94
Total.....	\$1.76

Cash cost per week..... \$3.98
Or \$11.10 a month, plus \$12.15 (cost of meals) \$23.25.

The earning capacity of girls under the proposed graded system, would be as follows:

First-grade girl with full schedule of sixty-eight hours at 12c would earn \$8.16 per week less \$2.84 for board—\$5.32.

(Taking but two meals a day it would be \$6.27). I. e., first grade has earning capacity of \$22.80 a month and all board, or \$26.83 and two meals a day.

Second-grade girl with same schedule of sixty-eight hours a week at 10c an hour, would earn \$6.90—\$2.84—\$4.06.

Third-grade girl on same schedule basis at 8c an hour has an earning capacity of \$2.72 a week and board, or \$11.44 a month and board.

This is an average of \$16.90 a month, and no expense for room, heat, light, etc., which if correctly estimated in present schedule at \$2.57 would make the graded system cost less than the present ungraded system. Girls under proposed system would live at home.

The schedule given above are only for illustration. A woman may not want as much of one service as of another.

The first grade girl would be able to cook dinner for two homes at noon and evening dinner, filling up schedule by baking in nearby homes certain days of the week.

For breakfasts and luncheon a second girl, having the help of the first, might draw 11 cents an hour.

Whether the "system" would work out in practice is a question which remains for the housewife to decide. However, the author would like to see it given a trial and invites the cooperation and assistance of housekeepers and girls in giving it a test. Any person who cares to communicate with the originator of the plan may do so thru the local bureau of the state labor department.

JOB PRINTERS TO STRIKE

Neither Side Seems Disposed to Prevent Such Action.

Both sides in the local printers' controversy seem firm, and it now seems certain that one week from Monday all printers in the offices of members of the Typothetae in Minneapolis and St. Paul will be out. There is not one chance in a thousand that anything could prevent a walkout on Oct. 2, unless it should be complete surrender on the part of the employers, and this is out of the question.

A communication was sent to the Typothetae from a conference of representatives from each organization to see what arrangements could be made for the introduction of the shorter workday.

The communication was considered by the executive board of the employers' organization, and the reply stated that, as the demand from the union officials provided for the putting into effect of the eight-hour day, and as the Typothetae was already on record thru the United Typothetae on the question, nothing could be done with it. The reply further stated that the communication would be referred to the next meeting of the employers.

Bulletins sent out from the headquarters of the eight-hour committee at Indianapolis, Ind., are very encouraging to the workmen. The strike has now extended to upward of thirty-five cities, but the number of men out is not as large as was thought would be the case. Detroit, Mich., is said to be the place where the union is experiencing the greatest difficulty, but reports of this week from there are of a more encouraging nature and today union officials express confidence that they will win.

In Chicago, up to yesterday evening, 141 offices had signed contracts, and among these, six were said to be Typothetae concerns. President Wright

of the Typothetae, who is a member of the International Association of Journeymen and Apprentices of the Printing Trades, has been appointed a member of the canvassing board which will count the vote on the proposition to increase the per capita tax. Mr. Hartigan will leave for headquarters Monday, Sept. 25. Word comes that the increase has been

sends word that employers are coming into line rapidly and express the conviction that the fight there will soon be won.

Typographical union, No. 42, has over forty applications for membership from country printers, and a large class will be initiated Sunday. This is one of the results of the work being done by the three organizations in the southern and central parts of the state.

J. C. Devereaux of St. Paul, G. W. Deacon of Minneapolis and M. Grant Hamilton, general organizer for the American Federation of Labor, have been at work for several weeks among the country printers and report decided success.

In addition to these, there are two organizers in the northern section of the state.

A report is current that representatives of the union will give every Typothetae employer an opportunity to sign a contract between now and Oct. 1, and that in the event of his declining to do so, he will be dealt with after that date only thru his organization. This means, in effect, that the union will sign contracts with all or none.

Sunday's meeting of the union will be a lively one, and the local eight-hour committee will have some interesting matters to report. Rev. Dr. L. T. Guild of Wesley church will be present and will speak upon "The Eight-Hour Day."

General Organizer Philip Carlin returned this week from a successful organizing trip in the interest of the Brotherhood of Carpenters. He organized unions in Faribault and Red Wing, and visited several other places where preliminary steps were taken for the formation of new unions. At Red Wing he started a new union with sixty-five charter members, and the Faribault local was launched with a membership of fifty-four. In both cities practically all the workmen of the craft are within the new organizations.

Organizer Carlin is arranging for an open meeting of machine hands and factory workmen, to be held at Alexander's hall, Wednesday evening, Sept. 27. At this meeting a proposition will be made to the machine hands and factory woodworkers from the Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners of America, which is said to be of interest to all members of the craft, and all workmen are invited to attend.

Have a Permanent Home. After being located in various cities in the past few years, the headquarters of the International Association of Steamfitters have been removed from New Haven, Conn., to Chicago, where they will be permanently located. Quarters have been secured in the Star building, 352 Dearborn street, and will be in charge of W. F. Costello, secretary-treasurer. The Steamfitters, the official paper of the craft, has been printed in Chicago for a long time, and this move will center all the international interests in the windy city.

In a letter to officers of the local union, Mr. Costello announces the new building of the association is ready for the membership, and asks that all correspondence between the headquarters and the local be done upon the regulation stationery issued by the international.

Want Ovens Watched. Representatives of the local Bakers' union are trying to enlist the assistance of the health department in looking after some unsanitary bakeries. It is said that a state law which prohibits the building of a new oven in a base-

ment is being violated here, and this will also be inquired into. A committee from the union visited the health department this week and presented its case.

Arrangements are under way for the annual ball, which will be held this year at Masonic Temple. The date will be announced later.

Labor Notes. H. Koch, president of the International Furriers' union, was present at the meeting of the Minneapolis union Monday night and spoke upon matters of interest to the organization. Mr. Koch is a member of the St. Paul union.

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HOLLAND FACES A DEFIUIT. The Hague, Sept. 22.—The finance minister, Dr. J. J. I. Hartevan Teeklenburg, presented to the second chamber of state general today the budget for 1906 showing an estimated deficit of upward of \$4,400,000. The minister said he had not completed his plan to restore the financial equilibrium, but in order temporarily to relieve the budget he proposed to place an additional 10 cents tax both on capital and income.

Following the investigation of an assertion made last spring that a serious large proportion of the school children of New York went to school without their breakfasts, the health authorities have determined to investigate the general health of the New York children. As the result of examining 13,941 children, they report that 6,924 require medical attention; that 3,314 have bad teeth; that 3,210 have defective vision; that 1,623 show nasal breathing; that 2,604 have swelling in the interior glands and 706 in the posterior glands; that 1,092 show bad nutrition and 823 had mentality, and that about 2,000 more have other specified defects.

Established 1882

Defective Page

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The Plymouth Clothing House

MERCHANTS OF FINE CLOTHES.

RUGBY FOOT BALL FREE.

With every Suit or Overcoat sold in this section we shall give absolutely free one genuine leather-covered Rugby Foot Ball.

Boys' Clothing

Boys' Suits, age 8 to 16, in blues, black and dark Scotch mixtures, in our new double breasted two-piece style, at \$4.

Plymouth Special, age 7 to 17, new double breasted two-piece Norfolk and plain bloomer suits, in all the leading shades of homespun, also plain blues and blacks. A \$7.50 suit for \$5.

New Norfolk Suits, age 7 to 17. Made with bloomers or plain pants, with half pleats and yokes. Exceptionally well made, from strictly all wool Scotch chevots, smooth finish cassimeres, most desirable of patterns, also blues and black serges. \$6.50, \$7.50 and up to \$12.

New Bloomer Suits, age 7 to 17. Made plain, with or without belt on coat. Bloomer or plain pants in fancy worsted serges and Scotch effect goods in all the leading shades. \$15, down to \$5.

Double Breasted Tourist Overcoat, age 7 to 16. The new half belt coat in all the leading overcoatings. Prices \$18, \$15, down to \$4.

Fancy Russian Suits, age 8 to 7. The new Eton style with double pleats, white linen collar and leather belts, in serges, fancy worsted and chevots, at \$4.

Buster Brown Suits, age 2½ to 8, in all the new colorings of serges, chevots and fancy silk mixed worsted. Prices \$5, \$6.50 to \$10.

Eton Norfolk and Sailor Suits, age 5 to 10; a suit buttoned to neck with white linen collar, silk bow tie and bloomer pants in all the new shades of worsted, chevots and serges, exclusive designs at \$5, \$6.50 and up to \$10.

Fancy Russian Overcoat, age 3 to 8, all our new fall styles in overcoatings, in the latest and largest assortment in the city. Prices, \$4, \$5, and up to \$15.

Young Men's Suits, age 15 to 20. The new Gordon model, single or double breasted sack. The new broken striped worsted and other

swagger materials; a tailored garment at \$10. Finer qualities at \$12.50, \$15, \$18, \$20 and \$25. Football Outfits for Boys—Sizes 24 to 34. Khaki, white drill, well padded, at 35c, 50c and \$1.

Boys' Shoes

We've Solved the Shoe Problem

Come in and see how nicely we can fit your boys' feet; then let him enjoy solid comfort and best wear he ever had.

"Little Gentlemen's," box calf lace shoes, low heels, "just like papa's," for only \$1.50.

Boys' heavy blucher shoes, in calf or the heavy Shubert Grain, regular "wear-resisters," for \$3.50 and \$4.

Boys' broad toe "Orthopedic," heavy sole, lace shoes, just suitable for fall wear, for only \$2.50.

See our box calf lace shoes for boys, "hard-wear," Special, \$2.

Genuine old-fashioned calf skin shoes for boys, the kind that won't ever wear out, sizes 1 to 6. Special, \$3.

The Great Plymouth Clothing House, Nicollet Av. and Sixth St.

Enlarged Second Floor for Women—Three Elevators. Main Floor for Men and Boys—Basement Salesroom for Everybody.

Facts About "Plymouth" Clothes

Each garment is the result of the individual efforts of the best tailors, whose work is directed by cutters and designers that always keep the requirements of fashion within the bounds of good taste. Thus good taste, fashion and individuality are features in Plymouth clothes.

Special attention is given to fitting men whose proportions are a bit out of the ordinary.

The fit of particular clothes such as Frock Coats, Dinner Jackets and Full Dress Suits has been perfected—a fact that is proved daily to many.

Overcoats

Kersey Overcoats, \$10 to \$60.
Vicuna Overcoats, \$15 to \$40.
Fancy Overcoats, \$15 to \$40.
Fur Trimmed, \$20 to \$50.
Burberrys English Coats, \$30 to \$50.
Leather Overcoats, \$40 to \$50.
Silk Lined Overcoats, \$25 to \$50.
Napoleons, \$20 to \$35.
Chesterfield Overcoats, \$10 to \$35.
Chinchilla Overcoats, \$15 to \$35.

Suits

English Cheviot Suits, \$25 to \$35.
Imported Worsteds, \$25 to \$40.
Blue Serge Suits, \$10 to \$25.
Undressed Worsteds, \$15 to \$35.
Fancy Worsteds, \$10 to \$35.
Double-breasted Suits, \$7.50 to \$40.
Single-breasted Suits, \$5 to \$40.
Full Dress Suits, \$20 to \$60.
Tuxedo Suits, \$15 to \$35.
Corduroy Hunting Suits, \$8 to \$12.

Trousers

Cassimere Trousers, \$2 to \$5.
Cheviot Trousers, \$2 to \$6.
Black Trousers, \$2 to \$6.
Worsted Trousers, \$5 to \$10.
Riding Breeches, \$4 to \$12.
Khaki Trousers, \$1.50.

Raincoats

English Coats, \$15 to \$40.
Cravenettes, \$15 to \$35.
Fancy Mixtures, \$15 to \$45.
Surtouts, \$25 to \$40.

Knox Hats

Fall Blocks. All Proportions.

Derbies and soft hats, \$5.
Silk hats, \$8. Opera, \$10.

Standish and Imperial

Stiff and Soft Hats.

Derbies in the popular young men's shapes. Alpine shapes in black, pearl, Belgian, granite and brown. Price, \$3.

The Mundy Negligees

For College, School or Automobiling.

Pearl, black or nutria. Plain or fancy bands. Price \$3.
The Gordon Kermit, in pearl, Belgian and black.

Children's Headwear

Tams, in medium and large shapes, plain and embroidered, velvet, leather and broadcloth, latest colors to match new fall coats, prices from 1.25 to \$4.00.

Children's Tams, embroidered or plain, 12-inch tops, regular \$1.00 values, just the tam for school wear, all colors, 75c.

Boys' Caps, for school wear, all shapes, plain or fancy mixtures, 50c.

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