

NO. 52.
FOR DIRECTOR
Getting \$300 a
Thought He Could
Stand It.
GIVEN PLACE
RESERVE LIFE
Eight Weeks When
for Large Sum
Made.
The most inter-
estingly reported
today was con-
cerning the direc-
torship of Horace A.
Frederick and direc-
torship of Reserve Life Insurance
company. It was
stated that he had
been given the
position at the demand of Mr.
Burnham.
The committee that
had been formed to
investigate the
conduct of the
company, had
just received the
report of the
committee.
The report was
to the effect that
the company was
not solvent and
that the directors
were guilty of
misconduct.
The committee
recommended
that the directors
be removed and
that the company
be liquidated.
The board of
directors refused
to accept the
report and
therefore the
committee was
dissolved.
The company
is now in a
state of
liquidation.
The directors
are being
sued for
damages.
The case is
now pending
in court.

ST. PETERSBURG TIE-UP COMPLETE

City Remained Quiet on Sunday, but Extreme Tension Prevailed.

ST. PETERSBURG, Sunday, Dec. 3, 9 p. m. (via Eydtkuhnen, East Prussia, Dec. 4.)—The city remains quiet, but extreme tension prevails. Armed patrols of cavalry and infantry are in the streets, especially in the neighborhood of the telegraph offices. The telegraph and postal tie-up remains complete. Soldiers and employees of other departments are being used to deliver proclamations of the vast accumulation of mail.

Counter Proclamations.

The telegraph operators met yesterday's threat to discharge them today unless they returned to work by resolving to prosecute the strike until their demands are satisfied. The League of Leagues, which is issuing decrees like a veritable provisional government, has openly defied the Prefect's warning to the walking delegates and agitators that any attempt to persuade employees to leave their work would lead to their arrest and the imposition of a fine of 100 francs. It is issuing a counter proclamation warning not only the Russian but the Danish operators to work at their peril.

Authorities Confident.

The authorities profess confidence that the strike will be broken in a few days, but the basis of their optimism is not stated. The immolation of Interior Minister Dumnovo seems to offer a way of retreat for the Government, but it involves another surrender before the victorious proletariat.

Witte's Last Resort.

Count Witte is now convinced that the Emperor, by according to the demand for universal suffrage, may still find a common ground on which the Government and the Moderates and the extreme elements are united. If this fails to stay the hand of the Government, the presentation of a dictatorship.

Would Enlarge Cataclysm.

Competent judges of the situation believe that a dictatorship, while it might restrain the rising flood temporarily, would increase the dimensions of the cataclysm, and when the dam goes sweep the Government and dynasty away to common ruin.

Zemstovists in Conference.

In order to convince the Zemstovists that the Government is honestly trying to meet the wishes of the moderate and substantial elements, Count Witte has invited not only a deputation of the Moscow Zemstovists, but also representatives of the Koskine and Mouronoff, but a number of other Zemstovists, Prince Troubetzkoy, Dmitri Shipoff, M. Guchkoff, M. Kuznetsov, and others. The conference is the session of the Cabinet on the election law, which were continued last night and today.

Appeals to Patriotism.

Count Witte appealed to the patriotism of the Zemstovists, saying it was their duty not to inflame the situation, but to cooperate in saving the country from complete anarchy. A decision was reached to grant practically universal secret and equal suffrage to males 25 years of age, on the basis of one representative for each 250 of population, but Count Witte refused to yield any suffrage to the country districts where there will be a double set of electors.

Leaders Drunk With Success.

Unless the extremists are willing to accept this solution, the support of the Moderates will be withdrawn. The situation, as the later in the present crisis are almost a negligible quantity. The social revolutionary leaders, drunk with the success achieved, can be induced to cease their efforts, which are now entirely directed to winning over the army.

Operators Reply.

The telegraph operators have replied to Count Witte's refusal to treat with them by an open letter, declaring they will have no negotiations with Interior Minister Dumnovo, and must now continue the strike, first until the abrogation of all Government measures to prevent the organization and activity of their unions, and second until they are reinstated in their former positions.

Police Didn't Strike.

The threatened strike of the police and house porters today did not materialize. The mutineers of Sebastopol will be tried by court-martial.

Think Czars About to Fly.

ST. PETERSBURG, via Eydtkuhnen, East Prussia, Dec. 4.—It is reported from Cronstadt that a German squadron has been sighted in the Baltic sea, near the Russian coast. Rumor attributes the appearance of the squadron as preparatory to the flight of the Russian imperial family.

Peasants Murder Nobility.

KOENIGSBERG, East Prussia, Dec. 4.—The Ostpreussische Zeitung says that several of the nobility, officials and other residents of Livonia and Courland have been attacked by peasants, who have severely wounded. Bands of several hundred peasants are roving about robbing and killing. A general insurrection is feared.

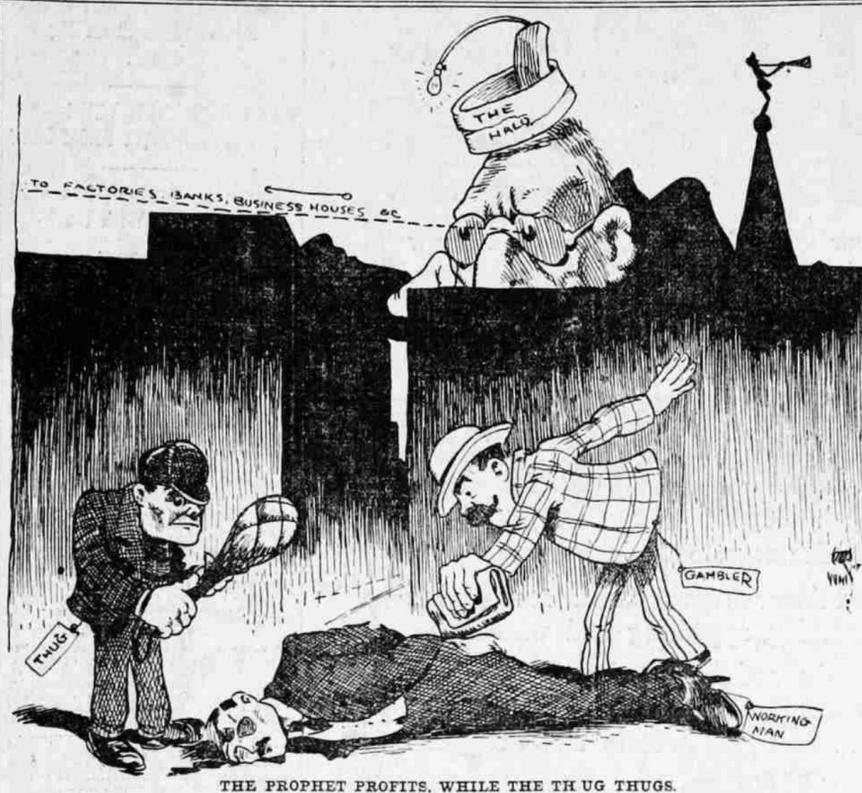
IN MEMORY OF FALLEN JEWS

Mass Meeting of Hundred Thousand Calls on Government to Help.

NEW YORK, Dec. 4.—One hundred thousand Jews, each wearing a band of crepe on the left arm, marched under a myriad of black banners through the streets of the East Side today, accompanied by bands playing dirges, in memory of the Jews massacred in the Ukraine. The Jews, men, women and children, grouped in singing and bands were scattered throughout the long parade. A procession marched to the Plaza Union procession marched to the Plaza Union procession marched to the Plaza Union.

Great Mass Meeting.

Brief, terse resolutions were read by their leaders to the thousands of paraders. The voting, in which the resolutions were adopted unanimously. After-noon, the resolutions were adopted unanimously. After-noon, the resolutions were adopted unanimously.



MUTINEERS IN BLOODY BATTLE

Seventy Killed, Three Hundred Wounded in Fight at Kieff.

TWO THOUSAND, FULLY ARMED, MARCH STREETS

Attempt to Get Other Troops to Join When Conflict Ensues.

BERLIN, Dec. 4.—A dispatch to the Lokal Anzeiger from Kieff, via Podwolozka, December 3, noon, says: The mutineers, a ponton battalion mutinied today and, fully armed, marched through the streets trying to persuade other troops to join it. Only an engineer corps did so. The mutineers then, 2000 strong, continued their march.

Two hundred Cossacks were sent to prevent their advance, but Gen. Drake, in order to prevent bloodshed, subsequently withdrew the Cossacks and permitted the mutineers to pass. Drake made repeated and kindly efforts to persuade the mutineers to abandon their foolhardy course. A party of them had complied, when Gen. Sucholmoff telephoned an order that energetic measures be taken against the mutineers and that the latter be fired upon at the first opportunity.

Many Killed in Fight.

The mutineers halted before the barracks of an Azoff regiment, which was called upon to join the marchers. During the demonstration at the barracks several mutineers fired, wounding an officer and two or three soldiers. The latter returned the fire and fled after several more volleys of the troops. The casualties on both sides were about seventy dead and three hundred wounded. Two hundred mutineers surrendered.

Gen. Drake has been given leave of absence, and will be succeeded by Lieut. Gen. Karganoff, an energetic, strict officer. A strike has broken out in the shops of the southwestern railways and in all the factories. The great mass meetings held in the polytechnic institute have caused the newspapers are subject to the strictest censorship, and the radical publications, consequently, are not appearing.

TREPOFF MAY RETURN.

Element Favoring Stern Measures Getting Upper Hand Again.

PARIS, Dec. 4, 4:30 p. m.—A dispatch to the Temps from St. Petersburg, dated Sunday, December 3, via Eydtkuhnen, East Prussia, today, says: The strike of the post and telegraph employees is general, the government remaining unyielding before the demands of the strikers. Gen. Trepoft is said to be ready to return to the scene and restore order by a system of arrests and fustellings.

HAVEN'T REACHED BODIES

New Difficulty Presented at Diamondville Mine.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., Dec. 4.—A special to the Cheyenne Tribune says that only one body, Marshall, has been taken from mine No. 1 at Diamondville, where new difficulty presents itself. The water, which pumps are unable to keep down, which has reached the twelfth level, where the ascension bodies are imprisoned, but have not yet been able to reach the rooms where the bodies are.

Urged to Take Up Arms.

To our overwhelming shame, disappointment and sorrow, we realize that eternal vigilance is the price of the Jew's life, and we urge our people to take up arms against our assailants, and if needs be, to sell their lives most dearly in the defense of the Jewish people.

CABINET CRISIS REACHES A CLIMAX

Resignations of Balfour and His Cabinet Accepted by King.

LONDON, Dec. 4.—The political crisis in the United Kingdom reached a climax today when Arthur J. Balfour, the Premier, formally tendered the resignations of himself and the members of his Cabinet to King Edward, who accepted them. His Majesty has invited Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman to an interview tomorrow morning, when he will offer him the mission of forming a new Cabinet. Sir Henry will accept the task, and within a few days, even within a few hours, a new Government will be formed.

Brief Official Statement.

A brief official announcement was made tonight to the Indian office, and it is probable that the King had accepted the resignations of his Ministers, and that Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman had been sent for.

Probably Cut and Dried.

It would now appear that the entire programme has been cut and dried for some time, and it is even probable that the Liberal leader has already accepted his Cabinet, though this like everything else in connection with British officialdom, must be left to surmise.

Will Ignore Rosebery.

It may be stated as certain that Lord Rosebery will be entirely ignored in the make-up of the Cabinet and that John Morley will be one of the chief advisers of Sir Henry in drawing up the list of his official family, which will be presented to his Majesty.

Morley a Chief Adviser.

Mr. Morley, himself, is considered likely to go to the Indian office, and it is probable that Herbert Henry Asquith will be Chancellor of the Exchequer. The Foreign Affairs portfolio will go either to Lord Elgin or Sir Edward Grey, though the latter is considered likely to be made Secretary for the Colonies.

Privy Council Postponed.

The meeting of the privy council, which was set for tomorrow morning, has been postponed until tomorrow afternoon to be held at Lord Allington's house in Grosvenor place, Wimbomb, but this is still indefinite.

Peerage for Sanderson.

A partial list of the honors usually conferred on the retirement of a Government was issued tonight. It included a peerage for Sir Thomas Sanderson, the retiring under Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and a number of minor honors. It is expected that the honors to be conferred on prominent members of the retiring Government will be announced shortly.

Has Home Rule Policy.

One thing is certain—that Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman has explained his attitude on home rule for Ireland to those Liberal leaders who are known to be opposed to home rule on the lines of the last bill introduced in Parliament. Sir Henry's speech at Stirling, which raised such a furor, Sir Henry has not made any statement, but it is confidently asserted by the Liberal clubs that he is ready with a policy which will secure the adhesion of the Nationalists and at the same time avoid raising the issue as one of the most prominent planks in his platform.

Significant Alliance.

An interesting feature of the political situation is the prospect of a closer alliance between the Irish and the Labor parties in the new Parliament. James Keir Hardie, the Socialist and Independent member, in a political speech tonight frankly invited such an alliance. He pointed out that forty-five labor members, combined with seventy-five Irish members would provide a voting strength which no Government, however, strong, could afford to ignore.

Million-Dollar Fire.

CHICAGO, Dec. 4.—Fire today destroyed the Pattern storage house of the Illinois Steel company at Thirty-first street and the Chicago river, entailing a loss of \$1,000,000.

Payment for People's Bank.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 4.—The receiver of the People's United State bank has \$1,000,000 of the claims against the institution. Excess of liabilities over assets is estimated at \$17,377,000.

MOSES W. TAYLOR IN ON THE COIN

Mayor Morris Proposes to Pay Him \$500 for Negotiating for Water.

SNAG STRUCK, HOWEVER, IN THE CITY COUNCIL

Councilman Wood Expresses Surprise Over Employ- ment of Taylor.

Moses W. Taylor appears to have gotten in on the coin that has been so lavishly distributed by the Morris administration, in connection with the proposed increase of the water supply of the city.

Wants Five Hundred Dollars.

At last night's session of the Council, a communication was received from the Mayor, inclosing a bill from Moses W. Taylor for \$500, for conducting exchange negotiations with the owners of water rights in Mill Creek and Little Cottonwood creek. The Mayor informed the Council that Mr. Taylor was employed by him last summer to conduct the negotiations, and he recommended that Taylor's bill be paid.

Wood Asks Pointed Question.

As soon as the communication had been read, Mr. Wood took the floor and wanted to know what Mr. Taylor had done for the city, and what the Mayor, City Engineer and City Attorney had been conducting the negotiations.

Ferry to-Rescue of Mayor.

Fernstrom came to the rescue of the administration with the statement that Taylor had seen in the neighborhood of 400 persons, owing rights in the two creeks and that his services extended over a considerable period.

Matter Laid Over.

"Well, I would like to know how many more of these claims are coming in," was Wood's comment. The matter was then laid over, to come up in connection with the expected report of the Auditor, but as the Auditor's report did not reach the Council, it went over until the next meeting.

Doremus Gets One Thousand.

Upon the recommendation from the special water committee, A. F. Doremus, consulting engineer, was ordered paid \$1000 for services and this, with \$500 formerly paid as in full for services to January 31, 1905.

DR. CAFFREY STRICKEN

Utah Fuel Company Physician at Castle Gate Dies Suddenly.

CASTLE GATE, Utah, Dec. 4.—Dr. W. P. Caffrey, the Utah Fuel company's physician at Castle Gate, died very suddenly at 10:20 o'clock last night of heart disease, of which disease he has been suffering from cold and flu, but he refused to surrender, saying he would die in the car.

Identified at Spokane.

SPOKANE, Wash., Dec. 4.—Mrs. Ina Berry, who is holding up a passenger coach at Girard, Kan., is believed here to be Mrs. Sarah Berry, a Kentuckian, who has been working in this neighborhood for the past two years. Her photograph, recently taken at Libby's studio, as mentioned in dispatches, was positively identified by A. V. Bradick, as that of a woman who worked for him. While working for him she at one time barricaded the house and armed herself with an ax to defend against intruders. She has a daughter, Mrs. Foster Phillips of North Fort, Wash.

Not Wife of Suicide.

PORTLAND, Ore., Dec. 4.—Descriptions of Mrs. Ina Berry, who has locked herself up in a passenger car at Girard, Kan., telegraphed here, do not fit Mrs. Berry, the widow of the late Capt. Berry, who committed suicide at Vancouver, Wash., last week. Capt. Berry's widow is the daughter of Col. Bainbridge.

BREAK ALL RECORDS FOR HOUSE BILLS

Number Introduced Exceeds That of Any Other First Day.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—Records for the introduction of bills were broken today by the House. Four hundred and thirty-one public bills were offered and private bills so numerous that employees had not counted all of them up to a late hour.

Variety of Subjects.

The bills introduced cover a large variety of subjects, including Philippines tariff, statehood, pensions, regulation of the hours of employment in the executive departments, merchant marine, increase of salaries of the Vice-President and members of the Cabinet, requiring corporations to make full reports of their affairs to the Commissioner of Corporations, increase of the powers of the Interstate Commerce commission, investigation of campaign funds, of expenditures on the Panama canal, of insurance companies doing an interstate business, of cotton reports, and of the condition of child labor; provision for a six-year term for the President and the election of Senators by a direct vote of the people.

Oklahoma Has First Bill.

Admission of Oklahoma and Indian Territory as one State was the subject of the first bill introduced in the House. The act was introduced by Representative of Oklahoma, and is almost identical with the joint statehood bill of the last session.

Philippines Free Trade.

Representative Payne of New York introduced a Philippines tariff bill to provide temporarily for the revenues of the islands. The bill stipulates that all products grown or manufactured exclusively in the islands are to be admitted to the United States duty free, excepting tobacco and sugar, which are to pay 25 per cent of the regular duty on such products. The export duty charged on such products when they leave the islands is to be deducted from the amount levied upon them by the regular duty on such products.

Separate Statehood.

By Representative Murphy (Mo.), to admit Oklahoma into the Union as a separate State, is for admitting Indian Territory as a separate State with the name Sequoia.

Bills by Hearst.

By Representative Hearst (N. Y.), to increase the powers of the Interstate Commerce commission and to expedite the final discussion of cases arising under the act to regulate commerce by creating an Interstate Commerce court, introduced by Mr. Hearst in the last Congress. Also for the election of United States Senators by direct vote of the people and to enable the United States of America to acquire, maintain and operate electric telegraphs and pay therefor by sale of bonds, redeemable out of the net earnings.

Relief for Alaska.

By Representative Suizer (N. Y.), making Alaska a Territory with a Delegate in Congress.

Williams Wants Reforms.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—Representative Williams of Mississippi, the leader of the minority in the House, today introduced a number of bills and joint resolutions affecting the tariff and campaign contributions. These contemplate free trade with the Philippines, re-organization of the United States and Canada Joint High commission with a view to free trade relations between the United States and Canada, and a minimum tariff for the United States.

WOMAN STILL HOLDS CAR

Suffering From Cold and Hunger, but Refuses to Surrender.

GIRARD, Kan., Dec. 4.—Mrs. Ina Berry of Spokane, Wash., who, while a passenger on Saturday, was held up by a band of robbers, is still in possession of the car. She is suffering from cold and hunger, but refuses to surrender, saying she will die in the car.

Identified at Spokane.

SPOKANE, Wash., Dec. 4.—Mrs. Ina Berry, who is holding up a passenger coach at Girard, Kan., is believed here to be Mrs. Sarah Berry, a Kentuckian, who has been working in this neighborhood for the past two years. Her photograph, recently taken at Libby's studio, as mentioned in dispatches, was positively identified by A. V. Bradick, as that of a woman who worked for him. While working for him she at one time barricaded the house and armed herself with an ax to defend against intruders. She has a daughter, Mrs. Foster Phillips of North Fort, Wash.

Not Wife of Suicide.

PORTLAND, Ore., Dec. 4.—Descriptions of Mrs. Ina Berry, who has locked herself up in a passenger car at Girard, Kan., telegraphed here, do not fit Mrs. Berry, the widow of the late Capt. Berry, who committed suicide at Vancouver, Wash., last week. Capt. Berry's widow is the daughter of Col. Bainbridge.

SMOOT'S CASE DELAYED

Will Be No Action Until After the Holidays.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—Chairman Burroughs of the Senate committee on Privileges and Elections says that no action will be taken in the case of Senator Smoot of Utah until the vacancy in the committee is filled, which will put it over until after the holiday recess.

Senator Clay Is Ill.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—Senator Clay of Georgia was attacked with a case of acute indigestion Sunday night while walking along Fifteenth street Northwest. He is improving.

PROMISES TO BE A BUSY SESSION

Hundred Public Bills in Clerk's Basket Before House Opens.

WILLIAMS MAKES A FUTILE ATTACK ON RULES

Appeals to "Minority of Ma- jority," Which Is Harbor- ing New Ideas.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—The assembling today of the members of the Fifty-ninth Congress for their first session was marked by no unusual incidents, but it attracted to the capital crowds of spectators, who took a lively interest in the proceedings. The day was beautiful. The sun shone brightly and the air was keen. Society was out in force and filled the crowded galleries, while visitors unable to find seats roamed the corridors to catch glimpses of public men.

Senate Proceedings Brief.

In the Senate the proceedings were brief, but most of the spectators seemed to find quite as much to interest them in observing the Senators who remained on the floor after adjournment as they could have experienced had the session continued longer.

Flowers Are Absent.

One noticeable feature was the absence of flowers, which heretofore have been common to both chambers. On opening days the display had been so great that the exhibition alone would have been sufficient to draw great crowds, and the absence of floral tributes, due to a resolution adopted unanimously by the Senate, and to an order of the Speaker in the House, robbed the occasion of much of its picturesque quality.

To Notify President.

Senators Allison and Morgan were appointed by Vice-President Fairbanks as a committee to notify the President that Congress was ready for any communication he desired to make. The Senate was in session only twenty minutes. Senators Aldrich (R. I.), Knox (Pa.), Warner (Mo.) and Frazier (Tenn.) took the oath of office, and an adjournment was taken as a mark of respect to the late Senator Platt of Connecticut.

The preliminary steps to organization were taken by the House. Joseph G. Cannon of Illinois was re-elected Speaker; the members of the House took the oath of office; the officers and floor employees of the body were re-elected; the rules of the last Congress were adopted, and members went through the formalities of drawing for seats, all of which was accomplished by the presence of the crowds in the galleries, the animation of the reunion of veteran members and interest of new ones.

Williams Creates Interest.

In a brief speech against the adoption of the rules of the majority leader, Mr. Williams, of Mississippi, touched on the interest of the country in tariff legislation and on the fact that the Republican "ideas" which were being "waffled" to Washington on breezes from every part of the globe, might be "blown" by the Democratic majority in opposing the election of the Speaker.

Honor Deceased Members.

A committee was appointed to act with the Senate committee in notifying President Roosevelt that Congress was ready to transact business; the rules committee and the committee on the election of the House adjourned after a session which lasted three and a half hours, in compliance with resolutions announcing the death of Senator Platt of Connecticut and Representative Marsh of Illinois.

HOUSE ELECTS OFFICERS.

"Ratifying" Speaker and Drawing Seats Principal Business.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—For an hour preceding the opening of the Fifty-ninth Congress there were scenes of increasing animation on the floor and in the galleries of the House. The Republican legislative veterans exchanged cordial greetings and newly elected members made acquaintances. As early as 9 o'clock the galleries began to fill. Admission was by card only and the many who came to the Capitol unprovided, thronged the corridors in vain efforts to gain admission.

Activity in Cloakrooms.

Both the Republican and Democratic cloakroom were places of animated discussion. Events of the recess were recounted and prospective legislation discussed.

An index to the business of the session was the industry of the members in introducing bills. As many as 100 public bills had been placed in the basket on the clerk's desk before 11 o'clock. These measures of legislation affecting the general government.

Speaker Cannon arrived in his office early and for an hour and a half before the session began he held an enthusiastic reception in his office adjoining the hall of the House. He was the center of attention, and many went to see him and extended congratulations. Half an hour before noon there was not an empty seat in the gallery and long lines had formed in the corridors.

Gavel Falls at Noon.

Exactly at noon, Maj. Alexander McDowell, chief of the House, called the body to order, standing in his place directly in front of the Speaker's chair, which was vacant. The fall of the gavel marked the beginning of the Fifty-ninth Congress.

Declaring the House "in order" he announced that the House would proceed to a review of the peaceful and prosperous condition of the Nation, a plea for patriotic and wise legislation and concluded with a reputation of the Lord's prayer.

A roll call by States to show the presence of a quorum was at once begun. A large number of members were present, every seat on the Republican side of the hall being occupied, but but few vacant seats on the Democratic side. Several of the newly elected members who could not find a seat on the Republican side contented themselves with standing in the rear hall that side while a number of veteran Republican members crossed the