UNDER THE DOME

WASHINGTON, June 18.—Senators and Representatives who have recently returned from visits to the West Point military academy and the Annapolis naval academy are quite free in their expressions concerning what is being done at the academies. The Annapolis visitors are somewhat amazed to find out the extent of the improvements that are going on. Although some of them have been members of Congress right along, they are surprised to find out that $10,000,000 or upward are being expended on the buildings and grounds at the institution where our future Farraguts, Porters, Deweys, Schleys, Hobsons and others who are to fight the battles of their country, are to be educated. The Annapolis academy is getting altogether the better of it. The improvements that are being made at Annapolis will cost twice as much as those at West Point. Somewhat abashed at the liberality they displayed in making the improvements at Annapolis, Congressmen decided to be more economical when it came to fixing up West Point. Our future army officers are going to be educated in buildings costing $8,000,000. The army academy will be less elaborate, although it is said by men who have studied the plans that everything possible will be done for the comfort and care of the cadets at West Point. At Annapolis the Government is going to spend $400,000 on a chapel. That will build a right fine church, according to members of the House who come from country towns, where a dozen places of worship could be built for that sum. It is also intended to expend something like $300,000 for a hospital at Annapolis, and in doing this, an old hospital building erected thirty years ago, will be torn down and removed. An inquisitive member of the board of visitors at Annapolis learned that this old hospital had never been used, not because it was unfit, but because the class of young men who go to Annapolis from all parts of the country are in such a healthy condition that they scarcely need a hospital. More than that, it is found to the advantage of any sick cadets to put them on board some ship belonging to the academy out in the harbor, where it is decidedly more healthy than in any hospital. Still, a hospital is a part of the improvements that are being made. Ornamentation and carved stonework will be a very expensive feature of the naval academy. Certainly the middies are going to be well taken care of.

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Gen. Chaffee, Lieutenant-General and chief of staff of the army, is a man who will not be interviewed, or who does not rush into magazines with long stories of matters military that have come under his personal observation. Several industrious writers have visited the General with the idea of writing about him, and more particularly of obtaining interviews with him giving personal expression of opinions relative to conditions in China, in the Philippines and of the many phases of the war between Russia and Japan. It is rather an interesting fact that three men who became prominent in the Spanish war and the military operations which immediately followed that war, have never rushed into print, either in interviews or by writing interviews: Gen. Shafter, who commanded the army at Santiago; Gen. Otis, who commanded so long and ably in the Philippines, and Gen. Chaffee, who won a reputation first in Cuba and next in China, and afterward commanded in the Philippines; three officers who saw a great deal of important service, but who never thought it necessary to tell the magazines what they saw or express their opinions on various army and governmental affairs. They have contented themselves with official reports made to the War department, and these are made in military style, without elaboration or illustration.

It is rather a pity that Otis, who is now retired, does not write a book on the Philippines. He laid the foundation for the establishment of civil government in the Philippines at the time he was conducting war against the Filipines and other wild tribesmen who resisted the authority of the United States. Secretary Root once said that the people of the United States would never know what they owed Gen. Otis for all that he had done as commanding General in the Philippines, both in the moderation he exercised and in the scrupulous care he took to prevent anything like corruption, which had been rife for so many years in those islands. Gen. Otis knows as much about the Philippines as any living man, and he ought to tell in narrative form the story of the occupation of those islands and of the attempt of the Filipinos to drive the Americans out. But neither Gen. Otis nor Gen. Chaffee nor Gen. Shafter, three men who did things during the last six years, have indulged in discussion of their exploitations in interviews or in magazines.

* * *

Men who have come in contact with the Hon. John Barrett, Minister to Panama, and until recently Minister to Argentina, have learned more about South America, and especially of the great and important Republic of South America, than they ever knew before. Mr. Barrett was in Argentina something like six months, but he acquired more knowledge than some men would have gathered in the same number of years. The people of the United States scarcely realize what there is and what there is being done in Argentina. Corresponding to the United States in the matter of climate and zone, Argentina is the richest and is rapidly becoming the most powerful country in the southern hemisphere. The city of Buenos Ayres, the capital of Argentina, has a population of 1,200,000, the fourth city in size on the American continent. Although Spanish is the official language, and the Argentines are the descendants of Spaniards, they are absolutely Argentine as citizens of the United States are American. They would resent being called Spaniards as much as citizens of this country would resent being called Englishmen. They are to South America what the United States is to North America. Into this growing and pushing republic went John Barrett with a capacity for acquiring information and a knowledwge of general conditions of the world which gave him an opportunity to do in a few months what was expected of him in as many years. Since he has returned to Washington he has submitted several reports to the State department and to the President on conditions in South America, for his observations were not confined alone to Argentina, but covered southern Brazil, Uruguay and Paraguay, where large European immigration is developing a country which will rival our own in the matter of agricultural products and exports. Among other interesting things which Minister Barrett reported was a plan that is being formed to import Argentine beef into New York in vast quantities, sufficient to supply large demands on the Eastern seaboard of this country. It is asserted that Argentine beef can be transported from Buenos Ayres to New York, pay the duty, and be sold for less than is now charged by the packers of the Mississippi valley.

* * *

Speaking of John Barrett's return, an interesting incident occurred in connection with his arrival. About the time he reached this country the Washington Post printed a humorous editorial placing him in nomination for Vice-President, and insisting that he was superior to all of the other young men and spellbinders that were thought necessary to carry on the campaign in behalf of the Republican ticket. In the multitude of affairs engrossing his attention, Mr. Barrett had not seen this editorial and knew nothing about it. Quite a number of his friends gave him a dinner in New York, and at this dinner the gentleman who was master of ceremonies, as coffee and cigars were reached, arose and gravely announced that the time had arrived for stating the object of the dinner. "It was well known," he said, "why we have gathered here, and this is the time for launching a boom for our distinguished guest. Our friends are all aware that the announcement was to be made here. But, unfortunately, we have been forestalled by an enterprising paper published in Washington, the capital, and probably it received its information directly from official sources and knew whereof it spoke. Probably this editorial announcement is more formal and cites the case better than I could, and, therefore, I ask the attention of the gentlemen present while I read it." He then proceeded to read the Post editorial, much to the amusement of everybody present, and to Mr. Barrett himself, who has become accustomed to the pleasantries of the newspaper writers during his rapid rise to prominence in public affairs.

* * *

Admiral Walker, chairman of the Panama Canal commission, was up to see the Secretary of War not long ago, and while waiting in the ante-room was chatting with a number of friends, and finally he exhibited a straw hat. "See that hat?" said the Admiral. "Why, there is a hat that cost me $3.50 in silver in Panama."

It was an ordinary looking hat, of braided straw, soft and pliable, not of the stiff brim style that is generally worn. It was not in any sense the usual Panama hat.

"Do they make that kind of hats down in Panama, Admiral?" asked one of the gentlemen who was present.

"Oh, no," said Walker, with a wink, "this hat was made in New York, but they sell them in Panama."

That recalls an experience that William McAdoo, now Police Commissioner of New York, once had when sailing in Isthmian waters. He was Assistant Secretary of the Navy, and was really sent down to join the squadron for the purpose of keeping tab on one of the naval officers. While on the Isthmus he purchased an elegant Panama hat for which he paid $14 in gold. Upon going aboard the flagship, he exhibited his purchase to one of the officers, and remarked what a rare bargain he had made. This officer was somewhat familiar with "rare bargains," and he took the hat and looked it over, finally pulled down the inside leather band and showed that the Panama hat was manufactured in New York, and bore the trade mark of a New York firm. McAdoo did not say anything about it when he returned to Washington, but the sailor men saw that the story was told among his friends.

* * *

Education is a great feature in the army at the present time. One might suppose that a young man who must have a fairly good common school or high school education before he can pass the examination to enter West Point and then spends four years at the academy, would be well grounded in book lore, and that his school days might be considered as closed. But such is not the case. With a half dozen excellent service schools and a post school wherever there are a sufficient number of officers, the education of our military men continues all the time while they are subordinate officers. But more than that, the war college in Washington is intended to be for a course of education for officers of high rank. The fact is the world has reached a stage where fighting is being carried on by the brain as well as by brawn, and scientific maneuvers or strategy is to take the place of main strength and awkwardness. These service schools are for the benefit of men who are not so bright as their fellows, and who can vastly improve themselves by a course of study of not only military, but other subjects. While the army officers are receiving this higher education, it is well to remark that when the time comes success in a military way is attained by getting up close and fighting hard, just as much as ever. The Japanese made this evident by showing that they could beat the Russians in getting close enough to them and fighting them. ARTHUR W. DUNN.

Wasatch Summer Resort.

Particulars write Alkire, Wasatch hotel, via Sandy, or come see.

They Captured a Calf.

An animal running through game woods of the South Side Sportsman's club, Oakdale, L. I., of late, has given the club members so much anxiety that numerous attempts to shoot it have been made. Yesterday the bold huntsmen went forth and gallantly captured the beast.

Upon close inspection it was decided that it was of the deer family, but no club member could say what species of deer it was. Then Farmer Robert Pestler of North Sayville identified the animal as a pet calf which jumped his pen six weeks ago and had been ranging the forest ever since with deer.—New York World.

WORLD'S FAIR EXCURSIONS

Via Denver & Rio Grande.

To St. Louis and return.....$42.50
To Chicago and return.....47.50
To St. Louis and return via Chicago, or vice versa.....50.00

Selling dates Tuesday and Friday of each week.

Stop-overs allowed.

Final limit, 60 days from date of sale.

Pullman and tourist sleepers through to St. Louis without change. Choice of routes. See any D. & R. G. agent.

LOGAN SOCIETY

Special to The Tribune.

LOGAN, Utah, June 18.—One of the pleasant affairs of the week was that on Monday evening when Prof. and Mrs. Mosiah Hall celebrated their twentieth wedding anniversary. Decorated in snowballs and yellow roses, their cosy little home was made most attractive. Dainty refreshments were served in the dining-room and many beautiful pieces of china were received. The invited guests were Judge and Mrs. C. H. Hart, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Linford, Mr. and Mrs. W. O. Robinson, Mr. and Mrs. D. C. Jensen, Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Smith, Misses Tillie Petersen, Rose Homer, Eva Jones, Clara Smith, Maggie Jones, Maud, Effie and Ella Smith, Mr. Stratford of Ogden, Mr. Ed Hansen and William Morrell.

* * *

The home of Prof. and Mrs. L. A. Merrill was the scene of a pleasant evening party on Friday, when they entertained in honor of some of the members of the Agricultural College alumni. The rooms were artistically arranged with cut flowers. Large vases holding yellow roses were effectively used. Music and games were the pleasant features of the evening. Those invited were Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Caine, Mr. and Mrs. Stewart, Prof. and Mrs. Peterson, Misses Holmgren, Tillie Peterson, Rose Homer, Genevieve Egbert, Blanch Caine, Chase, Evans and May Gibson, Messrs. Davis, Chase, Kerr, Caine and Roy Thatcher.

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Mrs. C. W. Nabley, Jr., and Miss Afton Thatcher left Saturday for Star valley, where they will spend the summer.

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Mrs. Willard Langton returned home Monday from a pleasant visit with Salt Lake friends.

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Mr. and Mrs. E. P. Bacon returned Wednesday from a pleasant week on the Bear lake.

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Mrs. M. J. Ballard and J. E. Cordon returned home Tuesday from St. Louis after a pleasant visit at the fair.

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Mrs. Glasier and daughter, Miss Jennie of Salt Lake, are spending the summer in Logan as the guests of Mr. Sam Glasier.

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Mrs. Alf Farrell left Monday for a visit of several weeks with her sister, Mrs. Alex Nibley of Perry, Or.

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Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Barler have returned from a pleasant trip to the fair.

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Mr. and Mrs. J. Earl are visiting with relatives in Salt Lake.

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Mrs. N. E. Hansen entertained informally Wednesday evening at a dinner party.

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Hon. and Mrs. Joseph Howell left Thursday morning for Chicago, where they will make a long visit.

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Mrs. H. B. Lewis is entertaining her sister, Mrs. E. Lloyd of Salt Lake.

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Mr. and Mrs. J. E. McGraw are visiting with friends in Provo.

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A pleasant kitchen shower was given Miss Jane Herrick on Monday evening at her home.

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Mr. and Mrs. Oliver Brangham of Chesterfield, Ida., are the guests of Mrs. William Brangham of this city.

* * *

Edgar Parson of Pocatello is visiting with relatives in Logan.

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Miss Nona Jones of Salt Lake is the guest of Mrs. N. Nelson of Logan.

* * *

Mrs. Brown of Ogden is visiting with relatives and friends in Logan.

* * *

Prof. and Mrs. Alfred Osmond of Provo are visiting with relatives in Logan.

* * *

J. C. Caine, Jr., left Tuesday for Chicago, where he expects to remain three months.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Chase and Miss Gibson returned to their home in Centerville Wednesday after a pleasant visit of two weeks with Logan friends.

JOHN MOUNTEER FOUND $700

Salt Lake City, Utah, May 16, 1904.

To the Merchants' Protective Association:

Yours of the 16th inst. to hand and contents noted. In obtaining settlement of this claim for me you have accomplished what all others have failed to do. This claim was about twelve years old. For four or five years it was in the hands of attorneys for collection, and was returned to me as worthless. It is equal to $700.00 found, and I desire to commend you for you perseverance and success. Yours truly,

JOHN MOUNTEER, Grocer, 1026 Second Street.

Does anyone owe you? Do you want it? We will collect it. That's our business.

Merchants' Protective Association

SCIENTIFIC COLLECTORS OF BAD DEBTS.

Francis G. Luke, General Manager. Top floor, Commercial Block, Salt Lake City.

"SOME PEOPLE DON'T LIKE US."

COOL CLOTHES

Would your suit look any cooler if you saved a few dollars on it? If so look at the suits we are selling for $6.00, $7.00, $10.00, $12.00 and $15.00. In weather like this you want everything to count for coolness, and hence the fit is an important part—You can't very well keep cool when you are raging mad at that bad-fitting coat, that pulls down on your favorite shoulder bone.

We have everything for men and boys, which suggests cool comfort.

ROWE & KELLY CO.,
132 MAIN ST.
ONE PRICE PLAIN FIGURES

Hamilton's

CORRECT DRESS FOR WOMEN.

216 SOUTH MAIN ST

1=2 Off Sale

On all Handsome Dresses, Fancy Crepes, Light Gowns and Lace Coats

½ OFF ON TAILOR-MADE SUITS
½ OFF ON PATTERN HATS
½ OFF ON LACE AND NET WAISTS
One Large Lot of Foulard Silk and Mohair Suits at 1=3 off

Sale Commences Monday at 9 O'clock.

HAMILTON'S

$75,000 TO BE GIVEN AWAY!

Why Not Get a Part of It? You Have Just as Much Chance as Anyone Else.

A REMARKABLE OFFER TO READERS OF THE SALT LAKE TELEGRAM. We have made a special arrangement with the World's Fair Contest Co., for a short time only, to give, FREE OF ALL CHARGE, one certificate and coupon, entitling you to chances in prizes amounting to $75,000.00, to every reader of this advertisement who sends us $1.00 in advance for his or her subscription to The Salt Lake Evening Telegram.

It does not matter whether you have ever been a subscriber or not, the offer is open to everyone. If you send $6 you get a year's subscription by mail and six certificates. For $1 you get The Telegram for 2 months BY MAIL and 1 certificate. This $6 a year rate applies to MAIL SUBSCRIBERS ONLY. City subscribers who receive their papers by carrier will be awarded one free certificate for every $1.20 in advance they pay. The monthly rate by carrier is 60c, or $7 a year

The Plan

You are interested in the great World's Fair. You have seen something about it in every paper you have read for months past. Have you thought how many people will attend this great fair? The gates are now open and multitudes of visitors from every part of the earth are paying admission into the grounds of the greatest fair the world has ever seen. At the Chicago World's Fair 21,380,141 people paid admission into the grounds, at the Buffalo Pan-American Exposition 5,-366,853 people paid admission into the grounds, at the Omaha Exposition 1,778,250 people paid admission to the grounds.

THE PRIZES

Amount to $75,000.00, the Largest Prizes Ever Offered in Any Contest, and are Divided as Follows:

To the nearest correct estimate	$25,000.00
To the second nearest correct estimate	10,000.00
To the third nearest correct estimate	5,000.00
To the fourth nearest correct estimate	2,500.00
To the fifth nearest correct estimate	1,500.00
To the sixth nearest correct estimate	1,000.00
To the next 10 nearest correct estimates, $200 each	2,000.00
To the next 20 nearest correct estimates, $100 each	2,000.00
To the next 50 nearest correct estimates, $50 each	2,500.00
To the next 100 nearest correct estimates, $25 each	2,500.00
To the next 200 nearest corect estimates, $10 each	2,000.00
To the next 500 nearest correct estimates, $5 each	2,500.00
To the next 1000 nearest correct estimates, $1 each	1,000.00
Supplementary prizes for the estimate sent in earliest	15,500.00
Total	$75,000.00

The Telegram

will publish weekly the daily attendance at the fair. You may hold your certificates as late as October 15, and then mark in your estimates and send them in. Can you estimate how many people will pay admission into the grounds of the great St. Louis World's Fair this year? If you can a fortune is yours. Think it over. 1889 cash prizes will be paid to the 1889 men, women, or children who can estimate NEAREST to the total number of people who will pay admission into the Fair Grounds from April 30, 1904, the opening date, to December 1, 1904, the closing date of the Great World's Fair.

MONEY IS DEPOSITED.

For every estimate you are given a separate engraved and numbered certificate with coupon attached. We will send you this paper for 2 months BY MAIL for $1.00 and give you one certificate and coupon ABSOLUTELY FREE. An investment of $1.00 means that you will receive the best paper in

CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT.

MISSOURI TRUST COMPANY
CAPITAL $2,000,000.
May 30, 1903.
Amount $75,000.00 — Certificate of Deposit, No. 485

This Certifies that, The World's Fair Contest Company, Incorporated, has this day deposited with this Company $75,000.00 in gold, for the payment of the awards in its contest on the total paid attendance at the Louisiana Purchase Exposition, 1904, and that said deposit is held in trust by this Company to be paid by it to such successful contestants, as the Committee on awards may direct.

Missouri Trust Company of St. Louis,
Jos. Hanley, Treasurer.

Utah BY MAIL for 2 months, and may mean your independence for life. You have just as much chance as any one else to win a fortune, and it is to your interest and to your family's to take advantage of the opportunity as soon as possible.

You are not placing your orders with an unreliable concern. The money to cover the prizes is on deposit. See statement of one of the largest BANKS in the United States herewith. In entering a contest this should be your first consideration. Know that the money to pay you is where you can get it without delay or question as soon as the prizes are awarded.

We cannot touch this money. It is held by the Missouri Trust Co., for no other purpose than to pay these prizes as soon as the committee on awards declares the successful contestants. This committee has no interest whatever in the contest, and is made up of prominent business men who have agreed to award the prizes, and your estimates are turned over to this committee long before the Fair closes, so that there is no possibility of collusion or unfairness from any source.

The Contest Co. will withdraw this offer within a short while. Only a limited number of the certificates and coupons are to be sold, and as large orders have been received daily, it is anticipated that the limit will be reached long before the date set for the close of the Contest. You should therefore send in your order AT ONCE.

We are also in position to furnish the certificates without this paper at

25c Each. 5 for $1.

WE DO NOT ASK YOU TO ESTIMATE NOW

and you can buy just as many certificates at 25 cents each as you wish, until the supply is exhausted.

We will simply sell you the certificates with duplicate coupons attached, and allow you the privilege of filling in your own estimates on the certificates and coupons whenever you are ready, and of sending in the coupons to us on the very last day of the contest if you wish. That is, you do not have to make your estimate NOW, but you can buy your certificates NOW and hold them yourself up to the last day of the contest, when you will know what the total attendance is up to that date, then fill in your estimates and send the coupons to us just so they are received in our office not later than October 15, 1904, the date on which the contest closes. The WORLD'S FAIR opens April 30, 1904, and closes December 1, 1904, showing the closing date of the contest is at least six weeks prior to the closing date of the Fair, insuring absolute fairness to every participant in the contest.

Send in your orders at once. If you delay you may be unable to get even one certificate without paying an unreasonable price for it. Write today.

IMPORTANT NOTICE—Bear in mind THAT YOU HOLD YOUR OWN CERTIFICATES and Coupons and that you do not have to make your estimates or fill in the Certificates and Coupons and send the coupons to us until the very last day of the Contest. In this manner you learn the entire attendance up to the very last day of the Contest, which will enable you to arrive at an average daily attendance upon which to base your estimates for the entire Fair. Contestants are distinctly to understand that participation in this prize contest is not confined to subscribers for The Salt Lake Evening Telegram, Salt Lake City, Utah, but that the contest is being advertised in a large number of other publications, the subscribers for all of which are privileged to compete and share in the distribution of the prizes offered.

Address all Letters to.. **The Salt Lake Evening Telegram**
SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH

Make remittances by check, express or postal money order or enclose cash. No stamps