

an area of country the visitation has laid waste. Nothing has been heard from Santiago, the capital city of Chile, and it is feared that the fate of that city is as bad or worse than that of Valparaiso.

Telegraphic communication is cut off in every direction, and every one here is too much depressed by the calamity at home to seek information of other places.

No trains have arrived in the city or left since the first shock came, as all the tunnels are filled and the rails twisted. It is only known from general accounts that death and destruction are on all sides.

Buildings Fall. There were two distinct and terrific shocks, the second one following almost instantly after the first and completing the work of destruction. The day had been unusually calm and pleasant. At 8 o'clock the whole city seemed suddenly to swing backward and forward and then a sudden jolt of such mighty force that rows of buildings toppled to the earth as if made of brittle plaster.

Whole rows of buildings went down in a few seconds. Soon after the second shock had subsided it became known that the business part of the town was doomed. From the Bellavista section little was heard, but before midnight fire was seen burning there and it was learned that that section of the city was also doomed.

The city stands upon a formation of granite gneiss, which seemed to repulse the force of the shock. Before the stunned people were given time to realize the magnitude of the calamity, again the city was shaken with a violence greater than before. The earth in places lifted and pitched the buildings forward. In other places there was a terrible tremor that shook every structure to the ground. This shock continued longer than the first.

When it had subsided fires were blazing up, and thousands of terrified persons were praying and panic swept the city. Many landslides have occurred around the city and scores of lives have been lost there. At present it is impossible to state the number of dead in the entire city, but it is believed that there are several hundred, many of whom are still in the ruins.

It has laid waste the best part of the business portion of the city, and has doubtless put Chile back many years in the scale of civilization. The captain of the German vessel Yvan, which arrived today at Coquimbo, stated that when twenty miles at sea he could see the flames raging in Valparaiso.

Many inhabitants are terrified with fear of other shocks and the work of rescuing the bodies is proceeding very slowly. The Bellavista district, which is one of the hills behind the city, is the most select residence district of Valparaiso and apparently suffered the same fate that overtook Nob Hill in San Francisco.

VOLOCANO BREAKS OUT Praying People Flee from Mountain on the Argentine Border. Buenos Ayres, Aug. 18.—According to the information received here, a large number of buildings have been destroyed in Valparaiso and the loss of life is said to have been large.

The disturbance was practically throughout Chile, and was felt at some points in the Argentine Republic. The property loss is enormous. Many houses were blown down, including the government house.

Other Places Ruined. Hamburg, Aug. 18.—A firm here has received a dispatch stating that numerous districts in Chile had been partially or totally destroyed; that Valparaiso had been practically demolished; that many ships had been lost and that over a hundred persons had been killed and many hundreds injured.

This dispatch, however, is not well authenticated. HOFF MEDICINE REDUCED The Genuine Hoff Medicine Price, 35 cents a bottle (full size).

Compounded after the true and correct formula of the famous Prof. Hoff, of Vienna, Austria. Known and recognized everywhere as the genuine cure for Asthma, Catarrh, Hay Fever, Bronchitis, and all diseases of the breathing organs. The genuine bears the "Crown" trademark.

Sole Agents in Minneapolis, S. H. BROWNLEE DRUG CO., Successor to Dillin Drug Co., 101 Washington Ave. S.

ROOT INDORSES DRAGO DOCTRINE

Secretary Declares His Policy at Brilliant Function at Buenos Ayres.

Buenos Ayres, Aug. 18.—The banquet given in operahouse in honor of Secretary Root by leading representatives of the banking, commercial and railway interests was a most brilliant function. The house was brilliantly decorated, covers were provided for 700 and the boxes and tiers of the galleries were filled with ladies. The guests at the banquet included cabinet ministers, high government officials and the leading business men.

Drago on American Solidarity. Senor Drago, former minister of foreign affairs, in proposing the health of President Roosevelt, Secretary Root and the people of the United States, referred to the natural sympathy of the people of Argentina for the countrymen of Henry Clay, who had died for their cause. He said the moment was propitious for drawing closer the bonds of amity uniting the two great nations and adding to the material and moral solidarity of American integrity.

Tracing the policy of the United States for over a century he said the United States had never employed and never would employ her army and navy for the collection of debts contracted by governments or private individuals. Such measures, he said, lent themselves to speculation and the war was based thus on solid objects.

Mr. Root concluded with an eloquent tribute to the Argentine people, institutions, hospitality and splendor and resumed his seat amidst the greatest enthusiasm, flowers being showered on him from all parts of the house.

ARGENTINA IS OVERBULED International Conference's Action on Drago Doctrine.

Rio De Janeiro, Aug. 18.—The international American conference's committee on the Drago doctrine decided to report in favor of a recommendation that individual governments participating in the conference consider the advisability of presenting to the Hague tribunal for deliberation, not only with regard to the forcible collection of public debts, but of all pecuniary claims. Argentina was routed on all points in the discussion.

FEEBLE UPRISING AMONG CUBANS Rural Guards in Clashes with Bands of Outlaws at Various Points.

Havana, Aug. 18.—The rumors of uprisings in Cuba are confirmed in some quarters. A detachment of rural guards last night encountered a band of thirty men near Rio Honda, province of Pinar del Rio. The band, which was commanded by Colonel Pozo, the well-known veteran, fled after an exchange of shots, leaving one horse killed and one man wounded. It is positively stated that two other bands are roaming about Pinar del Rio, led by locally influential men, but at the palace here it is said that the force band consists of fourteen men, and no other bands are out.

HUNTER OF DIETZ WILL SUE COUNTY Rogich, Wounded Deputy, Will Ask for \$5,000 as Balm for Suffering.

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Mr. Harlan is a son of John M. Harlan, associate justice of the supreme court of the United States. He is a lawyer and held for some time the position of attorney general of Porto Rico. The appointment of Mr. Harlan completes the membership of the commission as provided for under the new railroad rate law.

GRANDMA DAY PARTY Forty-eight Old Ladies Entertained at Elk Point.

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RUSSIAN POLICE ABANDON POSTS

Czar Is Likely to Fill Their Positions with Armed Troopers.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 18.—Since the acute revival of terrorism, the ministry of the interior has been flooded with complaints forwarded by chiefs of police in all parts of the empire so the effect that the police are resigning by wholesale, and it is evident that if this state of affairs continues, it may compel a practical replacement of the police by troops.

The cabinet has given serious attention to the situation in Poland and the question of dispatching considerable reinforcements of troops there has been discussed, but no decision has been reached. The monarchist organizations, most of which are classed by the liberals as black hundreds, are trying to arrange a national congress at Kiev, with the view to placing tickets in the field for the parliamentary elections, which it is now believed will be held in November.

Want Guards Punished. Both Premier Stolypin and War Minister Rudiger are receiving many letters demanding the punishment of the officers and soldiers of the chevalier guards concerned in the whipping of Anna Smirnov, and the newspapers continue to be filled with indignant articles on the subject.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 18.—At the headquarters of the gendarmes here intelligence was received today of another collision between a peasant and a policeman in the province of Penza. In this affair the mob showed such determination and fury that the troops were forced to retreat, carrying off several of their number badly wounded. Five of the peasants were killed and several more wounded.

A detachment of thirty Cossacks had been dispatched from the town of Penza to a neighboring village to arrest two agitators. The villagers sound the tocsin on the church bell, whereupon a crowd of 500 peasants, armed with scythes and other rustic weapons gathered and advanced to the rescue of the prisoners.

Undaunted by the Cossacks' whips and sabers, the peasants charged and forced the Cossacks to take refuge behind a stone wall. A volley from the carbines of the Cossacks failed to check the peasants, and finally the Cossacks were obliged to flee. The peasants are reported to have fought more like wild animals than human beings. In their fury they seized a priest, who was carrying a sick peasant whom he had aided recognized him and interned.

Famine Fund Exhausted. The credit of \$7,500,000 voted by the late parliament for famine relief being already exhausted, and the commission revising the budget having scraped the last possible kopeck to raise \$10,000,000, it was reported this afternoon that the government had agreed to have recourse to an internal loan of \$27,500,000 to provide the further sum urgently needed to prevent starvation and pestilence in the crop. The loan will be "subscribed" by the state savings banks.

Violence in Poland. Warsaw, Aug. 18.—Thursday, through Poland, eleven policemen and one gendarme were killed and four policemen were wounded. Yesterday morning two patrolmen were shot and killed and two wounded.

Strong detachments of troops search pedestrians throughout the city and all passengers arriving on the Vienna railroad are searched. Clash with Tartars. Tiflis, Aug. 18.—News was received here yesterday of an engagement between Colonel Vevers' detachment, garrisoning a village in the province of Garmavetpol, close to the Persian frontier, and who were attacked with such determination that Colonel Vevers was forced to order his artillery into action. The Tartar loss in killed was very heavy, and his soldiers were wounded. Prince Vatchnadze, an estate owner, was killed today at Kakaki, a village near Tiflis.

FOR 2-CENT FARE IN PENNSYLVANIA Governors of Many States Agree to Work for a Similar Law.

Harrisburg, Aug. 18.—"We have the unwritten pledge of a majority of the legislators in the next legislature to vote for the passage of a 2-cent fare on the railroads of this state." Former Representative S. M. Williams of Pittsburg, secretary of the board of trade, which is leading the movement for railroad reform, made this statement today.

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COLONEL J. L. LYON, Who Gave an Ocular Demonstration of How California Climats Arrests Agitation. Photo by West.

When Colonel J. L. Lyon left Oakland, Cal., to attend the Grand Army encampment at Minneapolis he promised his friends that he would surely advertise his city and state. Up to the time the parade started on Wednesday he had no definite plan for reaching more than the route of people he could address in private conversation. As the march began, however, he found himself within a few ranks of a good band, and his plan was speedily perfected. When the music began, Colonel Lyon started in a sort of progressive gyrations that lacked only the flowing draperies to make it a skirt dance, for he is graceful. As an accompaniment he shouted alternately to both sides of the street "The glorious climate of California says: 'Never grow old; die first!'"

The spectacle of a man 65 years of age leaping and capering over the entire route of the parade certainly carried conviction of the truth of his announcement. His exertion was severe, but had no evil effect other than a slight stiffness in the knees. Colonel Lyon is nothing if not original. He is the man who suggested sending the carload of flowers from California to be placed on General Grant's tomb. He accompanied the guests of the Grand Army of the Republic at the exposition of California. While in Minneapolis he is the guest of Chester W. Simmons on Park avenue.

RICH TRUSTEES ASKED ABOUT IT

McCurdy's Mutual Life Appropriators Brought to Book in Various Suits.

New York, Aug. 18.—Complaints in suits involving an accounting of sums aggregating many millions were served today upon three of the former trustees of the Mutual Life Insurance company, Robert Oliphant, James C. Holden and Charles E. Miller, the former expenditures committee. All of the defendants are in New York.

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ARMY OF GUESTS EVACUATING CITY

Continued From First Page.

When Past Commander-in-Chief John R. Black introduced a resolution thanking Minneapolis, the state of Minnesota and all who assisted in making the encampment a success, the delegates rose and passed the resolution amid a thunder of cheers.

Louis Wagner of Philadelphia, senior past commander-in-chief of the Grand Army, conducted the exercises incidental to the installation of the new officers of the Grand Army. Upon his installation, Commander Brown took the chair and issued general orders No. 1, which called for the reading of the appointments were made public. Adjutant general, Joseph A. O'Neill, department of Ohio; quartermaster general, Charles Burrows, department of New Jersey; assistant quartermaster general and custodian, Daniel J. Holcomb, department of Pennsylvania; chief of staff, J. Cory Winans, department of Ohio.

In the afternoon session several matters of minor importance were brought before the convention. A resolution, asking congress to take steps to make the battlefield of Bull Run a national park was passed, and a report showing that a fund of \$32,000 had been raised for the erection of a monument to Dr. E. F. Stevenson, the founder of the Grand Army, was received by the encampment. It is thought that the monument will be erected in 1908.

Ask for Figures. A resolution calling upon the war department to give out for publication such figures as may be in its possession regarding the mortality list of Union soldiers in southern prisons was passed without opposition. Reports in general circulation place the total mortality at 26,000, while it is alleged that more than 50,000 graves of Union soldiers may be found in the old burial cemeteries adjacent to southern prison pens.

Probably the most significant feature of the afternoon meeting was the reading of a message of greeting from General Sherman, commander of the Confederate veterans. A fraternal response was authorized by the encampment and the message from the south was received with great enthusiasm. Expenses Reduced. As a result of the Minneapolis encampment of the Grand Army, the annual expenses of the organization will be reduced nearly \$1,000 next year. Action which makes such reduction certain was taken by the executive committee at a meeting held yesterday in the Hotel Marlborough.

Commander R. B. Brown conveyed his wish to the executive committee that the amount allowed the commander-in-chief for traveling expenses be reduced from \$2,000 to \$1,000, thus making possible the saving of \$500 to the national organization. The wish of the new commander was carried out by the committee and a limit of \$1,500 for the commander's expenses was placed on the commander-in-chief. The salaries of two of the national officers, the custodian of records and the quartermaster general, were materially reduced. The salary of the quartermaster general was reduced from \$500 to \$400 a year, and that of the custodian of the records from \$720 to \$300.

Ever since the organization of the Grand Army it has been the policy of the organization to keep annual dues at a minimum, and at the present time the small sum of 20 cents is the annual dues. The dues for the past few years have been heavy and the action of the committee was absolutely necessary unless action were taken to raise the amount of annual dues. Big Chiefs Here. Officially the Minneapolis encampment of the Grand Army has come to a close, but the city is still acting in the spirit of hospitality to the thousands of visitors. Many of the prominent Grand Army men will remain in the city for several days. While there will be no more official functions planned for the visit, several of the local organizations will see to it that the Grand Army chiefs do not lack for entertainment.

Past Commander Tanner and Commander E. B. Brown will save the city until tomorrow, and this afternoon the past and present chiefs of the Grand Army organization with their staffs were the guests of E. F. Nelson and the other members of the Commercial club executive committee, on a trip to Lake Minnetonka. Tomorrow morning Corporal Tanner will leave for Indianapolis where he will be the guest of friends for a few days preceding a lecture tour of Iowa, where he will speak before three Chautauques. Commander Brown expects to leave tomorrow for his home in Zanesville, Ohio.

Adjutant General Tweedle and party will leave Minneapolis Monday morning for Duluth, and the trip east will be made by the Minneapolis and Duluth. The past commander, Black will probably return by lake. Two of the prominent Grand Army men, Past Commander Rastier of St. Louis and Past Surgeon General Hugo Philter of Baraboo, Wis., will remain in Minneapolis and vicinity for several weeks. General Rastier is spending the summer at Lake Minnetonka with his family, and General Philter will visit with his daughter, Mrs. Leslie Edgerston, 3245 Calhoun boulevard. Among the Grand Army men who have left Minneapolis or who will leave tonight are General Thomas W. Scott, Springfield, Ill., member of the national council; Senior Vice Commander William H. Armstrong of Indianapolis; Charles E. Foote, member of the executive committee, Kalamazoo, Mich.; A. G. Wessert, Brownsville, Minn.; G. Wessert, Brownsville, Minn.; Major Frank E. Butts, chief of staff, Washington; and John W. Hersey, member of executive committee, Springfield, Mass.

PEACE TO ZION IS LEADERS' PLAN Voliverites Make Proposition to Dowie and He Accepts Under Conditions.

Chicago, Aug. 18.—A secret meeting of Voliv's ecclesiastical council has been held in Zion City. It is believed by many that it was called for the consideration of plans for a reconciliation between Dowie and the overseers who rebelled against him. None of the overseers would divulge any of the events of the meeting, but they refused to deny that the purpose of Voliv's conference with the deposed "first apostle" Thursday afternoon signified agreement. It was said that a proposition had been made to Dowie and that he had accepted it upon conditions which were the subject of debate during the morning.

FOR MURDER OF OHINAMAN Two Whites Under Arrest at Missoula—A Third at Large.

FRANKFORD, S. D.—An old arctesian well in this place which broke loose several years ago and threatened to engulf the town, has broken out again. The first time the ground caved in for a space of an acre, making a hole 170 feet deep.

KEPT ON TAKING PERUNA RESTORED TO PERFECT HEALTH.



How Mrs. Hortense Burns, Whose Health Was All Run-Down From Pelvic Trouble Obtained Relief. In a Few Weeks' Use of Peruna She Was Changed From a Semi-Invalid So As to Be Able to Attend to Her Household Duties.

Thousands of Women in the United States Will Read Mrs. Burns' Testimonial to Pe-ru-na With Eager Interest.

Denver, Col.—In a letter to The Peruna Drug Mfg. Co., Mrs. Burns says: "My health was all run down from pelvic trouble and I was not able to obtain relief until I began using Peruna. In a few weeks I began to feel like a different being, was able to attend to my household duties, and I looked different to me."

"I kept taking Peruna until I was restored to perfect health and strength. I shall always keep a bottle on hand and take a dose or two when I am exhausted. I shall always be glad to give my indorsement, as it did so much for me." (723 W. 7th Ave.)

MEAD'S FLAKED RYE Is just as represented. It's Nature's Strongest Cereal food and it does cure Constipation. A two-pound package makes 12 pounds of cooked food. A pound package postpaid on receipt of 25 cents. Write for our three special offers. Ask your grocer for it first. MINNEAPOLIS CEREAL CO., Minneapolis, Minn.

WOMAN OF FOUR SCORE IS BURNED TO DEATH SOCIETY WOMAN HURT IN WILD AUTO RACE

New Ulm, Minn., Aug. 18.—Mrs. Augusta Windhorn, 82 years old, was fatally burned at her home in the town of Stark, Brown county, yesterday, as a result of attempting to start a fire with kerosene. Mrs. Windhorn lived alone. She put a quantity of dried corn cobs into the stove and tried to light them. They did not burn readily, and she began to pour oil from a five-gallon can upon the fuel, when the kerosene took fire and the can exploded. The woman's clothing caught fire and was burned from her body.

St. Louis, Aug. 18.—Mrs. Herman Steinwender, a young society woman, is at the Missouri Baptist sanatorium, probably fatally injured, the result of a wild automobile race last night. While returning from the Glen Echo club, Mrs. Steinwender was thrown out as the auto turned sharply in the attempt to fasten the principal on a mobile, and the police machine in which two patrolmen were pursuing the racers.

It's a Bit Of a Job

To order around and boss free American and bullyrag them if they don't obey "orders" without question. Quite a little chore. The labor trust leaders tried by threats and other measures to bully members of congress into passing some laws for the benefit of the labor trust, but not in the interests of the people at large.

There happens to be 78 millions anti-trust Americans and about 2 millions labor trust members, many of them held by force. Naturally every gain of either money or advantage for the members of any trust must be absorbed from the "common" persons outside the trust. Every trust must fatten by feeding off "outsiders."

Think it over a moment and see if that's right. The beef trust raises the price of meat. Who pays the raise? The labor trust raises the price of labor and we don't object to that in reason, but who pays the raise? The oil trust tries to freeze out a citizen who starts in an independent oil business. Why? So it can rule and have its own way and make the people outside the oil trust "obey" and pay toll.

The labor trust tries to force an anti-injunction bill through congress to prevent courts from issuing restraining orders or injunctions, so it can be free to attack property or independent men when the protection of the courts is withdrawn and thus terrorize the people and make them "obey" the trust leaders and prevent every independent American from selling his labor at all, even though his family may be starving.

You are ordered to refuse any labor but that sold by the labor trust, and not to buy any article of merchandise unless it bears the union label. The trademark of the trust. Some of the most irksome tyrannies and outrages are put upon citizens who believe in the old doctrine that America is for freemen and a "square deal" for everybody.