

The Salt Lake Tribune.

The Wants are close to the heart interest of many. Men and women in every walk of life tell human interest stories in the Wants.

WEATHER TODAY.
Friday, cooler in north
Saturday fair.
Salt Lake Metal Prices:
Copper 61 1/2c
Silver 44.50
Gold 117.32 1/2
(New York) \$6.95@7.05

LXXXV., NO. 75.

SALT LAKE CITY, FRIDAY MORNING, JUNE 28, 1912.

16 PAGES—FIVE CENTS

BRYAN STIRS TEMPEST IN CONVENTION BY FIGHT TO EXPEL BELMONT AND RYAN

OPS BOMB IN CONVENTION AT NIGHT SESSION

Resolution Declaring the Democratic Party Opposed to Nomination of Candidate for President Who Represents the "Privileged" or "Favoring" Class Carried.

TER ATTACKS ON NEBRASKAN

Disorder During Speechmaking and Call; Bryan Is Decried for Introducing the Resolution and Denying the Chances of Democratic Success.

Vote on Bryan Resolution

State	Yeas	Nays
Alabama	24	1
Arizona	5	1
Arkansas	18	1
California	15	11
Colorado	8	1
Connecticut	12	2
Delaware	6	1
Florida	1	11
Georgia	28	1
Idaho	8	1
Illinois	58	1
Indiana	27	2
Iowa	24 1/2	1/2
Kansas	20	1
Kentucky	3 1/2	22 1/2
Louisiana	11	9
Maine	11	1
Maryland	3	12 1/2
Massachusetts	33	3
Michigan	9	21
Minnesota	24	1
Mississippi	20	1
Virginia	23 1/2	1/2
New York	90	1
Missouri	34	2
Montana	8	1
Nebraska	16	1
Nevada	6	1
New Hampshire	7	1
New Jersey	24	4
New Mexico	8	1
North Carolina	21	3
North Dakota	10	1
Ohio	30	17 1/2
Oklahoma	20	1
Oregon	10	1
Pennsylvania	60	16
Rhode Island	10	1
South Carolina	18	1
South Dakota	10	1
Tennessee	11	13
Texas	40	1
Utah	4 1/2	3 1/2
Vermont	8	1
Washington	14	1
West Virginia	13	3
Wisconsin	26	1
Wyoming	3	3
Alaska	6	1
Dist. of Columbia	6	1
Hawaii	6	1
Porto Rico	6	1

Official result—Yeas, 889; nays, 196; not voting, 2; absent, 1.
Philippines—Excluded from voting.

BRYAN PROPOSAL CAUSES UPROAR

BALTIMORE, June 27.—Urged by the generally distributed information that the nomination of a presidential candidate would be made before adjournment tonight, crowds of spectators began to file into the convention hall early. By 7:30, half an hour before the hour fixed for the session, the galleries and the guest seats on the floor were filled and the spectators were beginning to crowd the aisles.

Society in Evidence

In the stage behind the platform where the officers and the speakers were placed Washington society blossomed forth. Wives and daughters of congressmen formed the greater part of the crowd in the stage stand.

BRYAN SINGS OF VICTORY IN BOASTFUL KEY

"We Will Have Progressive Convention and Campaign, and Democratic Triumph," He Declares.

EAGER NOW TO SAY HE WILL NOT BOLT

Still Refuses to Express Preference as Between Wilson and Clark; Is Instructed for Missourian.

BALTIMORE, June 27.—At the conclusion of the rollcall on his resolution, Mr. Bryan had the following to say:
"This vote eliminates all of the reactionaries, and we can now proceed to the election of a progressive, put him on a progressive platform and go out and win. There are some things which I think it would be wise for the candidate to do, but they need not be announced until his nomination."
Late tonight Mr. Bryan received a number of newspaper men, and was asked if he had any reasons to give for withdrawing the latter part of the resolution introduced by him demanding the withdrawal from the convention of the persons named in the resolution. He said:
"I stated my reasons at the time. Many of our Democrats sincerely objected to the second resolution on the ground that it was an invasion of a right of the state, and I did not want to put them in a position where their reasons for voting against the double resolution would be the subject of discussions."
"Others were likely to use it as an excuse for voting against the first part of the resolution, and I thought it best not to give them that excuse, and the purpose was served anyhow in a condemnation of the men and the system that they represent."
"The large majority indicates that the actual number of delegates who will admit that they are reactionaries is really small. From now on we will have a progressive convention and progressive campaign, and I believe a Democratic victory."
"There has been a suggestion of a bolt on your part," was suggested.
Mr. Bryan smiled and he answered:
"Have you heard talk of anything like that? Would I be apt to bolt a programme such as I have outlined?"
"Of course the report was circulated by your enemies."
"Do not measure me by my enemies. I have had to fight them for sixteen years in the people's interest and I expect to have to fight them as long as I live."
"Does your statement mean that you are against Mr. Clark?"
"No, sir," Bryan hastened to reply. "I regard Mr. Clark as a progressive. I am instructed to vote for him."
"But the breaking of the unit rule would allow you to vote for whom you pleased, would it not?"
"Not at all and I have refused from the beginning to express any preference as between Mr. Clark and Mr. Wilson."
"Did you hear that New York in caucus today decided to support Mr. Wilson after the first ballot?"
"I never pay any attention to rumors," he answered. "Now please allow me to go to the hotel and get some rest."

U. S. SMELTING MAKES KNOWN ITS CONDITION

BOSTON, Mass., June 27.—United States Smelting has filed with the Massachusetts secretary of state a certificate of its financial condition dated April 26, 1912. Assets: Real estate and property, \$3,061,441; cash and debts receivable, \$9,288,718; total, \$12,350,159. Liabilities: Capital stock and surplus, \$11,871,700; depreciation reserve, \$244,742; funded debt, \$4,000,000; floating debt, \$1,200,859; profit and loss, \$29,857; total, \$17,318,308. Above figures relate to the holding company only, and do not represent depreciation reserves and surplus of the corporation, which is \$2,852,181 for depreciation and \$2,148,570 for profit and loss surplus.

TESTIMONY SO FAR IS AGAINST JOHN E. BROWN

Story of the Killing of James A. Dubois and His Wife Related in Detail by Several Witnesses.

ALL AGREE AS TO THE MATERIAL FACTS

Cross-Examination by Defendant's Attorneys Fails to Give Any Comfort to the Slayer.

Special to The Tribune.
PRICIE, Utah, June 27.—Witnesses for the state in the murder case of John E. Brown gave strong testimony for the prosecution when they were examined today, and cross-examination by the defense failed to impair their statements. Fletcher E. Hammond, Jr., a justice of the peace and one of the prominent farmers and stock-raisers of Moab, gave the most damaging testimony to the defense that the state has yet presented. Mr. Hammond lives several hundred yards from the place where the tragedy occurred, in which Mr. and Mrs. James A. Dubois met death at the hands of Mrs. Dubois's father.
He testified that on the morning of November 18 he was awakened by two shots, followed immediately by screams of women; that he went to the door of his house and yelled, "What is the matter?" that Mrs. Vine Dubois answered, "John Brown has killed Lella and Jim Dubois."
He testified that he immediately dressed and went to the scene of the homicide and that he found Lella already dead and her husband fatally wounded. Dubois was lying forty-five feet from his wife's body. Hammond said that he made an examination of the ground at that and other times and found blood-covered tracks leading from where Mrs. Dubois's body lay to where Dubois had fallen, which indicated that the wounded man had run about forty-five feet after receiving his first wound. This bore out the contention of the state that Brown fired a second shot into Dubois's hip after the latter had fallen.
Hammond also testified regarding conversations he had with Brown over the telephone after Brown had barricaded himself in his house following the killing.

Found the Woman Dead.

Mr. Hammond asserted that he immediately dressed and went to the scene of the homicide and that he found Lella already dead and her husband fatally wounded. Dubois was lying forty-five feet from his wife's body. Hammond said that he made an examination of the ground at that and other times and found blood-covered tracks leading from where Mrs. Dubois's body lay to where Dubois had fallen, which indicated that the wounded man had run about forty-five feet after receiving his first wound. This bore out the contention of the state that Brown fired a second shot into Dubois's hip after the latter had fallen.

Talked With Brown.

The witness said that Brown inquired as to the condition of Dubois and that he, Hammond, answered he was pretty low. According to Mr. Hammond, Brown said: "Well, he'd better be, for I only want to live long enough to finish him. I've been a sport all my life and will die like a sport. I had two guns and offered him one, but he declined like a dog. Don't let anyone try to take me. I must see Bill Doak and straighten out my business first. Tell everybody to keep away, for I have plenty of guns and a house full of bullets and the man who tries to take me will get it in the body. The only way they will take me is to fire the house and I'll sure fix the man who lights the match."

Alleged Insult.

Hammond said he asked Brown what was the cause of the tragedy and who Brown replied, "Oh, he insulted me, bitch, and no man can do that and get off with it."
The witness was subjected to a rigid cross-examination which, however, failed to shake any of his testimony.
The defense completed its cross-examination of Mrs. Vine Dubois this morning. She was on the witness stand for several hours and a long series of questions was put to her by Attorney Larsen.
Dr. J. W. Williams, who attended Dubois during his last hours and who examined Mrs. Dubois's body, testified regarding the wounds of the two.
William Brock gave evidence for the state. He said that he was working for Brown at the time of the tragedy. That on the night of the homicide he was stopping with his father in the Brown bunkhouse when the two were awakened by some one entering the room and that some one was Brown. Brock claimed that Brown picked up a gun and began to examine it, and that the elder Brock asked if there were coyotes around. Brown answered yes. The witness says that shortly afterwards he and his father hear the shots and got out of bed and

CHAMP CLARK

Missouri's Candidate for President, who was honored with a demonstration of one hour at the National Democratic convention in Baltimore. As a result of the Bryan domination of the convention, Clark and Wilson apparently became the chief rivals for the nomination.



DOES NOT INDORSE MILITANT SISTERS

Speech of Mrs. Dimies T. S. Denison to Federation of Women's Clubs.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 27.—The surprise of today's session of the eleventh Biennial convention of the General Federation of Women's Clubs was the declaration from the platform of Mrs. T. S. Denison of New York, honorary president of the federation, that "lawlessness among women has arisen."
"Our greatest danger," said Mrs. Denison, "is from the uneducated and unassimilated. In my own city I have seen women who could not understand when prices rose that it was not the butchers, their neighbors, who were responsible. They stormed the butcher shops, beat down the stalls and poured kerosene on the meat."
"I think I am right when I say that the differences between capital and labor are most acute in New England, in New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania and here in California, and that these differences more than anything else have brought out these expressions of lawlessness."
"Now, if there is any one thing we stand for it is law and order."
Cheers interrupted the speaker.
"For this reason," she continued, "we can not afford to indorse the women of England who have been guilty of malicious mischief." This reference to the militant campaign of the British suffragette brought out another round of applause.

ARMLESS MAN GIVEN VERDICT FOR \$20,700

CLEVELAND, June 27.—With tears streaming down his cheeks, Isaac Trapnell, who sued the Ohio & Western Pennsylvania Dock company for \$50,000 for the loss of an arm seven years ago after he had already suffered an accident in the same plant that cost him his other arm, heard a verdict that gave him \$20,700 damages today. The jury was out two days.
Judge Babecek complimented the jury. Vain efforts had been made by the dock company to force a new trial and a change of venue on the grounds that the newspapers had given undue publicity to the case.
Meat Prices Advance.
NEW YORK, June 27.—In spite of the recent demonstrations of protest, the prices of meats were advanced again today in the local retail markets.
There was no explanation. The prices simply went up. The retailer said the wholesaler had done it; the wholesaler blamed the ranchman; the ranchman has not yet been heard from.
Veal outlets sold at 30 cents a pound and sirloin steak at 28.

CLARK AND WILSON OVATIONS USHER IN DAWN AT BALTIMORE

New Jersey Governor Has a Shade on His Missouri Rival in Duration of the Demonstration.

One Ballot Planned for Daylight Hours; Then Adjournment Will be Taken if no Nomination.

BALTIMORE, June 28, 4 a. m.—At an early hour this morning the Democratic national convention was in session, endeavoring to reach a first ballot in the fight to nominate a presidential candidate.

After six hours of oratory and noisy demonstrations the names of Oscar W. Underwood, Champ Clark, Simon J. Baldwin and Woodrow Wilson were before the convention.

At 2:10 New Jersey was recognized to nominate Wilson and a wild demonstration began. Indications at that time were that a first ballot would not be reached before daybreak.

Despite the heat and the length of the session the galleries were still crowded.

After the convention had voted on the Bryan resolution the call of states for nominations was ordered. Alabama being first on the list, William B. Bankhead took the platform and placed the name of Oscar W. Underwood before the convention.

As Mr. Bankhead completed his speech at 11:17 p. m., nominating Oscar W. Underwood, Alabama started a demonstration for their favorite son. Banners, flags and lithographs were waved. Georgia, Mississippi and some of California's delegates joined in the cheering.

There seemed to be but few Underwood folks in the audience.
An Alabama delegation started to march about the hall.
A delegate carrying a pretty little girl in a red coat and waving a flag led the parade.
A white pigeon was released from the platform by an Underwood man, but it refused to fly. The Underwood man refused to be frightened by the omen.
After twenty-two minutes of continued demonstration the Underwood delegates again began parading about the hall. The galleries refused to be enthused.
Delegates are superstitious. They forced a man who raised an umbrella to close it.
Pearl Brewer, the pretty young daughter of Governor Brewer of Mississippi mounted the press stand and waved an American flag and then an Underwood banner. This brought renewed cheering.

Clark Nominated.
The Underwood demonstration at 11:44 lasted twenty-six minutes.
Arizona yielded to Missouri and Senator James A. Reed took the stand to nominate Champ Clark.
Senator Reed was in good voice. In a light grey suit, soft shirt and flowing necktie of blue, he looked as democratic as he talked.
The hour of midnight found the crowd in the galleries still practically intact. Mrs. Norman E. Mack, surrounded by her society leaders, listened intently. The delegates showed a remarkable lack of restlessness. They seemed to be determined to "stick it out" and finish the nominating job before morning.
As Senator Reed opened with a demand for a veteran party man as the presidential nominee, amid cheers, he scored "dilettante" politicians and "party men who were only party men when there was victory in the air."
The Clark delegates and portions of the gallery frequently interrupted Senator Reed with rounds of applause and the blowing of tin horns.
Senator Reed urged the delegates to abandon the "tin horn" kind of applause.
Flags were distributed among the delegates from Missouri and others. A young boy in the speaker's stand prepared to send a blue Clark balloon into the air when the speaker had finished. The Clark leaders carefully organized their forces, determined to outdo the Underwood demonstration.
Senator Reed talked longer than the

UTAH DELEGATES REFUSE TO PARADE

Decline to Shout for Any of the Candidates; Indicated Poll on First Ballot.

BALTIMORE, Md., June 27.—Utah maintained her nonpartisan attitude by declining to participate in the Wilson parade, though a majority of the Utah delegates favor Wilson.

The indicated poll of the Utah delegation on the first ballot is: Wilson 6, Clark 1 1/2, Harmon 1/2, as follows:
For Wilson—Wallace, Russell, Nielson, Nealen, Carder, Whitmore, Roylance, Brown, Barnes, Call, Overfield, Hughes.
For Clark—Bransford Burton, McAndrew.

On the second ballot it is predicted that Dern, Overfield, Roylance, Call, Barnes and Whitmore will vote for Clark.

The suggestion has been made that Utah vote as a unit for Wilson on the first ballot and for Clark on the second, provided that Clark leads. However, this procedure will probably not be followed.

Telegrams were received by the delegates tonight urging them to vote for Wilson or Bryan.

LOW TIDE PREVENTS HEAVY LOSS OF LIFE

CALAIS, Me., June 27.—Low tide prevented a heavy loss of life early today when the steamer Grand Manan, carrying 600 excursionists, struck a dredge in the St. Croix river. The engine of the dredge, James Carr of East Boston, who was asleep, was crushed to death. No one else on either the dredge or the steamer was injured.
After sinking the dredge the Grand Manan began leaking and the passengers were transferred to another steamer in small boats. There was no danger of sinking as the tide was low. A misunderstanding of signals is believed to have caused the accident.

(Continued on Page Four.)

(Continued on Page Eleven.)

(Continued on Page Two.)