Home Edition.

THE MINNEAPOLIS JOURNAL.

FAIR TONIGHT AND TUESDAY; RISING TEMPERATURE.

Home Edition.

14 PAGES—FIVE O'CLOCK. MONDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 12, 1906. PRICE ONE CENT IN MINNEAPOLIS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

ORGANIZED LABOR'S HOSTS WELCOMED

WAR ON OIL TRUST BEGINS THIS WEEK

Epoch-Making Action of Government to Be Filed Next Wednesday.

ROCKEFELLER'S CRIMES SET FORTH IN THE BILL

Evidence Expected to Arouse Demand for Dissolution of the Combine.

Special to The Journal.

Washington, Nov. 12.—The epoch-making prosecution of the Standard Oil trust by the government will be begun this week. On Wednesday next Messrs. Kellogg and Morrison, general council for the government, will file a petition for a writ of injunction against the Standard Oil company before the federal court of the eighth circuit, St. Louis.

This petition will be directed against seventy companies which make up the trust. Two or three months will be required by them to make the transfers and by spring the administration is confident the petition will be granted. The trust will appeal to the supreme court at once and it is expected that the matter finally will be settled before the term of court next fall.

Northern Securities Judges.

Attorney General Moody and Messrs. Kellogg and Morrison were in conference today, going over the final proof of the petition. It will be ready by tomorrow afternoon and will be filed by Mr. Kellogg Wednesday.

On the same day Mr. Moody will make public a statement explaining what the government is doing.

The selection of St. Louis is due to its central position in the country and to the high character of the men who make up the judicial bench of that circuit. They are Judges Sanborn, Vandeventer, Adams and Hook. Three of these judges handled the Northern Securities case, which resulted in a dissolution of the combination controlling the Great Northern and Northern Pacific railroads.

To Show Many Crimes.

The government has done nothing up to this time in regard to the criminal prosecution of the men involved in the alleged illegal steps connected with the formation of the Standard trust. This will come later.

It is a remarkable fact that all of the men responsible for it are alive—the Rockefellers, Rogers, Archbold and two others. The government's petition is believed to make mention of this fact.

The petition describes the details of the preliminary organization and the successive states in the development of the corporation. It is a remarkable paper and presents facts showing crimes committed by the Standard which will make the people determined to bring about its dissolution.

SHAW REJECTS ALL POSTOFFICE SITES

Declines to Consider Any of the Blocks Tendered for Minneapolis Building.

By W. W. Jermane, Colorado Building, Washington, D. C.

Washington, Nov. 12.—Secretary Shaw today declared that negotiations for the purchase of a site for the Minneapolis postoffice are off until a proposition is submitted to him for the sale of a suitable location within the $350,000 appropriation made by congress.

William Henry Eustis was present to advocate purchase of block 40, which has been recommended by Supervising Architect Taylor, but Secretary Shaw refused to consider that or any of the other sites suggested in view of the fact that none of them can be bought for the money available.

The secretary indicated that it was up to the parties interested in the various sites to get busy and either have the owners reduce the prices of their holdings or to have the parties interested subscribe enough money to make up the difference. None of the sites can be purchased for less than $385,000 on the basis of estimates made by Mr. Taylor, and the price on block 40, which he has indorsed is estimated at $393,000.

Must Stay Inside.

"In view of the fact that no site offered comes within the appropriation, it is useless for the department to consider any of the sites suggested," said the secretary to Mr. Eustis. "Just as soon as one is offered at the price named by congress, the department will accept it if it is located to meet the needs of the government and for expeditious transaction of public business. The thing for you and the others interested in sites to do is to secure a reduction of options, or else make up the difference.

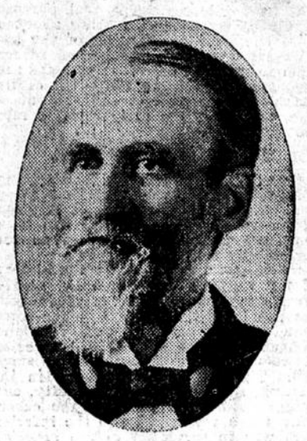
"Unfortunately for us we must hew to the line in buying sites, and cannot even indicate that we will take a block, or a parcel of ground that is likely to exceed the amount provided. We must have positive assurances that we can buy the property within the appropriation before we bind ourselves to take it."

Secretary Shaw today received a long telegram from President Salisbury of the Commercial club, protesting against the hearing today, and setting forth the advantages of the Pence operahouse site. The secretary in reply stated that he could not consider any proposition made, in view of the high price of all sites.

Mr. Eustis left today for New York, whence he will return to Minneapolis to work toward securing block 40. He stated before he left that he would place the matter before the parties interested in this block and that he hoped to be able to offer it to the government within a short time at a price within the appropriation.

Adelaide, South Australia, Nov. 12.—Twenty-six thousand bales of wool were sold at auction here today, constituting a world's record of sales in a single day. The competition was keen.

HE MUST GO TO PRISON



T. B. CLEMENT,
The Faribault Banker Convicted for Actions Which Led to Failure of His Bank.

CLEMENT, BANKER, MUST SERVE TIME

Federal Court Approves Verdict Against Aged Faribault Banker.

The sentencing of Thomas B. Clement, the aged Faribault banker, to eight years in the penitentiary by the United States circuit court was today affirmed by the circuit court of appeals.

The opinion is by Judge Adams, and Judges Sanborn and Hook concur in the opinion.

Clement was indicted for making false entries of funds and credits of the First National bank of Faribault, of which he was president. He demurred to some of the counts and moved for a continuance of the case at the time it was first up for trial on the ground that his physical infirmities prevented his being present at the trial. He interposed at the close of the case a demurrer to the evidence on the ground that it failed to establish the commission of any offenses charged.

He then filed a motion in arrest of judgment on the further ground that the indictment charged no criminal intent. All of these were overruled in the circuit court and the defendant was found guilty on twenty-four out of twenty-seven counts and sentenced to a term in the penitentiary of eight eight years on each count. But there was a provision attached to the sentence that time should run on all concurrently. The case was then brought to the circuit court of appeals for review by a writ of error.

TEXAS BOOSTS THE GOPHER GOVERNOR

Lone Star Democrats Want John A. Johnson as the Next President.

Cooper, Texas, Nov. 12.—At a mass meeting of democrats held here Saturday night, a boom was launched for Governor John A. Johnson of Minnesota for president of the United States. Resolutions were adopted affirming that Johnson is an honest man without a blotch on his character and of fine executive ability.

NORWAY'S RULER FETED

King Haakon, Queen Maud and Olaf Visit King Edward.

London, Nov. 12.—King Haakon, Queen Maud and Crown Prince Olaf of Norway, who arrived off Spithead late last night on board the British royal yacht Victoria, landed at Portsmouth this afternoon on a state visit to King Edward and Queen Alexandra, with whom they will spend a week at Windsor castle.

A series of festivities has been arranged for the entertainment of the visitors, including a state banquet and a luncheon at the Guild Hall.

The prince of Wales welcomed King Haakon and Queen Maud in behalf of King Edward, after which the royal party landed amid salutes from the flag-dressed warships and the land batteries and took a train for Windsor. On arriving there the visitors were met by King Edward, Queen Alexandra and most of the royal family, including the duke and duchess of Connaught. The route from the depot to the castle was lined with troops and the royal travelers received a splendid welcome.

G. N. ROUTE THRU CANADA

Line Is To Strike Coal and Natural Gas Regions.

Winnipeg, Man., Nov. 12.—Official announcement of the Great Northern railway route thru Canada, from the Pacific coast to Winnipeg, has been made. It will touch the great coal district at Fernie into which place the company already has a branch, then run thru Warman country to Raymond, on to the natural gas district of Medicine Hat and then directly here.

The line will be completed in two years.

ARRESTED, TRIES SUICIDE

Alleged Forger Swallows Chloral in Police Station.

Springfield, Mo., Nov. 12.—A man believed to E. L. Travis, with numerous aliases, and wanted for alleged forgery, swallowed an ounce of chloral in the police station here and may die.

Detectives from St. Louis refused to say where the man is wanted, except that they have been chasing him for three years. Travis is said to have confessed to the police that he is wanted in a dozen different states.

ROASTED TO DEATH AFTER TRAIN CRASH

Fifty Persons Thought to Have Perished in Blazing Wreckage.

Say Forty Were Killed.

Chicago, Nov. 12.—Officials of the Baltimore & Ohio have announced that they had received positive word from the wreck at Woodville and it was known that out of the 135 persons on the train 40 were killed, 35 were injured and 60 escaped unhurt.

Valparaiso, Ind., Nov. 12.—Fifty out of 167 immigrants who were on the Baltimore & Ohio train which collided head-on with a freight this morning at Woodville, ten miles north of here, are missing, and it is believed their bodies were consumed by the fire which destroyed six coaches of the immigrant train.

The immigrant train was bound for Chicago. The accident was caused by the freight crew failing to observe signals on the first section of the immigrant train that another section was following.

The immigrant train caught fire and was entirely consumed. There were 167 passengers on board the train and 122 of the party have been accounted for.

The passengers were asleep when the accident occurred and many were killed while they slept. The scenes that followed were heartrending, for the cars took fire at once and many were caught in the wreckage and were unable to release themselves before the flames reached them and were consumed.

All of the train crews on both trains escaped except the fireman on the immigrant train, who was killed.

The immigrants consisted of Russian Jews, Servians and Poles and were en route, via Chicago, to the northwest.

Wild Engine Wrecks Depot.

Detroit, Mich., Nov. 12.—One man was killed and several injured, three of them badly, today when a Michigan Central railroad freight engine ran away and crashed into the Third street depot, tearing down a large section of the structure.

George R. Booth of Detroit, parcel agent, was killed.

The engine was switching in the yards a mile from the station when, it is said, the crew of a passenger train approaching behind them, they thought a collision was about to occur and jumped from the engine. It was running at good speed and, unchecked dashed into the station and hit the west wall, tearing out a section twenty-five yards wide. The second and third floors over this section collapsed.

Booth was killed in his parcel room, near which the engine struck. Panaer was on the third floor and fell with the wreckage from there.

BURGLARS BLOW SAFES

Two Stores at Cormorant Entered; $200 Stolen.

Pelican Rapids, Minn., Nov. 12.—Burglars entered Farmer's and Cherry's stores at Cormorant, Becker county, early this morning, blowing the safes of both stores. They set fire to Cherry's store. They secured less than $200. No clue has been fonud.

A. F. OF L. IN MINNEAPOLIS

Legislating Body of the Banded Trades Unionists of Nation Begins Sessions in Minneapolis.

President Samuel Gompers and Other Labor Leaders Are Here.

Convention Opens in Normanna Hall for Two Weeks' Sessions.

Abstract of President Gompers' report on page 7.

The mighty forces of the American Federation of Labor marched the streets of Minneapolis today. The parade was not a long one—not more than 400 men and women were in line. But they represent the 2,000,000 men and women of organized labor in the United States, these officers and delegates of the federation, and so it was a mighty, a distinguished body.

At their head marched Samuel Gompers, president of the federation and chief spokesman for the unions of America. With him was John Mitchell, president of the United Mine Workers of America, who handled successfully the greatest anthracite coal strike which ever threatened the industrial life of the country.

Every man in the marching body represented thousands of toilers who were seeking to obtain what they regard as their fair share of the fruits of industry.

Heading the procession was a band of 100 pieces, made up of the picked men of the Minneapolis Musicians' association. Some of the most inspiring marches of Sousa had been especially arranged for this band, and the music for melody and volume, was perhaps the most inspiring ever heard on the streets of Minneapolis. With one exception—the band organized for the McKinley memorial parade—itwas the largest band which has ever marched in this city.

Cheered Labor's Marchers.

Along the streets of the business section the sidewalks were lined with laboring men who cheered their leaders, and from the office blocks wage workers and office men, employers and employed, waved their greetings to the representatives of labor. After a triumphal progress thru the heart of the city, the procession turned down Third street and marched to Normanna hall, where the convention sessions will be held.

Few of the many conventions held in Minneapolis have been fraught with more far-reaching possibilities for the future of the American people than this which is to decide whether the labor union shall become a factor in politics as a separate party. Few have had better-known men upon the platform, and few have had more earnest and intelligent men seated as delegates.

With every delegate standing while the big band played the "Star-Spangled Banner," the twenty-sixth annual convention of the American Federation of Labor was formally opened. As the band started to play the stirring national air, President Gompers and every delegate and visitor to the convention rose and remained standing until the last note had died away, to be followed by a flood of hearty applause.

The convention was called to order, and J. H. McNally of Minneapolis, as president of the Trades and Labor assembly, rose to welcome the visitors in behalf of organized labor of the city.

"I am proud of this opportunity to welcome to our city the officers and delegates to this magnificent gathering of the American Federation of Labor," said Mr. McNally. "I esteem it an honor to the city that we have you with us, and shall always cherish the memory of this opportunity that is mine, that of welcoming you to the city.

"We want you to make our city yours and we want you to feel at home. The entertaining of this gathering was a big undertaking for us and while our plans and preparations for your entertainment may be less lavish and less pretentious than in other cities I want

Continued on 2d Page, 4th Column.

SAMUEL GOMPERS,
President of the American Federation of Labor.

DEATH OF SHAFTER MATTER OF HOURS

Physicians Abandon All Hope of Saving General's Fast-Departing Life.

Bakersfield, Cal., Nov. 12.—A bulletin issued from the McKittrick ranch states that Major Gengral Shafter is near death and that all hope of his recovery has been abandoned.

The doctors were in attendance all night and now Dr. Schaefer is hurrying to the ranch. The relatives are all at the bedside.

William Rufus Shafter was born at Galesburg, Kalamazoo county, Mich., Oct. 16, 1835. He was of Scotch-Irish descent and the son of a farmer. He received his education in the common schools of his native village and Prairie academy at Richfield, Mich. He helped his father work the home farm and taught school for a while during the winters.

When the war broke out, young Shafter enlisted in the Seventh Michigan infantry and became a first lieutenant. This position he held until Aug. 22, 1862, when he was made a major in the Nineteenth Michigan infantry. In June, 1863, he was made lieutenant colonel of the regiment, and on April 19, 1864, he was promoted to the colonelcy of the Seventeenth regiment of United States colored troops. He served in this capacity until Nov. 21, 1866.

A Daring Soldier.

His various promotions in the volunteer service were the result of the intrepidity and good judgment displayed by him at Balls Bluff, Yorktown, West Point, Fair Oaks, the Seven Days' battle of May, 1862, Malvern Hill, Thompson's Station and Spring Hill, Tenn., Nashville, and the pursuit of Hood's army after the battle of Nashville. but the event that first brought him into the limelight was his action at Fair Oaks while still a first lieutenant. He was in command of a body of pioneers—soldiers armed with axes and shovels, who cleared the way for their comrades who carried their rifles and forty rounds. Lieutenant Shafter found arms for his company or roadmakers and led them into the hottest of the fight, was badly wounded but remained on the field, tho he lost nineteen of his twenty-three men.

After the war quite a number of officers of the volunteer army who had especially distinguished themselves were transferred to the regular army. Among these was Colonel Shafter, who was made lieutenant colonel of the Forty-first infantry and served on the Mexican border until 1879. Here he fought the Apaches and won promotion, first to the colonelcy of First infantry and then to the star of a brigadier general, receiving that distinction May 3, 1879. On Oct. 16. 1899, he was retired from active service as brigadier general in the regular army, but retained as major general of volunteers until June 30, 1901, when he was finally retired.

His service in the northwest consisted in the suppression of the outbreak of the Indians at Pine Ridge agency, South Dakota, in 1890 and 1891. He then commanded the First United States infantry.

Upon the breaking out of the war with Spain General Shafter was placed in command of the army that was sent to Cuba, leaving the United States for his field of action June 14, 1898, landing at Santiago June 21, 22 and 23, and receiving the surrender of the eastern part of Cuba on July 14, just one month from the date of his departure from the United States.

Since the war with Spain General Shafter devoted his attention to his private affairs. He owned a large ranch near Bakersfield, Cal., and was director of the Presidio Mill & Mining company of Texas and president of the Turquoise Copper Mining company of Turquoise, Ariz.

He was president of the Society of the Army of Santiago, department commander of California and Nevada, Grand Army of the Republic, honorary life member of the Pacific Union club of San Francisco, honorary member of the Union League club of San Francisco, a member of the Loyal Legion and George H. Thomas post, Grand Army of the Republic.

ROOTERS WELCOME FOOTBALL HEROES

Great Demonstration Downtown and at the "U" for the Victors.

PLAYERS IN TALLYHO HAULED BY ROOTERS

Celebration, on the Campus, of the Defeat of Chicago's Team.

Downtown Minneapolis was football-mad again today. But this time, unlike Saturday, the active frenzy was among student rooters only, for the onlookers, the lay members of King Foothball's sugject body, were only passive participants. The team was back. Therefore the frenzy.

There have been ovations and ovations for victorious Minnesota teams, but the reception of the 1906 gopher eleven, victors at Chicago and "Champions of the West," when they arrived in Minneapolis at 10 a.m. today was the greatest undergraduate joy jubilee since Rogers tied the Michigan game in 1903. Pulling a tallyho occupied by the members of the team, the students paraded the downtown streets and literally owned the town.

The Students Late.

The train carrying Captain Current and his warriors arrived in Minneapolis at 9:45 and when the members of the team piled off their special car there were no students to meet them. The impression that there was to be no undergraduate demonstration was quickly dispelled, however, when at Nicollet and Hennepin the members of the team were met by the advance guard of a student legion and the announcement was made that all the university, accompanied by a tallyho, was on its way over town. It had been announced on the campus that the football train would not arrive in Minneapolis until 10 o'clock, and on this account the rooters were late.

Scouts were at once sent out to rally the members of the team and by the time the main body of rooters had arrived a majority of the players had been rounded up preparatory to the celebration.

Unhitching the horses from the tallyho and bundling the players up on the top, the "U" rooters started on their journey. Up and down down-town streets they paraded, cheering and giving Minnesota yells and songs.

The university band had not arrived and could not take part in the first part of the celebration, but as the procession swung down Hennepin avenue over a thousand strong, they were met by the belated band boys, who arrived on a later train, and the jubilee became a pandemonium.

On the "U" Campus.

Up Central avenue the crowd shouted and sang, and turning off at University avenue, entered the university campus with banners waving, and with the hundreds of students who were awaiting them cheering madly. As the tallyho which contained the team and Coach Williams entered the campus gates 200 co-eds seized the long ropes attached to the carriage, and pulled it up the steep embankment in front of the library building.

For two hours the university was transformed into a sea of enthusiasm. Classes were forgotten, and the professors informally adjourned all work for the forenoon. Every man on the team and every man on the squad was cheered again and again, and the cheering was interspersed with generous yells for the vanquished Chicago team.

CULLOM TO PRESS REVISION CAMPAIGN

Illinois Senator Declares Tariff Is Not Party Issue and Plans Action.

Special to The Journal.

Chicago, Nov. 12.—A Washington special to the Chicago Tribune says: Immediately after congress convenes next month Senator Cullom of Illinois will introduce a joint resolution in the senate providing for the appointment of an expert tariff commission to consider and report on those schedules, which should be revised.

Such a commission, according to the senator, should be absolutely non-partizan and should treat the subject solely in accordance with the needs of business and labor interests of the country.

Not a Political Issue.

In the judgment of Senator Cullom the time has come to eliminate the tariff from politics and to make it what it should be—a practical business proposition. He has no sympathy with the view of the "standpatters" that the tariff is like an endless chain and that the modification of one schedule necessitates the remodeling of the entire system.

What he wants is a law which will enable a change in a particular schedule, either increase or decrease, as the interests of working people require.

Senator Cullom feels that if any action at all is had on the tariff it should be taken long before a presidential election and thus eliminate the subject from a political campaign. He suggests the advisability of President Roosevelt calling an extra session next spring. When the president returns from Panama Senator Cullom probably will talk to him along this line.

MOUNT CULEBRA QUIET.

Denver, Nov. 12.—The Associated Press correspondent, who went to Stonewall, N. M., to investigate the report that Mount Culebra was in a state of eruption, wires that the report is untrue; that the smoke issuing apparently from the summit of the peak really comes from burning timber on the New Mexico side of the mountain.

Syracuse, N. Y., Nov. 12.—Some time last evening a sneak thief entered the residence of Robert Dey on James street, the most fashionable residence thorofare of the city, and looted a jewelbox of diamonds and jewelry, valued at $8,000. The most valuable article taken is a diamond necklace containing sixty-four stones, valued at $3,000.

COME TO MINNEAPOLIS

Practically One Fare November 17th — ROUND TRIP RATE to Minneapolis, from N. W. Points, account Carlisle vs. U. of M. Football Game. Good going Nov. 15, 16 and 17, Returning 19th. | Ask R. R. Agents for Particulars.

THEY SHOULD BE SEPARATED.
The Policeman—This spooning in the park ought to be prohibited by law.