

The Salt Lake Tribune

LXXVIII, No. 115. WEATHER TODAY—Snow flurries.

SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH, SATURDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 6, 1909.

WE WANT ANOTHER "BIG MAN" TO FILL A BIG JOB. In the first sentence in a full-page advertisement in the current issue of an eastern periodical, the name of our office is mentioned. The "Big Man" mentioned in the one issue, "Big Man" are wanted and wanted badly throughout the land for the jobs of the "biggest" job in the commercial world has ever known and at the biggest salaries. What an inspiration to the young tology—no barrier but the limit of his industry.

16 PAGES—FIVE CENTS.

JAPANESE ISSUE SIDETRACKED

Message of Speaker and Special Message of Governor Secure Delay in Action.

Executive Scouts Idea of Danger to Schools

Rights of Japanese as They Are Said to Exist Under Treaty.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Feb. 5.—Speaker A. Stanton took the floor to-day and secured by a strong personal and unanimous consent of the assembly to postpone further action on the Japanese school segregation bill until Wednesday.

He declared that he had information, which he would not reveal, that proved that the assembly was treading upon ground in passing the anti-Japanese bill yesterday.

The consensus of the speaker's associates, asked that the matter of segregation of yesterday's vote be held until Wednesday, and his message to the assembly, and his message to the house, raising the point of the constitutional question, and this was the subject of a long debate, during which suggestions by leaders on both sides of the measure were referred to a committee on judiciary and submitted to the attorney-general for an opinion as to its legality.

Speaker A. Stanton introduced the measure in the senate.

The house adjourned until Monday.

Views of Governor.

There has been no general demand for legislation, there is no immediate danger to our schools, and no real influence exists, herein by the attendance of any Japanese, so far as is known," declared Governor Gillett in his message to-day with regard to the segregation bill passed yesterday.

There are but very few pupils attending our public schools and there is no occasion, at present, for any unnecessary legislation.

It is claimed by Japan, and admitted by the authorities in Washington, that the bill, if passed, will be a violation of the treaty existing between the United States and Japan.

Gillett's special message in part:

Believing that there is a father and mother, careful and thoughtful, in every child, and that the board of school directors shall have the power to establish schools for children of our state and that thereafter they shall be admitted to the public schools, and further believing that the provisions of said bill will in time affect the interests of the nation, and perhaps seriously, I respectfully request you to reconsider the bill, and to take the matter up for your most careful consideration.

Roosevelt's Alarm.

A few hours after the passage of that bill the president of the United States, alarmed at the possible consequences of that enactment, sent to me a telegram containing the following language:

"This is the most offensive bill of which I have any knowledge, and in my judgment is clearly unconstitutional, and we shall at once take steps to nullify it. Can it be stopped in the legislature or by other means?"

It is the duty of the president of the United States to call attention to the fact that no haste or precipitate action be taken by this state which may involve the whole country, and to me it is time to lay down my personal opinion and conclusions, and to take a broad and unprejudiced view of the important issues involved in the proposed legislation, and in a calm and dispassionate manner to carry out the duty which the nation as well, and the duty which it is observing the treaties which it has with a friendly power.

Alleged Discrimination.

Years ago the question now under consideration engaged the attention of the government of Japan, because of a resolution adopted by the senate of San Francisco directing the Japanese, Japanese and Korean to be kept in the oriental public houses, and the government of Japan called the attention of our government to this resolution, which it claimed discriminated against its subjects, and was in violation of its treaty rights. Our government, and to enforce that treaty, commenced an investigation of the resolution, and the circuit court of the United States in San Francisco rendered a decision in favor of the Japanese, and the action was never tried, but was annulled by the withdrawal of the government from the case.

Every one who reads that resolution, and who knows that the people of the state have forgotten it, and were not paying much attention to it until the assembly of this year.

Governor calls attention to the fact that the resolution, and the treaty provisions guaranteeing the rights of the most favored nation, were never tried, but were annulled by the withdrawal of the government from the case.

Decrease in Earnings of U. S. Smelter

Special to The Tribune.

BOSTON, Feb. 5.—With the production of copper from its mammoth smelter for January about one-half normal, by reason of the severe storms on the Pacific coast, and the price of copper about 15 cents per pound lower than in December, the United States Smelting, Refining and Mining company has not been able to maintain its high record of earnings of November and December. In November, net earnings aggregated \$389,000, and in December about \$350,000. A 3-cent per ounce improvement in the price of silver, however, during January, offset to a considerable degree the decline in the price of copper, and the net earnings for the month should be in the neighborhood of \$300,000.

President Entertains in Daughter's Honor

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5.—President and Mrs. Roosevelt entertained at dinner tonight in the White House in honor of their debutante daughter, Miss Ethel, many of whose young friends were in the guests. Thirty-four covers were laid. The table decorations were Lillanay roses and freesia. The dinner was followed by a dance in the east room, the fourth of a series held since Miss Roosevelt's debut. Among the guests at the dinner were: The Turkish ambassador, Secretary and Mrs. Bacon, Senator and Mrs. Bourne, Senator and Mrs. Brown, Senator and Mrs. Cummins, Representative Wesley L. Jones, Representative and Mrs. Bourke Cockran, Representative and Mrs. George Malby and Representative Andrew B. Parks.

OKLAHOMA LOYAL TO HER GOVERNOR

Haskell Given Ovation by Prominent Citizens When He Appears to Give Bond.

UNDER INDICTMENT IN LAND FRAUD CASES

Says He Has Incurred Enmity of Corporations and President Roosevelt.

MUSKOGEE, Okla., Feb. 5.—Governor Charles N. Haskell was given an ovation here today when he arrived from the state capital, Guthrie, to make his appearance in the federal court and sign a bond under the indictment returned by the grand jury, charging him, with other prominent Oklahomans, with conspiracy to defraud the government and the Creek Indians in the matter of scheduling "dummies" in the Muskogee town-plot distribution.

More than a thousand persons were at the station, with a brass band, and the appearance of the governor was the signal for long and loud cheering. Governor Haskell and his wife were conducted to a flag-decorated automobile, and other cars were filled with prominent local citizens.

Honor to Executive.

With the band leading the way and playing "Hail to the Chief," and hundreds of citizens bringing up the rear, on foot, the governor was escorted to a specially reserved suite of rooms at the Turner hotel. When the hotel was reached the crowd clamored for a speech. The governor responded from his automobile.

In his speech Governor Haskell took a new departure in offering an explanation of his indictment. He declared that he had incurred the enmity of the corporations, of President Roosevelt and of the government at Washington, by championing the cause of labor and by preventing the insertion of a clause in the Oklahoma constitution hostile to labor in case of strikes in the matter of injunctions. He thanked his old friends and neighbors for the expression of confidence in his innocence of crime charged, and declared he would establish his innocence.

Signs His Bond.

Later, Governor Haskell signed his bond, which already bore the signatures of hundreds of Muskogee citizens. Governor Haskell held an informal reception, shaking hands with hundreds of persons. No date has been set for the trial.

MUSKOGEE, Okla., Feb. 5.—Judge Campbell of the United States circuit court, at Muskogee, Georgia, on February 13, as the day for the men indicted in the town-plot fraud cases to appear and plead to the indictments.

REPORT THAT QUALTROUGH HAS BEEN CONVICTED

GILBERT, Ariz., Feb. 5.—The findings of the court-martial that heard the evidence against Captain Edward F. Qualtrough, of the battleship Georgia, on a charge of intoxication at Tangier during a reception, were approved by Rear-Admiral Sperry at 8 o'clock this evening and forwarded to Washington. The findings were not made public here, but it is stated with certainty that Captain Qualtrough was not acquitted. It is believed, on the contrary, that the findings are of so grave a nature that he will not be restored to duty. The rumor is abroad in the fleet that should the findings be approved by the navy department at Washington, Captain Qualtrough will be disgraced and possibly dismissed from the service.

It was learned tonight that Lieutenant Commander George W. Kline will be in command of the Georgia for the voyage home from this port.

Among the officers of the fleet much sympathy is expressed for Captain Qualtrough.

IDAHO LEGISLATURE AFTER TRACK FOLLOWERS

Special to The Tribune.

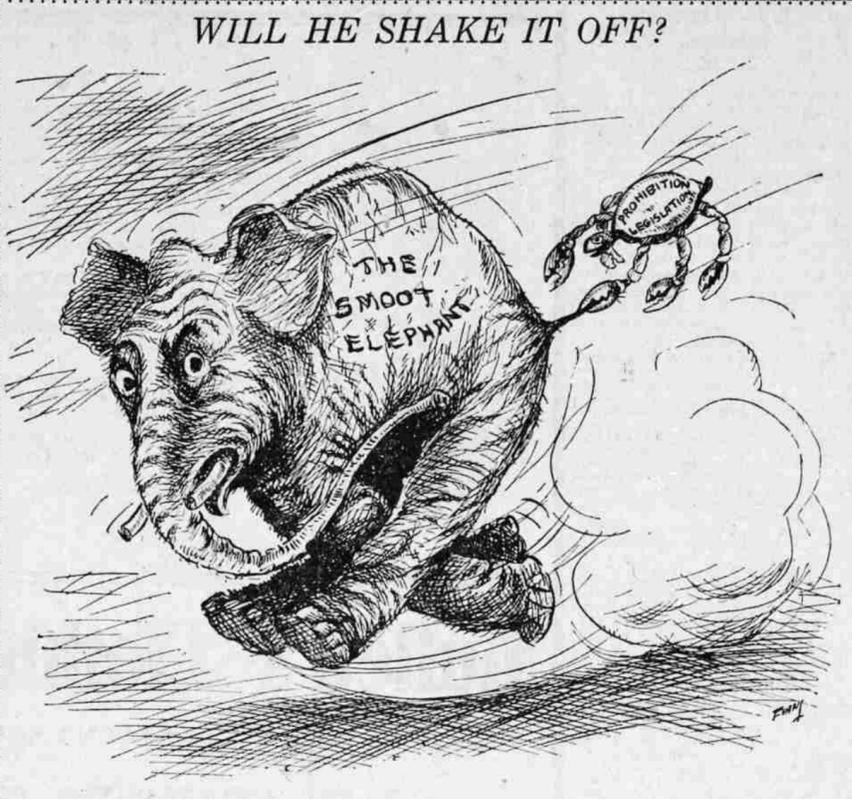
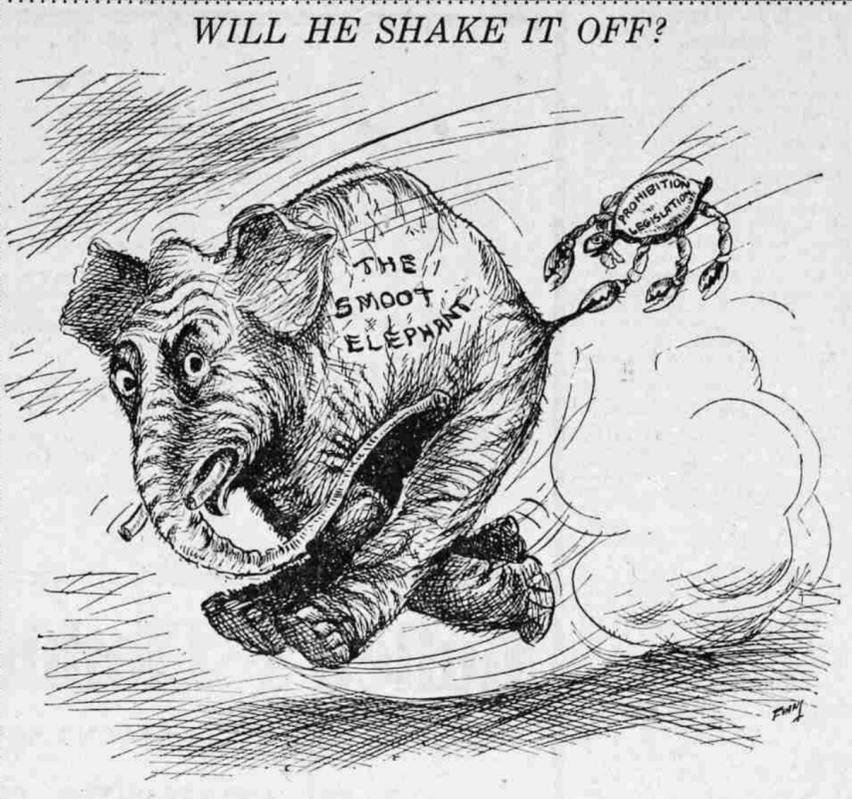
BOISE, Ida., Feb. 5.—Today the house struck the name of Holzheim, the missing Bannock county representative, from the labor and immigration committee. Much time was spent in considering the house employers' liability bill, and a strenuous effort was made to get the bill creating Power county from the committee. The deaf, dumb and blind school was the cause of a struggle for a short time, and the direct primary measure was again sidetracked for a few days. A resolution was introduced providing for a constitutional amendment changing the limit of the sessions of the legislature from sixty to ninety days, with no bills presented after the sixtieth day. The following bills were introduced: Making race horse gambling a felony; repealing the Sunday rest law; raising the license of saloon keepers and creating the office of state botanist; a joint memorial asking congress to amend the reclamation act, providing for computation of residence on reclamation homesteads, and providing for deed after five years.

The appropriation committee made a report recommending an appropriation of \$40,000 for a deaf, dumb and blind school, but had nothing to say as to a location for said school.

Speaker Clagstone appointed Anderson, Brookwood and Jones as members of a joint committee of senators and representatives to investigate the expenses of the present legislative session. The house provides for a committee to investigate itself.

WILL HE SHAKE IT OFF?

THE SMOOT ELEPHANT



The Big Sunday Tribune Tomorrow Will Be a Hummer.

Here are some of the features that will be found in its columns. You would better order it today. Call either phone.

This is the month when all send valentines. Would you like to see the styles in valentine comies? The big Sunday Tribune will tell you.

There will appear in the big Sunday Tribune tomorrow an interesting article on "The Cities of Sorrow." It will tell about the places recently wiped out by the awful earthquake.

Would you know more about the thrilling lives that some men lead? If so, The Sunday Tribune will give you details of the lives of men who have been liners in and out from New York harbor.

The oldest white man in Utah lives in Salt Lake. He is 99 years of age. A story of his life and career will appear in the big Sunday Tribune.

That charming serial story, "The Lion's Share," by Octave Thanet, is still running in the big Sunday Tribune. Two more chapters will appear in the edition tomorrow.

"The Solutions of Dr. Farnival," being the history of several perplexing cases solved by the marvelous psychometric deductive powers of a famous physician-detective, are printed only in the big Sunday Tribune.

In addition to the features named there are many others, besides all the latest news that is fit to print is found in the columns of the big Sunday Tribune.

DYNAMITE IS USED ON MAMMOTH STORE

Two Young Men in Building Rendered Unconscious by Explosion.

Special to The Tribune.

MAMMOTH, Feb. 5.—The Mammoth Supply company's store was dynamited shortly after midnight last night by persons at present unknown, but Sheriff Hendon and a posse are on the track of some men whom they have reason to believe are responsible for the act. The store was badly wrecked, but nothing was stolen so far as can be learned. The damage done will amount to upwards of \$10,000. It is believed to have been spite work on the part of several miners whose credit at the store had been stopped.

James Barnette and L. A. McKee, two clerks employed in the store, were awakened by a tremendous explosion. Both were asleep in the store at the time. Almost immediately they were rendered unconscious and remained in that condition for upwards of an hour. Recovering their senses, they immediately notified the sheriff, and he, with several of his deputies, immediately began an investigation. It was found that the dynamite had been placed in the cellar under the dry goods section of the store, and this part was completely wrecked.

According to the clerks, the explosion occurred, as nearly as they can tell, about 12:30 this morning, and it was nearly 2 o'clock before the sheriff and his deputies arrived. There was absolutely no clue found which would lead to the identity of the guilty parties, but the officers immediately set to work and secured a trail which they believe may lead to the apprehension of the parties responsible for the affair. The search has been kept up all day, but nothing has resulted from it up to a late hour.

Manager Braxton Barnette of the company is a member of the house of representatives, and he was immediately notified by wire. He arrived here from Salt Lake during the day, and will do all in his power to locate the guilty parties.

The store carries a stock valued at about \$20,000. No one has been seen lurking about the place, but from the fact that upwards of twenty-five pounds of dynamite was used in attempting to wreck the place, it is believed to have been the work of persons bent simply upon wrecking the store through spite, and not of persons who wanted to commit theft.

IDAHO PULLING FOR BUREAU OF MINING

Special to The Tribune.

BOISE, Ida., Feb. 5.—The senate passed a joint memorial asking congress to pass a bill creating a bureau of mines and mining, also two other memorials, one asking congress to pass an appropriation bill for the clearing of obstructions in the head of Freelle river, near Albany Falls, and another granting a right-of-way to the Panhandle Electric Railway & Power company over the Kansai national forest. It also passed a bill providing for more uniform teachers' examinations in the state.

Most of the afternoon was taken up with consideration of bills dealing with the collection account matter in the state treasurer's office, over which there has been much controversy during the past year. The bills are said to have been introduced at the instance of the treasurer for the purpose of legalizing his alleged irregular methods of handling certain business of his office. The treasurer and others were present and addressed the senate on the measures.

While Treasurer Hastings was roughly handled in addressing the house yesterday, today he was extended the fullest measure of courtesy by the upper house and was listened to attentively while he carefully went over the affairs of his office.

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WORKED THIRTY YEARS FOR BOARD AND CLOTHES

RENO, Nev., Feb. 5.—In his fight for a portion of his father's estate, George D. Winters, son of the former wealthy horseman and rancher, said today that he had worked thirty-one years superintending the farm and horses, during which period he received board and clothes, with an occasional "four-bit piece."

The estate approximates \$200,000. In the will of his father, Theodore Winters, who died last fall, he and his sister, Mrs. Nellie McCormick, wife of Winters's horse trainer, were completely ignored.

Winters owned many famous racing horses and made a fortune from their performances. He was once a candidate for governor of Nevada, and, according to his son, spent \$75,000 to make an unsuccessful fight.

DEATH-DEALING STORMS SWEEP THROUGH SOUTH

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Feb. 5.—Death for nearly a score of people, losses of hundreds of thousands of dollars in property and the crippling of many telegraph wires, resulted between noon and dusk today from a series of small tornadoes that swept the south Tennessee line to the Texas panhandle. Known deaths thus far:

Stuttgart, Ark.—Mrs. Garfield and a child of Will Story. Mrs. Story is reported fatally injured.

Sulphur Springs, Tex.—Mrs. C. Caldwell.

Rolling Fork, Miss., four were killed, and at Booth, Miss., six met death.

At Ennis and Waxshatche, Tex., and Bosee, La., many houses were demolished. Arkansas and upper Louisiana rice fields were damaged.

LABOR'S REPRESENTATIVES UNABLE TO AGREE

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5.—Representatives of organized labor disagreed today at a hearing before the house committee on interstate and foreign commerce for the consideration of the Watson bill, which empowers the interstate commerce commission to enforce certain safety appliance requirements for railroads and other common carriers.

M. N. Goss, representing the conductors' organization; H. B. Perham of the American Federation of Labor, and F. C. Hawley of Buffalo, president of the switchmen's union, urged favorable action on the bill, while H. O. Fuller, who

POOR FARM SCANDAL CAUSES A SENSATION

FRANKLIN, Pa., Feb. 5.—Following an investigation of charges made against certain officials of the County Poor Farm and others, the grand jury returned indictments against six persons today. Owing to the prominence of some of the accused and the startling charges made by the grand jury, a sensation. The following are the persons indicted:

Harry H. Baumgardner, county commissioner.

Homer Sutton, steward of the county farm.

Mrs. Lillian Sutton, his wife, matron of the home.

Mrs. Charlotte Baumgardner, wife of the county commissioner.

William Small of Franklin.

Baumgardner and Homer Sutton are charged with assault and battery, and their removal from office is recommended.

T. Shannon and Mrs. Baumgardner are charged with taking for their private use goods intended for inmates. The matron's removal is recommended.

Baumgardner and William Small have been arrested. Homer Sutton and his son have not yet been located. Mrs. Sutton and Mrs. Baumgardner are both ill.

As soon as the indictments were returned, Judge Griswell issued injunctions calling for a special term of court on the first Monday in March.

TONGUE RIVER ROAD WILL BE CONSTRUCTED

BUTTE, Mont., Feb. 5.—A Miles City dispatch to the Miner says that authoritative announcement of the proposed construction of the Tongue River railroad was made today by Engineer Hubert Robb, who is in receipt of information to the effect that in a few days contracts will be awarded for the construction of the line the entire distance, about 155 miles. Officially the Miles City dispatch states that Paul has nothing to do with the Tongue River road, but interests connected with the St. Paul are said to be behind the project. The Tongue River road will connect Sheridan, Wyo., and Miles City and will form a connection between the Colorado & Southern and Burlington on the south and the St. Paul and Northern Pacific in Montana.

SAULT LAKE CROOK IS CAUGHT IN PITTSBURG

PITTSBURG, Feb. 5.—Samuel Kaufman, New York, Edward Johnson, Salt Lake City, John Ryan, St. Louis, and Abraham Kline, St. Petersburg, Russia, were held for court today by a police magistrate on charges of larceny and being professional thieves. The four men were arrested in a special train by a police magistrate on charges of larceny and being professional thieves. The four men were held for court today by a police magistrate on charges of larceny and being professional thieves. The four men were held for court today by a police magistrate on charges of larceny and being professional thieves.

Blooded Feared.

EL PASO, Tex., Feb. 5.—According to dispatches received by the Times, it is openly predicted in Mexico City that the gubernatorial campaign in the state of Mostia will result in bloodshed. These reports say that President Diaz has sent government troops to Cuernavaca to support the gubernatorial candidate of his favorite, Colonel Pablo Escandor.

TEDDY CONDEMNS "SPOILS SYSTEM"

President Vetoes the Bill Providing for Taking of the Next Census.

HANDS OUT ROAST TO PROFESSIONAL POLITICIANS

Views of the Executive Are Received With Laughter by Statesmen in Congress.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5.—The evil effects of the spoils system and of the custom of treating appointments to the public service as personal perquisites of professional politicians are peculiarly evident in the case of a great public work like the taking of the census, a work which should emphatically be done for the whole people and with an eye single to their interest.

In these words President Roosevelt today summed up a message to the house of representatives, returning without his approval the bill providing for the taking of the next census because of the provision prescribing that appointments shall be made on the basis of noncompetitive examination.

As passed by congress the bill permits representatives and senators to designate persons for positions after they had undergone a simple examination.

The references of the president to a division of the spoils "without a fight by the professional politicians of both sides," provoked general laughter. He declared it is as the consequence of the census bill as it passed the house, the census adjourned, thus postponing action on the message.

Abstract of Message.

The president says he vetoes the bill with extreme reluctance, realizing the value of time in beginning the census, but declares it is as the consequence of the bill as it passed the house, the census adjourned, thus postponing action on the message.

Continuing, the message says:

"Teddy's Interpretation.

"To provide that the clerks and other employees shall be appointed after noncompetitive examination, and that the result of the competitive examination shall be selected without regard to political party affiliation, means merely that the appointments shall be treated as the perquisites of the politicians of both parties, instead of as the perquisites of the politicians of one party. I don't believe in the doctrine that the victor belongs the spoils, but I think even less of the doctrine that the spoils shall be divided without a fight by the professional politicians on both sides; and this will be the result of permitting the bill, in its present shape, to become a law. Both of the last censuses, the eleventh and the twelfth, were taken under a provision of law excluding competitive examination. The noncompetitive examination in a case like this is not only vicious, but it is in effect a fraud upon the public. No essential change is effected by providing that it be conducted by the civil service commission, and to provide that the employees shall be selected without regard to political party affiliations is empty and misleading, unless, at the same time, it is made effective in the only way in which it is possible to make it effective, that is, by providing that examination shall be made competitive.

"I also recommend that if provision is made that the census printing work may be done outside the government printing office, it shall be explicitly provided that the government authorities shall see that the eight-hour law is applied in effective fashion to these outside offices.

"Outside of these matters, I believe that the bill is, on the whole, satisfactory, and represents an improvement upon previous legislation on the subject."

LABOR REPRESENTATIVES UNABLE TO AGREE

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5.—Representatives of organized labor disagreed today at a hearing before the house committee on interstate and foreign commerce for the consideration of the Watson bill, which empowers the interstate commerce commission to enforce certain safety appliance requirements for railroads and other common carriers.

M. N. Goss, representing the conductors' organization; H. B. Perham of the American Federation of Labor, and F. C. Hawley of Buffalo, president of the switchmen's union, urged favorable action on the bill, while H. O. Fuller, who

CHARGED WITH MURDER OF HIS AGED FATHER

COLORADO SPRINGS, Colo., Feb. 5.—Paul Essick, a sixteen-year-old son, and Robert Edward Piper, alias Arthur Davis, a son-in-law, were arrested this afternoon, charged with the murder of Charles P. Essick, the aged clerk of Pike's Peak camp No. 5, Woodmen of the World, who, on the night of December 28, was stabbed and afterwards shot to make death certain. This action of the police followed the announcement of the verdict of the coroner's jury, which held them to be guilty parties, and that Mrs. Flora Essick, wife of the murdered man, has guilty knowledge of the crime.

SCORES OF LIVES CLAIMED BY FLOOD

FATALITIES FROM HIGH WATER IN RIVER DISTRICTS OF GERMANY ARE MANY.

DAMAGE TO PROPERTY IS ALSO VERY HEAVY

Government Is Taking Prompt Action to Extend Aid to Stricken Sections.

BERLIN, Feb. 5.—Despatches received here from all the river districts of Germany indicate that the floods that are making as a result of several days of heavy rain and warm weather are increasing. Over fifty fatalities have been reported and great damage to property has resulted. In many western provinces the traffic has been entirely suspended, owing to bridges being washed away. The government is taking prompt action to extend aid to the stricken districts to build dams to prevent further casualties and to work out. At Muenchen hundreds of cattle have been drowned.

At Eisenburg nearly all of the factories have been compelled to cease work and the residents of the town are unable to leave their houses because of the height of the water.

At Regensburg the Danube rose ten feet during the night. At Regensburg the Danube rose ten feet during the night. At Regensburg the Danube rose ten feet during the night.

River Sweeps City.

At Nuremberg the Pegnitz rose twenty feet last night, and this morning was raging through the lower streets of the city. The water is higher than it has been for thirty-three years. The newspapers of Nuremberg have suspended publication. Enormous damage has been caused there.

Frankfurt-on-the-Main reports the highest water in fifty years on some of the streams in the Odenwald. At Ebern the situation is growing more threatening in the territory adjacent to the city. The town of Herdecke is flooded, and a number of dams in the vicinity of Hagen have been carried away.

Several railroad bridges over the confluence of the Rhine on the north side have been swept away and all trains from Cologne up the river are being sent over the tracks on the other side of the river. At Giessen the river Lahn is sixteen feet above the normal, the highest in its history. The valley between Giessen and Wetter appears as an immense lake. The rivers of Silesia also are very high, and many miles of territory are flooded. The waters are falling in the other larger streams are rising steadily.

Two weeks ago the Rhine has been put in operation along the Rhine, where it is expected that the danger point will be reached in a day or two.