

### SAYS HUDEKOPER "SHOULD BE QUIET"

Former Governor John Lind  
Makes Remarks About Stan-  
derer of Citizen Soldiers.

### "Cat Doctor's" Record of Inefficiency at Chickamauga Is Too Well Known.

John Lind, former governor of the state of Minnesota and former congressman from the fifth district, is ready with an answer to Frederick L. Huidekoper, who, in a recent article in the North American Review, charges the United States militia with cowardice and general incompetence. Extracts from Mr. Huidekoper's article were published in a Journal dispatch last night.

Mr. Huidekoper won considerable unpleasant notoriety during the Spanish war, when he was surgeon in charge of the military camp at Chickamauga and responsible for the sanitation. Mr. Lind was quartermaster of the Fourteenth Minnesota regiment in camp at Chickamauga, and there met Huidekoper on personal acquaintance and observation.

Speaking of Mr. Huidekoper's attack on the militia, Mr. Lind said today: "I regret to state that I have met the 'cat doctor' Huidekoper. I am also surprised to learn that he is writing for a supposedly reliable and respectable publication on the subject of the 'Preparedness of the United States for War,' and that he is said to be an expert on military matters. Knowing him as I do, I can but doubt the value of his work and opinion, but will admit that were he to prepare a treatise on 'The Virtues of the Cat' or 'The Honors,' it would be not only authentic, but might become a classic on the subject.

"I have heard and suppose it is true that Mr. Huidekoper at some time attended and was graduated from a college of medicine where students were trained to administer to the wants of human beings. His practice, however, was largely along the lines of veterinary medicine, his specialty being the care and treatment of the ills of cats and pet dogs in New York city.

"The citizens soldiery. History has demonstrated that the citizen soldiery of the United States will stand against the world. There may be things that are not as they should be and mistakes may have been made, but in my mind, it is not in the province of the citizen soldier to be judged and to make public their opinions. A sick or dead soldier can do little for his country. Sanitary provisions are no less important than discipline in the management of a campaign or in case of war, but I have not learned that Mr. Huidekoper has treated this in his article."

### HUNGARIAN OFFICIAL RECORDS OWN SUICIDE

Vienna, Jan. 31.—The suicide of Stephen Hudek, president of the Hungarian town of Kerepes, was reported here yesterday. He was found faultlessly attired in evening clothes, seated at his table in the city statistics book in front of him. The revolver with which he had shot himself thru the head was on the floor beside him.

The last entry in the book was that made by the suicide concerning his own death. It gave full particulars as to the manner and exact time.

### CUBANS LOSE \$500,000 TO GOTHAM GAMBLER

Havana, Jan. 31.—William P. Burbridge, formerly connected with Richard Canfield's gambling house in Forty-fourth street, New York, has disappeared from here with \$500,000 he scooped from the pockets of wealthy Cubans.

The sumptuous resort he conducted at Havana was closed by the police, and when the clamorous debts of Havana's citizens lost \$50,000 at one sitting, and before this sensation had died out another dropped \$30,000.

DEATH FOR THREE IN WRECK.  
Hudson, N. Y., Jan. 31.—A Delaware & Hudson local passenger train collided head-on with a work train four miles west of this city today. One Italian laborer and two passengers suffered fatal injuries. All of the other passengers escaped unhurt.

### YERKES' WIDOW BECOMES A BRIDE

Bereft a Month Ago, She Is Now  
Wife of San Francisco  
Man.

New York, Jan. 31.—The extraordinary announcement was made last night that Mrs. Charles T. Yerkes, only one month a widow and recipient of \$75,000,000 under the will of her late husband, had become the bride of Wilson Mizner of San Francisco.

This announcement was made in the presence of Mr. Mizner, who refused to make any comment upon it. There were only two witnesses, J. L. Eastland and Emile Brugere, both of San Francisco, and these two witnesses admitted they had been present when Mrs. Yerkes became Mrs. Mizner.

Mr. Mizner is the son of a former United States minister to Mexico and Guatemala. He is well known in social circles of San Francisco and has for years been a member of the Bohemian club of that city, famous the world over for its novel entertainments and one of the most unique organizations of its kind in the country.

Mr. Mizner is 29 years old and is living at the Hotel Astor. Mrs. Yerkes is 50 years of age.

San Francisco, Jan. 31.—A special dispatch received in this city today confirmed the report of his marriage to Mrs. Charles T. Yerkes.

### WELLMAN ORDERS GODARD AIRSHIP

Expects to Sail Toward Pole at  
Rate of Nineteen Miles  
an Hour.

Chicago, Jan. 31.—Walter Wellman, in a Paris cable to the Record-Herald, says:

"Today I signed a contract with Louis Godard for the construction of a dirigible airship. When the ship is completed we may have several weeks of tests of all the mechanical and propulsive parts. The question of going to the Arctic region is not yet decided, but we may settle it in a few weeks when certain technical problems are worked out. The construction of the machine will be the most solid and enduring and will be regardless of expense.

There will be three thicknesses of heavy canvas on the fabric of the airship, the Lebaudy airship had only two. The car frame will be of steel tubes. The total lifting force of 100 machines will be 125,000 pounds. The ship completely will weigh 6,750 pounds, and it will carry 3,750 pounds, the latter including wireless apparatus and 6,000 pounds of gasoline. The gasoline supply will be equivalent to 160 hours of motor.

Thirteen and one-half statute miles an hour in speed is guaranteed by the builders for a total of 2,160 miles with a 50-horsepower motor. We also will use a 5-horsepower engine to work the wireless and also the ventilator with which to inflate the balloon depending from the large balloon.

### WHEELER'S DREAMS WERE OF CONFLICT

New York, Jan. 31.—Several days before General Joseph Wheeler died at the time when he was occasionally irrational, he sat up in bed one evening, and said to the nurse:

"When does firing begin?"  
"By firing him," the nurse replied.  
"Firing will begin at 9 o'clock, general."

The leader in two wars leaned back in his bed, apparently resting. At five minutes to 9 o'clock, he reached over for a book, and the time again took from the table near his bed a small bunch of absorbent cotton. The nurse, watching him, was puzzled by his actions. Deliberately General Wheeler suggested both of his ears with cotton. Then he leaned back in his bed again and went to sleep.

### THREE BLACKMAILERS SENTENCED TO CELLS

Chicago, Jan. 31.—Isaac Hartman, justice of the peace in the village of Harvey, twenty miles from this city, Michael J. Maloney, an attorney, and Harry Nye, a private detective, were today found guilty of blackmail and sentenced to indeterminate terms in the penitentiary.

It was shown during the trial that the men had extorted \$2,000 from Rev. Lawrence A. Erhard, a Roman Catholic priest in charge of the Church of the Epiphany in this city. Nye, carrying a warrant issued by Justice Hartman, called on the priest and threatened him with publicity in connection with some charges unless he paid them \$2,000. Mr. Erhard denounced the charges as utterly false, but dreading the trouble that would follow a refusal, paid over the money. Later, when an effort was made to secure \$1,000 additional from him, the priest mentioned the matter to some of his friends, and the arrest of the men followed.

### SERVIAN MOB SHOUTS, "DOWN WITH AUSTRIA"

Belgrade, Serbia, Jan. 31.—The bitterness felt here against Austria was again shown today by the action of a mob which invaded and broke up a meeting of prominent merchants held to protest against the attitude of Serbia toward Austria. The mob subsequently paraded the streets shouting "Down with Austria" and wrecking property belonging to known sympathizers with Austria. The police did not attempt to interfere.

### THE RAILROAD TRIVIRATE OF THE SENATE



SENATOR ALDRICH, Rhode Island. SENATOR KEAM, New Jersey. SENATOR ELKINS, West Virginia.

### ROOSEVELT AIDS MERGER INQUIRY

Congress Is Likely to Turn Searchlight on Penna. Road's Schemes.

Special to The Journal.  
Chicago, Jan. 31.—Raymond, in a Washington special to the Chicago Tribune in relation to the Pennsylvania merger inquiry, says:

I was told at the interstate commerce commission that the resolution passed by the house does not involve any extended investigation whatsoever. All the information asked for by President Roosevelt of the commission in response to the resolution can be prepared from the records on file in the office. Under the interstate commerce law the railroads are required to file detailed reports of their stockholding and general management. This information is not given to the public, but it is official, and the president, of course, will transmit it to the house.

It was said, however, at the commission that the resolution does not ask for any investigation. Information gleaned from the reports is of such a character that the house will insist on a searching investigation either by one of its own committees or directly by the department of justice.

President Roosevelt appears to be heartily in sympathy with the entire movement, as shown by the fact that he forwarded the resolution with a recommendation almost as soon as it was received from the capital. When he gets information in his own hands, the president is at liberty to send it to the house or withhold it if he thinks publication of information is not compatible with public interests.

The president is an original champion of publicity and he will, I am told, submit to congress every scrap of official information he can obtain from the files.

Official reports in possession of the interstate commission which will be submitted to congress do not show that the Pennsylvania company has acquired the actual controlling interests in Chesapeake & Ohio and Baltimore & Ohio. To that extent this merger is different from the Northern Securities combination, because in the latter case practically all of the stock of the latter rail-

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### PATTERSON LAUDS CHIEF EXECUTIVE

Colorado Senator Says the West Is Behind Roosevelt for Rate Reform.

Washington, Jan. 31.—Mr. Patterson addressed the senate today on the Dominican question, sustaining the administration in its policy. He said the Dominican question involved the Monroe doctrine and that there was no occasion for division on party lines on that question. He said that he confessed to a very friendly feeling toward the president, due to the record he had made as a statesman and citizen and as the first magistrate of the republic. Much, however, as he liked the president, he felt impelled to differ with him on many questions. Regardless, however, of these differences, he believed the president to be honest and patriotic in all things. Not only had the president done much to annihilate sectional prejudices, but he had done many things to commend him to democrats.

"I doubt," he said, "whether if the democratic party had succeeded in electing its candidate in 1904, we would find him striving as earnestly, as zealously and as fearlessly in sustaining the rights of all the people against those who unite to oppress the masses, as the present chief executive."

He also commended the president for initiating the merger suit for his position in support of railroad legislation which, he said, "is giving life to a dormant principle."

"For three or four years," he added, "the president had been carrying on a struggle with the money power, the like of which had not been known since the days of Andrew Jackson."

He believed the west to be behind the president in his stand, and he added the opinion that if the real sentiments of the people of the south could be ascertained they would be found also to be favorable to the president.

### \$75,000,000 LEFT BY FIELD IN ILLINOIS

Chicago, Jan. 31.—Executors of the estate of Marshall Field filed a petition in the probate court today. It places the value of the estate in Illinois at \$75,000,000, of which \$50,000,000 is in personal property.

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### ROOSEVELT TURNS DOWN RATE JOKER

President Rejects the Ultimatum of the Senate Railroad Triumvirate.

Special to The Journal.  
Chicago, Jan. 31.—A Washington special to the Chicago Tribune says: President Roosevelt has rejected decisively the ultimatum of the senatorial triumvirate, Aldrich, Elkins and Keam, with reference to the amendment they declared must be made to the Dooliver railroad bill in order to bring about its passage by the senate. The president did not mince words in describing his attitude.

"I will not accept it," he said emphatically, "under any circumstances. This amendment, which appears at first blush to be a compromise—gave the interstate commerce commission power to fix rates, but it destroyed the value of this concession by giving the railroads the right to appeal to the courts in case of 'any injustice.' In other words, the interstate commerce commission might fix a reasonable maximum rate, but its decision would not be final. The courts would have the reviewing authority. The commission would be in this case merely an obstacle in the way of prompt decision of any commission of unreasonable rates. It would be a hindrance which would better be out of the way."

Dooliver Saw President.  
Senator Dooliver saw the president about the amendment. When it was submitted to President Roosevelt a week ago, friends of Aldrich, Elkins and Keam say the president tentatively expressed his approval of it.

It was pointed out to him that there were many measures pending in congress which must be passed for his own vindication. The Santo Domingo treaty, for instance, can be ratified only if all the republicans stick together and are joined by some democrats. The Philippines tariff bill, which was passed by the house, is in a perilous position in the senate committee. The statehood bill is possible of passage, according to conservative senators, only by the adoption of the Foraker amendment which authorizes a vote of the people of the territories on the question of statehood.

But the president is not frightened by the bogies which are being flung before his eyes. He wants the Santo Domingo treaty ratified and he wants

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### COAL MEN DEMAND INCREASED WAGES

John Mitchell Delivers Ultimatum to the Mine Operators for the Mine Workers.

Indianapolis, Jan. 31.—John Mitchell, president of the United Mine Workers of America, addressing the joint senate committee of the central competitive district today, said:

"There must be an increase in wages or there will be no agreement."

In his ultimatum today to the operators, President Mitchell did not mention any percentage of increase. It is generally recognized that his statement is backed by the almost unanimous sentiment of the miners' delegates and that the minimum increase that would be accepted without a struggle will be 5.55 per cent, which was the amount of the decrease in wages two years ago.

President Mitchell called attention to a deliberate manner in conducting his general prosperity of the country.

"Why should the miners enjoy their share of this prosperity? Must the miners stop now? Is this their end? Have they no future?" These were questions he asked of the operators in a deliberate manner.

"I'm making this statement so that you gentlemen will know where I stand when it comes to a point in this conference whether to agree or not to agree."

### CURED BY FORCE OF WILL ALONE

Patient Sure that Death Was Near, but Doctor Used Telepathy.

Journal Special Service.  
New York, Jan. 31.—That telepathy and will power may be exercised to snatch patients from a mortal strait, when the regular medical practitioner has given up all hope of cure was asserted tonight at the fifteenth annual reception of the Entertainment club in the Waldorf-Astoria by Dr. John Duncan Quackenbush. His cited remarkable case in his own experience as proof.

"I was called upon last summer to attend a young woman suffering from pneumonia," he said. "It was a well-developed case. Consolidation of the lungs was evident. The patient had a temperature of 107. Her pulse was beating at the rate of 160 a minute. Her respiration was 60 a minute. I took her wrist in my hand and counted the pulsations of the radial artery. My watch told me that the beating was 100 a minute."

"Adele," said I, "where are you going?"  
"It is too late," she gasped; "too late."  
"No," said I, "concentrating all my force. 'It is not too late. You can not die. You must not die. You must get well.'"

"The force conquered. Her temperature went down. Her respiration became normal. Her pulse went down. Today she is singing in an uptown church."

### GERMAN IN AFRICA MURDER A CANADIAN

London, Jan. 31.—A dispatch to the Central News from Capetown, published here today, says:

The Canadians here are enraged at an alleged outrage by German soldiers at Swakopmund, a town in South West Africa. The Germans are said to have shot and killed Dr. Anson Donaldson of Brockville, Canada. According to the story, Dr. Donaldson was walking peacefully through the streets when he was fired at, and while he was lying wounded on the ground other soldiers riddled his body with bullets.

### STEENERSON PRESENTS A DRAINAGE MEASURE

By W. W. Jernome.  
Washington, Jan. 31.—Representative Steenerson and Buckman had a conference about drainage matters today, at the conclusion of which Steenerson introduced a bill appropriating \$15,000 for investigating and preparing a plan for draining swamp lands in ceded portions of the Chippewa reservation in Minnesota. The bill was referred to the committee on Indian affairs, of which Buckman is a member, and he will push it thru that committee.

It is admitted by those familiar with conditions in the house that there is very little chance of its going thru that body as a separate measure, and the probability is that bill of a substitute for it will be put into the Indian appropriation bill as an amendment by Senator Clapp when that bill reaches the committee on Indian affairs, of which he is chairman.

JOKE OF PUCK'S EDITOR.  
New York, Jan. 31.—Burglars entered the home of Joseph Kappeler, editor and proprietor of Puck at Stapleton, N. Y., last night, and after carrying off \$1,000 worth of valuables, they left a note saying: "We appreciate your joke, but we think the joke's on you." Included in what was stolen were some oil paintings, rugs, jewelry and silverware.

### OIL TRUST HEAD NEED NOT ANSWER

New York Judge Says H. H. Rogers an Immune Against Hadley.

Court Says Missouri Tribunal Should Determine the Question Raised.

New York, Jan. 31.—A decision that Henry H. Rogers, vice president of the Standard Oil company of New Jersey, shall not be compelled to answer the questions which he recently refused to answer in the taking of testimony here in the case of the state of Missouri against the Standard Oil company of Indiana, and other oil companies was handed down last night by Justice Gildersleeve in the supreme court.

The application to compel Mr. Rogers to answer the questions was made by Attorney General Hadley of Missouri. The companies affected in this case are the Standard Oil company of Indiana, the Waters-Pierce Oil company and the Republic Oil company. The state of Missouri is suing to oust them from doing business in Missouri.

The application was denied for the reason that in Justice Gildersleeve's opinion, the court of original jurisdiction in Missouri should determine the question raised by Mr. Hadley. Leave to renew this application was granted Mr. Hadley.

### A KANSAN ON THE TRAIL Campbell Gets After Standard Oil in the House.

Washington, Jan. 31.—The discussion on the railroad rate measure today was begun by Mr. Campbell (Kan.).

With the avowed intention of reaching the Standard Oil company, Mr. Campbell offered an amendment which he will press later, emphasizing the placing of all private car and transportation facilities under the regulation of the interstate commerce commission.

He quoted from the testimony of railroad officials, showing that the beef packers practically make their own rates, the Standard Oil company had fruited in the same manner, poultry, fruit and dairy products were subject to the same control.

Reverting to the Standard Oil company, Mr. Campbell declared:

"But yesterday they issued a decree to the attorney general and the governor of Missouri that further prosecution of a suit now pending in the court against them must be stopped or they will destroy the value of billions and billions of property within the state of Kansas and the Indian Territory."

"Ye gods," exclaimed Mr. Campbell, after he had read the statement from the office of the Standard Oil company announcing that if the prosecution in Missouri did not cease the producers of oil in that section would lack facilities to market their product. "The power and the money of the prosecution of suits pending in the court by threatening the innocent producer. And the beef packers today in Chicago are claiming immunity from prosecution for crimes committed because they admitted their crimes with what they considered to be an implied understanding that they would not be prosecuted."

### DEATH INVESTIGATION MAY LEAD TO ARREST

Des Moines, Iowa, Jan. 31.—On evidence furnished the officer investigating the mysterious death of James Checkel, who died mysteriously at Williams, Iowa, a few weeks ago, the body was ordered exhumed today and the stomach brought to Des Moines for chemical analysis. Checkel was a prosperous farmer and at the time of his death was living with a second wife to whom he was married a few months ago. An arrest will probably follow the investigation.

### PLEADS FOR CLEMENCY IN MIDDY'S SENTENCE

Annapolis, Md., Jan. 31.—At the opening of the courtmartial today, Lieutenant C. S. Bookwalter, U. S. A., addressed the court in behalf of Midshipman Richard L. De Saussure. In opening he called attention to the fact that in 1891 seven midshipmen had been convicted of hazing under the act of 1878 and had been sentenced to receive demerits, confinement and other penalties less than dismissal. Lieutenant Bookwalter called attention to the exceedingly moderate nature of the hazing process to have been committed by De Saussure and asked that if the accused should be found guilty that there should be a recommendation of clemency to the reviewing authority.

### WANTED: A SOLDIER FOR POLICE CHIEF

New York, Jan. 31.—Mayor J. N. Adams of Buffalo sent today to the Associated Press an announcement that he desires to hear of the "ablest United States army or navy officer qualified for superintendent of police of Buffalo and available for the position."

"Please, not politics," the mayor telegraphed. "is the essential qualification. No officer need be disappointed if he is rejected, no officer need be surprised if he is chosen. The mayor has several officers in mind and is looking up their records, in addition to looking for other possible appointees. All applications will be carefully and confidentially treated, if so desired."

CHINESE SEE CONGRESS.  
Washington, Jan. 31.—The members of the imperial Chinese commission spent their last day here in visiting the congressional library and the capitol. They attended the meeting of the senate and then paid a short visit to the house of representatives.

INSURANCE STORY IN A BOOK.  
Albany, N. Y., Jan. 31.—The senate today passed a bill authorizing the insurance investigating committee to have 5,000 copies of the investigation printed at not to exceed \$20,000.

FIRE DESTROYS A VILLAGE.  
Charleston, W. Va., Jan. 31.—The entire business portion of the town of St. Albans, sixteen miles below here on the river, was destroyed by fire today. Loss \$80,000, with little insurance.



THE RIP VAN WINKLE SENATE AWAKENS.  
The Animals—Wonder if the old gun will shoot?