

fluence, from which radiated a spirit of law-breaking and evasion. "Now in God's providence the man and the opportunity have met. Minneapolis has adopted the slogan of good government, of equal rights to all and special privileges to none."

"It is in our power," said Mr. Harris with emphasis, "not only to make Minneapolis the most progressive city in the land, but to make it the best city to live in, the best city to bring up our children in, and the best city to educate our children in."

President Northrop Speaks. After a song by the Sweeney quartet, Mr. Harris introduced President Northrop. He explained that he was not in the habit of making political speeches, and said:

"I have come before the people to speak at this time because the issue before us is more than one of policy. It is one of morals, affecting the life of our people, and affecting the life of 4,000 young men and women under my care."

In spite of threatening weather, the crowd gathered early and filled nearly every seat on the stage, the main floor and the first balcony. Seats in the second balcony were taken. There was a large sprinkling of women, but the majority of those present were voters, and it was a splendid representative audience, including men in every walk and condition of life.

Shortly after 8 o'clock the curtain rose and Rossett's First Regiment band struck up "The Star Spangled Banner." The big audience rose to its feet while the air was played.

W. L. Harris then assumed the chair, and opened the meeting with some timely remarks. "You may be wondering," he said, "why a merchant like myself has charge of these proceedings. It has been said that business men do not like the law enforcement policy I am not speaking for myself alone, but for the body of men I represent, and I want to say that they are resolved that from now on the city takes the place of private convenience."

I am not here in the interest of Minneapolis, but in the interest of the mayor because our mayor has been an honest, upright leader in moral reform in Minneapolis. I am here because I want to see his policy continued. In times past we have had a constantly changing standard of city government and law enforcement. The same rule has hardly held good for any two successive terms. But the reforms inaugurated by Mayor Jones ought to be continued. It is time to settle down.

Many said that the Sunday closing order sounded the death knell of David P. Jones. I know they were mistaken. I know that there was something going on in the public mind of this country. I knew that we had in the president's chair at Washington a moral power. Theodore Roosevelt had for our president. He was not a politician, but a man who thought to be politically dead when as police commissioner he enforced the liquor laws in New York city. In his path he followed Bala, in this city Weaver in Philadelphia, and in this city Mayor Jones. The 'shame of Minneapolis' has been changed to the glory of Minneapolis, and if we continue in the same line for another two years we will be an example followed by other cities in our country, a leader in the fight.

I do not know the gentleman who is opposed to Mr. Jones in this fight. I have nothing to say against him. But even if he declared his intention to do what Mayor Jones has done, the defeat of Jones would still be heralded as a defeat for the policy of Jones. However, as Mayor Jones' opponent has made no statement of the kind, and has not pledged himself to follow Mayor Jones' policy, I take it that he does not intend to do so. No man who favors a continuance of Mayor Jones' policy is supporting his opponent for the nomination. The issue is plain, therefore, and the outcome is not in doubt. I believe that in the vote cast you will vote to make Sunday a day of rest and peace, a day for men to spend with their families in their homes, to rest their minds and bodies and become better men, better husbands and fathers, better citizens."

Mr. Harris made a brief introduction and allusion to the colors, always in the thick of the fight and at the forefront, and the audience saw the colors draped over the stage, from which, as he spoke, a flag was furled away, leaving a great portrait of Mayor Jones draped in the national colors. The audience roared applause and the band saluted the unveiling by playing "Hail to the Chief."

George M. Gillette next spoke from the standpoint of the employers of labor. He said: "When the meeting was held at which Mayor Jones was requested to come out as a candidate again, I expressed the belief that now was as good a time as any to have a good square fight on the question of civic order and civic decency. Evidences of the vast growth our city has made are to be seen everywhere. Do you believe it has grown in physical respects only? I believe for one that it has progressed in moral growth. This is not a partisan meeting, but it does revolve upon us as republicans to re-nominate Mayor Jones. If he is re-elected, and the question of saloon dominance is settled in this election, it will be settled, I believe, for all time."

Mr. Gillette then read a letter from the auditor of their company, comparing conditions now and before Sunday closing as to efficiency of the employees. He said that during the six months prior to the Sunday closing order 14 per cent of the force, on the average, failed to show up for work every morning. Of these 45 per cent were skilled labor. In the six months since only 7 per cent, on an average, failed to come up for duty, and only

85 per cent of them were skilled labor. The company loses by this failure to appear, in machinery lying idle, and also loses in the lowered efficiency of men who come. Speaking of the opposition to the great good of our city, that other people may have been critical to make of any person who was supporting Mayor Jones, but he had very little respect for those who try to enter the city hall by the back door, without telling the people how they stand on our civic policies.

Spoke for Labor. James P. McLaughlin, as a representative of labor, said the condition of working people had been notably better in the last year and a half. "I haven't so much consideration," said he, "for the men who spend their time and money in the saloons, as for the innocent women and children who suffer by their acts. I believe the saloons should obey the laws just as other lines of business do. It is urged in their favor that they employ a big license for the city. I consider that they are \$1,000 license for the privilege of making society take care of their wreckage, and not to be allowed to break our laws. The men who are operating in the saloons, if Mayor Jones is nominated, as I feel sure he will be, he will be our next mayor, but we must not be overconfident. Every man should go to the polls, for there is vast influence at work to undermine the efforts of Mayor Jones, and to defeat his policy."

Dr. Shutter said he knew nothing about the other candidates for mayor, but he did know what David P. Jones stands for. He stands for equal rights to all and special privileges to none, for the suppression of public gambling, for segregation of the social evil, for civil service in the police force, for the enforcement of the alliance between the police and the criminal classes, for closing the saloons at midnight and on Sunday, and for the regulation of them according to the terms of the law. "There is nothing vague about that," he continued, "and the best of it is that Mayor Jones not only declares his policy in these things, but he has actually done them. He is not a politician, he gives us, but a record of performance."

What the Records Show. Dr. Shutter reviewed the testimony in favor of Sunday closing in the dimension of crime, the better order of streets and street cars on Sunday, and the saloon testimony that they have lost on an average of \$50 a Sunday. "We may all regret," he said, "that every dollar of illegal gain taken from saloons and turned into other channels, into the grocery stores, the clothing stores and the savings banks. The saloons are entitled to their profits, but not to the returns from unlawful sales." He reviewed the attitude expressed by laboring men and by business men, and said: "We want this work to carry his policy to a triumphant issue. I bespeak the co-operation of every citizen who has the welfare of Minneapolis to heart."

By Professor Otfedahl. Professor Otfedahl said in part: "I am here because for once there is before the eyes of this city a clear and well defined moral issue, one of that appeals to the nobler instincts of every citizen of Minneapolis." He told how he found in Norway the saloons closed at 11 p.m. on Saturday to 3 p.m. on Monday, and said he believed that such regulation had contributed largely to the moral standing of the Scandinavian people. He reviewed the fight for Sunday closing, the patrol limits, in which he took a hand, and said that he believed in time public sentiment would be as nearly unanimous on Sunday closing as it is now on retaining the patrol limits. He was convinced that the great body of the Scandinavian people would be found on the same side as Mayor Jones on this great moral question.

By Father Cleary. Father Cleary was warmly applauded. He said: "There is no good for Minneapolis, and when Minneapolis gets a good thing she knows it and wants to keep it. This city has always aimed high, and is now leading in the cities of this nation, thru the spotless administration of our own Mayor Jones. I would like to see him continued in office indefinitely. It has been said of him that he has neglected his friends with no one has dared say that he has neglected Minneapolis. He was elected not to take care of his friends, but to look after the city. He was not elected for the saloons, the gambling fraternity or the big money men. The constructive class in our community are for Jones. The hostile spirit is that which bears down and defeats the policy of Jones. How ever, as Mayor Jones' opponent has made no statement of the kind, and has not pledged himself to follow Mayor Jones' policy, I take it that he does not intend to do so. No man who favors a continuance of Mayor Jones' policy is supporting his opponent for the nomination. The issue is plain, therefore, and the outcome is not in doubt. I believe that in the vote cast you will vote to make Sunday a day of rest and peace, a day for men to spend with their families in their homes, to rest their minds and bodies and become better men, better husbands and fathers, better citizens."

For the Colored Voters. William B. Morris spoke eloquently in behalf of the colored voters, who, he said, would be found on the right side of the great fight. He said that they always have been in every crisis of our nation's history. He said that it was once a proud distinction to be a citizen of home, but it will become a badge of devotion to law and morality to be a citizen of Minneapolis.

Mayor Jones had arrived from his other meetings and was in the wings when Former Governor Van Sant was called upon to speak. He was comparing Jones with Roosevelt in comparison for law enforcement, which, he said, was the key-note of both men. He sounded a rallying cry for the colored voters, and the support of Jones, and the greatest support he came before the audience, and the demonstration was on.

Mayor Jones' Address. Hope for the greater Minneapolis and advancement on still greater lines, was the keynote of Mayor Jones' short address. The mayor was clearly affected and nearly overcome by the ovation which attended his entrance and that which accompanied his introduction. "I cannot but feel," said the mayor, "that this is the true and genuine Minneapolis I see before me. I come before you to see and feel the best there is in our great city. I come here to receive the inspiration of the support of the people of Minneapolis. The note that has been struck here this evening I feel sure makes certain the accomplishment of that in which we are all interested."

I feel no doubt of the result. My hope now is that if I am nominated and re-elected as your mayor, to move among you that capacity and to serve you as I have in the past two years, that it will be done in so plain and overwhelming a manner as to leave no doubt of the temper of the people of this city. I hope that so decided a stand will be taken that it will be paramount to the enforcement and approval of the entire city itself.

I hope there is in the future a united people on the great question of principles for which the city stand; that here at home and elsewhere and among all people we shall stand united for the great good of our city; that all other people may have been critical to make of any person who was supporting Mayor Jones, but he had very little respect for those who try to enter the city hall by the back door, without telling the people how they stand on our civic policies.

Good Government. "Good government is not a keepsake. It comes by labor and co-operation. If we have achieved anything it is not I who have accomplished it, but you who have indorsed and supported the principles in which we are now interested and for which we are now fighting. Therefore let us enter a holy alliance with the pledge to one another that we will work together for the name and fame of the greater and better Minneapolis."

The moral effect of such a move is apparent. If this can be done the insurgents will be in a position to enforce considerable concessions with Secretaries Taft and Bacon arrive here Monday as peace commissioners to arrange a settlement if possible. The government won a victory in one fight today. Insurgents who attacked the town of San Domingo in Santa Clara province at daybreak were repulsed by the garrison. The victory is of slight advantage to the government, however, owing to its weakness generally.

Each Claims Victory. There is doubt as to the exact outcome of the battle late yesterday at Wayjay. Both sides claim the victory. General Rodriguez, commanding the rural guards, who engaged Castillo, claims he dispersed the rebels. He returned to Havana this morning, however, in the police car, for the attacking rurales and one thing is certain, the rebels now hold Wayjay. Palma and his cabinet were in session yesterday all day considering President Roosevelt's message to the government. No intimation has been given as to what decision was reached.

Hope for Arbitration. Cuban citizens late this evening were hopeful that the disagreements which led to the present revolution in Cuba would be settled by arbitration if time is given before an attack is made on the city. This is the question is whether Guertel and Castro attack Havana before the peace commissioners sent by President Roosevelt arrive, is now regarded as the crux of the whole situation.

The latest plan advanced for compromising the differences of the insurgents and government supporters is to have each side select two arbiters. Section 10 will then be made the fifth member of the arbitration board, which will then arrange the terms of agreement.

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HAVANA, IN DANGER, LOOKS TO U. S. TARS

Continued From First Page. probably approach within a few miles of the capital and entrench themselves. They would thus be in a position to show the world that only the presence of Americans there prevented them from bringing the Palma regime to a sudden and disastrous conclusion.

More Means Much. The moral effect of such a move is apparent. If this can be done the insurgents will be in a position to enforce considerable concessions with Secretaries Taft and Bacon arrive here Monday as peace commissioners to arrange a settlement if possible. The government won a victory in one fight today. Insurgents who attacked the town of San Domingo in Santa Clara province at daybreak were repulsed by the garrison. The victory is of slight advantage to the government, however, owing to its weakness generally.

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MILLIONAIRES HURT IN AUTO COLLISION

Big Car, Wild, Runs into Another and Four Are Injured, One Fatally. Chicago, Sept. 15.—Plunging along with its driver powerless to control its course, a big automobile owned by James O. Heyworth, a millionaire contractor, late tonight crashed into another automobile which was unable to dodge the weaving path of the runaway. Those injured in the accident were: SOLOMON STURGIS—42 years, 1234 Lincoln Park boulevard and Lake Forest, a millionaire and member of the firm of Alfred L. Baker & Co., skull fractured and internal injuries; said to be mortally hurt; taken to St. Francis hospital, Evanston. FRANCIA hospital, Evanston. JAMES O. HEYWORTH—40 years old, 2902 Michigan avenue and Lake Forest, contractor and owner of the automobile, cut and bruised about the head and body; taken to St. Francis hospital, Evanston. WALTER AYER—35 years old, attorney-at-law, 135 Adams street; lives at 202 Goothe street; front teeth knocked out and body bruised; taken home. J. F. HALLWEGEN—5234 Prairie avenue, agent for the American Credit & Indemnity company; right shoulder sprained and bruised; went home unassisted.

The percentage of improved land that is land under crops and grass in this country 22; in England it is 76; in Germany about 60.

Monday we will have a special sale of Children's and Misses' Dress Shoes. We will offer an opportunity that you will regret if you miss. They are stylish Button Shoes, made of good patent leather with best quality black serge tops, and are one of the most desirable dress shoes on the market for this fall. Sizes 5 to 8, our regular price 95c, special for Monday 69c. Sizes 8 1/2 to 11, our regular price \$1.25, special for Monday 85c. Misses' sizes 1 1/2 to 2, our regular price \$1.45, special for Monday 98c.

Home Trade Shoe Store. 219-221 North Third Street.

Clock Hospital. Having enlarged our entire Watch, Clock and Jewelry Departments, we will cure your Clock in our up-to-date Clock Hospital at a most reasonable expense and in a perfectly satisfactory manner. Telephone us and we will call for your clock. Paegel Jewelry Mfg. Co. 22 South Third Street.

"77" Humphrey's Seventy-Seven Cures Grip and COLDS. Dr. Humphrey's "Seventy-seven" differs from other Cold cures—because it cures by going direct to the sick spot, without disturbing the rest of the system. No poison, no drugging, no danger to the heart, the kidneys or the lungs—a complete cure—no hanging on of nasty Catarrh or hacking Cough. "Seventy-seven" is put up in a Small Vial of pleasant pellets that fits the vest pocket. At Druggists, 25 cents or mailed. Doctor's Book mailed free. Humphrey's Home Medicine Co., corner W. 11th and John Streets, New York.

Glenwood-Inglewood Spring Water. Natural or Distilled. In Sterilized Bottles. 5c per gallon. Or Pure Ice and Spring Water combined—2 gallons daily, \$1.75 per month. The Glenwood-Inglewood Co., 313 Hennepin Ave., Minneapolis, Minn.

CONCEALED BATTERIES ALONG THE ST. LAWRENCE. Ottawa, Sept. 15.—Few people in this country are aware of the importance and magnitude of the operations now in course of construction by the Canadian government at Beaumont, ten miles below Quebec, on the Lavis side of the St. Lawrence river. The work will require two years to finish. The force that will consist of two big gun batteries of two guns each, destined to command the lower St. Lawrence for a distance of about twenty miles below the forts. Both batteries will be concealed in solid rock formation.

GIRL IS ACQUITTED. Portland, Me., Sept. 15.—"Not guilty" was the verdict in the case of Emma Stephany, who has been on trial for murder of her lover, James Frizell, last July. The boy's constrictor has 320 pairs of ribs.

Palais Royale

623-625 NICOLLET AVENUE. ADAM PICKERING FRANK W. PINERA W. J. JENNINGS

Special Showing of Early Fall and Winter Merchandise. Women's and Misses' Suits. 150 Suits, made of fine Broadcloth, Fancy Tweeds, Checks and Plaids, Cheviots, all brand new, exclusive styles, perfect fitting, finest tailoring, beautifully trimmed and lined, complete range of sizes; value cannot be equalled under \$37.50, special..... \$25.00

Women's and Misses' Tourist Coats. 250 Tourist Coats, made of fine imported Scotch Tweeds, 50 inches long, handsomely trimmed with velvet and straps, all sizes, splendid \$15.00 values, for only..... \$9.50

Cravennette Coats. About 500 Coats, made of Priestley's genuine goods, splendid styles, complete range of sizes, colors oxford, tan, castor and gray, regular value \$15.00. Monday special..... \$9.75

Ladies' Waist Dept. 1,000 Waists, made of fine Taffeta Silk, Jap Silk, Messalines, Nets, Fancy Plaids, perfect fitting, great range of styles, blacks and all the correct fall shades, complete line of sizes; actual values \$7.50, special..... \$5.00

Belt Sale. White Embroidered Duck Wash Belts—You'll appreciate the value of these when you see them. While they last, each..... 5c

Corsets. Monday about 25 dozen G. D., J. B., H. & G. and American Lady Corsets and Girdles. These are new fall models, with four hose supporters, all sizes, special Monday..... 98c

Petticoats. 20 dozen extra fine Moreen, Heatherblouse or Mercerized Saateens. The new deep French flare flounce, with ruffles, values to \$3.00, Monday..... \$1.98

Children's Cloaks. Fall opening of the latest styles of Bearskins, Astrakhan, Broadcloths, etc., extra \$4. \$2.98

Are you going to buy a STOVE this fall? If so, come in and examine the Garland. The WORLD'S BEST. Investigate the Circular Flue. Saves fuel and circulates the heat better than any other make.

The Builders' Hardware Co. 623 and 625 First Avenue South.

Payette Valley, Idaho. The famous Cantaloupe Melons, Jonathan Apples and Italian Prunes raised in this valley take first prize in every contest. For descriptive magazine FREE address C. E. BRAINARD, Payete, Idaho.

SAVE YOUR TEETH. The aim of everybody is to save money. Now if you want to save money and your teeth you call and have a talk with me. This is a veteran office, established 1880, and my work lasts and is right. The prices as low as any competent dentist's in the United States. Free examinations and prices. Call and see samples. DR. H. S. RAY, 329 Nicollet Avenue, Cor. 4th St.

WHY DO YOU RENT A FARM? ONE YEAR'S RENT WILL BUY ONE IN NORTH CENTRAL WISCONSIN. Thousands of acres of fertile farming lands, hardwood timber lands, and natural meadow lands, interspersed with lakes and streams, convenient to rail and water transportation, are now offered for sale at low prices. Splendid opportunities for stock raising, dairying, and general farming. Send for booklet giving full information. WISCONSIN TIMBER & LAND CO. MATTOON, SHAWANO CO., WISCONSIN

Does Coffee cause your Trouble? Try POSTUM.

Pianos for Rent. We have about one hundred new pianos in stock for rent and will deliver them to any part of the city on short notice. Northwestern Music House, Wholesale and Retail Dealers 318-320 Nicollet Ave., Second Floor.