

SCOURGES SMITH, MORMONS' CHIEF

Senator Burrows Flays Utah Cult in Speech Against Smoot.

Amazing Defiance of Law Countenanced by Church.

A Reasonable Oath Taken by the Senator He Declares.

TREASONABLE OATH TAKEN BY SMOOT?

The following is the oath which Senator Burrows says Smoot took and which, he charges, amounts to treason: YOU AND EACH OF YOU DO COVENANT AND PROMISE THAT YOU WILL PRAY AND NEVER CEASE TO PRAY...

By W. W. Jermans, Colorado Building, Washington, D. C.

Washington, Dec. 11.—"Mr. President," boomed the voice of Senator Burrows of Michigan, through the chamber today, "the committee on privileges and elections was astounded to hear from this head of the church itself, not only that he believed in the rightfulness of polygamy as an abstract principle, but that he himself was daily exemplifying his belief by living in open and notorious polygamy in the capital city of the great state of Utah, and had been ever since the manifesto, and more than that, he proposed to continue the practice so long as he pleased, defiantly asserting that 'the congress of the United States had no business with my private conduct.' We were amazed to learn from this head saint and seer, this prophet and revelator, this mouthpiece of God, this shepherd of a patient and suffering flock, this convicted and unrepentant offender in the eyes of the law, whose faith and honor had been hypothecated for himself and his followers for the observance of the law, confess that he was now living with five women as his wives, and that he had been since 1890, in open defiance of the laws of man and God, and had had forty-two children, eleven of whom had been born to him since the manifesto.

Now Has Forty-three Children. "Mr. President, if the press is to be credited, this number has been augmented during the last year to forty-three, and who can doubt the right of the representative of the hierarchy to a seat in this body, we can imagine its saintly head sitting in the home of his fifth plural wife, rocking the cradle of the latest divine offspring, and with sanctimonious air singing the familiar hymn of his church: Now the gentle earth is o'er, Darkness covers all no more, Now's the day of Israel."

Senator Burrows was making the effort of his life. For the first time since he entered the senate in 1895 he was making a speech to attract attention through the country. He made all he could of his opportunity. As prosecuting attorney in the trial of Reed Smoot of Utah as to his right to a seat in the senate, Senator Burrows had the credit of the latest illustration of what he was doing when he made the high personal remarks about the head of the Mormon church as quoted.

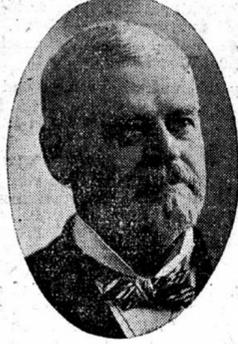
Demands Smoot's Expulsion. Senator Burrows asked the senate to expel Smoot, but not on the ground that he is a polygamist. He conceded that Smoot is not one. But he desired a seat in the United States senate because he is one of the twelve apostles of the Utah branch of the Mormon church, and in that capacity charged with the religious obligations of such a treasonable character as to make it impossible for him to honor his oath of office and support the constitution of the United States.

He went thru the history of the Mormon church for the purpose of demonstrating that the Mormon church as at first organized, and as still conducted everywhere, save in Utah, is a worthy institution, but that the Utah Mormons are only a degenerate offshoot, bound by oath to rebellion and treason against the government of the United States, and wantonly violating and defying the laws of the country. Smoot, as one of the twelve apostles of the Utah Mormon church and therefore one of the highest governing body of that church, was accused of necessary supporting the church in all its iniquities, and therefore unfit to sit in the senate of the United States.

Five Apostles Polygamists. President Harrison, and President Cleveland also (not to be outbid by a republican president for the Mormon vote), issued a manifesto granting complete amnesty to all Mormons who would agree to abstain from polygamy; but Senator Burrows charged that not only the president of the church, Joseph Smith, but practically all the apostles except Smoot had violated the terms of the amnesty, and that five of the apostles had even taken additional wives since the amnesty was granted, and that Smoot, as one of the apostles, must have known of this and given it his support.

"When the manifesto was issued," said Senator Burrows, "it was given out in interviews with the heads of the Mormon church that the manifesto

HE FLAYS MORMONISM



SENATOR JULIUS C. BURROWS, Who Today Addressed a Scathing Attack on Mormonism to the Senate, Urging the Unseating of Senator Reed Smoot of Utah.

MRS. STORER SAYS STORY IS GARBLED

Takes Exception to "Created Roosevelt" Interview—Bellamy Storer Talks More.

Cincinnati, Dec. 11.—A remarkable interview published here today credited Mrs. Bellamy Storer with the statement that she and her husband "created Roosevelt." Mrs. Storer today said that while she had seen newspaper women last night and had said some of the things credited to her, the report as published gave an entirely different complexion to everything said and that undue prominence had been given to incidents related during the interview which she had denied that such an interview had been given. She said that no incorrect and garbled report had been published that she did not give her views or statements and she did not want it to be considered as coming from her. Beyond this she refused to discuss the matter.

According to the interview which Mrs. Storer alludes to, President Roosevelt owes much today to Mr. Storer and herself. In this interview Mrs. Storer is quoted as saying that it was through a personal appeal on her part that President McKinley appointed Mr. Roosevelt assistant secretary of the navy. Mr. Roosevelt was then commander of police in New York, and according to Mrs. Storer, so her interviewer says, Mr. McKinley was strongly opposed to giving Mr. Roosevelt the place in the navy department. According to the same interview, Mrs. Storer quoted a letter of Roosevelt expressing a deep sense of gratitude to Mr. and Mrs. Storer for their kind offers. Furthermore, the interviewer says that Mrs. Storer said: "Before his death as president he had worked hard and had three people working for the election of Archbishop Ireland as cardinal. After his election Roosevelt said he was so afraid the people would find out that he had named all these things and turned against his oldest and best friends. His behavior is most extraordinary. I only wish it were possible to make Roosevelt in his letter spoke of us as important persons that gave him a great deal of annoyance and finally wore out his patience."

The following statement in reply to the letter of President Roosevelt has been issued by Mr. Storer: "My letter to the president and his cabinet was written for the cool, deliberate judgment of men who should be kept informed of the true facts in the conduct of the administration. It was not written for the public nor hurriedly given to the press to anticipate public opinion. It stands, when taken in full, as my statement, and should be taken as an entirety, and, as such, I ask its calm perusal. In itself it is an answer to many things the president has said, but has not said, and has seen hit by newspaper men (apart from any reference to myself) and also to show that my wife's letter to which this was an answer, now spoken of only with a sneer, was considered differently by Mr. Roosevelt at the time it was received."

"Executive Mansion, Washington, Oct. 1.—My Dear Maria: You need never be afraid of writing me or of asking anything, if it is in my power to grant it, I shall do so. If, for any reason, whether political in the narrow or in the larger sense, I cannot, I shall tell you so frankly. Personal reasons can never exist when I do not do anything you say."

"Bellamy was right about its being needless to write me in order to keep me in mind. I think of both of you all the time, and have come over several times possible plans. First, as to the cabinet. It is very unlikely now that I shall change any member of the present cabinet. You have probably seen that I have asked them all to stay. The secretary of war, Root, is one of the very strongest men before the people in our whole party. His Canton speech was the most effective delivered in the campaign last year. His advice is invaluable, not merely in reference to his

FRENCH CHURCH BATTLE IS ON

Papal Nuncio Is Arrested and Will Be Expelled from the Republic.

Clerical Pensions Are to Be Suppressed—Bishops Ordered to Move.

Paris, Dec. 11.—After a meeting of the cabinet ministers today it was announced that on Dec. 14 Premier Clemenceau would ask parliament to suppress the pensions of the clergy to liquidate the public debt, a courier from the papal nunciature at Paris, who has represented the Vatican here since the recall of the papal nuncio.

Mgr. Montagnini was later today arrested upon a charge of extorting money from France and will be conducted to the frontier tonight. The residence of Mgr. Montagnini was searched by the police. Immense quantities of documents were seized. A courier from the papal secretary of state, Cardinal Merry del Val, bearing dispatches from Rome, was turned back at the frontier.

Among the other measures the cabinet proposes to introduce in parliament Dec. 14, a bill authorizing the government to expel ecclesiastics whose presence is considered dangerous to the public peace.

This is a historic day for France. The struggle, which began in 1880 with the banishment of the Jesuits, ended today with the legal rupture of the bond which for practically a thousand years uninterruptedly has united church and state. By the refusal of the required declaration, under the public meeting law of 1881, public Catholic worship, except by schismatic organizations, tomorrow becomes illegal.

Touching Scenes. The scenes in some of the churches were extremely touching. Not in years had there been such an attendance at mass. The number of women was especially large and was noteworthy as indicating the religious indifference of the male population. All the seven-eighths of the inhabitants of this city are nominally Catholics, in no part of the city were the churches crowded. Even at Notre Dame cathedral where a solemn high mass was celebrated, the edifice was only half filled. The officiating clergy read the regular offices for the week as usual, without referring to their illegal status tomorrow. Nevertheless the depression of the Catholics was manifest.

May Avoid Violence. But it is becoming more apparent that both the government officials and higher ecclesiastics are resisting the advice of the temperate. Minister of Public Worship Briand announces that the government "cannot be driven into the trap of closing the churches," and Cardinal Richard, archbishop of Paris, has strongly censured the placarding of appeals to the clericals to make violent resistance to the officers of the law. "No violence," he says, "but passive resistance to the unjust law after exhausting all protests at every step. This is the disposition so far as the higher ecclesiastics are concerned, but their followers evidently have no intention to submit and are preparing to assume the role of martyrs, abandon the churches and organize private worship."

MOSES DEAD IN BED

Former Governor of South Carolina Dies in Massachusetts. Winthrop, Mass., Dec. 11.—Former Governor Franklin J. Moses of South Carolina was found dead in bed at his lodging house at Winthrop Beach today, death being caused by apoplexy.

12 NORWEGIANS DROWN

Steam Trawler Sinks in Storm and Crew Is Lost. Christiansand, Norway, Dec. 11.—The steam trawler Forsogset has been sunk in a storm. All of her crew, numbering twelve men, were drowned.

Glenburn, N. D., in Distress Sends an Appeal for Fuel

Glenburn, N. D., Dec. 11. To The Minneapolis Journal—Fuel situation desperate. Not a pound of coal here. Many farmers and townsmen entirely out. Must have 25 cars to afford even temporary relief. Special train must be rushed thru or great suffering will result.

The above appeal came to The Journal today by wire. A similar message was received by the Imperial Elevator company, which has a line house at Glenburn. Steps were at once taken to secure full details of the situation there, which seems to have alarmed the residents of the town.

At the office of the Imperial Elevator company this statement was made: "We were the last dealers at Glenburn to have coal, but this report is a surprise to us."

Glenburn is twenty-four miles north of Granville on the Sherwood branch of the Great Northern. In case conditions are as reported fuel supplies will be sent by special train as asked.

D. L. Raymond, manager of the Acme Elevator company, also operating at Glenburn, has full confirmation of the situation there. He says his company has been trying to get coal in there since last October, without success.

ACID WAS BOUGHT ON SHEA'S ORDER

Witness Says Teamsters' President Planned Missiles to Be Thrown at Horses.

Chicago, Dec. 11.—Michael Kelly, formerly business agent of the Market Drivers' union, and now a member of the police force, was a witness in the trial of Cornelius P. Shea today.

The witness said that in pursuance of orders received from President Shea he had purchased acid which was placed in egg shells to be thrown at the horses of Montgomery Ward & Co. He also said that he heard Steve Sumner of the Milk Wagon Drivers' union tell his men to fill their pockets with stones with which they should "knock the scabs off the wagons."

MARKET AMERICAN TEA

Southern Growers Begin Selling Their First Crop. Charleston, S. C., Dec. 11.—Marketing was begun today of the first crop of American tea grown on a commercial scale. Twelve thousand pounds have been raised on a plantation in Colleton county, a few miles from Charleston. For several years tea has been marketed from Pinehurst, the governmental experiment garden at Summerville, but the product marketed today is the first of a purely commercial venture. The output next year promises to be very large.

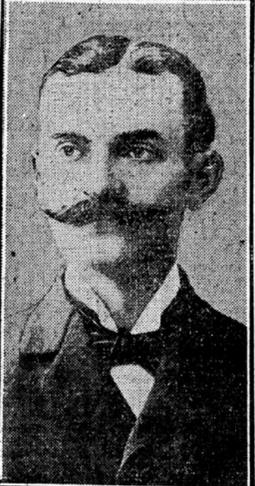
MOTHER'S GEEA WINS DAY

Causes Postponement of Chester Gillette's Advent into Death House. Herkimer, N. Y., Dec. 11.—His mother's plea for time to talk with her boy has saved Chester E. Gillette, the murderer of Grace Brown, from at least one day in the deathhouse in Auburn prison. It had been planned to remove Gillette from the county jail here today, but the sheriff finally consented to postpone the transfer until tomorrow or later.

SENATOR BROWN MAY LIVE

Utah Man, Shot by Woman, Rallies and Chances Are Good. Washington, Dec. 11.—The remarkable fortitude and vitality shown by former Senator Brown of Utah, who was shot by Mrs. Anna M. Bradley last Saturday, led the physicians at the emergency hospital today to believe that his chances for recovery are good should no complications set in.

MINNESOTAN GOES UP



JOHN W. RIDDLE, Minnesota Man Who Will Be the Next Ambassador of the United States to Russia, the Embassy of Which He Was Once the Secretary.

BIRDSONG JURY DISAGREES

Triers of Southern Woman Are Sent Back for Further Consideration. Hazelhurst, Miss., Dec. 11.—The jury in the Birdsong trial, after having been out seventeen hours, today asked the judge to discharge them, as they could not agree, but they were sent back for further consideration. Just how the jury stands was not definitely learned, a statement that it was 11 to 1 for acquittal was not verified. Mrs. Birdsong killed Dr. Butler for alleged defamation of her character.

NO RECEPTION FOR HAAKON

Berlin Has Economical Streak and Won't Provide Funds. Special to The Journal. Christiania, Dec. 11.—Norwegians are surprised and not a little displeased by news which comes today from Berlin that that city will not give King Haakon the honors usually paid to visiting monarchs. Berlin, dispatches say, will receive the Norwegian king at Brauvorging gate and will not provide an elaborate official welcome as customary. This is not because of a desire to slight King Haakon, it is declared, but because the municipal authorities have decided that receptions to visiting monarchs are too expensive. Their excuse is an unofficial report which shows that Berlin spent a million marks in entertaining royal monarchs in the ten years ending 1905. This year, the city fathers say, must stop.

BISHOP MCCABE STRICKEN

Noted Methodist Falls in Philadelphia Street—Condition Not Serious. New York, Dec. 11.—Bishop McCabe of Philadelphia, of the Methodist Episcopal church, was stricken with apoplexy at Twenty-third street and Thirteenth avenue today. He was taken to New York hospital. Bishop McCabe was walking along Twenty-third street on the way to the Pennsylvania railway ferry when he was stricken. He turned to a group of men standing on the corner and asked them to assist him, just as he fell. It was reported from the hospital this afternoon that Bishop McCabe is resting comfortably and that his condition is not regarded as serious.

CHARGE THEFT TO SHRINER

Embezzlement of \$7,614 of Order's Funds Charged to K. C. Recorder. Kansas City, Dec. 11.—Harry S. Allen was arrested here today on information sworn out by members of Ararat Temple, Ancient Order of Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, charging him with the embezzlement of \$7,614 as recorder. Mr. Allen, who is a prominent business man, has held the office of recorder for three terms and is known to Shriners throughout the country. He was arraigned before a Justice of the peace, pleaded not guilty and was released on bond of \$4,000, furnished by friends. Mr. Allen's preliminary hearing was set for Dec. 15.

HALE'S NAME IN SENATE

Minneapolis' Postmaster Is Renominated for Reappointment by President. Washington, Dec. 11.—The president today sent to the senate the following nominations: Commissioner of Corporations—Herbert Knox Smith, Connecticut; Be Rear Admiral on Retired List—Franklin J. Drake. Postmasters—Minnesota, W. D. Hale, Minneapolis; A. O. Lee, New Richmond; F. H. Kroatka, Thief River Falls.

SCHOOLBOY SHOOTS FATHER

Forced to Study, 16-Year-Old Fatally Wounds Parent. New York, Dec. 11.—Because his father had kept him in the grammar schools while the boy was older and larger than others in that grade, and whipped him when he failed in his lessons, William Weedon, aged 16 years, today shot and probably fatally wounded his father, John Weedon, in the face and neck, at their home in Glendale, L. I. The boy was arrested.

THREE DAYS AND NIGHTS ON A ROCK

Survivors of the Shipwrecked Monarch Reach Port Arthur—One Man Dead.

Fort William, Ont., Dec. 11.—After spending three days and nights on a rock in the middle of Lake Superior without food and without shelter from the zero weather, forty-one persons, the survivors of the steamer Monarch, reached Port Arthur last night on the tug Whalen. One man, James Jacques of Port Edward, a watchman, was drowned. Many of the survivors are more or less frozen about the hands and feet, but none of them is in a dangerous condition.

The wreck occurred at 9 o'clock Thursday night. The compass was frozen and a heavy sea was rocking with the night very dark and the Monarch struck the reef bow on. One hour later the stern was completely under water. Charles H. Elton, a deckhand, was lowered on a line to the rock. He moved the vessel fast to a tree, and the crew came ashore on the line hand-over-hand. The passengers followed the crew.

On the rock no shelter could be found except a windbreak, made up of brush. The survivors were without food until Sunday when a bag of flour was washed ashore from the wreck. The light-house keeper made an unsuccessful attempt to reach the rock. Jacques was drowned while trying to enter the yawl from the steamer.

SWORE HE'D SHOOT WIFE LIKE A DOG

Henry Sussman Accused by Young Sister-in-Law of Threatening Murder.

RIGGS-ELLISON CASE FIRED HIM, SHE SAYS

Sussman Tried to Gain Possession of Marriage Certificate, Is Testimony.

Yesterday's late proceedings in Sussman trial on page 8. "I'll shoot you like a dog!" he said. This startling evidence against Henry M. Sussman, who is on trial for the murder of his wife, Fannie Sussman, was given today by Miss Rose Mesinger, or Messenger of the family, usually known. She is a sister of the murdered woman, and being only two years younger, was more of a companion to her than were the other members of the family. Moreover, she is an intelligent young woman and gave her evidence in a clear-cut, convincing manner.

Two notable facts bearing upon the crime were brought out for the first time by this witness—the attempt of Henry Sussman to secure possession of the marriage certificate, and a threat to take his wife's life after reading the headlines in the newspaper account of the Riggs-Elison case.

"Look here Fannie! Have you seen this? That's just what I am going to do to you! I am going to shoot you like a dog!"

These words uttered in a cruel, menacing tone at the Masinger home in the presence of the members of the family, filled them with fear and anxiety for the safety of the daughter, Fannie. The efforts to secure possession of the marriage certificate were repeated several times, to the knowledge of Rose Masinger, and Henry Sussman was finally supplied with a copy, which he destroyed with some satisfaction.

Another important circumstance was the visit of Fannie Sussman to the Sussman home at Hazelhurst, where she upbraided Henry for not visiting her for a week. The two had been married only a few days.

Surprises from McGhee. Two surprises were sprung on the state today by the defense when Mrs. Masinger, mother of the victim, was on the stand. One was the admission by Mrs. Masinger that her daughter had been an inmate of the state training or reform school at Red Wing, from which she was released about two years before her death. The other was an intimation by Attorney McGhee that Mrs. Masinger had been prosecuted for terrorizing her neighborhood with a revolver. Mrs. Masinger stoutly denied the charge.

The crowd is as big as the court room will permit. Scores are turned away from every session. It is a heated, crowded and does not make itself obnoxious as is frequently the case.

Sussman is pale and serious. While not exactly nervous or worried, he is sunken faced, thoughtful and grows more serious as the state develops its case. He is surrounded by a whole bevy of women. Beside his two sisters-in-law, there are four other women in daily attendance as members of the Sussman party. They are understood to be witnesses for the defense.

Mother a Witness. Mrs. Adolph Masinger, or Messenger, as the family is sometimes known, was the first witness in the Sussman murder trial today. She is the mother of the young woman who married Henry M. Sussman and for whose death he is now on trial for his life.

Mrs. Masinger has been one of the pathetic figures at the trial as she has sat bowed with grief and heavily veiled in black.

On account of the absence of various indispensable persons the trial, which was adjourned until 9:30 this morning, was not begun until 9:45.

Mrs. Mesinger testified that she had known Henry Sussman for several years. Fannie had gone to school with Henry at the Summer school and later at the Blaine school. She knew nothing of the marriage of Fannie and Henry in March 1905, until Fannie returned from a three-days absence and informed her. Henry appeared a week later and remained three days.

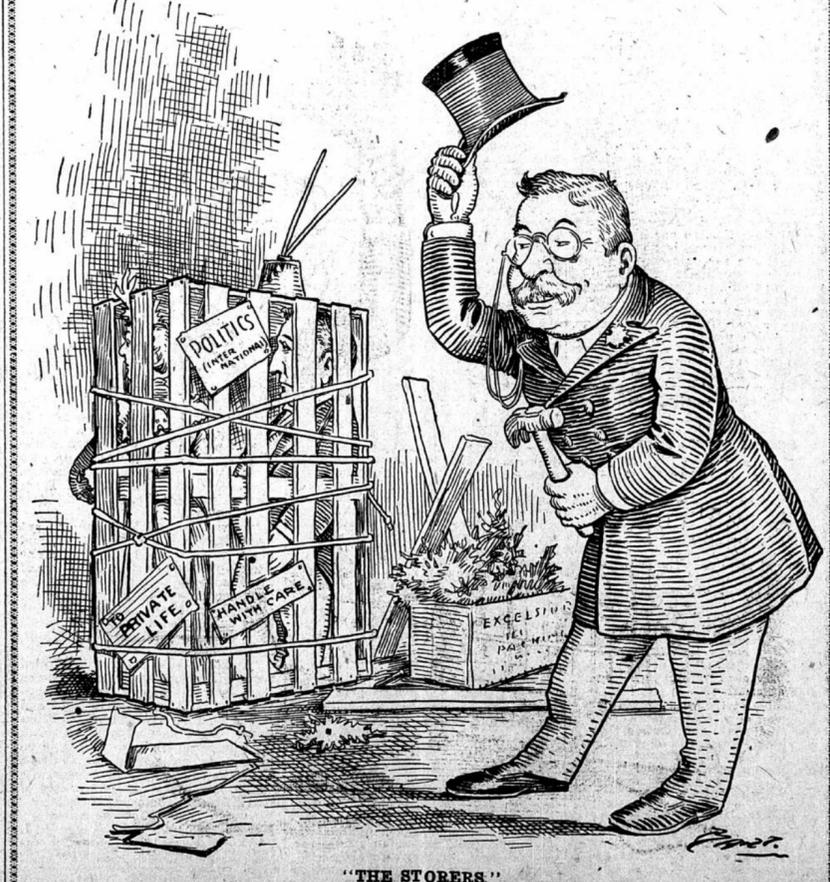
Sussman Left Home. During the three days at their home the young people appeared to be on friendly terms. Then he left without telling why or where. He was gone then about a year. Mrs. Masinger had no information during his absence as to his whereabouts. One day Fannie and her sister Rose went to the home of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Sussman and on the return Fannie read a letter from Henry to his brother Joseph and Mrs. Masinger was not permitted to testify as to the contents of the letter threatening the lives of Fannie and her parents, as she had not personally read it.

Henry Sussman came to the Masinger home last April and remained there about seven weeks. It was his custom to leave the house in the morning and return in the evening, sometimes very late and under the influence of liquor, she said. All this time Fannie was working every day. He was constantly asking because Fannie was constantly asking for money. Two weeks afterward Henry was arrested for non-support, the witness being Fannie Sussman and Mrs. Masinger. He was sentenced to the workhouse.

In a Wisconsin Jail. "About two weeks before the murder of Henry came to our house," testified Mrs. Masinger, "and said that he had been in jail in Wisconsin. He said that he was charged with forging Clara Singer's name to a check. Henry said that he wanted Fannie to go with him to Wisconsin and testify that Clara Singer had urged him to forge the check. He persisted in urging Fannie to give the testimony he desired, but she would not promise him."

That evening Fannie left the house with a friend who had called. Henry went after her and Mrs. Masinger also followed. Fannie and Henry engaged in conversation at Sixth avenue N. and Girard avenue, while Mrs. Masinger talked with her daughter's companion, Fannie and Henry separated and a little later Mr. Masinger joined Henry.

Continued on 7th Page, 4th Column.



"THE STORERS." "The Woman in the Case"—A closed incident.

Continued on 2d Page, 3d Column.

Continued on 2d Page, 2d Column.