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Miss Dorothy Bateman Continues to Sell Eggs Although Rich Heiress

MISS DOROTHY BATEMAN.



SOCIETY WOMEN WIN THEIR WAGER

Mrs. O. J. Salisbury and Mrs. F. C. Schramm Make Record Walk to Fort.

L. B. McCormick of this city and Dr. A. E. Rykert of Paris will have to provide a dinner at the Alta club for Mrs. O. J. Salisbury and Mrs. F. C. Schramm, as the result of losing a wager made with the two ladies yesterday to the effect that they could not walk from the Hotel Utah to Fort Douglas within an hour.

A discussion of long standing as to whether the ladies could perform the feat came to a climax when the dinner was wagged.

The two ladies appeared at the Hotel Utah yesterday morning at 9:30 o'clock, suitably dressed in short skirts and sweaters, and struck off on the long hike to the fort. They were preceded to the fort by an official limo, and were accompanied on their walk by several friends in motor cars.

At 10:15 o'clock the pedestrians arrived at the fort, making the distance from the hotel in forty-five minutes. At the completion of the walk, anxious friends hurried to them, expecting to find them completely "fagged out." The ladies, however, seemed fresh as daisies, and when Mrs. E. S. Emery offered to take them home in her car, they declined with thanks and walked home.

ACTRESS REFUSES TO PAY BILL FOR HATS

Special Cable to The Tribune.

PARIS, May 9.—The court of appeals in a quandy about Mary Garden's hat bill. Miss Garden holds that it is beneath the dignity of her American ancestors to ask the price of a hat or anything else. She orders like a chancellor of the exchequer.

But a bill for \$750 for eight hats staggered the secretary, and she called the prima donna's attention to it. Her Scotch maid asserted itself, and analyzing the bill, Miss Garden said:

"What, \$750 for a chinchilla toque? Two hundred dollars each for two ermine toques? Not on your life!"

The milliner won in the lower court, the singer appealed and now the court of appeals will deliberate one week over the hats before giving a final decision.

Starts Out Every Morning in a Buggy to Serve Her Customers.

Special to The Tribune. NEWPORT, R. I., May 9.—Miss Dorothy Bateman continues to sell eggs although a \$500,000 heiress. Miss Bateman is the young woman to whom the late Ross Winans, the eccentric Baltimore millionaire, left \$500,000 of his \$4,000,000 estate. Her father is the proprietor of the Bateman house, and both he and his daughter are well known to all of the fashionable Newport cottagers because of the name of Mr. Bateman's inn, the Bateman house, and the quality of the butter and eggs he sells, which branch of the business is managed by Miss Dorothy.

"HOODOO DOCK" HAS OCCUPANT

Battleship Utah Warped Into Position for Repairs at Brooklyn Navy Yard.

By International News Service.

NEW YORK, May 9.—Dry dock No. 4 in the Brooklyn navy yard—"the hoodoo dock"—which has been seven years in the building and has cost \$2,800,000 on an original congressional appropriation of \$1,000,000, caused the deaths of twenty men, wounded at least 400 others, precipitated the bankruptcy of two or three engineering firms that tried to construct it, and raised havoc in general with routine in the yard, has an occupant at last.

The battleship Utah was floated into the huge dock early today, while Admiral Lucet, commandant of the yard, and half a dozen navy department officials from Washington crossed their fingers and held their breath as the big battleship was slowly swayed into position and lifted out of the water.

A quicksand bottom which forced water to the surface was the principal obstruction in the construction of the dock. The problem was finally solved by staking 120 pilings to a depth of ninety feet and building around them a steel and concrete wall five feet thick. The dock is 748 feet long, 129 feet wide and thirty-five feet deep.

Dies at Age of 104.

By International News Service. NEWARK, N. J., May 9.—Mrs. Winnifred Estrell, believed to have been the oldest woman in New Jersey, died today at the age of 104. Grandmother Estrell was born in County Roscommon, Ireland, and made it a rule through life never to worry.

FEDERAL BUNCH TO KNIFE TAFT IF NECESSARY

Pie-Seeking Politicians Attempt to Shift Position as Roosevelt Forces Gain Strength.

CHANGE COMES OVER SPIRIT OF DREAMS

Widely-Heralded Plan to Instruct Delegates for Taft Fades; Will Jump Where Cat Jumps.

WHAT is left of the federal bunch appears to be suffering with an aggravated attack of cold feet in connection with the proposition to instruct the Utah delegation to the Republican national convention for Taft. It has been widely heralded that instructions for Taft would be given and this course has been strongly recommended by Senators Smoot and Sutherland and Representative Howell. Within the last few days, however, it has been rumored that the activities of the Roosevelt forces throughout the country have caused the federal bunch to see a new light and that the members of that detestable organization are now attempting to sidestep. The denial by James H. Anderson and E. H. Callister lends much color to the rumor.

Anybody who knows anything of the inside workings of the federal bunch in this state knows that the members of this band of pie-seeking politicians are not going to keep hands off anything in the way of political advantage for themselves. Of course, when everything looked promising for the re-nomination of President Taft a few weeks ago, the federal bunch laid awake nights to evolve something of benefit to the Taft campaign and it was loudly heralded that nobody but a simon-pure Taft man would have a "look-in" at the Republican state convention, and that the delegation from this state to the Republican national convention would have the Taft collar riveted securely about its neck.

But within the last few days a change has come over the spirit of the federal bunch dreams. Former President Roosevelt, within this time, has shown considerable strength and there is a possibility, of course, that he may be nominated. Of course, if the federal bunch instructed the Utah delegates for Taft, and Roosevelt were nominated, the finish of the bunch would only be a matter of a few minutes, in the event that Roosevelt were elected. But the federal bunch hasn't the slightest idea, it is said, of now instructing for Taft.

The present programme, subject to change as the exigencies of the occasion may require, is to eulogize Mr. Taft upon the success of his administration, and select an uninstructed delegation to the national convention. Then, when the delegates have arrived at Chicago and ascertained, by the time Utah is reached in the rollcall, just how the cat is going to jump, they can jump with it and assure Mr. Roosevelt, or whoever may be nominated, that they were with him all the time.

Denials Lend Color.

When sent yesterday E. H. Callister and James H. Anderson avoided answering direct questions by saying that there was considerable discussion in the party as to whether delegates to the national convention should be instructed to vote for Taft or Roosevelt. Both declared the breach had grown so wide between the opposing factions that it would be hard to predict for whom the delegates would be instructed. Later, Mr. Callister gave it as his impression that the national convention delegates would be instructed to support Taft.

In Provo it was learned yesterday that there was a strong sentiment in favor of sending Colonel C. E. Looze, an avowed Roosevelt man, to the national convention. In the first place, Colonel Looze has served the federal bunch long and well, and, in the second place, the colonel's one vote would make no difference should the majority find itself in a position where it would be policy to vote for Taft.

In the event that a switch to Roosevelt should be required, the colonel would then be in line with the other

TITLED COUPLE LEFT TITANIC IN FIRST BOAT

Sir Cosmo and Lady Duff-Gordon Objected to Crew Trying to Save Lives of Others.

EVIDENCE GIVEN AT BRITISH INQUIRY

Chairman Smith of Senate Sub-Committee Is Seeking Proof That News of Disaster Was Suppressed.

LONDON, May 9.—Evidence that the doors of four water tight bulkheads had been opened after having been closed from the bridge was introduced today at the British wreck commission's inquiry into the loss of the Titanic. This was done, according to Thomas Dillon of the engineers staff, in order that the engineer crew might reach the pumps in boiler room No. 5. The men did not go into boiler room No. 5 because there was too much water there. In fact the water was leaking through into boiler room No. 4.

Dillon said he swam about for twenty minutes before being rescued and saw at least 1000 other men swimming or floating on the surface buoyed up by life preservers. He saw no women in the water.

Steward Johnson was asked why his boat had not returned to the scene of the disaster when its occupants heard cries for help. He replied that the officer in charge had asked the women if they should return, but the women decided against this course and the officer took their advice. Under the existing weather conditions their boat would have held five or six more persons, Johnson testified.

Attorney Explains. Sir Robert Finlay, attorney for the White Star line, explained that the doors mentioned by Dillon could not be opened without being released from the bridge.

The attorney for the seamen's and firemen's union suggested that the evidence that the after part of the ship righted itself momentarily after the forward part had sunk justified his theory that if the bulkhead doors had not been opened the after part of the ship would have remained afloat.

The attorney general, Sir Rufus Isaacs, explained that the only evidence (Continued on Page Eight.)

Woman Who Cared Only For Herself



LADY DUFF-GORDON

HOME RULE MEASURE IS GAINING GROUND

Second Reading Passes House of Commons by an Increased Majority.

Special Cable to The Tribune.

LONDON, May 9.—The second reading of the home rule bill passed in the house of commons late tonight by a vote of 372 to 271.

The vote was reached after a long storm of oratory interspersed with interruptions and one or two exciting incidents by occupants of the crowded galleries.

John Redmond, in opening the debate, said he thought the justice of the claim of Irishmen to manage their own affairs was now generally conceded. "Underlying the speeches of the Unionists during the debate," said the Irish leader, "there has been a supposition that, having obtained their great charter of liberty, the Irish people would prove themselves a nation of fools and at once set to work to wreck and ruin their own constitution." This idea Mr. Redmond controverted at great length.

Favored a Referendum. Mr. Chaplin contended that the bill had not been considered by the electorate. He regarded the bill as dangerous, both to the interests of Ireland and to Great Britain.

While R. L. Thomas was reading an extract from the paper, Irish Freedom, a stranger in the gallery called out: "Our paper is published everywhere."

The disturber refused to be silenced, and continued to shout imprecations at the speaker amid a general uproar, until he had been forcibly ejected.

House Is Crowded. It was the most largely attended house of the present parliament. Both sides had done their utmost to secure every available vote. Mr. Balfour, former opposition leader, and Mr. Churchill, first lord of the admiralty, returned from Weymouth in order to be present.

The announcement of the figures showing an increased majority occasioned enthusiastic demonstrations on the government side, and the prime minister was given a great ovation on leaving the house with his wife and daughter by the crowd that assembled outside.

The bill was referred to a committee of the whole house, but as home rule and Welsh disestablishment are being taken concurrently, it will now be the turn of the Welsh bill.

Tactics of Opposition. The committee stage of the home rule bill is not expected to be reached until after White-tide and probably will occupy a couple of months even with liberal application of the closure rules, as the opposition is preparing an endless list of amendments, and will adopt every possible means to obstruct the measure.

15,000 IN PERIL BY NEW BREAKS IN THE LEVEES

An Immense Volume of Water Descending Upon the New Roads Country in Louisiana; People Warned That They Must Seek Higher Ground at Once.

FLEET OF VESSELS ORDERED TO SCENE

Flood Situation Is Growing Worse Hourly; Refugees Report That Hundreds of Persons Are Marooned in the Tops of Their Houses and in Trees.

NEW ROADS, La., May 9.—A sand boil developed late today in the Irwinville levee on the Mississippi, six miles from this place.

The Torras water is rising against the hastily constructed protection levee about the town. Lieutenant Weeks, in charge of the rescue corps here, has warned the people that they must get out at once.

There are approximately 15,000 persons in what is known as the New Roads.

Lieutenant Weeks has decided upon Cook's Landing, a short distance south, as the point of concentration in the event of trouble and a fleet of steamboats and barges has been ordered to report there early tomorrow.

By International News Service. NEW ORLEANS, May 9.—With the Mississippi river and its tributaries still rising and not yet at flood crest, and five new gaps in the levees since last night, the flood situation is growing worse hourly tonight.

At Torras today 1400 feet of levee went out, widening the crevasse to 3000 feet, and sending a great flood of water through the already inundated parishes of Pointe Courte and St. Landry, and reaching as far as New Roads. New Roads has been abandoned by nearly all of its inhabitants, only a few persons remaining in the town. The population is dense in this vicinity, and it is feared that the loss of life on the river side of the town has been heavy.

Two breaks occurred at Bayouville and one at Longbridge, in the Bayou des Glaizes levees. Half of Bayouville is under water. Fifty per cent of the sugar crop in this section has already been ruined.

Many Calls for Help.

Calls for help continued to come in today. Motor boats and skiffs are being rushed to the marooned families as fast as they can be obtained, and government agents are confiscating boats whenever any are found. Many farmers in the imperiled districts are building crafts against the time when the water reaches their homes.

Refugees report that hundreds of persons are marooned in the tops of their houses and in trees. Few of them have any food. To add to the horror of the situation, looters are rowing about in the more populous districts, breaking into partly submerged houses and carrying off the valuables.

Militia authorities took drastic action today to prevent the speculators trading upon misfortunes of residents across the river by ordering that livestock shall not be ferried if in charge of a trader.

Tell Harrowing Tales.

Hundreds of refugees stopped here today to be fed and then passed on to Baton Rouge on special trains. All told harrowing tales of suffering and many talked hysterically for fear that their families had been drowned.

DEERO STOPS REBELS IN ALL DAY BATTLE

General Huerta's Army Defeated by Orozco's Vanguard Near Torreón. Fight Rages in Cygnus of Dust; Government Troops Retain Strong Positions.

GAZAR BEATEN BY FEDERAL GENERAL

With Unexpected Resistance at Monclova. Rebels Driven Back to Cienegas; Engaged in New Attack, Seeking to Outflank Foe.

SALT LAKE CITY, May 9.—In an engagement today at Saragosa near Tlalimallo, forty miles north of Torreón between the columns of the rebels and the vanguard of General Rabago, a severe battle was fought on the rebel side. According to a dispatch from General Bermejillo to President Huerta, twenty-two rebel dead were counted, and the remainder were soon carried off from the field. The federal forces were not reported.

It was indicated that the rebels were to stop their advance to retire from their position at Saragosa. The text of General Huerta's dispatch follows:

At Bermejillo, May 9, 5 p. m. I have the honor to inform you that the division under command of General Rabago, which left Saltillo on the 27th, obtained a victory over the main body of the rebels who were attempting to entrench themselves at Saragosa del Sur. The advance guard of the rebels first sighted there and the battle was fought at once. Twenty-two rebels were brought in from the field and double that number of all rebels."

In a telegram from the general asking for more details General Huerta sent a further message as follows:

At Saragosa, May 9, 4 p. m. The rebels were carrying wounded and killed in two automobiles. They were to be rebel leaders."

At the front, near Bermejillo, the Skirmishing between the vanguard of General Orozco's army and the main body of the rebels raged for several hours. A cyclone of wind from the south plain in front of the objective point of the rebels.

From Escobedo as a base, General Orozco and his staff are in the Liberal forces continued their operations around the fortified federal positions at Bermejillo and Mapimi, both of which are less than twenty miles from the front.

Each skirmishing has been in the nature of a battle fought up to the limit, the federal forces refusing to give their strong positions for a moment. The rebels did not feel able to carry the entrenched federal positions, but the latter refused to give up the positions.

General Orozco was seen in the morning and getting them into his military could support.

On the long-looked-for battle at Bermejillo, the federal forces fought out the investment and the struggle is complete. (Continued on Page Two.)

BOOST SPIRIT COUNTS AT THE COMMERCIAL CLUB--- ARE YOU IN?