City News

THE WEATHER

The Predictions.

Minnesota—Fair in north, probably snow in south portion tonight; warmer in south portion tonight; Sunday, probably fair and colder.

Upper Michigan—Fair tonight; Sunday, snow; colder Sunday.

Wisconsin—Cloudy weather, with rain or snow in south portion tonight; Sunday, snow; warmer tonight in south portion; colder Sunday in north portion.

Iowa—Rain or snow tonight and Sunday; warmer tonight; colder Sunday.

North Dakota—Fair and colder tonight; Sunday, fair; warmer in west portion.

South Dakota—Rain or snow tonight or Sunday; colder.

Montana—Rain or snow tonight; colder in east portion tonight; Sunday, generally fair and colder.

Weather Conditions.

The pressure has risen over the country east of the Mississippi river, except in the southeastern states, and also in Saskatchewan and Manitoba. Precipitation has occurred during the last twenty-four hours in portions of the Ohio valley, in the southeastern states, in Kansas, Nebraska, New Mexico, Arizona, Utah, Nevada and southern California; it has also occurred in the north Pacific coast region, and snow is falling this morning at Edmonton. An area of low pressure now central over Kansas is attended by much warmer weather and rain in its northeastward course, and rain or snow and warmer weather may be expected in this vicinity tonight, with probably fair weather and colder Sunday, as the wind changes to northwest upon a rising pressure.

—Charles A. Hyle, Observer,
Temporarily in Charge.

Weather Now and Then.

Today, maximum 39, minimum 26 degrees; a year ago, maximum 20, minimum 9 degrees.

AROUND THE TOWN

Saloon Man Closes for Good.—Charles V. Lowrey, a Minneapolis saloonkeeper, has filed a voluntary bankruptcy petition in the United States district court, listing debts amounting to $3,992.95, and assets at $100, which he claims are exempt.

Lund-Elwell Case.—Argument in a petition for a retrial of the cases of J. F. Elwell against John G. Lund was heard today before Judge Dickinson. Mr. Lund, thru his attorney, asserts that errors were permitted to creep into the cases which should warrant new trials.

Plumber Is Bankrupt.—Oscar J. Halversen, a plumber, has filed a voluntary bankruptcy petition because he is unable to pay for supplies which appear to have been ordered in contemplation of a heavy winter's work following up a certain vandal, one J. Frost by name. He lists debts amounting to $3,005.87 and assets at $1,760. Of the last $600 is claimed as exempt.

More Minneapolis Territory.—When the seed and other business opens in the spring the Minneapolis dealers will find a new territory in South Dakota open to them. Work is being pushed rapidly on the Pierre and Rapid City extension of the North-Western railway, and the local railway mail office is confident that it will soon be able to give regular service from Pierre to Midland. This will give better postal facilities to a large and prosperous section.

NECROLOGIC

SUSIE SCOTT MILLER—wife of Harry W. Miller, died Friday at the family residence, 3033 Grand avenue, aged 35 years. She leaves her husband and three children. For the last two and a half years Mrs. Miller had been afflicted with a spinal affection for the cure of which there appeared to be little hope, yet with a patience and fortitude which was the admiration of her friends and the wonder of her physicians she struggled against the disease and by sheer pluck prolonged her life. The funeral will take place at the residence Monday at 2:30 pm. Interment will be at Lakewood cemetery.

JOHN HARRIS, former jailer at the St. Paul Central police station and deputy sheriff, died at the Soldiers' Home yesterday, age 55 years. He had been a resident of St. Paul twenty-seven years. The funeral will take place Monday.

A Lot Without a Tax.

For all time no tax to pay on a lot in Crystal Lake cemetery. Secure it now on partial payments.

TWO MEN WANTED

Minneapolis Police Asked to Find Long Absent Brown and Smith.

Two requests were made to Police Superintendent Doyle by letter today to find men, who have been absent from their homes for years.

Nevil Brown of Mercer, Mo., wants his son to return to him, as he is getting old and fears he will not live long. He says his son was las theard from in Minneapolis.

Richard Smith of Brands Benton postoffice, Hull City, Yorkshire, England, wants to find his brother John Smith, who has been away from home for many years.

NICOLLET LOT SOLD

Property Changes Hands on Basis of $2,000 Front Foot.

Edmund G. Walton has sold forty-one feet of property on Nicollet avenue, No. 810-812, to Edward J. O'Brien & Co., which firm was already owner of No. 808. This gives a total of sixty-three feet, which has been leased for ninety-nine years on a basis of $2,000 a front foot to interests which will erect a four-story building to replace the wooden structures standing on the property. This is reported as the highest valuation for inside Nicollet avenue property between Eighth and Ninth streets.

GUN BARGAINS SCARCE

State Game Warden Sells Outfits Confiscated from Poachers.

Samuel F. Fullerton, state game and fish warden, today held a public auction at the capitol of firearms and weapons which had been seized by deputy wardens for illegal hunting.

Some thirty bidders were present expecting to get bargains. They bid with considerable enthusiasm, but there was hardly a weapon purchased worth the price paid.

There were twenty-one guns sold, at prices ranging from $2.50 to $15. Two knives and two hatchets went at nominal figures. The guns were all old patterns.

NEW BANKS AUTHORIZED.

Two new banks were given certificates of authorization today by the state public examiner. One was the Louisburg State bank of Louisburg, with $10,000 capital; president, P. G. Jacobson of Madison; vice president, Ole Anderson of Louisburg; cashier, Ludwig M. Larson of Louisburg. The second bank authorized was the Security State bank of Maple Lake, $10,000 capital; president, Albert Westrup; vice president, John Welton; cashier, Daniel Flaherty, all of Maple Lake.

MINORITY WANTS TO RUN THINGS

DEMOCRATS PLOT AGAINST NELSON AND L. H. JOHNSON.

Comic Opera Politics Being Indulged in Among Legislators — Republicans Treat Propositions as Good Jokes—Senatorial Caucus Call Being Generally Signed.

The democratic tail is trying to wag the republican legislature.

Two propositions to disrupt the republican majority have already been made, and a democratic plot is apparently being concocted with great care. The effort is being treated as a joke among most of the republican members, and is not likely to assume a serious phase.

Members suspected of being lukewarm toward Senator Nelson have been approached by democrats with the suggestion to bring J. L. Jacobson out as a candidate for the senate. It is represented that the thirty-three democrats are all ready to vote for Jacobson, so if about sixty republicans will stay out of the republican caucus and join the democrats, they can elect Jacobson.

Want a Democratic Speaker.

The other scheme involves control of the house organization. It is said to be fostered by some republican members, who are dissatisfied with Lawrence Johnson's selection as speaker, and afraid he will not give them proper recognition. The democrats want these malcontents to join them and elect Dr. J. H. Dorsey of Glencoe speaker. He is a democrat serving his four term and popular. The prospects of fourteen democrats winning the speakership in a house with 102 republican members is audacious enough to make a good joke, and it is so treated among members gathered in St. Paul.

Senatorial Caucus Call.

The call for the republican senatorial caucus is ont. The caucus is to meet in the housechamber Jan. 8, at 7:30 p.m. The call was started in Hennepin, showing a different state of affairs from two years ago, when the Hennepin delegation ignored the caucus entirely. The call was signed Thursday by seventeen of the nineteen republicans of the Hennepin delegation. Representatives Stokes and Murphy were out of town. It was circulated in St. Paul yesterday, signed by several of the Ramsey delegation and by all who were in from the rural districts. At noon today it had thirty-eight signatures, and the rest will be secured next week as fast as the members come in. No one is refusing to sign it. Those especially active in circulating the call are Senator Cooke of Wabasha, Representatives Wells of Wilkin, Gates of Blue Earth, and Wood of Wright. Those signing the call, will of course, be bound by the caucus.

The house organization caucus will be held Jan. 7. It is probable that the steering committee will get together by the last of next week and parcel out the minor places. There are a host of candidates among them, at least a dozen ministers, who want to be chaplain.

"Hoff's" Sale Is On, "Togs" Go.
"Everything Goes." Cut Prices.
"Everything to Wear."
Hoffman's Toggery Shops.

MINNEAPOLIS MUST HAVE "U" HOSPITAL

St. Paul will not be allowed to walk away with the proposed new state university hospital, as planned at the coming session of the legislature. St. Paul has offered a free site, but plans are now under way for a similar offer from Minnesota, and in view of the fact that the university administration and all departments are here, it is believed the new hospital will be erected in Minneapolis.

Minneapolis physicians and hundreds of friends of the university are behind the movement and have placed it in the hands of the Commercial club public affairs committee, urging cooperation. The committee discussed the subject at length at a special meeting yesterday and will be ready with a proposition when the matter comes before the legislature.

DOCKERY OUT; IN AGAIN

Notorious Minnesota Prisoner Is Wanted in South Dakota.

Special to The Journal.

Stillwater, Minn., Dec. 29.—William Dockery, once a member of the notorious Dockery gang of thieves and holdups in the twin cities, was released from prison today and immediately turned over to two officers from Sioux Falls, S. D., where he is wanted on a grand larceny charge. He was sentenced in 1898 to the St. Cloud reformatory and was committed to the state penitentiary for incorrigibility.

Warden Wolfer has not yet determined upon a sucessor to the late Deputy Warden Glennon. Assistant Deputy McColligan has been acting deputy for some time and will continue in that capacity until a new man is appointed.

Joseph Nieman, one of the pioneers, died last night at his home near this city. He was 74 and leaves a wife and four grown children.

OFFICIALS ARE PROMOTED

Pattee and Strouse Step Up, in Twin City Rapid Transit Co.

In a circular issed today, Vice President C. G. Goodrich of the Twin City Rapid Transit company announces the appointment of Edward S. Pattee as controller, in addition to his present duties as secretary, and D. J. Strouse as auditor of the company, to take effect Jan. 1.

With the exception of an absence of two years, from 1898 to 1900, Mr. Pattee has been with the company for fifteen years, having begun employment as clerk in the storehouse and worked up thru the various accounting departments. In 1903 he was appointed auditor, and in 1904 was elected secretary.

Mr. Strouse has been Mr. Pattee's assistant in the auditing department for four years.

CHRISTMAS IN SAWMILL

Gift Distribution Among Shevlin-Carpenter Employees.

Today was Christmas at the Shevlin-Carpenter sawmill, where there was a distribution of gifts that fairly took the men's breath away. Employees who had been in the service for ten years were remembered with checks for $25 each, while those of fifteen years' or more employment received $50 apiece. Inasmuch as the staff of workers in the mill has changed little in ten years, this distribution reached practically every man.

At the noon hour the men took a hand in the game themselves, and J. T. McGrath, as their spokesman, presented a handsome gold watch to Louis Bergland, the superintendent, who is soon to go into business for himself. The me nalso adopted hearty resolutions thanking the company for the Santa Claus checks.

WAR ON TROLLEY TO BIRCH BLUFF

PROPERTY OWNERS TO OPPOSE CONDEMNATION PROCEEDINGS.

Street Railway Company Begins Action to Secure Right of Way from Excelsior to Upper Lake Minnetonka—Trolley Cars Will Carry Freight and Baggage.

Confirmation of The Journal's announcement some weeks ago that the street railway company would next spring extend its Lake Minnetonka trolley line to the upper lake came today when confirmation proceedings were filed in the district court against owners of fifty-seven tracts of land lying between Excelsior and Birch Bluff, on the upper lake. The distance between the two places is two miles.

The effort to secure the right of way to the upper lake will be resisted by some of the land owners, who have already engaged attorneys to contest the condemnation proceedings. Among the land owners who oppose the extension of the trolley to the upper lake and who will enter into a legal fight with the streetcar company are L. S. Gillette, John R. Wilcox, the Manitou Forest syndicate and the L. S. Gillette company.

According to the plans of the trolley company, Birch Bluff is to be made the upper lake terminal, and steamer service for the upper lake will be handled from that point, thus avoiding the long trip to Excelsior under the present arrangement. In their petition for the appointment of commissioners who will assess the value of the land which the company seeks to condemn, it is announced that the line to Birch Bluff will shorten the trip of upper lake residents to the city by a period of twenty-five minutes. The lake suburbs which will benefit most from the extension of the line are Tonka Bay, Mound, Zumbra Heights, Spring Park and Wildhurst. It is proposed to run a line parallel to the present Minneapolis & St. Louis railroad tracks from Excelsior to Manitou Junction, and then to build a branch to Birch Bluff. A line running to Tonka Bay is also contemplated. Much of the land necessary for this improvement has been bought at private sale, but fifty-seven tracts could not be secured by the company and it is against the landowners who have refused to sell that the action begun today is aimed.

The trolley company announces, too, that it will install express and freight facilities in connection with the Tonka lines. The company announces that it intends, when it can conveniently do so, to transfer baggage and freight, as a common carrier, over its Minnetonka lines. This announcement, in the condemnation proceedings is taken by Deephaven people as having a bearing on their assertion that the company is not now a common carrier of freight and the decision in the Deephaven case, which was tried before Judge Brown in the attempt to restrain the company from operating in the village without a franchise from the village corporation, will be eagerly awaited. If the contention of the villagers that the line is not a common carrier of freight is approved, the case is expected to figure in the fight of the property owners against the extension of the suburban line to Birch Bluff.

Know laundry perfection. Collars 1c. The Palace Clothing House Laundry.

SPEAKS FOR ALL GAME

S. F. Fullerton Answers Tawney on Federal Protection of Fish.

Samuel F. Fullerton, executive agent of the state game and fish commission, has issued a letter in reply to the interview given out by Congressman J. A. Tawney in which he scouted the idea of federal protection of fish and game. Answering Mr. Tawney's insinuation that the tendency of such a law would be to shift responsibility for state matters to the federal government, Mr. Fullerton says:

"While Minnesota has occupied an advanced position prohibiting spring shooting, states around us allow it, thereby nullifying to a large degree our efforts to protect. The same might be said of fish. The states propagate millions of fish and the United States fish commission pours annually hundreds of millions of young fry into the waters of the great lakes and our interstate waters.

"But the great difficulty is that the states, whose duty it is to protect these fish, utterly fail. One state has one set of laws and the others have different sets. No two states have the same closed season, tho all fish should be protected at their spawning time. Here is one instance where congress can step in and take charge of the work, for here the states have not 'made good.'

"Minnesota is more interested than any other state in a federal law prohibiting spring shooting in all the states. Minnesota, with her ten thousand lakes, would be a paradise as a breeding ground for ducks, geese and all aquatic fowl.

"In all, over five thousand miles of a watercourse form the boundary between Minnesota, her sister states and Canada, and most of that water filled with the choicest of fish, the greatest the world produces. It seems to me that it is the duty of each congressman and senator who represents Minnesota in the national capital today to work for the federal lay that is now being prepared by the Hon. George Shiras of Illinois, former congressman from Pennsylvania. It would add millions of dollars to Minnesota's resources, because Minnesota's fish alone, in inland lakes and interstates and international waters, are one of the biggest assets that she has today, and if preserved will keep on growing greater every year."

NEW BUILDING PLANNED

Fifty-foot Frontage Is Secured on Tenth Street for Structure.

Thru purchase of ten feet of property on Tenth street from Mrs. E. C. Gale, the Minneapolis Dye House obtains enough land to make a fifty-foot-front site for a new main building which will be erected in the spring. Gross Brothers, the proprietors, owned the Allport property in the rear of the land which Mrs. Gale has just bought from L. Christian, between Nicollet and First avenue S. They secured a ten-foot strip additional and are now planning a six-story structure as a headquarters for the firm, which now has dye houses at 522 Nicollet avenue and 1012-14 Fifth street S.

A deed has been filed transferring the First avenue property which has been occupied by the Salvation Army, to the organization for $16,500.

FOOD COMMISSIONER EXPLAINS.

E. K. Slater, state dairy and food commissioner, says the newspapers have been getting things mixed in announcements of appointments in his department. He says W. G. Graham of Long Prairie, an inspector, has never been billed to go as was announced. He further announces that J. G. Winkjer of Crookston, inspector, is to be reappointed.

It is possible an order may be issued by the authorities in St. Paul ordering that all dogs be muzzled. This is because of seven dogs having been found recently suffering with rabies. These animals are believed to have bitten a number of others before they were killed.

ATTORNEY MANAHAN GETS HIS QUIETUS

RAILWAY COMMISSION VOTES TO BAR HIM OUT.

Resolution Disqualifying Shippers' Association's Advocate from Practicing Before Board Recites Wherein He Has Given Offense—Claimed that He Obstructs Business of Board.

The state railroad commission has debarred James A. Manahan, attorney for the Minnesota Shippers' association, from further practice before the commission. This action was taken some time ago, but was not announced. The commission has no right to punish an attorney for contempt, but it has a right to refuse to permit an attorney to practice before it, and that is the course taken, the following being the resolution adopted:

"Whereas, Mr. James Manahan of St. Paul, Minn., an attorney-at-law duly licensed to practice in the courts of the state of Minnesota, has heretofore been permitted to and has appeared before this commission in his professional capacity, and in the course of his practice before this commission has been guilty repeatedly of grossly unprofessional, insulting and boisterous conduct and repeatedly has insulted and assailed the commission, and, in like manner, in the presence and during the session of this commission repeatedly tried to intimidate the commission in the performance of their duties and has assailed other departments of the state government including the chief executive; and

"Whereas, By such gross misconduct, stubbornly persisted in, notwithstanding the repeated warnings of the chairman, said Manahan has shown not only his inability to be of assistance to this commission, but on the contrary has repeatedly interfered with the proper order and regulation of its proceedings, hindering, interrupting and delaying its dispatch of public business, and it having become absolutely necessary and requisite for the proper order and regulation of the proceedings of this commission in such a manner as will best conduce to the proper dispatch of its business that the said Manahan be barred and excluded from further practicing or appearing before this commission; and

"Whereas, Altho this commission has welcomed at all times, and still cordially invites, the participation in its proceedings of any and all persons who can be and are of assistance in giving of information, or otherwise, it cannot in justice to iself its members, or the public and consistently with the proper performance of its duties, tolerate the continued hindrance, interruption and delay of its proceedings by any person who, instead of being an assistance, is a positive detriment and an actual and substantial interference with the proper transaction of the public business.

"Now Therefore Be It Resolved and It Is Hereby Ordered by the railroad and warehouse commission of the state of Minnesota that until the further order of this commission the said James Manahan, Esq., attorney-at-law as aforesaid, be and he is hereby excluded and barred from practicing in any manner or to any extent as an attorney-at-law in any actions or proceedings had by or on behalf of or before this commission."

Your laundry ideals attained. Shirts 10c. Palace Clothing House Laundry.

BROWN TALKS BUSINESS

CITY CONTROLLER CALLS ATTENTION OF COUNCIL TO CONDITION OF REVOLVING FUND.

Dan C. Brown, city controller, has indited a communication to the city council in which he informs the aldermen of the condition of the revolving fund and gives some advice as to what might be done in order to adopt businesslike methods. What C. S. Hulbert, city treasurer, calls a deficit or shortage in the fund, Mr. Brown speaks of as a "debit cash balance," but the terms are synonymous. The deficit is given as $335,363.04, but particular attention is called to the fact that the amount will be greatly reduced by the settlement of the undistributed taxes and the apportionment due from the permanent improvement fund. These amounts are in the hands of the city treasurer, but on his books are not credited to the revolving fund.

Mr. Brown suggests that the expenditures from the revolving fund for the year 1907 be adjusted and determined by a formal resolution, the amount also to include the city's share of the improvements available from the permanent improvement fund. This action, he says, should be taken prior to the resolutions ordering the work for the coming season and if possible not later than the last meeting in January.

It is also suggested that this course of procedure be established by the passage of an ordinance directing the authorities to follow the system. An ordinance will naturally compel succeeding councils to take the action specified by law.

WARRANT CLERK RESIGNS

W. A. Cowing of State Auditor's Office Will Go Into Business.

W. A. Cowing, warrant clerk in the office of Samuel G. Iverson, state auditor, resigned today to go into business for himself in St. Paul.

For the past twelve years Mr. Cowing has been employed in the state auditor's department. During his service as warrant clerk he has drawn state warrants for an aggregate amount exceeding $100,000,000.

"You can say for me that we are sorry to see Cowing go," said Mr. Iverson to a group of reporters today, "and we all wish him success in his future business."

F. D. Sherman, publisher of the Gray Eagle Gazette, put in an appearance at the auditor's office today. The first of the new year he will fill one of the several clerical vacancies in the department.

PHONE MEN RIDE GOAT

Royal League Institutes a New Council of 102.

The largest charter list ever gotten together by the Royal League was that of the new council, consisting of 102 of the officers and employees of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, which was instituted in Morgan Post hall last night under the name of Blue Bell Council No. 260.

The ceremony was conducted by Supreme Scribe Charles E. Piper of Chicago, assisted by the Minnesota advisory officers. The officers elected: C. A. Warren, archon; T. G. Seymour, post archion; G. F. Hopf, scribe; William Erhardt, collector; C. C. Martin, treasurer; T. G. Seymour, representative to advisory council; C. A. Warren, alternate.

GREAT CONVENTION OF M. E. A. CLOSES

TEACHERS OF MINNESOTA SEEK NEW LAWS TO AID SCHOOLS.

Minimum Salary, Stability of Tenure, and Age Limit Legislation Demanded, With Better Professional Training Required of All Teachers in the State—Juvenile Court Extension Sought.

(Yesterday's late proceedings on Page Five.)

Placing itself on record as asking for new legislation for the betterment of education in Minnesota, the Minnesota Educational association closed today the most important convention in its history. The sessions have proven most interesting and profitable to all who attended and the officers are greatly encouraged over the success of the meeting. The final act was the presentation of a number of resolutions presented by James M. McConnell, chairman of the committee and newly elected president of the asociation. The resolutions are summarized as follows:

"That there should be state inspection of all rural schools receiving special state aid.

"That a minimum salary, stability of tenure and age limit law should be enacted.

"That at least one year of professional training recognized by the state department of public instruction should be required of all teachers in this state.

"That continuous sessions be maintained at each of the state normal schools.

"That the legislature at the next session be requested to make a sufficient appropriation for a building for the college of education and a model school and equipment at the University of Minnesota where teachers for high schools may receive the training so much needed for efficient service.

"That the juvenile court be extended to the entire state; that state truant officers be provided; that adequate provision be made for a school census, in order that enforcement of our compulsory school law may become possible.

"That a memorial be directed thru the secretary to the Minnesota delegation in congress urging their support of a national child labor law.

"That we commend the state labor commissioner for his energetic enforcement of our child labor laws, which has resulted in material reduction of the child labor evil in this state.

"That in this connection the duties and powers of the proposed state truant officers shall include those of the factory inspectors."

Want to Come Again.

Minneapolis has made such a record for hospitality in entertaining the Minnesota Educational association that many members of the association at the closing session of the convention today announced that they hoped that Minneapolis would be made the next meeting place—that they would be pleased to have it made the permanent meeting place. The rooms of the city hall and courthouse are well adapted to meetings of the various sections. The university buildings, always available during the holidays when the association meets, are ideal for the work, and there are plenty of places where the general sessions may be held.

Besides being a pleasant meeting, the present convention has been a record-breaker in every way. The largest registration in the history of the association is shown, more than 2,000 educators registering and paying the membership fee. The convention was secured with some difficulty by the Commercial club, after the association had met for twelve successive years in St. Paul.

The Committee Reports.

Reports of standing committees were favorably acted upon at the closing session today. R. E. Denfeld of Duluth, chairman of the child labor and compulsory education committee, recommended that the age limit in compulsory attendance be raised to 18 years, instead of 16 as at present.

W. W. Charters, Winona, reported for Chairman Julius Boraas, recommending compulsory professional training for rural schoolteachers, and a minimum age limit of 18 years for teachers applying for certificates.

Simplified Spelling O. K.d.

Laughter was evoked when the report on simplified spelling was presented by W. A. Shoemaker of St. Cloud, who recommended the simplified style but clung to the old form for himself. The resolutions follow:

"Inasmuch as we, as practical educators, deprecate the severe trial, the waste of time, and the intellectual injury which our illogical spelling and the process of its mastery entails upon our children; and

"Inasmuch as we, as patriotic citizens, appreciating the supreme importance of intelligent citizenship in our republic, daily see how our intricate spelling handicaps our foreign-born citizens and their children in learning to read our language and to comprehend and take an interest in our newspapers, in our political discussions and our literature, thus hindering them from becoming speedily and truly Americanized, therefore

"Resolved, That we do hereby express our gratification at the creation and wise policy of the simplied spelling board and what it has already accomplished, and we assure it of our earnest co-operation.

"That we heartily approve of the action of President Roosevelt in committing the executive department of our government to the encouragement of this movement to accelerate the simplification of our spelling.

"That we believe, as a matter of true educational policy, that all superintendents and school authorities should not only give the option to pupils and teachers in their school work of using the shorter spellings recommended by the simplified spelling board, but they should encourage their pupils and teachers to use these spellings.

"That our secretary is hereby directed to send a copy of these resolutions to President Roosevelt, to Charles A. Stillings, public printer, to the members of the simplified spelling board, to our educational journals, to the leading textbook publishers, and to twenty of the most prominent newspapers of our state."

MODERN EDUCATION

Prominent Educators Discuss Methods in Closing Session.

Modern education furnished the theme for the last session of the Minnesota Educational association. George F. James, dean of the college of education at the University of Minnesota, considered the demand modern society makes upon the public schools in manual arts training. Dr. James finds that the development of science and its application to industrial pursuits has revolutionized the industrial and commercial organization and that as a result public schools are not meeting the demands of the time.

"The days when even lawyers, doctors and preachers gained their education by being apprenticed to active practitioners have long since passed," said Dr. James, "and with the growth of factories this system has disappeared in the various trades and industries. The function of the public school is increasing, in Dr. James' opinion, as evidenced by longer sessions, increased age limits, and compulsory education. But the schools are not laying hold of the children and boys and girls under the age limit are disappearing from the schools.

"Modern society is demanding both manual and technical training, but a sharp distinction must be made between these two. Manual training stands for that elementary and varied discipline of hand and eye which should be an integral part of all public schooling from the beginning to the end. The arguments for this are now familiar to all. Man is a physical being and needs exercises to develop and refine all his senses, and to establish that co-ordination of nerve and muscle which makes him physically effective. He is a working animal as well. Most boys and girls have before them a lifetime of activity, mostly of a manual kind. Man is a social animal and the child must be inducted into the complex conditions of modern life thru direct study and experimental participation within the school in the various forms of adult activity.

Technical Education.

"Everywhere the demand is felt for technical instruction. Nearly a million young men and young women in this country are seeking this thru correspondence courses. The classes of the Young Men's Christian association are thronged wherever they have been instituted. Private individuals have given largely to this purpose. But still the demand is unsatisfied. We should meet this demand. Thru evening classes, vacation classes, thru all-day or part-day sessions, every boy and every girl should receive specific preparation for the future occupation. If the boy goes to work at the age of 14 or 16, he should still give from ten to fifteen hours each week in the daytime or in the evening to regular school instruction along the lines of his greatest need and his working hours should be shortened in proportion.

"This may seem an ambitious program, but let us be well assured that failure to train each generation adequately will quickly prove far more costly than the most elaborate schooling that has ever been proposed."

Change in Methods.

In speaking of the spirit of modern education, Stanton Hodgin advanced the idea that there has been a decided departure from the methods of former years where the teacher with business ideals endeavored to do his work "as a stonemason goes at his."

"The modern teacher," he went on, "realizes that he is standing face to face with embryonic souls. No two are alike. They are to unfold and grow according to some determining principle inherent within, making each a distinct individual. The teacher can only minister to this growth. In the work of teaching he has grasped the rope of eternity."

Teachers are forced to struggle with real poverty, the speaker went on, and this makes it impossible to obtain time for that recuperative reaction. "The teacher is giving off the highest form of energy and his success as a teacher depends upon this vital force being kept at a high potentiality."

Mr. Hodgin believes, however, that this condition will soon be alleviated, that the reaction has already set in. Tho he does not object to educational experiments in the form of private schools, the speaker asserted that when parents weigh the advantages of various private schools, they introduce a demoarlizing element into the child's life and destroy his idea of human democracy. One reason poor children gain real knowledge from inferior schools, Mr. Hodgin says, is because they realize that school is the best at hand. This attitude he thinks should be taken by every parent. "They should turn the whole current of their energies and resources toward reforming the schools."

Schools Not Irreligious.

The speaker denied that the schools are irreligious.

"What is religion?" he asked. "It is the soul of man seeking harmony with the spirit of universal life. Isn't that the very spirit of our modern education, to bring the soul of the child into harmony with the spirit of the universe in which it lives! All other things are subordinated to that one thing. Our schools are religious from circumference to center. We are apt to find more and better religious teaching where the name of religion and the phrases that are supposed to stand for religion are never heard, than we do where they most abound, and this is true of the schools of the world today. Today as never before children are being brought into a knowledge and an understanding of the living universe of which they are a part, and a religion that does not spring from that as a foundation is not worthy of the name. Our public school system instead of being the enemy of religion is laying the basis for a broader and purer religion than the world has ever seen."

Library as Aid.

J. T. Gerould, librarian of the University of Minnesota, spoke of the library as an aid to education, and he gave much advice to the teachers in directing the use of it. "There is," he said, "no more stable norm by which the final value of teaching can be judged than this: is the child acquiring a love for books and the ability to use them." The old books, Shakspere, Homer, Bulfinch and Hawthorne, in Mr. Gerould's opinion, should be read before the child is 15. The use of reference books should be constant, the speaker affirmed, and the child should be thrown more and more upon his own resources in finding his information.

Mr. Gerould concluded with the enumeration of some practical aids in the organization and purchase of libraries.

HIRSCH AGAINST UNIONS

Chicago Rabbi Warns Teachers Against Evils of Organization.

Teachers' unions were roundly condemned by Dr. Emil G. Hirsch of the University of Chicago in his address on "Teachers and Teaching," delivered before the Minnesota Educational association at Plymouth Congregational church last night.

"Labor unions," said he, "have no place in American public schools, and it is a great mistake for the teachers to organize themselves for the sole purpose of bettering their financial conditions or to ally themselves with any part of the community where they place themselves in a class above anyone else, for they belong to the people as a whole and not to any particular class."

He covered many of the peculiar problems which confront the teacher in this country, laying particular stress on the lack of homogeneity in the school population. He also advocated old-age pensions for teachers and warned them against the disastrous effects of over-specialization and lack of change in work and surroundings.

BERESFORD'S BODY TO BE SENT TO IRELAND

According to instructions from the Beresford family in Ireland, the body of Delevan J. Beresford, younger brother of Sir Charles and Lord Marcus Beresford, now in Minneapolis, will be sent by express to Queenstown, Ireland, where the family will meet it and convey it to Portlaw.

Positive personal identification of the body of Beresford, who was killed in the Enderlin wreck, was made today by E. H. Anthony of El Paso, Texas, Mr. Beresford's cattle broker. The identification was complete and will serve for all probate emergencies that may arise as to the estate in Chihuahua, Mexico. Mr. Anthony has been doing the Beresford brokerage business since the spring of 1893.

It is learned today that Mr. Beresford had been in the Medicine Hat country since October and that he was returning to Mexico when killed. He had gone north to dispose of his Canadian ranches, which are under lease, but was unable to close the deal this season. He had a thousand acres of cattle ranch land and 500 of horse ranch land, about seventy miles north of Medicine Hat. Mr. Beresford had two ranches in Mexico, one of 100,000 acres and another of 78,000, about two hundred miles south of El Paso. The Canadian ranch was stocked in 1903. Mr. Beresford had been in America about twenty-one years.

TO BABCOCK FUNERAL

Delegation of Former Colleagues Go to Wadena Tomorrow.

A large delegation of former legislative colleagues will attend the funeral of Dr. L. W. Babcock, former speaker, in Wadena tomorrow. They will leave over the Northern Pacific on the morning train.

The party will include L. H. Johnson, who was Dr. Babcock's rival four years ago, W. I. Nolan, John T. Jones, Adolph Johnson and Sherman S. Smith of Minneapolis, Dr. J. H. Dorsey of Glencoe, Dr. A. D. Larson of Herman, L. B. Phillips of St. Paul, A. J. Wood of Otsego, W. W. Rich of St. Paul, Dr. J. A. Gates of Kenyon, I. W. Bouck of Royalton, and others who will come from the northern part of the state. Not less than twenty-five old friends and colleagues will be in attendance.

BLIND PIGGERS CAUGHT

One Goes to Workhouse and Another Is Fined $100.

Ole Berwick and Charles Cunningham were given stiff sentences in the police court today, where they were convicted of selling liquor without a license.

Cunningham was sentenced to fifty days in the workhouse. He conducted a place at 2825 Washington avenue N, and has been in trouble before. A stayed sentence of thirty days was revoked and an additional sentence of twenty days was imposed for the last offense.

It was Berwick's first offense and he was let off with a fine of $100. He kept a place at 2729 Washington avenue N.

THE FARMERS & MECHANICS SAVINGS BANK OF MINNEAPOLIS

Commencing with the next quarter, which begins January 1st, 1907, the Trustees of this bank purpose to increase the rate of interest from 3% to—

3½%

The last day for depositing money in order to draw interest during the next quarter is

January 4th, 1907

Assets over $13,500,000.
Surplus and Profits over $700,000.
Number of Depositors nearly 53,000.

TRUSTEES

H. C. AKELEY, JOHN DE LAITTRE, N. F. HAWLEY, T. B. JANNEY, CAVOUR S. LANGDON, THOMAS LOWRY, E. H. MOULTON, WM. G. NORTHUP, ALFRED F. PILLSBURY, JOHN WASHBURN, O. C. WYMAN.

PIANOS

Bargains In Used Pianos

$160 buys a $400 Hallet & Davis Piano.
$200 buys a $400 Everett Piano
$145 buys a $350 Gabler Piano
$190 buys a $400 Vose Piano
$190 buys a $400 Albrecht Piano

Terms cash or $6, $7, or $8 monthly.

Representatives for the Knabe-Angelus Piano.

FOSTER & WALDO, 36 5th Street So. Cor. Nicollet Ave.

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