TERMS OF TREATY AS AGREED UPON

Japan to Control Korea and Both Powers to Quit Manchuria.

PORT ARTHUR AND DALNY ARE CEDED TO JAPAN

Half of Sakhalin Island Goes to Mikado; Open Door in Manchuria.

PORTSMOUTH, N. H., Sept. 5.—The peace treaty opens with a preamble reciting that his Majesty the Emperor, the autocrat of all the Russias, and his Majesty, the Emperor of Japan, desiring to close the war now subsisting between them and having appointed their respective plenipotentiaries and furnished them with full powers which were found to be in form, have come to an agreement on a treaty of peace and arranged as follows:

"Article 1—Stipulates for the re-establishment of peace and friendship between the sovereigns of the two empires and between the subjects of Russia and Japan, respectively.

Korea and Manchuria.

"Article 2—His Majesty, the Emperor of Russia, recognizes the preponderant interest from political, military and economical points of view of Japan in the empire of Korea and stipulates that Russia will not oppose any measures for its government, protection or control that Japan will deem necessary to take in Korea, in conjunction with the Korean Government, but Russian subjects and Russian enterprises are to enjoy the same status as the subjects and enterprises of other countries.

"Article 3—It is mutually agreed that the territory of Manchuria be simultaneously evacuated by both Russians and Japanese troops. Both countries being concerned in this evacuation, their situation should be absolutely identical. All rights acquired by private persons and companies shall remain intact.

Japan Gets Transports.

"Article 4—The rights possessed by Russia in conformity with the lease by Russia of Port Arthur and Dalny, together with the lands and waters adjacent, shall pass over in their entirety to Japan; but the properties and rights of Russian subjects are to be safeguarded and respected.

"Article 5—The Governments of Russia and Japan engaged themselves reciprocally not to put any obstacles to the general measures (which shall be alike for all nations) that China may take for the development of the commerce and industry of Manchuria.

Agreement as to Railway.

"Article 6—The Manchurian railway shall be operated jointly between Russia and Japan at Kouang-Tcheng-Tse. The two branch lines shall be employed only for commercial and industrial purposes. In view of Russia keeping her branch line with all rights acquired by her convention with China for the construction of that railway, Japan acquires the mines in connection with such branch lines which falls to her. However, the rights of private parties or private enterprises are to be respected. Both parties to this treaty remain absolutely free to undertake what they deem fit on ex-propriated grounds.

"Article 7—Russia and Japan engage themselves to make a conjunction of the two branch lines which they own at Kouang-Tcheng-Tse.

"Article 8—It is agreed that the branch lines of the Manchurian railway shall be worked with a view to assure commercial traffic between them without obstruction.

Division of Sakhalin.

"Article 9—Russia cedes to Japan the southern part of Sakhalin island as far north as the fiftieth degree of north latitude, together with the islands depending thereon. The right of free navigation is assured in the bays of Laparouse and Tartare.

"Article 10—This article recites the situation of Russian subjects on the southern part of Sakhalin island and stipulates that Russian colonists there shall be free and shall have the right to remain without changing the nationality. Per contra the Japanese Government shall have the right to force Russian convicts to leave the territory which is ceded to her.

"Article 11—Russia engages herself to make an agreement with Japan giving to Japanese subjects the right to fish in Russian territorial waters of the Sea of Japan, the Sea of Okhotsk and Bering sea.

Commercial Treaty.

"Article 12—The two high contracting parties engage themselves to renew the commercial treaty existing between the two governments prior to the war in all its vigor, with slight modifications in details, and with a most favored nation clause.

"Article 13—Russia and Japan reciprocally engage to restitute their prisoners of war on paying the real cost of keeping the same, such claim for cost to be supported by documents.

Text of Peace Pact.

"Article 14—This peace treaty shall be drawn up in two languages, French and English, the French text being evidence for the Russians and the English text for the Japanese. In case of difficulty of interpretation the French document to be final evidence.

"Article 15—The ratification of this treaty shall be countersigned by the sovereigns of the two states within fifty days after its signature. The French and American embassies shall be intermediaries between the Japanese and Russian Governments to announce by telegraph the ratification of the treaty.

Two Additional Articles.

"Two additional articles are agreed to, as follows:

"Article 1—The evacuation of Manchuria by both armies shall be complete within eighteen months from the signing of the treaty, beginning with the retirement of troops of the first line. At the expiration of the eighteen months the two parties will only be able to leave as guards for the railway fifteen soldiers per kilometer.

"Article 2—The boundary which limits the parts owned respectively by Russia and Japan in the Sakhalin island shall be differently marked off on the spot by a special limit, or graphic commission."

Get it for "Her"

Golden Gate Coffee

Better than champagne

Costs no more.
No prizes—
no coupons—
no headache.
Sold only in aroma-tight tins.
Never in bulk.

J. A. FOLGER & CO., San Francisco
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UNIVERSITY OF UTAH

Salt Lake City.

The University of Utah offers the best advantages for general and technical education. Graduates from accredited high schools are admitted to the school of arts and sciences and the State school of mines. Graduates from the eight grades of the public schools are admitted to the normal school, and one year of high school work admits to the preparatory school, where preparation for the college courses may be completed.

Entrance examinations September 13, 14 and 15, and registration of students September 15 and 16.

Catalogue sent free upon request to University of Utah, Salt Lake City, Utah.

NOW HIS OWN MAN

Young Charles Crocker Comes Into His Inheritance.

CHICAGO, Sept. 5.—A dispatch to the Record-Herald from San Francisco says: Charles Templeton Crocker, only son of the late millionaire, Col. Charles Fred Crocker, was 21 years old Saturday and will come into his inheritance next week.

When Col. Crocker, son of one of the original "Big Four" Central Pacific railroad builders, died eight years ago, he left an estate of $8,000,000, to be divided equally between Templeton and two sisters. Since then the estate has nearly doubled, so that now it is estimated each of the heirs will get between $5,000,000 and $6,000,000, making them the richest children in California. Mary, the oldest, who married young Burton Harrison, lives in New York, while Jennie, the youngest, is still at school.

Templeton has been well educated, but he is of frail physique. When very young he fell over the banisters at his father's country home, near Burlingame, and for a long time his life was despaired of.

Then, three years ago, while driving a spirited horse he was thrown out of a trap and hit a telegraph pole, breaking both his legs above the knee.

SCHOOL OF ARTS AND SCIENCES

The State school of arts and sciences offers full collegiate courses in arts and sciences, embracing the following subjects, which are largely elective: English and American literature, art, elocution, physical education, ancient and modern languages, history, economics and sociology, law, ethics and philosophy, mathematics and astronomy, physics and chemistry, biology, geology and mineralogy, etc. The first two years of a medical course are offered.

Graduates from accredited high schools are admitted without examination.

The school of arts and sciences is the chief of the three State schools that comprise the University of Utah.

For catalogue and full information address University of Utah, Salt Lake City, Utah.

TWENTY PERSONS HURT

Stage Coach Filled With Merry Party Collapses.

NEW YORK, Sept. 5.—A large stage coach, heavily loaded, collapsed at Seventy-second street and Twenty-second avenue, Brooklyn, yesterday afternoon and badly injured several passengers. The stage was filled with young men of the Redhook club, 300 of whom were on an outing. The party was just going home when the accident occurred.

The reserves of three police stations and half a dozen ambulances were called out in the excitement. Among the more seriously hurt are five men who live in Brooklyn and who were taken to hospitals. Fifteen less seriously injured were treated by ambulance surgeons, but were not sent to hospitals.

The occupants of several automobiles alighted at the scene and gave assistance. Several women tore up handkerchiefs and clothing to stop the flow of blood from wounds.

Fire Burns Out at Havre.

HELENA, Mont., Sept. 5.—A special to the Record from Havre says the fire which had incendiary origin in Judd's restaurant about midnight, was finally stopped after a number of buildings in its path had been destroyed. The firemen labored under the disadvantage of having little water. The total loss is estimated at about $30,000, nearly covered by insurance.

KAISER CHUMS WITH U. S. CONGRESSMEN

Speaks Highly of President Roosevelt's Work in the Peace Conference.

BERLIN, Sept. 5.—Emperor William received Congressmen Littlefield of Maine, Barthold of Missouri, Waldo of New York, McNary of Massachusetts, Norris of Nebraska and Barchfeld of New York today. The Emperor sent court carriages for them and they were assigned positions next to the imperial suite at the autumn review of the Potsdam and Berlin garrisons at Templehof field. Secretary Dodge of the American embassy and a representative of the Foreign office accompanied them.

At the Emperor's suggestion, Mrs. Waldo, Mrs. Barthold, Mrs. McNary and Mrs. Barchfeld were in carriages next to their husbands, but not in court equipages.

Emperor Marches Afoot.

The Congressmen, who have been attending the meeting of the International Parliamentary union at Brussels, were driven after the parade in the train of the Empress through the streets lined by crowds to the palace. The Emperor marched over the same route at the head of a regiment. When the Emperor entered the hall where the party awaited him he spoke to Mr. Dodge and said:

"Introduce me to these gentlemen."

His Majesty talked with each member of the party and to the Congressmen collectively. To Mr. Barchfeld, who is about six feet six inches in height, he said:

"If you were a German I would have you in my guards."

Compliments Roosevelt.

A variety of subjects were touched upon during the audience, and the Emperor earnestly complimented his visitors on President Roosevelt's peace work, referring to it as much as he did to Congressman William Alden Smith of Michigan on Saturday.

Some one spoke of traveling in Germany and said he thought the German railroads shook more than the American.

"Perhaps so," said the Emperor, "that is because we cannot afford to have the ties so close together."

Good Wishes to Teddy.

Mr. Barthold, as chairman of the American delegates to the Brussels convention, said to the Emperor that the Congressmen regarded the audience as a compliment to the United States and not as a personal one to them.

His Majesty in parting with the American visitors said he hoped they would not fail to give his best wishes to the President.

The audience lasted about twenty minutes.

Pass a Few Jokes.

The Lokal Anzeiger describes Emperor William and the Congressmen as joking together.

"You are from the State of cyclones," said the Emperor to Mr. Littlefield.

"Oh, no, your Majesty; they come from Mr. Norris's State, Nebraska," said Mr. Littlefield.

"Nebraska," said Mr. Norris, energetically, "has the most fruitful soil in the world and the loveliest climate."

The Emperor, talking seriously, alluded to the situation of the world following the Russo-Japanese war. He said he had observed with satisfaction that the United States was building up its navy.

FREE PEACHES

Free Melons

At Brigham City, September 7th. Excursion via Oregon Short Line. Round trip only $1.25. Special train leaves Salt Lake at 8 a. m.; returning, leaves Brigham at midnight. Rates from many other points. Ball game, musical and vocal concerts, parade, dancing, and all the peaches and melons you can eat. See agents for further particulars. City Ticket Office, 201 Main street.

No More Cholera.

WARSAW, Russia, Sept. 5.—No cases of cholera have occurred in Russian Poland, and the general opinion here is that the disease started in Germany. The Russian authorities have ordered a strict disinfection of the baggage, and passengers and trains arriving at the frontier station at Alexandroff and at all the frontier customs.

Tutt's Pills

stimulate the TORPID LIVER, strengthen the digestive organs, regulate the bowels, and are unequaled as an

ANTI-BILIOUS MEDICINE,

In malarial districts their virtues are widely recognized, as they possess peculiar properties in freeing the system from that poison. Elegantly sugar coated.

Take No Substitute.

MINERS PREPARE TO MAKE DEMANDS

Convention Will Ask Recognition of Union and Eight-Hour Work Day.

INCREASED WAGES FOR ALL UNSKILLED LABOR

Mitchell Not Prepared to Say a Strike Will Follow Refusal.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 5.—John Mitchell, president of the United Mine-Workers of America, was in this city today in his capacity as a vice-president of the American Federation of Labor to join with First Vice-President Duncan of the Federation and others in the settlement of a dispute involving typesetters and printers. He will leave for Shamokin tonight.

It can be stated on the highest authority that the convention of anthracite miners which will draft new demands for presentation to the coal companies on the expiration of the strike commission's award on April 1 next will be held in Shamokin between December 5 and 10.

Demands of the Miners.

It was learned here today that the December convention at Shamokin will make the following demands:

First—A recognition of the miners' union by the coal operators, the recognition to take the form of a signed agreement.

Second—The substitution of an eight-hour work day for the nine-hour work day awarded by the strike commission, which is now in force throughout the hard-coal fields.

Increased Wages Demanded.

Third—An increase in pay over the minimum wages now paid to men and boys who are not contract miners, but are generally classed as unskilled labor.

Fourth—A uniform scale of wages for workers not actually miners at all collieries.

No Threat of Strike.

"Are the members of the union so eager for the recognition of their organization and for an eight-hour work day that they are prepared to precipitate a crisis if they are refused them?" Mr. Mitchell was asked.

"I cannot answer that question. You see the miners have not yet held their convention and it would be presumptuous for me to say in advance what they will or will not do."

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy.

This is a medicine of great worth and merit. Try it when you have a cough or cold and you are certain to be pleased with the quick relief which it affords. It is pleasant to take and can always be depended upon. For sale by all leading druggists.

SITUATION AT FRONT

Soldiers Anxious to Learn of Peace Negotiations.

GUNSHU PASS, Manchuria, Sept. 4, (Monday)—The situation, especially as affecting the newspaper correspondents, admits of saying little. The army organ publishes a statement to the effect that a furore exists in Japan and though the news is vague, it is the impression here that there are complications abroad hostile to peace. The Russian army's antagonism to recent events takes the form of criticism of the management of the war and also of "bureaucratic meddling."

The Chinese have exhibited wide appreciation of the importance of the peace negotiations, but the prospects under conditions such as set forth in the agreement outlines published here promise small amelioration of their burdens and are regarded with foreboding.

For days passing trains have been besieged for newspapers by soldiers at such stations as Kuanchengtzu, Gunshu Pass and Kochiatun. Otherwise this vicinity is unusually quiet.

NORMAL SCHOOL

The State normal school, one of the three State schools that comprise the University of Utah, offers the following courses: Five-year normal course, five-year kindergarten course, and college normal courses. The four-year normal course will be abandoned in 1908.

Graduates from the eight grades of the public schools are admitted to the normal school.

Persons having done one year of work above the eight grades are admitted to the preparatory school.

Catalogue and illustrated booklet sent free on request to the University of Utah, Salt Lake City, Utah.

HOGS BIG AS COWS

Fossil Remains Found in Bad Lands of Oregon.

BERKELEY, Cal., Sept. 5.—The first official bulletin descriptive of the fossils unearthed by the expedition to the John Day region, in eastern Oregon, has been published by the geology department at Berkeley. It describes some of the strange monsters that people the country known as the Bad Lands. Among these remarkable beasts are extinct pigs and peccaries as large as cows, camel-like quadrupeds, and, not the least interesting, the famous three-toed horse.

The "Elotherium," or giant hog, is a monster mammal nearly ten feet long and six or seven feet high.

Three-fourths of the remains of animals found are of the peculiar hoofed beasts named "oreodons," part deer and part hog. These varied in size from that of a dog to that of a small cow.

Korean Is Not Pleased.

NEW YORK, Sept. 5.—The Rev. P. K. Yoen, who went to Portsmouth to observe the proceedings of the peace conference for Korea, referring to the outcome of the conference, is quoted as saying that his people sympathized with Japan, and believed that in ten years Russia would make trouble again.

Japan, he thought, let Russia off too easily, and the result of the conference was not what it should have been.

Sham Naval Battle.

PORTLAND, Or., Sept. 5.—Fully 25,000 people witnessed the sham naval battle at the Lewis and Clark exposition last night. The spectacle was a reproduction of the duel between the Merrimac and Monitor during the Civil war.

There were four imitation battleships in the fight, which was the most wonderful naval battle ever presented in the West. There were about 500 soldiers in the battle, being recruited from the centennial guard, Oregon National Guard and the Tenth United States Infantry.

Corked or Tin Capped

Taste the Test

UNIFORMLY good taste is the infallible sign of well-brewed beer!

It demonstrates the use of the very best Barley Malt, highest grade Bohemian Hops, special culture Yeast and thoroughly filtered Water. The best tasting beer is

Budweiser
"King of Bottled Beers"

It always tastes the same.

Anheuser-Busch Brewing Ass'n
St. Louis, U. S. A.

Orders Promptly Filled by

Olson & Lytle, Distributors, Salt Lake City, Utah

ALLEGED BOMB-THROWER

Spaniard Arrested on Suspicion of Causing Havoc.

NEW YORK, Sept. 5.—A dispatch to the Herald from Barcelona says: A man named Emilio Garces has been arrested here on suspicion of having thrown the bomb which caused such havoc on Sunday. He has made two contradictory statements and was unable to explain his presence on the Rambla, where he was recognized by witnesses.

Garces was wounded by the explosion, but his condition is not very grave, and he has been placed in solitary confinement. He is 25 years old, unmarried and works in a business house.

Another witness, however, declares he saw two workmen place a large bundle near a tree just before the explosion occurred.

Cyclone in Guam.

GUAM, Sept. 5.—The town of Sapain was badly damaged by a cyclone August 27. The American naval collier Supply and the German steamer Mowe have been dispatched to the assistance of the inhabitants.

The Government house and a number of dwellings have been destroyed. The cocoanut groves have been badly injured, and it will take two years for them to recover from the effects of the storm.

AUTUMN EXCURSIONS TO LAS VEGAS

Autumn is the ideal weather at Las Vegas, Nev., the new town on the Salt Lake Route, and in response to a demand special excursion rates have been put into effect on various dates up to October 29 for the low round-trip rate of $30. In addition to the interest surrounding this new and thriving town, it should be remembered that it is the gateway to the famous gold fields of Nevada.

See any agent of the San Pedro, Los Angeles & Salt Lake railroad, who will be glad to ticket you, or call at No. 17 West Second South street. Both 'phones 1986, Salt Lake City, Utah.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Fighting Beef Trust.

NEW YORK, Sept. 5.—Independent butchers to the number of about 1000 attended yesterday the ceremonies at the formal opening of the new abattoir of the company which is fighting the so-called "beef trust." This new plant is the consummation of three years of co-operation of the 500 retail butchers of this city who constitute the company.

The main building of the new abattoir is a five-story brick and stone structure, while the entire plant occupies altogether twenty-eight city lots or 49,000 square feet of ground. The abattoir has a weekly killing capacity of 4000 steers and 1800 small cattle.

SEPTEMBER 7

Is the date, Brigham City is the place, and $1.25 is round trip rate from Salt Lake. The Oregon Short Line takes you there on special leaving at 8:00 a. m. There are rates from other stations. Simply ask the agents.

Gov. Folk's Junket.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 5.—Gov. Folk will depart next Sunday for Portland, Or., to be present at the Lewis and Clark exposition Missouri day, on the 14th inst. He will go in a private car with Gen. James T. DeArmond and his entire staff, all of whom will take part in the formal ceremonies on Missouri day. Returning, the Governor is billed for a few speeches en route.

During his absence it is probable that Lieut.-Gov. McKinley will assume the functions of Governorship, and will be the first Republican Governor since reconstruction days.

Gov. Folk will remain in Portland but one day and will not be out of the city.

He Has a Happy Message.

NEW YORK, Sept. 5.—Hamilton King, United States Minister to Bangkok, Siam, sailed for Bremen today on the Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse. He carried a message of felicitation to the King of Siam from President Roosevelt, on whom he called yesterday.

Spanish Miners Strike.

BILBAO, Spain, Sept. 5.—The miners of the extensive coal region of the valley of Annabel have struck. Severe measures have been adopted to preserve order.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS

Mary Howard et al to S. J. Howard et al., part 10, 2 south, 1 east	1
Edward Chamberlain to K. W. Hotchkiss, 116x47½ feet northeast from 22½ feet east of southwest 2, 11, B	3,225
O. F. Peterson to W. H. Freeman, 40-41, 3, Thorndyke sub	350
Ida S. Guernsey to same, 42-43, 3, Thorndyke sub	5
Chilton F. Miller to M. E. Graham, part 6, 2 south, 1 east	225
Robert A. Brighton to M. M. Ferry et al., 7 acres northwest 35, 2 south, 3 east	1,350
Anna E. Mulloy to Minnie Y. Wallace, 33x150 feet northeast from 91½ feet north of southwest 5, 41, B	2,200
O. A. Ehnquist to John Martinson, south 40 feet, 4, 3, D	71
Hester Y. C. Richards to G. S. Ruckert, 17 to 22, 1, North Beyles, Riverside	350
Mrs. K. W. Hotchkiss to R. Chamberlain, 10x30 rods southeast from 5 rods south of northwest 7, 13, A	1
Sarah Lovendahl to William D. Woolley, one-quarter interest right of way, part lot 6, 25, B	1
Eliza K. Woolley et al to same, same	1
Same to same, 55x114¼ feet northeast from southwest 6, 25, B	1
Thomas H. Smart, Sr. to Thomas H. Smart, Jr., ¾ acre south ½ northeast 32, 2 south, 1 east	75
H. J. Foulger to Edward K. Braby, 45x82½ feet southwest from 7½ rods south of northwest 5, 12, B	1
William T. Noall to Ephraim B. Beer, 16.4x3 rods, block 9, Forest Dale	577
Edward E. Howe to Anna Martinsen, 10-11, 2, Edgewood	125
Eliza Shafer to William Wood, Jr., 10, 2, Crescent Beach	1
H. W. Brown to L. C. Miller, part 7, 2 south, 1 east	375
Mary B. Spencer to Utah Copper company, part 18, 1 south, 2 west	1
Josephine Thompson to M. F. Stafford, interest Bluejay lode, Big Cottonwood	250
Isabell Mayne to John A. North, part 16, 1, C. Wilkes Bingham	700

Mister, can you tell me who is the best specialist in Salt Lake? Yes, sir. Dr. C. W. Higgins, at St. Elmo hotel.

FLASHES FROM THE WIRE

The Hungarian Minister of Agriculture, in his yearly estimate of the world's crops, shows the wheat yield to be about the same as last year. Rye is at least 10 per cent lower, barley is somewhat less and oats considerably lighter. The maize crop will be larger, owing to the great American harvest, which more than makes up for the large deficiencies in Europe.

Judge Dole at Honolulu has decided the libel suits brought by thirty-five Japanese against the steamer Stanley Dollar for alleged failure to take them to Seattle after they purchased tickets for that port. The judge awards the Japanese $50 each for baggage belonging to them and taken away on the steamer, the return of passage money they paid, and their loss occasioned by being out of work waiting for the steamer to go.

Announcement is made that the United States Reduction and Refining company has declared a quarterly dividend of 1½ per cent on its preferred stock. This was the first dividend which has been declared on the company's stock in two years.

Hezekiah Butterworth, author and historian, is dead of diabetes, aged 75 years.

More than 2000 painters of Philadelphia went on strike today for increased wages and shorter hours.

Two persons were killed and thirteen injured, three or four probably fatally, as the result of a trolley car on the Worcester & South Bridge street railway system leaving the rails and crashing into a tree a mile east of Charlton, Mass.

Two private cars, filled with members of the California Legislature, have left for the Portland exposition to represent the State officially on admission day at the fair next Saturday.

The Rancho Guadaloupe, comprising 13,000 acres of tillable soil and wooded land in Lower California, has been sold to 104 Russian families. The emigrants propose to establish a Russian colony for the raising of stock and grains and the milling cereals.

Long Island railroad detectives have learned all the details of a plot for robbing the company by selling passengers tickets the second time. It is stated that the plan had been in operation most of the summer season on one division and that it netted thousands of dollars to those implicated.

Capt. C. I. Pedersen, one of the oldest and best-known shipmasters on the coast, is dead. He was a native of Norway, 68 years of age.

Month's Fire Losses.

NEW YORK, Sept. 5.—The fire loss of the United States and Canada for August, as compiled by the Journal of Commerce, aggregates $11,435,600, as compared with $9,715,200 for the same month last year, and $8,428,350 during August, 1903. The total for the first eight months of the current year is $117,720,750.

There were 211 fires during August where the loss reached $10,000 or more. A noticeable feature of the fire waste of the past month was the numerous fires due to lightning, and in some instances these caused heavy losses.

RISING BREAST

And many other painful and serious ailments from which most mothers suffer, can be avoided by the use of "Mother's Friend." This great remedy is a God-send to women, carrying them through their most critical ordeal with safety and no pain.

No woman who uses "Mother's Friend" need fear the suffering and danger incident to birth; for it robs the ordeal of its horror and insures safety to life of mother and child, and leaves her in a condition more favorable to speedy recovery. The child is also healthy, strong and good natured. Our book "Motherhood," is worth its weight in gold to every woman, and will be sent free in plain envelope by addressing application to

Bradfield Regulator Co. Atlanta, Ga.

MOTHER'S FRIEND

We are closing ou
brushes, that is, th
detachable handle,
the brush.
They are worth
each, and while the
selling them at th
We might mention
these will be the
brushes we will
you want one, now
to buy.

SCHRAM
WHERE THE CA
The Great Prescri
Store.

The piano for you to
best that's manufactu
carry in stock instrum
price from the cheapes
do not permit a sale to
instrument is faulty in
a look at the Everett P
& Anson Co., Temple
street.

HAN
SAPO
Is the watchword for
comfort and beauty
ing not only the necessity
of cleanliness. SAPO
wrought such changes
nounces her sister
"CLEANLI
FOR TOILET A
A special soap which
whole body, starts the
leaves an exhilarating
cers and druggists.

IN THE DISTRICT
United States for the
In the matter of Ben D.
—No. 831 in bankruptcy.
charge.
To the Honorable
Judge of the District
States for the district
Ben D. Luce of Sal
county of Salt Lake
said district, respectfully
on the 3rd day of June
duly adjudged bankrupt
of Congress relating to
he has duly surrendered
and rights of property
plied with all the re
acts and of the orders
ing his bankruptcy.
Wherefore he prays th
creed by the court in
charge from all debts
his estate under said
cept such debts as are
from such discharge.
BEN D. L
Dated this 31st day of
1905.
ORDER OF NOTICE
District of Utah.
On this 5th day of
1905, on reading the
had upon the same on the
tember, A. D. 1905, before
Salt Lake City, in said
o'clock in the forenoon,
thereof be published in
Tribune, a newspaper
trict, and that all known
other persons in interest
the said time and place
if any they have, why the
said petitioner should not
And it is further order
that the clerk shall send
known creditors copies
and this order, addressed
places of residence as
(Witness the Honorable
shall, Judge of the said
the seal thereof, at Sal
said district, on the 5th
ber, A. D. 1905.
Attest: JERROLD S.
[Seal.]

FREE PEACHES; FR
At Brigh
September 7. All fro
cursion via Oregon Sho
trip only $1.25. Furth
later.